"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,530. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1914.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER

Fair to-day; fair, warmer to-morrow; moderate west to south breezes.

☞For full weather report see Page 18.

NEW MOVE PLANNED TO SAVE GUNMEN

Attempt to be Made to Get Stay for "Dago Frank" Through Alibi Affidavits.

HOPE PUT IN MOSS NOTE

Warning Against Witnesses' Credibility Laid Before Gov. Glynn—Counsel Make Personal Appeal.

An eleventh-hour attempt to get a reprieve from Gov. Glynn for at least one of the Rosenthal gunmen who is in the Death House at Sing Sing will be made to-day. While asking, technically, for a stay of execution for only one of the Rosenthal slayers this latest move was interpreted last night as a plan to get a reprieve for all four. The appeal will be made for "Dago Frank" Cirofici, the Italian, on the ground of newly discovered evidence.

According to a man who visited the gunmen in their cells yesterday, a victory for "Dago Frank" will mean a victory of the other gunmen. This is the way this man expressed it:

"Affidavits will be forwarded to the Governor which, it is hoped, will convince him that Cirofici was not at the scene of the murder. The Governor will then grant a reprieve for Cirofici. If this is accomplished it will be put up to District Attorney Whitman to request a reprieve for the other three condemned men. It would be unfair play to allow three of the gunmen to go to the chair and to let one off. Whitman would be virtually forced by public opinion to ask for the reprieve."

At the office of Wahle & Kringel, attorneys for the gunmen, who made a personal appeal to the Governor for clemency in a letter written in the afternoon, it was announced last night that another application for a stay of execution would be made to-day. Long before the announcement was authorized, however, the news had reached Sing Sing through the regular underground channels. The whole prison population believed the news. A keeper discussed it when he left the prison at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Sympathy is all for the gunmen in Sing Sing, and hatred of ex-Lieut. Becker is pronounced. The granting of a reprieve at such a late date, the keeper said, would be a sign that there would yet be a "squeal" from the Death House.

To Appeal to Riley.

Under the law the Warden of Sing Sing has the arbitrary right to stay execution until the end of the week set by the Court of Appeals. The court set the week beginning with Easter Monday. It has been the custom to execute at sunrise of the first day of the week set. It was said on authority last night that the mere application for a reprieve on the ground of newly discovered evidence would have the effect of postponing the executions of the gunmen temporarily at least to the end of the set week. State Superintendent of Prisons Riley, it is expected, will be appealed to, and will consent to such a postponement. Then, even in the event that the Governor flatly refuses to chance his stand, the gunmen may get a respite until Saturday of next week. As the case stand now, they are doomed to go to their death at 5:45 A. M. on Monday. Invitations to the witnesses have already been sent out, and all preparations have been made by Warden Clancy.

At Sing Sing Prison it was obvious as early as 3 o'clock in the afternoon that something of great moment was under way on behalf of "Dago Frank." The presence of "Dago Frank's" brother, Morris Cirofici, his mother and his sister, Miss Mary Cirofici, started the rumors. Miss Cirofici was the active member of this party of visitors. She ran back and forth from the Warden's office to the death house. Twice she used the long-distance telephone in the Warden's office. After each conversation she hastened back to her brother. Instead of being in tears she was in an apparently cheerful mood.

On one occasion when Miss Cirofici dashed up the stairs she was followed by Assistant District Attorney Murphy and Detective Demartino of Mr. Whitman's staff. Both Mr. Murphy and Detective Demartino, however, denied that their visit related to the gunmen case. Miss Cirofici refused to discuss her plans.

"I can't say anything at this time, I'm sorry," she said. "Don't ask me, please. Frank is feeling much better. He has great hope of getting a reprieve, but don't ask me any questions. Frank is very thankful to the newspapers for giving him a square deal. He appreciates it very much and so do all of us."

Aim to Set Up an Alibi.

From the very beginning of the gunmen's case, "Dago Frank" has maintained that he was not on the murder scene, and the three other gunmen bore him out at the trial. The defense based its hope on Cirofici's case. The affidavits which will be forwarded to the Governor to-day as the basis for the new application for a reprieve, aim to set up an alibi for the Italian. There will be at least three affidavits, each setting forth that "Dago Frank" was far from the murder scene at 2 A. M. on July 16, 1912. One is from Fred Reo, the messenger sent by "Dago Frank's" sweetheart on the night of the murder to tell him she had been arrested. Reo says he saw Frank miles away at five minutes before the murder.

In view of the Governor's stand taken in the gunmen's case on Tuesday and reiterated on Wednesday, it is considered doubtful whether the affidavits on behalf of Cirofici will have much weight at this late time. Officials at Sing Sing, at any event, went about their business as if nothing would delay the execution.

From the death house came the word that the condemned youths, with the exception of "Dago Frank," were more depressed than at an time since their incarceration. They spent a quieter day than on the day before. They did more thinking and less talking and writing. An hour of their time was devoted to hearing a sacred concert on the phonograph, and all of them knelt in prayer during the day.

When the steel door of the death house closed behind the gunmen at 6 P. M. no confession had been made. To the newspaper men each of the gunmen, in fact, sent word that he wanted the world to know that all were innocent. Two of the boys, "Lefty Louie" Rosenberg and "Whitey Lewis" Seidenshner, sent special messages through their adviser, Chaplain Jacob Goldstein.

"Lefty's" Message for Parents.

"Lefty Louie" is taking his fate harder than the others, it appears, and is near a collapse. When Rabbi Goldstein entered the death house shortly after 5 o'clock, "Lefty" cried out for

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PUT MESSENGER IN TRUNK.

Train Bandits Then Rob Safe of $3,000 and Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 9.—Breaking into a Rock Island express car on the Hot Spring local to-night as the train left Haskell, two masked bandits bound and gagged Messenger Ahring, locked him in an empty trunk, and robbed the safe of $3,000. They made their escape.

The robbery was discovered when employes of the express company at Little Rock entered the car on its arrival. Then Ahring was found in the trunk. He says that one bandit broke through the end door of the coach, while the second covered him with a revolver pushed through a window of the car. Then they tied him up and thrust him into the trunk.

The men are believed to have left the train at Benton, four miles away. Bloodhounds have been sent to Benton, but there is little hope that the men will be caught.

OUR ENVOYS MUZZLED?

Gerard's Qualified Acceptance of an Invitation So Interpreted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—Officials of the American Chamber of Commerce in Berlin have run across what looks like an order from Washington in regard to speechmaking by United States Ambassadors.

The chamber wanted Ambassador Gerard to deliver an after-dinner oration at Hamburg on April 18, on the occasion of its annual banquet in that city, but it seems that Ambassador Page's recent outburst of eloquence in London has caused the State Department to place something like a muzzle on its "plenipotentiaries" abroad.

Mr. Gerard has agreed to speak at the banquet, but will confine himself to toasting the Kaiser, President Wilson, and Hamburg.

Anything else the Ambassador would like to say will, it is understood, be delivered by proxy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Inquiry of State Department officials to-night failed to get any confirmation of the report from Berlin about alleged restrictions put upon American diplomats in reference to public utterances.

UNION LEAGUE VOTES "NO."

Club Finally Goes on Record as Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

At a regular monthly meeting of the Union League Club last night it was decided after a spirited discussion to put the club on record as being opposed to women's suffrage in this State.

There were 200 members present. The discussion was upon a resolution offered at the previous meeting but laid over until last night's meeting. The vote opposing the proposed amendment to the State's Constitution granting suffrage to women in this State was almost unanimous.

Samuel W. Fairchild presided at the meeting, which was an executive one, and when the meeting adjourned the resolution adopted by the members was made public.

Here is the resolution which was passed:

"Whereas, the question of extending the suffrage to women of the State of New York is being actively agitated and, whereas an amendment to the constitution of the State extending suffrage to women has been proposed and, whereas we believe such extension would be detrimental to the people of the State, man and women. Now, therefore,

"Be it resolved at this regular meeting of the Union League Club held on the ninth day of April, 1914, after notice and discussion of the subject, that the Union League Club is opposed to an amendment of the Constitution extending the right of suffrage to the women of the State of New York. And, be if further,

"Resolved that copies of the foregoing preamble and resolution be sent to the Governor and all of the members of the Legislature of the State."

DENIAL BY O'GORMAN.

Senator Repudiates Comment on Elections Attributed to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Addressing the Senate to-day on a question of personal privilege, Senator O'Gorman said:

"My attention has been called to a newspaper article of this morning, in which I am quoted concerning the recent elections as follows:

> The results are significant. It would seem the Administration's "honeymoon" is coming to an end.

"The expression is an old one which has been credited to me for the last six months in various publications. I never used it on any occasion. I specifically refused to comment on the recent election contests, and desire to deny my authorship of the phrase or my use of it on any occasion, past or present.

"While I made no comment on the recent elections, it might not be out of place at this time to say that I was gratified that in three contests two Democrats were successful. If the Republicans find comfort in winning one contest out of three, their prospects of rehabilitation are not very encouraging.

"I may not always agree with the President, but our differences will never affect my respect for his person or the high office which he occupies; and I hope that I shall never see the day when I shall rejoice in the defeat of a Democrat for any office."

TURN GUNS ON THE TRACKS!

Norfolk Official Writes Facetiously to President About Races.

NORFOLK, Va., April 9.—B. Gray Tunstall, City Treasurer of Norfolk, sent this telegram to-day to President Wilson.

His Excellency, the President,
Washington, D. C.

Should the Governor of Virginia be unable with the State militia to break up the racing in Norfolk County, will you not have all the 13-inch guns at Fort Monroe deliver a broadside against the race track?

To make it sure, you might send down the Atlantic squadron.

Please notify me before the bombardment begins.

Hopefully yours in Democracy,
B. GRAY TUNSTALL.

TOLLS COMPROMISE REVIVED IN SENATE

Growing Sentiment in Favor of Repeal Without Surrender of Exemption Rights.

LODGE UPHOLDS PRESIDENT

Insisting on Right of Discrimination, He Says Nation Must Restore Its Standing Before the World.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—There was increasing talk in the Senate to-day that before the Sims bill, repealing the tolls exemption clause of the Panama Canal act, passed the Senate, it would be amended by the inclusion of a proviso reserving to the United States all the rights assumed by the clause to be stricken out. Such an amendment would mean that the President's request for the repeal would be granted, but with the explanation that it involved only a settlement of the economic aspects of the question without surrender of any of the American rights in the canal.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, had proposed such an amendment and he defended it to-day before the Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals. Similar measures were suggested in the House, but the Henry gag rule permitted no consideration of amendments and there was no test of strength. This strength in the Senate, it was said, had been greatly increased by the reverse the Administration encountered in the New Jersey election.

It is known that some Republicans who favor repeal also favor the reservation of right, if only for subsequent arbitration. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, who had been regarded as a bulwark of the Administration in the pending struggle, declared unequivocally to-day that he believed in the American right to discriminate, while arbitration would be an honorable settlement. At the same time it is difficult to see how the amendment can be adopted unless the President, who has so far set his face against all modifications, consents to a revision. It was said to-day that certain Democratic Senators might urge him to do so, but unless they succeeded it would appear that the President's ability to pass the bill would also measure his ability to resist amendment.

President Wilson said to-day that he was more confident than ever before of the passage of the repeal bill, and that each day his confidence was increasing. Mr. Wilson said the animus behind some of the attacks on the bill was very obvious, but he did not go into details. Such animus, he remarked, often proved a boomerang.

Talk of amending the bill gathered further credence late this afternoon, when Senator Newlands of Nevada, Chairman of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, declared against repeal. Mr. Newlands had been in the doubtful column so far, with the general supposition that on account of his interest in obtaining the President's full co-operation in the trust bills to be handled by his committee he would support the President for repeal. His announcement occasioned the comment that the trust programme seemed in a worse muddle than ever.

Senator Newlands's Stand.

Senator Newlands gave out this statement:

> I have not changed my views upon the Panama tolls question. I do not believe that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty involved the abandonment of our traditional policy regarding our waterways, which has made all expenditures for their development a charge upon the national treasury and not upon our national tonnage. I believe in an untrammeled and untaxed domestic transportation on our waterways. The Panama Canal is a domestic waterway charged with an international service, obligating us to treat all nations alike and not to put additional burdens upon the vessels of other nations to the extent that we exempt our own. We have discharged this obligation by fixing tolls which will tax vessels of other nations, whose tonnage amounts to nine-tenths of all tonnage, foreign and domestic, passing through the canal, only one-third of the upkeep and interest charge.
>
> We are the benefactors of the world's commerce, and it would be unconscionable upon the part of England, the chief beneficiary, to insist that we should abandon a settled domestic policy in order to meet a strained construction of the treaty.
>
> If there is any doubt about the treaty, it should be settled by diplomatic negotiations; and England, upon receiving assurances that, in paying tolls, foreign vessels will not be called upon in excess of their proportion of the upkeep and interest charge, would doubtless disclaim any intention of interfering with our domestic policy.

Prof. Johnson's Figures.

Senator Newlands had in mind the computation made by Prof. Joseph Emory Johnson, who was employed by the Panama Canal Commission to make a study of the probable commerce passing through the Canal in order to fix the rates of tolls. Prof. Johnson found that the ultimate revenue required to make the Canal commercially self-supporting would be about $19,250,000. He placed the operating expenses at $3,500,000, with $500,000 more for sanitation, and allowed interest on the original investment of $375,000,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. a year, which would amount to $11,250,000.

To this he provided the addition of an income of 1 per cent. a year to amortize the investment, making the grand total $19,250,000. With the estimate of 10,500,000 tons of net register of shipping to pass through the canal in the first years it is expected the total earnings will be about $11,500,000. It is obvious from Prof. Johnson's figures that the United States would be giving the foreign ships that pass through the canal the use of the canal at a rate far below that which would reimburse the United States fairly for its investment, but the statement by Senator Newlands that foreign vessels would pay only one-third of the up-keep of the canal does not rest precisely on Prof. Johnson's estimate. When the cost of the fortification of the canal and the maintenance of troops there for its protection are taken into account, there is something like a justification of Senator Newland's statement. With latter item added to the others the whole cost of the canal to the United States annually would be swelled to $25,000,000.

Senator Lodge's Views.

The Administration's side in the Panama tolls controversy was presented from an entirely new point of view to-day, when Mr. Lodge, ranking Republican of the Committee on Foreign Relations, came to the President's support with an earnest plea for the repeal of the tolls exemption clause. Mr. Lodge

Continued on Page 2.

Putting the Father Out of Business.

When Feminism succeeds, says Mrs. John Martin, man will be permitted to drag out a subordinate existence, sneaking in and out the back door when called for like a guilty plumber. Read her vigorous article

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Also, Mr. Dooley on a Military Career.
New Rubaiyat by Omar Khayyam Discovered.
Woods will put the Police in "the Uplift."

Also

Beautiful Rotogravure Pictures of the Holy Land as it is to-day.

I. W. W. REBELLION DRIVES OUT CHIEFS

Four Members Quit Executive Committee After Bitter Quarrel in Rutgers Square.

The revolt of the unemployed took a new turn last night under careful police supervision in Rutgers Square. Lieut. Hanley of the Madison Street Station had fifty patrolmen in the crowd. There were no hot words against the police, as there had been at previous meetings. Instead, all of the heated talk was directed at the meeting's own officers.

Several times fists were drawn up in threatening attitudes as members of the I. W. W. called their own leaders "bums and loafers," and at these times heavy police hands were brought down and the would-be fighters were separated.

Freedom of speech was not interfered with, and the result was the largest free-for-all quarrel and continuous wrangle that the army of the unemployed has yet known. At one time seven speakers harangued the crowd at once, all standing in a row, and all seeking to gain a hearing for grievances against the "bosses" of the unemployed army.

The meeting lasted long past the usual hour for adjourning the I. W. W. rallies. It only closed, in fact, when throats became so hoarse from the full enjoyment of the rights of free speech that further talking was impossible. The upshot was that four of the ten members of the Executive Committee who had been handling funds collected in the name of the unemployed resigned.

The four started a rival organization of their own and sent rival collectors out into the crowd to collect money. They announced that they would have no more to do with the headquarters at 313 Grand Street, where the unemployed had been making their headquarters for the last month. They also announced they would have nothing to do with the "gang of bums" who spent the money collected for the unemployed "for fine cigars, and swell meals at O'Brien's cafe in West Eleventh Street."

The trouble started as a revolt of those who slept on the hard floor of the headquarters at 313 Grand Street against those who slept on beds. Before it had progressed very far the trouble had involved "Sweet Marie" Ganz, the undeniably pretty young woman who has had the biggest success taking up collections for the I. W. W. cause.

Miss Ganz was passing a hat she had lifted from the head of a tall, blonde young man, who said he was David Sullivan and was not unemployed, except that he had lost his job for taking up the cause of the I. W. W.

While the young woman gathered the pennies Arthur Caron, a veteran of Union square's riots, arose to exhibit his blackened eye to the crowd and to explain how his hat, which was smashed through in three places, had saved his head from being broken by the police clubs.

A voice from the mass below the stone bench broke up Caron's speech. "He gets fat cigars and we get the board floor," shouted the voice. "We demand a hearing against the bums of the Executive Committee."

The crowd was for giving the interrupter a hearing. Caron announced he would move over to the other side of the square, and wanted all loyal believers in the I. W. W. propaganda to follow him.

"The chronic unemployed who don't know enough to work for their beds can stay here," he shouted.

The effort of Caron to re-establish himself elsewhere failed. The faction against him broke up this meeting as it had done the first. A man was lifted on the shoulders of the others, and so gained a place beside Caron.

"I wants all youse to know," he said, "that the money Sweet Marie grabs off youse don't go to the unemployed. We get a 'reviver' of tea and a hunk of bread in the morning and we can't sleep on hard boards. We can panhandle and beat that. Marie's money goes to the executive committee bums. We don't get it."

"Dat's right, Red! Dat's the stuff," came up from the supporters of the interloping leader.

"Red's me name," cried the new leader. "I was Sam Katz till I got in this revolution. But now youse can call me Red."

The orator's hair was of a fiery hue. He held his people together for half an hour while he harrangued against the Executive Committee and O'Carroll, Caron, and Turner, all leaders.

The hat in the hands of "Sweet Marie" was not taken out of commission while the speech went on, and the coins continued to rattle into it. So Sam Smith, one of the revolting Executive Committee members, and Frank Hamilton, who declared with him that they would "panhandle for bed and bread money" and would never again go near the Grand Street headquarters, started a rival collection. Their hat had none of the charm of that being passed by Miss Ganz, and very few coins were dropped into it.

Miss Ganz ended her collecting tour upon the platform beside Caron and Turner, who formed a bodyguard to keep others away from the money.

"I want to tell you all," she said, "that the way to get beds is to work for them where you can. That's up to you. We use this money for the boys with broken heads, the boys the police beat up who are in bed suffering. We use it for printing and for propaganda. We can't try to hand out bed tickets and bread tickets on what we get."

Miss Ganz was cheered and hissed lustily.

"You bought your dinner, Sweet Marie, at Beefsteak John's, while we had a tea reviver," some one called out, and at that the organizers of the original meeting withdrew, leaving the antis in full possession to talk until exhausted.

Both factions announced they would be out in force for the unemployed rally in Union Square to-morrow, when, they said, they would not ask any police permits, and would not ask or give any favors to the police if trouble should be precipitated.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH Thoroughly matured in Sherry casks. ANDREW USHER CO., Edinburgh.—Adv.

MRS. PERKINS DEAD, LANGHORNE BEAUTY

One of Famous Five Sisters of Virginia, Stricken with Apoplexy—Widow of Two Weeks.

Mrs. Moncure Perkins, one of the five Langhorne sisters, famous for their beauty, died suddenly last night at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, wife of the illustrator, at 127 East Seventy-third Street. Her husband died in Richmond two weeks ago.

Mrs. Perkins was visiting from her home in Richmond, Va., and had been in this city four days. She expected to return to Virginia to-morrow. According to Mr. Gibson, she had apparently enjoyed excellent health while here until about 5 o'clock last night, when she was stricken with apoplexy. Dr. H. S. Patterson of 130 East Sixty-second Street, was called, but she died less than three hours after she had been stricken.

Her sister, Mrs. Paul Phipps, was immediately called and remained until the end.

Mrs. Perkins was 47 years old. She is survived by her husband and three children, C. D. Langhorne Perkins, who is 23 years old, and two daughters, May and Alice.

The body will be taken to Richmond to-day.

Mrs. Perkins was one of the five handsome Langhorne girls, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Langhorne of Virginia. Besides Mrs. Dana and Mrs. Phipps, Mrs. Perkins left two other sisters, Mrs. Waldorf Astor and Mrs. Reginald Brooks.

Their father's estate, Mirado, in the mountains of Albemarle County, has been in the possession of the family for many generations, and although run down since the war, is still a beautiful property.

SULPHUR FOR CONSUMPTION

Inhaling Fumes Efficacious in Early Stages, Says Dr. Gudeman.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—Dr. Edward Gudeman, a Chicago chemist, to-day, before the American Chemical Society, meeting here in annual session, made a preliminary announcement of what he declares to be an effective treatment of tuberculosis in its earlier stages. He described the remedy as the inhaling of sulphurous acid gas—the fumes of burning sulphur. A dime's worth of sulphur, he said, was all that was necessary for a treatment.

Dr. Gudeman intimated that later he would make an announcement of actual cures. He said:

"I predict that tuberculosis, if not advanced beyond the first three stages, would be cured by direct chemical treatment within a reasonable time. The substance to be used is sulphurous acid gas, the treatment to be by inhalation. There are several cases in my knowledge in which it has been a cure. It is the only gas that has the property of penetrating intercellular tissues. It is a well-known fact that there is very little tuberculosis in the vicinity of sulphuric acid factories. At first the treatment is very disagreeable."

Dr. Gudeman added that meanwhile the patient should keep up fresh-air and pure-food treatment.

Dr. Edward C. Baskerville, Professor of Chemistry at Johns Hopkins University, gave corroborative testimony. He told of two men who were supposed to be in the last stages of tuberculosis and who were placed, years ago, in a factory in the South where sulphurous fumes were constantly in evidence. The two men remained there until they showed signs of improvement. They are alive and well to-day.

JOKE EXILES BEVERIDGE.

Wag's Distribution of Calling Cards Swamps Him with Visitors.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 9.—Former United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge, as a result of a practical joke, is now the hero of a little sketch which might be billed to read: "Why a Man Leaves Home."

Fairly driven out of their own house by scores of persons desiring to gain social prestige by answering imaginary calls from the former Senator and his wife, the Beveridges have left the city.

The beginning of this little joke dates back a few days. According to the story, ex-Senator and Mrs. Beveridge were on their way downtown when the limousine in which they were riding broke down and was abandoned to the care of automobile repairers. Calling cards of Mr. and Mrs. Beveridge were left in one of the pockets and some wag in the auto repair corps conceived the idea of distributing them to the neighbors of the Beveridges in the northern part of the city.

Under cover of darkness this worthy slipped the cards into the mail boxes and under the doors of many North End homes. The result was that for several days there was a steady stream of callers at the Beveridge home, and in order to avoid putting in most of his time answering the door bell, the ex-Senator rushed back to Washington to resume his research work on the life of John Marshall.

The neighborhood of the Beveridge home is newly settled, more than half of the families having moved from downtown in the last month to occupy homes completed during the Winter months, and it is supposed that many of the new residents had dreams of social preferment as the result of the practical joke of the automobile repairman.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn, for samples and prices.—Adv.

CHILD DEAD, 4 HURT; RACING AUTOS CRASH

Clifford Palmer Thrown from His Father's Car as It Overturned.

$10,000 BAIL FOR HODGE

Chauffeur Whose Car Hurled Other Off the Road Put On Power and Tried to Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., April 9.—Two automobiles racing on Prospect Avenue this morning came in collision near the Mountain Ridge Country Club with the result that Clifford Palmer, 4 years old, was killed almost instantly; his father, Frank C. Palmer, who was driving one car had his collar bone dislocated; Mrs. Palmer suffered a dislocated hip, and Kenenth Palmer, an elder son, and Mrs. James Regan of Day Street, Orange, were slightly hurt.

The Palmers live in North Centre Street, Orange, and Mr. Palmer is a dealer in eggs. The car they were racing with was driven by John Hodge, a chauffeur, who had been given permission by his employer, F. C. Hall, manager of the Hotel Montclair at Montclair, to use the automobile for the afternoon. With Hodge were Helen Sullivan and Barbara Golsong, employed in the hotel Montclair office, and James J. Byrne, the night clerk. When the collision came the Palmer car was hurled twenty feet to one side of the road, and after tearing through a barbed wire fence it fell over on its side after whirling completely around.

Hodge is held by the West Orange police under bail of $10,000, and will be charged with manslaughter. Bail was first fixed at $5,000, but when it became known that he had tried to escape after the accident it was doubled. As soon as the news reached the State Department of Motor Vehicles Hodge's license was canceled.

When Motor Cycle Policeman Bernard Healin reached the scene Mrs. Palmer was sitting on the ground beside the overturned car holding her son's still form in her arms. The arrival of the ambulance from the Orange Memorial Hospital with a surgeon revealed that the little one was dead. As the doctor took the body from its mother's arms she swooned. Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Regan, with Kenneth Palmer, were taken to the hospital in the ambulance, while Dr. M. Herbert Simmons, County Physician, took Palmer and the dead child to Police Headquarters. From there Palmer went to the hospital.

Detective Walter Godfrey and Chief of Police William H. Bamford conducted an investigation, part of which included photographing both machines. The Hall car was unscathed except for a bent mudguard in the rear of the right side. The bent mudguard makes the police think that Hodge shot ahead of Palmer and cut across the front, striking the Palmer car and turning it from its course. Palmer then, it is presumed, lost control, and the car, which was going fast, pitched into the lot, carrying a barbed wire fence with it.

The crash attracted the attention of Frederick Crosklaus, a mounted policeman of the Essex County Park force, who stood 1,000 feet ahead of the cars as they raced toward him going north. The point of collision was just south of the Mountain Ridge Country Club, and alongside the road are the club golf links. The wrecked car landed on the opposite or east side of the road. Crosklaus had not noticed the cars until he heard the crash and the screams of the women. He says that Hodge put on power at that instant, and attempted to escape, but halted when the policeman called to him repeatedly.

Hodge told the police that he and Palmer had both been racing, and that the accident happened when Palmer was trying to pass him. Palmer's story, however, was that Hodge was speeding ahead when the two machines came together. Palmer's car is a Chalmers Detroit, while Hodge was driving a six-cylinder car much heavier and more powerful. The police say both were traveling not less than twenty-five miles an hour. Just before the crash came the cars had been descending a short but sharp grade, and must have acquired thereby even more speed.

AUTOS RUN DOWN 3; 1 KILLED.

Owners of Cars in Two Accidents Have Same Address.

Charles Thompson, 11 years old, of 27 Court House Street, Jersey City, was killed by an automobile last night a few doors from his home. He was crossing the street in front of 580 Newark Avenue when he was run over by a car owned by James McIlgrid of 46 Armstrong Avenue, and driven by William Conger of 322 Baldwin Avenue. Conger was arrested charged with manslaughter. Mr. McIlgrid, who was in the car, was arrested as a witness and gave bail.

Mr. McIlgrid is superintendent of the Coburn-McIlgrid corporation of Twelfth and Monmouth Streets, Jersey City.

Frederick Sando, 30 years old, of 520 Sixth Street, was run down by an outo owned and driven by Mrs. George J. Sperry, of 440 Riverside Drive, at Broadway and Thirty-eighth Street last night. His ankle was broken and he was taken to New York Hospital.

Oddly enough, another automobile owner whose car was in an accident last night lives at 440 Riverside Drive. He is G. E. Smith. Charles Muller of 549 West 128th Street was alone in the car when it struck 6-year-old Francis Pressy of 490 Riverside Drive at 120th Street and Broadway.

Muller carried the boy to a nearby drug store, and when a Knickerbocker Hospital ambulance came, Dr. Peterson said he was suffering from a possible fracture of the skull and hurried him to the hospital. His condition is serious.

According to the police, the boy, who was on roller skates, skated directly in front of the machine before the chauffeur was able to stop the car.

Joseph Samuelson of No. 146 West 147th Street, run over yesterday afternoon in Getty Square, Yonkers, by an automobile owned by the Packard Motor Car Co. of 61st Street and Broadway, was taken to St. John's Hospital. The car was operated by Walter Kuhn of 222 North Avenue, New Rochelle. Kuhn was paroled.

DEATH AUTO SOUGHT IN VAIN.

Man Run Down Near Coney Island Dies—May Be Frank Daly.

The man who was run down on Ocean Parkway at Neck Road, near Coney Island, late Wednesday night, by an automobile, which then disappeared at a high speed, died at noon in the Coney Island Hospital without regaining consciousness. No trace of the automobile has been found. There were no witnesses to the accident.

Detective Joseph Donovan of the Coney Island Police Station found a card in the man's pocket, which had been issued by the Municipal Lodging House at the foot of East Twenty-fifth Street, and which bore the number 65. At the lodging house it was found that No. 65 was entered in the books as Frank Daly. Daly answered the description of the dead man. He had stated that he came from Ireland and had been working as a porter in hotels. He left the lodging house on March 31.

ROOSEVELT BOAT BACK.

It Left the Colonel's Party at Aripuana, Brazil.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, April 9.—A cable dispatch from Manaos says that the gunboat Ciudad de Manaos has returned from its search for the Roosevelt party on the Aripuana River. On the return journey the crew fell ill with fever, and the gunboat's supplies became exhausted. She is taking on fresh supplies, and with a new crew will make another trip to effect a junction with the explorers.

Capt. Amilcar de Magalhaes of the Roosevelt escort returned on the gunboat. A Lieutenant was left at Aripuana.

There is no confirmation of the rumor of an accident to the Roosevelt party.

A MATHEMATICAL GENIUS.

Indian Government Sending Him to Cambridge for Two Years.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 9.—Cambridge University is about to receive a novel student. He is Mr. Ramanujam, an Indian mathematical genius, discovered by the Indian Government.

Ramanujam, although a genius, lacks training, and most of his solutions are reached by a flash if inspiration. He cannot demonstrate scientifically how he obtained them.

He will not read for a degree, as his general education is said to be weak, and it is desired that he should devote all his time to the development of his wonderful gifts. He will enter the university as an advanced student and remain there for two years.

STRIKE MOB STOPS TRAINS.

Shotguns Figure in Savannah & Northwestern Walkout.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 9.—The conductors' strike which started on the Savannah & Northwestern Road last night became serious to-day when a mob armed with shotguns interfered with the movement of trains at St. Clair. The mob prevented the operation of passenger trains out of St. Clair until the Sheriff of Burke County with a posse of deputies arrived. R. R. Morgan, General Manager of the Savannah & Northwestern, said the leaders of the mob threatened to shoot anybody who attempted to get on the train. According to Mr. Morgan the mob was composed of employes of other lines.

The conductors are demanding more pay and more liberal working conditions. W. T. Turner of Chicago, Vice President of the Order of Railway Conductors, is in charge of the strike. The railway officials have refused to negotiate with the striking conductors.

FATALLY HURT SAVING DOLL.

Little Girl Who Dropped Her Toy Knocked Down by Runaway Horse.

Five-year-old Lena Cicione, the daughter of John Cicione, a tailor of 4,413 Atlantic Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I., started to cross the street in front of her home yesterday afternoon to join other children. As she got to the middle of the street, a horse owned by M. Jarvis of Ridgewood, which was standing near by, became frighted at a train on the Long Island Railroad and ran away. In her terror the little girl dropped a doll she was carrying. When she got to the sidewalk she realized her loss.

"My dolly, I must save her," she sobbed.

A man tried to save her, but he was too late. The child, forgetting her own danger, ran directly in front of the horse. Just as she stooped to pick up the doll, the horse crushed her to the pavement and the wheels of the wagon to which it was attached passed over her body.

The child was taken to St. Mary's Hospital at Jamaica in an ambulance. It was said there last night that she was suffering from internal injuries and would probabry die.

CARNEGIE AT WHITE HOUSE.

Says Tolls Repeal Will Win and Only Prayer Will Save Its Foes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Andrew Carnegie, sitting in the gallery of the House of Representatives, to-day clapped his hands when Representative Henry Vollmer, a newly elected member from Iowa, denounced as a "fake" a report published yesterday morning concerning Mr. Vollmer's position on the Panama tolls question. The story said that Mr. Vollmer, a Democrat, who supported the Administration's policy of repeal, would not seek re-election because his constituents were criticising his attitude on the repeal.

Mr. Carnegie called upon Representative Adamson, who piloted the Tolls Repeal bill through the House, and was in the House gallery long enough to hear the Vollmer denial.

"The Canal Tolls Repeal bill will pass all right," said Mr. Carnegie, "but only prayer will help those Democrats who are opposing it."

Mr. Carnegie had a brief conversation with President Wilson. He called at the White House merely to pay his respects, and in his talk with the President there was no mention of any public question.

PRESIDENT PRAISES MALONE

Says the Collector Generally Knows What He Is Talking About.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—President Wilson spoke in complimentary terms to-day of Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, when reports of Mr. Malone's political activities in New York State were called to his attention. Mr. Malone recently issued a statement, criticising Gov. Glynn's appointments of what he called Tammany and "Murphy" men.

The President was asked if he approved of Mr. Malone's utterances and replied that he had not read them, but that Mr. Malone generally knew what he was talking about. White House officials also said there was no truth in the story that Mr. Malone had been admonished for absenting himself from his post of duty.

WILSON RELATIVE KILLED.

R. E. Woodrow's Motor Cycle Crashes Into a Truck.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 9.—Robert E. Woodrow, a distant relative of President Wilson, was killed here to-day, when his motor cycle crashed into a heavy truck. Woodrow, who was an employe of a motor cycle company, moved here recently from Dayton, Ohio, where he was married three months ago.

Woodrow's father was a cousin of President Wilson's mother.

TAMPICO BATTLE WARMLY WAGED

No Confirmation of Consular Agent's Report That Rebels Have Taken City.

MANY OIL TANKS ABLAZE

Shells from Federal Gunboats Wreck 150 of Them—Rebels Hold Pierce Refinery.

VILLA RETRIEVES DEFEAT

Sends Fresh Troops to San Pedro Just in Time to Save Ortega —Velasco Reinforced.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, April 9.—The American Consular Agent at Tuxpam has reported to the Consulate here that Tampico and its vicinity are completely hidden by enormous clouds of smoke from burning tanks and buildings, and that advices have been received at that agency that the Federal garrison has surrendered.

A dispatch from Rear Admiral Mayo, however, dated at Tampico at 3 P. M., said that the city was being well defended by the Federal gunboats Vera Cruz and Zaragoza. These were bearing the brunt of the battle and were driving back the rebels, who were attacking the eastern portion of the town, having in their possession the territory around Arbol Grande and Donna Cecilia. Gen. Maass has received an urgent call for ammunition, and the gunboat Bravo will be dispatched to-night.

Gen. Maass also denies the Tuxpam report, saying that the gunboat Bravo will sail to-night to assist in the heroic defense which is being made by the Vera Cruz and the Zaragoza.

The Aguila Oil Company here has been informed that its large storehouses near Tampico have been completely destroyed with other property, entailing a loss of 500,000 pesos.

The American Consulate has been flooded with wireless messages since noon to-day confirming the reports that early yesterday morning the rebels, who had possession of a large Waters-Pierce refinery at Arbol Grande, started a hot fire at all the surrounding points where the Federals were located, also doing some sharpshooting at the Mexican gunboats, Vera Cruz and Zaragoza.

At 8 o'clock in the morning the gunboats began a very serious bombardment of refinery property, doing vast damage to the tanks, more than 150 of which were split open by shells. The oil started flowing into the river, the fire in the refinery became general, and at the last reports fears were entertained for the entire plant.

The company has made a strong protest to the State Department.

VILLA VICTOR AFTER A DEFEAT

Sends Fresh Troops to San Pedro Just in Time to Save Ortega.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, April 9.—On a desert between San Pedro de las Colonias and Sacramento the Federals and rebels have been fighting for the control of the eastern part of the State Coahuila and of the International Railroad.

Gen. Villa telegraphed to Gen. Carranza to-day saying that his forces, in command of Ortega, Hernandez, and Benavides, had attacked and defeated the Federals under Gens. Maas, de Moure, and Campa near San Pedro, inflicting heavy losses and scattering the army.

The Federal column under Velasco which evacuated Torreon have effected a junction with the reinforcements under Hidalgo, which were marching from the East, and a terrific engagement is believed to be in progress at San Pedro at the present time. Benavides's brigade arrived in time to save the original column of Ortega and Hernandez from being routed, and the two decisive fights that occurred on Tuesday night and Wednesday caused the Federals to withdraw into San Pedro and seek shelter behind the houses in the little town where Francisco Madero is buried.

The truth of the Cunard-Cummins incident came out to-night when correspondents arrived from Torreon. Cunard-Cummins, the British Vice Consul at Gomez Palacio and Torreon, was forced by Villa to go into the latter town during the fighting to demand Velasco's surrender. He was fired upon a number of times and did not expect to return to his station in Gomez Palacio alive. Villa told him, the correspondents said, that he would blow his brains out if he did not go, and said that he would send George C. Carothers, the American envoy at the front, except that Cunard-Cummins knew Velasco better. The correspondents say that Villa was whipped at Torreon three times if Velasco had followed up his advantage.

TALK OF HUERTA CENSORSHIP.

Government Objects to Publicity Given to Military Plans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, April 9.—The situation here continued tense to-day, and was regarded as extremely delicate because of the possibility of international complications arising from rebel acs in the North. Those who talked with President Huerta to-day report that he is fully confident, and not in the least depressed, although he is inclined to be touchy if military affairs are discussed. He says that there is no hurry, and that it takes time to work out a definite plan of campaign.

A high military official said to-day that it was not to be expected that the Government would keep the public and the rebels informed of all its plans of movements of troops, and other vital features of the military operations.

"The publication of rebel stories in the United States," he said, "necessarily cause sentiment unfavorable to President Huerta; but the actions of the rebels will be more than enough to counteract this in the minds of persons worth while. Some people would like to have the campaign conducted like an open book, but this is impossible, as any military man knows. Furthermore, we are waging war in Mexico, not in the United States, and, barring the possibility that Washington may act without full knowledge of the facts, it matters little what the general public thinks."

Some talk of the possibility of a Government censorship of cable in order to prevent troop movements from being reported to the press and the rebels, although it is stated on good authority that the Government will not take such action unless it is absolutely forced to do so in case the warning already given to correspondents fails to have the desired effect. It is said that some members of the Cabinet favor the expulsion of the offending correspondents, while others believe that a general measure like the establishment of a censorship, would have better results. It is generally understood, however, that either measure would have a bad effect in the United States, and it is therefore desired to avoid it if possible. Officials say that when such action is taken it will be with good cause and fully justified by the facts which will probably be published.

Great indignation is felt by the Spaniards here on account of the action of Villa in expelling their fellow-countrymen from Torreon. The Spanish Minister to Mexico is not handling the case, as negotiations are proceeding in Washington. Diplomats here think that Washington is facing a very serious crisis, although it is generally believed that nothing will be done, and that Villa will be allowed to expel all Spaniards from the territory he controls and confiscate their property if he so desires. One diplomat said to-day: "The friendship of Villa seems much more important at present to President Wilson than that of King Alfonso."

Critics of the Washington Government now say that it made a mistake in taking up matters with Carranza instead of Villa, since Carranza's authority over Villa is nominal, and the American State Department has in the "First Chief" only an uncertain intermediary in all dealings with the rebels.

Say Villa Coerced British Consul.

By The Associated Press.

EL PASO, April 9.—Reports of the oppressive treatment inflicted by Gen. Villa upon H. S. Cunard-Cummins, acting British Vice Consul at Torreon, of the defeat of a rebel column sent against San Pedro, and of Gen. Velasco's success in joining Gen. Hidalgo at Saltillo, where they have 12,000 or 13,000 men, were brought here to-day by two newspaper correspondents from Torreon. Hidalgo, they said, was trying to reach Torreon with reinforcements when Velasco evacuated that city.

The correspondents said that while the sending of news from the front was not actually prohibited, it was censored so severely as to be all but worthless. Villa, they said, compelled Mr. Cunard-Cummins to run the risk of carrying a demand for the surrender of Torreon to Gen. Velasco, the trip having been made under protest, which was well founded, for Mr. Cunard-Cummins was fired upon.

George C. Carothers, special agent of the State Department at the battle, in the report of the incident that he has made to Washington, however, does not indicate that Mr. Cunard-Cummins was coerced into becoming Gen. Villa's messenger, but says that he acted with some reluctance, after first refusing. The report of Mr. Carothers to the State Department said:

> At 4 P. M. (March 27) Gen. Villa sent a messenger to see Cummins, requesting him to go to headquarters. I and H. W. Potter accompanied him. When we arrived, after introducing Cummins to Villa, Villa said to him that he knew that he, Cummins, was an enemy to the Constitutionalist cause, that he had information that Cummins was accustomed to banqueting with the Federals; that he knew he was a friend of Gen. Velasco, and that, in view of this friendship with Velasco, he wanted Cummins to take a communication to Velasco in which he demanded the surrender of the city to avoid further bloodshed. Villa said the message was couched in terms usual in warfare in such cases. Cummins refused to take the message, arguing that he was neutral and should not mix in political affairs of the country.
>
> At this Villa became very angry and said we foreigners were demanding that he protect foreigners and be humanitarian in his acts, and that at the very first opportunity given us to do so some good we refused. He commenced to talk about probably having to fight all of us, when I interposed and advised Cummins to go.
>
> Villa said he first thought of sending the message by me, but on second thought had decided on Cummins on account of his friendship with Velasco, as he would be in no danger. Cummins agreed to go, so I wrote some instructions to Mr. Ulmer. Mr. Cummins left about 5 o'clock and was to return about noon next day. The interview with Villa had a most serious aspect for a few moments, but as it turned out, Villa and he shook hands, called each other "amigos" and parted in the best of spirits.

The Ulmer mentioned in the report is I. M. Ulmer, United States Consular Agent at Torreon.

Cunard-Cummins and Villa "Friends."

Mr. Carothers, when seen by a reporter to-day, amplified his report to the State Department as follows:

"Just before leavnig Villa's headquarters Villa called Cummins 'amigo.' Cummins turned to Villa and said: 'You call me friend?' 'Yes, I call you friend because I want you for my friend,' responded Villa. Villa's last word to us was that he left all arrangements about getting away to us.

"I then walked toward Mr. O'Hea's house with Cummins, but left him before reaching there in order to get a handcar. I saw Cummins enter O'Hea's house. A half hour later I met Cummins coming from O'Hea's house with a British flag and a flag of truce. I had been unable to get a handcar, so Cummins said he would go on foot, as it was getting late and he did not want to make the trip in the dark. Cummins did not make any complaint to me of coercion then or later. On his return on the 30th he was most cordially received by Villa, who embraced him and thanked him for what he had done.

Mr. O'Hea, mentioned by Mr. Carothers, is Patrick O'Hea, recently appointed to succeed Mr. Cunard-Cummins as British Vice Consul. The latter had resigned, but was still acting as Vice Consul.

NOW ADMITS TORREON'S FALL.

But Huerta's War Office Calls Velasco's Retreat "Strategic."

MEXICO CITY, April 9.—The first admission that Gen. Villa and the rebel army have occupied Torreon is made by The Mexican Herald to-day. The newspaper, however, states that Gen. Aureliano Blanquet declares that Gen. José Refugio Velasco, the Federal commander, has not evacuated the city in the full sense of the word. The Minister of War says that Velasco has made a strategic move which is expected to give the best results on the arrival of the Federal columns now on their way to Torreon.

According to Gen. Blanquet, a position has been taken up by Gen. Velasco at Cerro de la Cruz, from which he dominates Torreon with his artillery.

The newspapers printed in Spanish do not make any mention of the capture of Torreon.

The Government announced this morning through the newspapers its intention of instituting a censorship on cable dispatches. This decision was said to be due to the "campaign of lies" being waged against the Government, and to screen the movements of the Federal military forces.

SENDS PRAIRIE FOR REFUGEES.

Navy Department Orders the Transport to Tampico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Up to a late hour to-night the State Department was without any further advices from the battle that has been in progress for three days at Tampico than were contained in dispatches from Rear Admiral Mayo, received this morning. The report that the Federal garrison had surrendered was, therefore, entirely without official confirmation here. Admiral Mayo reported that the Federal gunboats in the harbor were doing destructive work and had set fire to the warehouses of a German company, the Agencia Commercial. The loss was $500,000.

The Constitutionalists have occupied the Waters-Pierce Oil Refinery in making their advance, and thus have drawn the fire of the Federal gunboats. There seemed to be, at the time of Admiral Mayo's dispatch, imminent danger of the refinery being destroyed.

The Constitutionalists have been pressing their attack in a way to indicate that they do not intend to be balked by the possible destruction of foreign property, and the foreigners in the region realize that their losses are likely to be very great. Admiral Mayo has warned the commanding officers on both sides not to injure foreign property or menace the live of foreign residents, but the stress of the fighting is such that neither side can respect the warning.

The request for an American transport on which to put the refugees from the city will be met by sending the Prairie from Vera Cruz to Tampico. The Navy Department to-day asked the War Department for a loan of one of the four army transports at Galveston, but the request was denied on the ground that these transports were there in connection with the second division which was mobilized a year ago at Texas City, and as they were a factor in the military plan for which the troops were sent to Texas, the transports could not be spared for any extended period of time.

Major Gen. Wood, Chief of the General Staff, said that this explanation did not signify that there was any present emergency, or that it was expected that the transports would be needed in the near future to carry troops to Mexico. It was, he said, simply a plain matter of military precaution.

Secretary Daniels decided to order the hospital ship Solace, which is now at New Orleans, to proceed at once to Tampico to be at the convenience of Admiral Mayo in providing refuge for the foreigners in the city. If necessary, the marines on the Prairie will be distributed on the battleships and the Prairie used for the refugees.

Owing to a heavy norther to-day it was impossible to transfer refugees from the city to the battleships and they were compelled to remain on shore. A few had been placed on the Des Moines before the storm came up.

At the War Department a dispatch from El Paso was received saying that more Spanish exiles driven out of Mexico by Villa's orders had arrived at Juarez to-day. As these refugees are not on the same footing as the military refugees from the Federal and Constitutionalist forces, the War Department will not take charge of them.

The Red Cross Society began to-day to provide for their wants, drawing upon the army for rations and tents. The Department of Labor will deal with the Spanish refugees, using the special agents of the Bureau of Immigration for the purpose. As soon as possible the Spanish Government will be communicated with and asked to provide for its subjects.

This Government, it was learned at the White House to-day, does not feel that Gen. Carranza's refusal to nullify Villa's orders for the expulsion of Spaniards from Torreon is to be regarded as an embarrassment to the United States. It was intimated that, while relief for the Spaniards might not be obtainable now, they would have an opportunity to collect damages after the cessation of hostilities.

BABY GIRL LEFT IN SUBWAY.

Found Cooing in Women's Room of the Eighty-sixth Street Station.

A well-dressed baby girl about two months old was found early last night, laughing and playing with the nipple of a milk bottle in a wash basin in the women's room on the downtown side of the Eighty-sixth Street Subway station. Miss J. Draper of 500 Park Place, Brooklyn, who found the child, took it in her arms to the West 100th Street Station.

There Patrolman Flanagan, who has a child about the same age, was assigned to take care of it. The infant went to sleep when he took it in his arms, but woke up and fed heartily when he obtained a bottle of milk a few minutes later.

The baby has brown hair and eyes. It was found wrapped up in a white and pink woolen blanket, was clothed in a white dress and a white woolen coat, with blue stripes on the sleeves. It was taken last night by Policeman Flanagan to Bellevue Hospital, where it will be kept in a nursery pending police investigation.

SYNDICALIST PERIL IN ENGLAND GRAVE

Agitators May Be Able to Force the Labor Unions Into a General Strike.

TAMPERING WITH ARMY?

Believe Many Soldiers Will Refuse to Fire on Rioters—Use Anti-Asiatic Argument with Seamen.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, April 10.—The Standard giving further details of the Syndicalist plan for a general strike, says:

"The idea is to bring out the seamen on any pretext, thus forcing the land transport workers to become idle because of the stoppage of shipping. The Syndicalists will then suggest that the men might as well make the most of their idleness by putting forward demands for improved working conditions, thus transforming ordinary unemployment into a sympathetic strike and at the same time entitling the men to receive strike pay.

"The National Sailors' and Firemen's Union has been induced to open a campaign in favor of the exclusion of Asiatic labor from ships in Western waters. This campaign will be carried on for two months at various ports. Meetings of sailors and general transport workers are being convened for the purpose.

"When the time is ripe for action the union will put forward its demands, together with a long programme of improved conditions aboard ship. It is hoped that the cry 'British Men for British Ships' will serve to disguise the real object of the move and also bring the seamen out in large numbers.

"The Syndicalists have forced the leaders of the railwaymen, miners, and transport workers into a scheme to form an alliance of their organizations, with memberships of 1,500,000 men.

"The Labor leaders are showing reluctance to be used as pawns in the Syndicalists' game, but the Syndicalists are confident that they will be able to induce the men to break away from their leaders.

"It is inevitable that with unrest on the scale aimed at there should be troops employed to keep order, and the Syndicalists believe that they will be able to induce a large proportion of these men to refuse to fire on rioters.

"As a preliminary test of the readiness of the workers for a demonstration of solidarity the extremists are aiming at a general stoppage on May Day. It is hoped that everything will be in readiness for striking the first blow for a general strike in June or July next."

Both the electricians' and the builders' strikes have now spread to the Government Office of Works. The Electrical Trades Union yesterday withdrew all its members who are on the staff of the Office of Works, and the London Building Industries Federation also decided that no member affiliated with the union should be permitted to work there until a settlement of the dispute was reached.

The action of the electricians is said to be due to the fact that staff men were called upon to do the work of fellow-members who had struck because the contractors by whom they were employed had not conceded the union's terms.

Various Government departments are seriously inconvenienced.

NEW HAVEN INQUIRY TO-DAY.

Mellen, Other Railroad Men and Bankers to Testify in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Further inquiry into the financial operations of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad under the administration of former President Charles S. Mellen will be begun to-morrow by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Mr. Mellen and a number of New England railroad men and bankers have been subpoenaed and will be present when the session opens.

The inquiry, which is being made in compliance with a resolution of the Senate, will be into the relations of the New Haven with its bankers, and is expected to develop not only what those relations were but how the funds of the road were disbursed, what commissions on various transactions were paid, and to whom they were paid.

COLOMBIAN TREATY GRANTS FREE TOLLS

Her Shipments of Oil, Coal, and Salt Exempted from Charge Through Panama Canal.

PRESIDENT DENIES APOLOGY

"Pure Guff," He Says, of Report That Bogota Convention Contains Such a Clause.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Until the text of the new treaty between the United States and Colombia is made public next week uncertainty will exist as to whether this Government has made an expression of regret in some form to her South American sister over the manner in which the secession of Panama from Colombia was brought about in 1903.

That an "apology" from the United States was contained in the treaty was denied with emphasis at the White House. But in other well-informed quarters there is insistence that it contains in its introduction or preamble a "friendly expression of regret" by this Government with particular reference to the differences that have existed between Colombia and the United States as a result of Panama's severance from the parent republic.

"Pure guff" was the way President Wilson answered a question to-day as to whether the treaty contained an "apology." He said he was not, of course, familiar with the details of the treaty negotiations with Colombia, but he did know that there was no apology in it. Afterward the President was asked if the treaty contained anything in the nature of an expression of regret designed to palliate Colombian sensibilities, and to this he responded, in effect, that he had already answered the question.

Another point learned about the treaty to-day was that it contained a provision giving Colombia free canal tolls on shipments of oil, coal, and salt between her own ports.

Those who contend that "a friendly expression of regret" has a place in the treaty, and who are in a position to know the character and scope of the negotiations, are uncertain as to whether the "expression" merely applies to the fact that relations between the two Governments have been disturbed, or is intended to signify that the United States feels that Colombia has some justification for her contention that the secession of Panama was made possible through aid and comfort extended by the Roosevelt Administration.

The report that the treaty contained any expression equivalent to an apology was not credited by members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. These Senators said if any such declaration was in the agreement there would not be the slightest chance for the ratification of the treaty by the Senate. Some of them indicated that verification of the report would have a detrimental effect on the effort to pass the tolls repeal bill in the upper House. It was evident that no member of the committee had received any information tending in any way to confirm the statement that an expression savoring of regret or apology had been incorporated in the convention signed at Bogota.

Senators were generally of the opinion that even without the "friendly expression of regret" the treaty would have hard sledding in the Senate. Some were inclined to believe that the two-thirds vote necessary to ratification could not be obtained because the treaty included an agreement by this Government to pay $25,000,000 to Colombia in satisfaction of all claims in connection with the Panama Canal question and for certain privileges granted to the United States.

It was pointed out that the original offer to Colombia had been $10,000,000, and that there was little likelihood that Republican Senators would assent to an arrangement that would savor of a repudiation of the attempts of two Republican Secretaries of State to settle differences with Colombia for the smaller sum.

Secretary Bryan declined to discuss in any way the report that the treaty contained a "friendly expression of regret." He said that he must ask everybody to wait until the text of the treaty had been promulgated in Bogota on April 15. The text of the treaty is believed to be in the possession of the State Department. An understanding existed for its simultaneous publication in Bogota and Washington, but the date was deferred at Colombia's request. Now it is believed the treaty will be made public here and in Bogota on next Wednesday or Thursday.

The Colombian Congress has been called to meet in May to consider the agreement.

It was learned to-day that in addition to those features of the treaty already known, it contained a provision that Colombia should receive the substantial concession of free tolls on all the shipments through the canal of coal, salt, and oil between her own ports. This concession was based on the exemptions that Colombia enjoyed from the Panama Railroad. When the concession of the railroad was made the Colombian Government obtained the right to ship coal, salt, and oil from her Atlantic ports to her Pacific ports free of freight charges.

With the secession of the State of Panama, Colombia lost this valuable privilege and for the past ten years Colombians on the Pacific Coast have had to import their salt from Peru at a high cost. The shipments of coal and oil were originally negligible, but Colombia now expects to develop her oil industry. The concession just obtained from the United States undoubtedly would prove very valuable if the Standard Oil Company obtained concessions that were until recently under consideration.

Free tolls on Colombian coal, oil, and salt, however, may cause trouble for the United States. The diplomatic representatives of the great commercial companies see in it a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. If the United States is bound under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to give the equal use of the canal to all nations the concession of free tolls to Colombia disturbs that equal use among the ships of the various nations, and any power may at once demand that its own cargoes of oil, salt, and coal may pass through the canal without the payment of tolls.

This would mean much if Great Britain should take the position that the Pearson oil tank steamers from the Tampico field should go through the canal free of tolls on their way to the west coast of South America or China. This concession to Colombia is pointed to as a violation of the obligation entered into by the United States with Great Britain for the use of the canal, no matter what the original basis of the Colombian concession may have been.

The terms of the treaty with Colombia are not satisfactory to some leaders of public opinion in that country. They maintain that they should have received a much larger indemnity than $25,000,000. They point to the proposals made a year ago by Minister Dubois, under which they believe they would have received $97,000,000.

It is urged in this country that Colombia should have received no more than $10,000,000, which the United States paid to the Republic of Panama for the canal site together with the annual payment of $250,000 beginning ten years after the signing of the Panama treaty in 1903. Capitalizing the yearly payment of $250,000 at a lump sum of $5,000,000 at 5 per cent. it would not have been practical for Colombia at any time to have demanded a greater sum than $15,000,000 for the canal site.

The Colombians reply that the United States asked the impossible of them in 1903 because under their constitution they could not cede any part of the public domain for any purpose. They say that President Marroquin asked Secretary Hay to allow them a year in which to try to amend their constitution so that they could meet the wishes of this Government and cede the Canal Zone. But those who have in mind the negotiations connected with the Hay-Herran treaty recall that Colombia then demanded that the United States pay, not merely $10,000,000, but ten times that for the canal concession.

Secretary Hay abruptly broke off the negotiations. It is contended, therefore, by this Government that with the payment of $25,000,000 to Colombia that Government will receive at least $10,000,000 more than can be justly claimed or gained even by a resort to arbitration.

SCHULZ VISITS GLYNN.

Has Not Yet Accepted Public Service Appointment, and May Not.

ALBANY, April 9—George M. S. Schulz of New York, recently appointed as a Public Service Commissioner for the First District by Gov. Glynn, conferred with the Executive to-day, but as yet he has not accepted the place. He refused to say after the conference if he would accept. The Governor and Mr. Schulz will meet again to-morrow.

Mr. Schulz was not a candidate for the position, the Governor said when he appointed him.

TOLLS COMPROMISE REVIVED IN SENATE

Continued from Page 1.

has always held that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty gave the United States the right to discriminate in favor of American shipping, but he urged to-day that in the face of almost universal distrust of the United States the President should be supported in his effort to gain for the nation the lost position of international confidence even at the price of failing to exercise a right technically conferred by treaty.

The mere announcement that Mr. Lodge was to speak in support of the President was of great interest in Washington. Mr. Lodge handled the Hay-Pauncefote treaty on the floor of the Senate and was largely responsible for its amendments and ultimate ratification by the Senate. He also happened to be in London when the final negotiations were in progress between Lord Lansdowne and Joseph H. Choate, the American Ambassador, and was kept fully aware of the course of the negotiations.

But while Mr. Lodge's intimate connection with the history of the treaty added to the interest of his speech, it rather weakened the position he took. For Mr. Lodge's personal conviction at the time of his visit in London, and later when the amended treaty was accepted by the Senate, was that the United States had every right to discriminate in favor of her own shipping whether overseas or coastwise.

It was only his respect for the judgments of Mr. Choate, Henry White, then Secretary of Embassy at London, and Secretary Hay, all of whom held the contrary opinion, that raised any doubt in Mr. Lodge's mind. That respect, added to his present belief that something must be done to restore the United States to the high position it held among nations prior to 1909, has led him to support the President for repeal. Mr. Lodge does not think that the repealing bill would terminate the American claim to the right to discriminate in tolls and the arbitration of the whole question he suggested as a fit and honorable course.

Source of Canal Title.

To the surprise of his friends Mr. Lodge took the position that the treaty of purchase made by the United States with the Republic of Panama in 1904 construed and limited, if it did not actually modify, the Hay-Pauncefote treaty with Great Britain in 1901. The treaty with Panama, he said, gave the United States a "perfect title" to the canal, and he seemed to argue from that premise that American ships should be excepted from the Hay-Pauncefote treaty's requirement for equality of treatment, because such a construction would be "least restrictive of the rights and powers of the United States" over its own property purchased from Panama.

Hearings on the repeal bill began this morning before the Senate Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals with testimony from Senator Norris, a radical Republican from Nebraska, and Senator Thomas, Democrat, from Colorado. Mr. Norris defended his proposed amendment which, while repealing the exemption clause would reserve the right to make similar conventions in the future. Mr. Thomas contended that it would throw the canal open to the commerce of the world without tolls.

Mr. Norris said that he had grave doubts whether the Hay-Pauncefote treaty gave the United States the right to discriminate in favor of American coastwise ships. But he indorsed the President's repeal policy, largely on the ground that the tolls exemption was nothing more than ship subsidy and subsidies he regarded as bad economic policy.

"I don't want to put myself in the attitude of repealing this exemption clause," added Mr. Norris, "and apparently surrendering our right to control the canal."

Mr. Norris suggested that his amendment would reserve all of the supposed American rights until the disputed points of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty could be adjudicated by an international tribunal. He suggested that the High Court might consist of three members of the Supreme Court of the United States and three of the highest British judges.

Mr. Thomas after addressing the committee, spoke along the same lines in the Senate. The most important phases of the controversy, he said, were those affecting the purposes for which the canal itself was made.

"A solution," he said, "of all those matters, in my judgment, will be found in opening the canal free of charge to the commerce of the world. Men experienced in maritime affairs assert that, instead of encouraging, the canal will result in the decadence of sea carriage in sailing vessels and will transfer their business to craft impelled by machinery."

Mr. Thomas argued that steam vessels were more costly to construct than sailing craft, and that the discouragement of the construction of the sailing vessel would make it more difficult than ever for the United States to build up a merchant marine. The indirect advantages from the canal, said Mr. Thomas, would more than compensate the United States for its annual expenditure for interest. Mr. Thomas said that steamship routes for the Orient, except those to Australia and New Zealand, would find the Suez Canal a better highway than the Panama Canal.

"We pay $500,000,000 per annum," he said, "to owners of foreign bottoms for carrying out product to market. This is equal to the cost of the canal. Anything to divert this traffic into American bottoms must be a distinct gain to American commerce and to the American people. Nothing can more surely effect this than the free use of the canal to the commerce of the world. If this policy is adopted the canal cannot fall under railroad control."

SENATOR LODGE'S SPEECH.

Respect for Opinions of Mankind Demands Repeal Exemption.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, in his speech to-day supporting President Wilson's canal tolls policy, asserted that a decent respect to the opinion of mankind and the "distrust and in some cases dislike" with which the United States was regarded abroad, demanded prompt repeal of the exemption clause of the Canal act.

"Whether we shall insist upon giving to our ships $2,000,000 or $3,000,000 in a disputed way is, in my conception, a very small question compared to the larger issues which are here involved," said the Senator. "When the year 1909 opened the United States occupied a higher and stronger position among the nations of the earth than at any period in our history. Never before had we possessed such an influence in international affairs, and that influence had been used beneficently and for the world's peace in two conspicuous instances—at Portsmouth and at Algeciras. Never before had our relations with the various States of Central and South America been so good. It seemed as if the shadow of suspicion which, owing to our dominant and at times domineering power, had darkened and chilled our relations with the people of Latin America had at last been lifted. This great position and this commanding influence have been largely lost.

"I am not in the councils of the President of the United States, but I believe that during the past year the present position of the United States in its foreign relations has become very apparent to him, as it has to other responsible and reflecting men, and with this appreciation of our present position has come the earnest wish to retrace some of our steps, at least, and to regain, so far as possible, the high plane which we formerly occupied. It would be an obvious impropriety to point out the specific conditions of our present relations with the various nations, both in the Old World and the new; it is enough to note the fact that we are regarded by other nations with distrust and in some cases with dislike. Rightly or wrongly, they have come to believe that we are not to be trusted; that we make our international relations the sport of politics and treat them as if they were in no wise different from questions of domestic legislation. This has not been in accord with our history or our position. Only once have we abrogated a treaty, and then actual, if not declared, war existed. We have scrupulously observed our international agreements, and where differences have arisen we have settled them not with the high hand of power but by negotiation and arbitration.

"I suppose that at this moment in the midst of the adroitly stimulated passions raised against the President's recommendation that we should repeal the toll exemption it will be thought very poor spirited and even truckling—I believe that is the accepted word—to suggest that in deciding this question we should take into consideration the opinions of other nations. Nevertheless, I consider this a very important element in any decision which I may reach, and I am encouraged to believe that I am right in so thinking, because I have the warrant and authority of the author of the Declaration of Independence. When Jefferson framed that great instrument he declared that the impelling reason for making the Declaration was 'a decent respect to the opinions of mankind.'

Delay of Arbitration Treaties.

"The long delay in the ratification by the Senate of the treaties renewing the arbitration treaties of 1908 produced a widespread feeling among other nations that our championship of the principle of arbitration and our loud boasts of our devotion to the cause of peace were the merest hypocrisy, because we seemed ready to abandon the cause of arbitration when it looked as if our treaties might bring us to the arbitration of questions which we did not desire to have decided by an impartial tribunal. The President renewed the arbitration treaties, and finally, after a delay which, as I have said, aroused unpleasant suspicions, those which have been sent to the Senate have been ratified. This was the President's first step, as I looked at it, in his effort to restore the influence and reputation of the United States, which he had found to be impaired. The second step is his recommendation of the repeal to the toll-exemption clause of the Canal act.

"The outcry about exhibiting subservency to Great Britain or any other country because we see fit to repeal the tolls seems to me hardly worthy of serious consideration. The United States is altogether too great and too powerful to be subservient to any one, and the mere fact of suggesting it seems to me to indicate an uneasy suspicion on the part of those from whom it emanates, not only of the validity of their position, but of the power and greatness of their own country, as to which I, for one, am troubled by no doubts.

In the course of his speech Mr. Lodge revealed this bit of history in connection with the treaty:

"Whatever our opinion may be as to the strict legal interpretation of the rules governing the matter of tolls imposed upon vessels passing through the canal, we cannot and we ought not to overlook the understanding of those who negotiated the treaty as to the intent and effect of the rules which they framed. As to the nature of the understanding we have direct testimony. Mr. Henry White, who first laid before the British Government the desire of the United States to enter into negotiations for the supersession of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, has stated that Lord Salisbury expressed to him the entire willingness of England to remove all obstacles which the Clayton-Bulwer treaty put in the way of the construction of the canal, and desired only to maintain equality of tolls imposed upon all vessels including those of the United States. Mr. Choate, who, as I have said, completed the negotiations which resulted in the second Hay-Pauncefote treaty, has publicly stated that the understanding at that time of both parties was the same as that given by Mr. White. The only other American concerned in the actual negotiation of the treaty was the late Mr. Hay, at that time Secretary of State. I know that Mr. Hay's view was the same as that of Mr. Choate and Mr. White. It is therefore clear on the testimony of our three negotiators that the negotiations as they were begun and as they were completed in the second Hay-Pauncefote treaty proceeded on the clear understanding that there was to be no discrimination in the tolls imposed as between the vessels of any nation, including the vessels of the United States.

"I am well aware that an understanding of this sort, although an aid perhaps to interpretation, does not bind legally. But there is such a thing as honor in agreements and transactions between nations as there is in agreements between individuals. To the individual man his personal honor appears in a clearer light than national honor to the man acting in a representative capacity. It is regrettable that this should ever be so, but I think there can be no doubt that at certain times it is the fact."

Thought Exemption Needless.

After reciting his own connection with the treaty, Senator Lodge continued:

"I took the view then that under the terms of the treaty of November 18, 1901, the United States was at liberty to exempt its own vessels of commerce from the payment of tolls if it saw fit to do so, and I voted against the Bard amendment, which made this right explicit, because I thought it needless.

"I voted and spoke against the toll exemption embodied in the canal act. I cannot change now merely because a Democratic President recommends the repeal of that clause which I earnestly resisted. Within our own borders Mr. Wilson is the leader and chief of the Democratic Party. In the presence of foreign nations he is to me simply the President of the United States. If in his high responsibility as the representative of the Nation before the world he does or tries to do what I believe in my conscience to be wrong I shall resist him, no matter what his political faith may be. But if he is doing or trying to do what I conscientiously believe to be right he shall have my full support without regard to party or to politics.

"To thwart the purposes or to discredit the policies of the official head of a political party is legitimate political warfare. To discredit or break down the President of the United States upon a question of foreign policy is quite another thing, never to be undertaken except for very grave reasons. In the one case we overthrow a party leader and political chief within the arena where the American people alone sit in judgment; in the other we break down and discredit the representative of the whole country in the great forum of the nations of the earth and paralyze his future power and usefulness in that field where he and he alone can declare and represent the policies, the honor and the dignity of the United States. Conditions may arise where this last resort must be accepted, but it can only be justified by grim necessity.

"With my view as to the tolls, with my deep convictions as to what is due to the President of the United States when he faces foreign nations, I should be faithless to the principles I have always cherished if I did not now give him an unreserved support.

"For these reasons which I have set forth, although I believe we have the right to exempt our vessels from tolls, I have come to the conclusion that this clause in the canal act, which I have opposed from the outset, ought to be repealed. I think it should be repealed because we can obtain the same results, if we desire them, in an undisputed manner and without any greater charge upon the Treasury of the United States. I think so because foreign opinion is united against us, while opinion in our own country is divided as to the proper interpretation of the language of the treaty, and I am not willing to have the good faith of the United States impugned on account of action taken upon such a contested ground as this. I think the exemption clause should be repealed because the understanding upon which the treaty was made is declared by all our negotiators to have been contrary to that which I think a strict legal interpretation of the terms of the rules would warrant. Finally, I think it should be repealed because a decent respect for the opinions of mankind and the high position of the United States among the nations of the world demand it.

Wouldn't Deface It by Greed.

"Mr. President, the construction of the Panama Canal is one of the greatest achievements of the people of the United States. We owe a debt to the French who preceded us in the attempt to cut the isthmus at that point, and we freely acknowledge the benefit which we have derived, not only from their surveys and their engineering but from the sacrifices which they so freely made in behalf of this great undertaking. I sincerely hope that the bill proposed by the Senator from Mississippi to erect a monument to De Lesseps at the entrance to the canal will be passed, and that that monument will also commemorate the deeds of the men who gave their lives to the task which their country had imposed. I hope, too, that when the canal is opened we shall permit the little boat named Louise, inherited by us from the French, to pass through with the first American battleship, and that we shall then give it to France so that it may rest upon the waters of the Seine, a memorial to a great work which the people of France first attempted and also to the long friendship of the two nations.

"But while France made the first effort and failed, we took up the work and carried it to completion. It is the greatest engineering feat of modern times, and the trimumphant result is due not only to the genius of our military engineers but to the labor of the medical officers of the army, who converted hotbeds of pestilence into a region as healthful as any on the face of the earth.

"Nothing, to my thinking, could be finer than the work of the great army which Col. Goethals has led to this victory of peace, and which has never faltered or swerved in its onward march through mountains and by lakes. In all that vast expenditure, in all the enormous labors which have been begun and completed upon that historic isthmus there is no spot nor blemish to be found. Not only the canal itself, but the manner in which it has been built are among the noblest national achievements which the history of the United States will cherish and preserve.

"I trust that all this glory and that this noble work, done not merely for our own profit but for the benefit of the world, will not be disfigured by a sordid desire to put money into the pockets of a few American citizens in a questionable manner. I should be grieved to see this great monument of American genius and American skill defaced by a sorry effort to affront other nations when we complete a vast work designed to promote not trade alone but peace and good will among all mankind.

TOLLS "SENSATION" BLOWS UP.

Administration Planning No Fight on Anti-Repeal Press.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A rumor yesterday that the Wilson Administration intended to "show up" certain newspapers that were attacking the President's Panama tolls repeal policy grew to-day into positive statements that Postmaster General Burleson had evidence upon which he would prosecute these newspapers for violation of the newspaper publicity law requiring that editorial or news matter printed for a consideration be labeled "advertisement." To-night this sensational bubble was punctured.

President Wilson said he knew nothing of any such purpose. The animus behind certain attacks on the Administration's tolls repeal policy was sufficiently obvious as not to need exposure, he said. This evening the whole story fell to the ground through a statement given to THE NEW YORK TIMES by Representative Henry A. Barnhart of Indiana, who was credited with having been responsible for it.

According to the story Mr. Barnhart, who fathered the newspaper publicity law, had been told by Postmaster General Burleson that the Post Office Department had information that certain newspapers were printing "news" articles against the tolls repeal bill that were being paid for by steamship companies.

Mr. Barnhart denied that he had been told any such thing by the Postmaster General, and said the intimation that he had any such information was a tissue of falsehoods.

"I have no information, never had, never told any one that I had, and the newspaper reports to the leffect are erroneous," said Mr. Barnhart. "In a conversation with Postmaster General Burleson he asked me, as author of the newspaper publicity law, if I thought it contemplated that a newspaper could lease its page space to an advertising agency and then permit the insertion, in the leased space, of editorial and naws matter without marking it 'advertisement,' and be within the law.

"I replied that I was a lawmaker, but not a lawyer, and that question would be one for the courts to decide.

"In the course of the conversation the fervid and reckless attacks of certain newspapers against repeal of the canal free tolls provision was mentioned as evidently made-to-order journalism. I cited one instance as very suspicious. It was an alleged Indianapolis special dispatch setting forth in some elaboration that opposition to repeal of free tolls was rising so high in Indiana that it would likely defeat Senator Shively for renomination, and if not, then for re-election. The fact that Senator Shively had been renominated three weeks before in a State Convention at Indianapolis convinced me that the author of that 'special' was either asleep the week of the convention or else it had been written in a newspaper office in order to deceive—most likely the latter.

"Nothing was said in our conference of any information to the effect that any newspapers had sold out nor that any prosecution was contemplated. This is the truth as to this much-ado-about-nothing matter, and the unwarranted and extravagant padding of the story gives it the color of having been written by some anti-free tolls repeal enthusiast who used a crowbar to enlarge his 'find.'"

No confirmation of the story that Postmaster General Burleson had any such information of alleged violations of the newspaper publicity law was obtainable from the Post Office Department. Assistant Postmaster General A. M. Dockery, who has immediate charge of the enforcement of the newspaper publicity law, said he had never heard of the matter and had no information that newspapers were printing matter relating to the tolls fight in violation of the publicity law. He took no stock in the story.

PLAN CANAL TOLL FIGHT.

Colby Outlines Campaign for Committee to Preserve American Rights.

Bainbridge Colby, Chairman of the Provisional Committee for the Preservation of American Rights in the Panama Canal, announced yesterday the names of those appointed to the committee and the work mapped out for them.

The committee will distribute broadcast the address of ex-Secretary of State Richard Olney to the International Law Society and statements by President Taft and Secretary of State Knox interpreting the treaty in favor of the right of this country to fix tolls for American shipping without regard to the tolls fixed for other nations. It is also printing for distribution the correspondence between the State Department and the British Foreign Office, which shows, according to Mr. Colby, "the definite acquiescence of Great Britain in the American interpretation of the treaty, which was only recalled upon the invitation of Senator Root, in his unfortunate speech lately delivered in the Senate."

The members of the Committee are ex-Attorney General Charles J. Bonaparte, ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, ex-Senator J. B. Foraker of Ohio, Wharton Barker, Philadelphia; Matthew Hale, Boston, Mass.; Henry J. Allen of Kansas, I. W. Cameron of Oklahoma, ex-Senator Joseph M. Dixon of Montana, Lieut. Gov. Frank E. Howe of Vermont, Silas B. Adams of Maine, Col. Isaac M. Ullman of New Haven, Conn.; Irving E. Vernon, Portland, Me.; Alexander P. Moore, publisher of The Pittsburgh Leader; Supreme Court Justice Samuel Seabury of New York, City Court Justice William L. Ransom, James Elverson, Jr., of The Philadelphia Inquirer; J. D. Hardin, President of the New Orleans Board of Trade; Dr. Delmar E. Croft of New Haven, Conn.; Solomon Wexler of New Orleans, George B. Edgerton of St. Paul, Minn.; ex-Senator William E. Mason of Illinois, T. E. Sedgwick of York, Neb.; Lynn H. Dinkins of Louisiana, Pearl Wight of New Orleans, Thomas J. McDermott of St. Paul, Minn.; Judge Willard H. McEwen of Chicago, James W. Collins of Kirkland, Wash.; Charles D. Hilles of New York, George C. Priestly of Oklahoma, and Judge Milton D. Purdy of Minneapolis, Minn.

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The Well Dressed New Yorker

Edited by Beaunash

WHEN it concerns *Style*, the New Yorker is "quick on the trigger." He shoots no blank cartridges. He spies modes through a high-power field-glass, because New York is the Bivouac of the Grand Army of Style.

Like an "automatic," which answers to the faintest press o' the finger, this shop answers instantly to every under-breath whisper of Style.

Our Stein-Bloch Clothes and Haberdashery and Hats for the Easter Saunter stand aloof and alone in their *pre-advanced style*, which vaults six months ahead and robs the Cupboard of the Future.

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"Quick-Look" Bulletin

Blue Flannels, the biggest money's worth that ever made a little price behave like $5 more—we're as proud of them as a new father trundling his baby-carriage—this value has "The Strength of Gibraltar"— **$20**

Shepherd Checks in a totally new theme—"stunning" broken black-and-white cubes—coat is ½ silk-lined with silk sleeves—tailored as soft as a courting couple's dialogue when the gas is turned down— **$35**

Pin Checks of Unfinished Worsted in two-tone blue—the "best-turned-out" set is heading for these as a buffalo heads for water—exclusive as your own visiting card— **$35**

Easter Gloves of Gray Arabian Mocha with "smart" self backs—two heaping handfuls of Easter style—under the new tariff we can price-ticket these down to **$1.50**

Easter Sticks whittled of the new mottled-brown "Caramandel"—burnished to looking-glass lustre, crook handle, silver band below—all the Continental beaux twirl these— **$2.50**

Easter "Toppers" with the ultra-modish "pyramid crown"—narrower at the top than at the base—Frenchy, flattish brim, felt ribbon and air-vent—the period after "the last word" in fashion— **$6**

Easter Cravats, in Four-in-Hands of pure silk Grenadine Mesh—light as a poppy nodding to the wind—illuminated figures in offset colors—they look "dollarish"— **65c**

Growth of the Sunday Edition

Of the four New York Sunday newspapers leading in volume of advertising, only The New York Times printed a greater volume of advertisements in the first quarter of 1914 than in the first three months of last year.

The average daily and Sunday circulation of The New York Times for the half year ended March 13, 1914, exceeds by 24,263 the combined average daily and Sunday circulation of The Herald, The Sun, and The Tribune, as shown by the published statements required by law.

ELEANORA'S AGENT IS WELCOMED HERE

William Caspar Says Queen of Bulgaria Will Bring a Suite of Some Twenty Persons.

SURGEONS ON IMPERATOR

Noted Men Gather for the International Conference on Surgery—Col. Watterson Returns.

William Caspar, the personal representative of Queen Eleanora of Bulgaria, arrived last night on the Hamburg-American liner Imperator to arrange, he said, for her visit to the United States next month. Mr. Caspar said that accommodations had been reserved for the royal party, which will consist of from fifteen to twenty persons, on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria sailing from Hamburg on May 21, but he had since telegraphed to Sofia, he asserted, suggesting that the Queen should travel a week later by the Imperator. He had not received any reply, he said.

In an interview with the reporters on the way up the bay from Quarantine Mr. Caspar said that Queen Eleanora would devote the most of her stay in this country to studying the hospitals, nursing institutions, and the Iimmigration Bureau at Ellis Island.

"Before her marriage the Queen was Princess Russ," said Mr. Caspar, "and devoted her life to the practical study of nursing, and during the late war she practically took charge of the care of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Bulgarian Army, having gained her experience in the Russo-Japanese war.

"Bulgaria is one of the most progresive countries in Europe," Mr. Caspar continued, "and has the best army for its size in the world and is well advanced in agriculture." He added that he was born in the United States, but had lived all his life in Sofia, where he had a business as contractor to the Government. A delegation from the Bulgarian Alliance, including Clayton Rockhill, C. H. Botsford, the Rev. P. D. Vassileff, and Albert Keller, manager of the Ritz-Carlton, where he will stay in New York, met Mr. Caspar at the pier. Queen Eleanora will also stay at that hotel, her representative said. Mr. Caspar is more than 6 feet tall, broad shouldered, and clean shaven. He has a ruddy complexion and speaks English fluently, but with a foreign accent.

Mr. Caspar said that Prof. Oliver Bainbridge would arrive here on the Amerika and bring further details of the Queen of Bulgaria's tour through the country.

"I cannot say with absolute accuracy," he asserted, "what cities she will visit, but I think that Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston, Baltimore, Washington and Rochester, Minn., will be included. At Rochester, Minn., Queen Eleanora will be the guest of Dr. Mayo. Her tour may be extended to the Pacific Coast, but that depends upon developments."

"I understand that newspapers in this country have published messages from abroad to the effect that the Queen had received letters threatening her life. That is quite true, the Queen has received them. But she has not paid the slightest attention to the threats as she realized they were made by ignorant persons. The Queen knows she will be protected in this country. Her visit will be a private one and the Queen hopes that the American people will treat her as they would any private visitor to their country."

On the Imperator were forty-nine well-known surgeons and doctors, who have come to attend the International Conference on Surgery, which starts in this city on Monday, April 13.

Among the surgeons were Prof. Sonnenburg of Berlin, who, it is said, performed the first operation for appendicitis in Berlin; Prof. Ludwig Rehn of Frankfort-on-Main, the first surgeon to put a stitch in the human heart; Prof. H. Kummel, read of the Eppendorf Hospital in Hamburg; Dr. Hans Schlange of Hanover, who performed the last operation on the late Dr. Bergmann, the surgeon to the Emperor Frederick; Dr. H. A. Fairbank of London, Dr. Oscar Bloch of Copenhagen, Dr. Maurice Robineau of Paris, and others. Another passenger on the Imperator was Col. Henry Watterson, who said he had been away since last August and had sent from 5,000 to 10,000 words weekly to his paper, The Louisville Courier-Journal, in that period.

"I am weary of the tedium of the day," said the Colonel with a bored look, "and have no news, as I did not get any by wireless. I do not know anything about the Canal tolls fight or Secretary Daniels's order to stop the officers' wine in the United States Navy after July 1, and I am too tired to discuss anything."

The stewards said that Col. Watterson had stayed in his cabin for most of the voyage and did not got out on deck very much. Ira Nelson Morris, head of the Chicago packing firm, was also a passenger.

DOROTHY ARNOLD STORY.

Arrests in Pittsburgh Private Hospital Elicit Remarkable Tale.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, April 9.—Headed by Chief Clark and Assistant District Attorney John N. Dunn, detectives raided a private hospital conducted by Dr. C. C. Meredith in Bellevue this afternoon. Meredith and Lucy Orr, a nurse, were arrested there and Dr. H. E. Lutz, was later arrested at his office in this city.

In the Bellevue house were found an operating table and in the cellar were two large furnaces.

In a statement made to District Attorney R. S. Jackson this afternoon, Lutz said that Meredith had told him that a well-known young woman from New York had once been traced to his office, but had disappeared from sight. Later, he said, Meredith admitted the person to whom he referred was Dorothy Arnold, the missing heiress. When asked what had become of the Arnold girl, Meredith, according to Lutz, intimated that she had been taken to the Bellevue house and cremated.

District Attorney Jackson says he expects some developments in this story tomorrow.

Lutz also told of Meredith having taken a Mrs. Myrtle Allison from his (Lutz's) office one night in March, 1913, while she was delirious as a result of an operation. According to District Attorney Jackson, he has two witnesses who will testify to having seen Mrs. Allison's body thrown into a furnace.

Mrs. F. A. Tannehill Dead.

Mrs. F. A. Tannehill, a famous actress in her day and a supporter of such stars as Forrest and Adelaide Neilson, died yesterday at the age of 83 years, at the home of her son, Frank Tannehill, a well-known playwright and actor. She was a member of the Union Square Stock Company, when Charles Thorne was leading man and of Augustin Daly's company. She played with Fanny Davenport and with Mme. Modjeska on her first American tour.

Theatre Doorman Sent to Jail.

A sentence of twenty days in prison was imposed yesterday in Special Sessions on Antonio Delicata, a doorkeeper at the Jumel Moving Picture Theatre, 2,018 Amsterdam Avenue, for admitting a minor unaccompanied. Previous convictions have been punished by fines. Detectives on April 6 saw Nigel Adye, 13 years old, of 855 Riverside Drive, buy a ticket and enter.

Prevents Grip—Cures Grip
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. 25c.—Adv.

ANHUT GETS A SETBACK.

Appellate Division Rules He Must Go to aJil Pending Decision.

John Nicholson Anhut, the lawyer, who is at liberty pending decision on his appeal from a conviction for bribery in connection with attempts to get Dr. John W. Russell, then Superintendent of Matteawan, to consent to the release of Harry K. Thaw, got a set-back from the Appellate Division yesterday. The court decided to dismiss the appeal unless Anhut consented to the dismissal of his certificate of reasonable doubt and went to prison pending action on the appeal. The court imposed the added condition that Anhut's case on appeal should be filed by April 28.

Ex-Supreme Court Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, who represented Anhut, immediately gave notice that he would appeal to the Court of Appeals. He attacked District Attorney Whitman, saying he had violated an agreement not to interfere with Anhut's appeal, and asserted that Anhut had gained immunity by testifying before an investigating commission at Albany prior to his indictment. He also attacked Dr. Russell and Thaw. He said Thaw believed he was bribing Dr. Russell through Anhut, who had been led into the case under a false impression by Dr. Russell. He said Dr. Russell wished to leave an avenue of escape for himself after suggesting to Thaw that he could obtain his release by the use of money, and that when the plan was exposed Dr. Russell took advantage of his preconceived scheme to secure immunity for himself by accusing Anhut, who believed he had a retainer from Thaw for legitimate purposes.

ROB BAKER APARTMENT.

Silver and Other Articles Worth $10,000 Taken in Riverside Drive.

It became known last night that the apartment of C. W. Baker on the first floor of 139 Riverside Drive at Eighty-sixth Street was entered by thieves two weeks ago and silverware and other articles said to be worth $10,000 stolen. The police of the West Sixty-eighth Street station have been investigating the theft and the services of a private detective agency were also retained. Every effort was made to keep the theft from becoming known.

The apartment house is in one of the finest residential districts of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Baker were away at Hot Spring, Va., when the theft was committed. The police are working on the theory that two negroes entered the apartment through a pantry window and carried off the silverware in a clothesbasket. A gold breakfast service, which was a wedding present, is missing also. When the robbery was committed two of the servants employed by the family were eating their dinner.

CONSULS SHIFTED ON MERIT SYSTEM

Of 44 Nominations Sent to the Senate by President Only 15 Are New Appointments.

THREE SUFFER IN SALARY

Get Less at New Post Than at Old — Two Embassy Secretaries to Mexico, One a Son of Henry White.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Forty-four Consular nominations sent to the Senate to-day, with others, seemed to furnish additional evidence that President Wilson and Secretary Bryan intend to adhere to the policy of making the Consular service a permanent organization based on merit. Fifteen of the nominations are those of new men; the remaining twenty-nine are transfers.

Among those transferred are three officials who suffer a reduction in pay—Max J. Baehr of Nebraska, now Consul at Cienfuegos, Cuba, salary $4,500, nominated for Consul at Berne, Switzerland, salary $3,500; Thomas E. Heenan of Minnesota, now Consul at Warsaw, Poland, salary $4,000, nominated for Consul at Fiume, Dalmatia, salary $3,000, and William P. Kent of Virginia, now Consul at Newchwang, China, salary $4,500, nominated for Consul at Leipzig, Germany, salary $4,000.

Among the nominations were these:

Second Secretary of the Embassy to Mexico, Warren D. Robbins of Massachusetts, now Third Secretary at Paris.

Third Secretary of the Embassy to Mexico, John C. White of Baltimore. Mr. White is the son of Henry White, ex-Ambassador to France and to Italy, and is a graduate of Harvard, 1907. This will be his first diplomatic experience.

Consul General at Large—Ralph J. Totten of Tennessee, now Consul at Montevideo.

Consuls General—Joseph I. Brittain of East Palestine, Ohio, now Consular General at Coburg, transferred to Auckland, New Zealand; Leo J. Keena of Detroit, now Consul at Florence, transferred to Buenos Aires; George H. Murphy of North Carolina, now Consul General at Large, transferred to Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope; Alexander W. Weddell of Richmond, Va., now Consul at Catania, transferred to Athens, Greece.

Consuls, new appointments: B. Harvey Carroll, Jr., Houston, Texas, at Venice, Italy; William J. Grace, New York, at Aden, Arabia; Robertson Honey, Scarsdale, N. Y., at Madrid, and Theodore Jaeckel, New York, at Maskat, Oman.

Consuls, transfers: Richard M. Bartleman, Boston, from Consul General at Buenos Aires, to Cienfuegos; Charles F. Brissel, Ridgewood, N. J., Vice and Deputy Consul and Marshal at Amoy, to Bagdad; George E. Chamberlin, New York, from Cork to Georgetown, B. G.; Leslie A. Davis, New York, from Batum to Harput, Turkey; William H. Gale of Leesburg, Va., from Consul General at Athens to Colon, Panama; Felix Willoughby Smith, New York, from Aden to Batum, Russia.

AGAINST ROOSEVELT IN 1916.

Maine Republicans Refuse to Indorse Proposal of Candidacy.

AUGUSTA, Me., April 9.—A move to have the Republican State Convention to-day recommend the nomination of Col. Theodore Roosevelt as a candidate for President in 1916 met with failure. A resolution to that effect and adopted by the Republican caucus of the town of Yarmouth was offered as an amendment to the platform, but was declared out of order.

The platform as adopted condemns the national Democratic administration for what is declared to be its "hurried surrender to Great Britain in the matter of the Panama Canal;" "its violation of platform pledges," and "its vague, vacillating policy in dealing with conditions in Mexico." National Prohibition is favored.

The Underwood tarif law is characterized as "unjustly sectional, and a menace to our industries."

LOW-FARE PLOT ARRESTS.

Two Chesapeake Conductors Held and Police Seek "Scouts."

CINCINNATI, April 9.—United States Deputies arrested to-day William A. Boyer, and Elmer E. Crist, conductors of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad of Indiana. The men are charged with violating the Hepburn act by permitting passengers to ride to and from this city and Chicago for less than the legal fare.

Boyer was arrested here as his train was leaving for Chicago, and Crist was taken into custody when his train arrived from Chicago. These arrests, it is said, are the first of a number which will soon be made by Federal officials. Not only conductors are concerned but men in various commercial pursuits, known as scouts for the conductors, are involved. The "scouts" introduced the passengers to the conductors, it is asserted by Government agents, and shared with them the profits made.

SIEGEL DEPOSITORS GET $100,000 BOND

Justice Weeks Orders Proceeds Turned Over to the Receiver.

3.8 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

City Chamberlain, Who Holds the Money, May Deduct $997.50 Comsion, Then Pay $57 Interest.

Supreme Court Justice Bartow S. Weeks issued an order yesterday directing the City Chamberlain to turn over to Henry Melville, receiver for Henry Siegel & Co., bankers, the proceeds of the hundred-thousand-dollar bond filed at Albany by the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company on behalf of Siegel and Vogel when they started their private banking co-partnership. The receiver may collect on the bond to-day if he desires to do so. However, the face of the bond will not be paid to the receiver unless the City of New York can waive its right to a commission for receiving the fund from the bonding company, and another commission for paying it over to the receiver. The Corporation Counsel will be asked to find out whether the city can waive legally its right to such commissions for handling the fund.

There are provisions in the city charter and in the code by which the city receives a commission of one-half of 1 per cent. of all moneys paid into court and one-half of 1 per cent. of all moneys paid out. The city therefore is entitled to $500 for receiving the $100,000 proceeds of the bond, leaving $99,500 to be paid to the receiver, from which another commission, amounting to $497.50, must be deducted. The total commission to which the city has a right for holding the fund one week is $997.50, leaving for distribution among the depositors $99,002.50. To that sum may be added a week's interest at 3 per cent., amounting to about $57, making $99,059.50. The City Chamberlain was asked if there was any way by which the city could turn the face of the bond over to the receiver, and he said he knew of none which would not be in violation of the law. He said he would ask the opinion of the Corporation Counsel.

The proceeds of the $100,000 bond were paid over to the City Chamberlain last Saturday in compliance with an order of interpleader issued by United States District Judge Hough on the application of Cornelius W. Wickersham, counsel for the bonding company. Two actions had been brought against the surety company to collect on the bond. One was instituted by the People of the State of New York and the other by Henry Melville as receiver of Henry Siegel & Co., bankers. When the money was paid over to the City Chamberlain, Receiver Melville was made defendant in the action begun by the People of the State of New York to recover on the bond.

From the proceeds of the bond the New York depositors will receive as their pro rata share 3.8 cents on the dollar for their claims, and this will be in addition to another payment from the general fund already in the hands of the receiver, amounting to 11.5 cents on the dollar, making in all 15.3 cents on the dollar for the claims of the depositors. The Boston depositors will share with the New York depositors in the 11.5 cents distribution.

On Monday Receiver Melville will send notices to the depositors that those who send in their passbooks to the receiver by mail will receive their money before those who may call personally at his office. The order of the court directing the first distrbution of funds to the depositors allows them sixty days within which to file proof of their claims, but it has given the receiver the power to accept passbooks in lieu of other proof in his discretion. When passbooks are sent to the receiver through the mail, those depositors' claims will be dispensed with first. Their checks will be mailed to them. The receiver and counsel believe that this method will greatly facilitate the distribution. When the passbooks are received by the receiver at his office, at 100 Broadway, each claim will be loked up and verified. This will consume time, but Receiver Melville expects to begin mailing checks to the depositors soon after he begins to receive their passbooks.

District Attorney Whitman, who went to Chicago to deliver an address last night, leaving New York at 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, was preceded by five and a half hours by Levy Mayer, the Chicago attorney, who came here on behalf of the friends and relatives of Siegel and Vogel to find out whether it would be possible to obtain for the two indicted men the freedom to work and make good certain securities they offered in addition to $500,000 in payment of the $2,550,333.68 claims of the 15,000 depositors.

WANTS MRS. SIEGEL IN BOSTON

Prosecutor in Charge of Grand Jury There Comes to City.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 9.—Assistant District Attorney T. D. Lavally, in charge of the local Grand Jury investigating the failure of the Henry Siegel Company of this city, before departing for New York to-day, where he expects to interview Joseph Siegel, former resident manager of the Siegel store in Boston, and a relative of Henry Siegel, said he hoped to induce Mrs. Siegel, wife of the indicted merchant, to return with him for examination before the Grand Jury on Monday.

Mrs. Henry Siegel, who has been staying at the Hotel St. Regis since her return from abroad, went to Atlantic City last week. At the hotel it was said last night that it was her intention to return to New York after Easter.

ALFRED A. COOK EXPLAINS.

Charges Not Passed On in Decision in Huntington Case, Says Counsel.

It was pointed out yesterday by Alfred A. Cook of 111 Broadway, counsel for H. E. Huntington, that the decision of Judge Hunt in the petition of Wentworth Watson to sue Mr. Huntington over disputes relative to the National Steel and Wire Company in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, which was decided on Wednesday, did not purport to give any findings of fact as to the correctness of the charges made in the complaint. The matter came to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on an appeal from a judgment entered on a motion to dismiss the complaint on the ground that it was multifarious and that each of the plaintiffs had a complete and adequate remedy at law, and, therefore, no reason to invoke the aid of a court of equity. Such a motion, Mr. Cook explained, was equivalent to a demurrer under our State practice.

For the purpose of deciding the legal questions involved, the correctness of the charges was assumed to be true, and all that was attempted, in the opinion of Judge Hunt, was to narrate the charges set forth in the complaint, and, proceeding on the assumption that they were true, to state their legal effect.

The allegations in the complaint, Mr. Cook said, had always been denied by Mr. Huntington, and when he is called upon to answer he will submit such denial to the court. The prevailing opinion held that the plaintiffs should not be turned out of court because of having improperly sought the aid of equity, but should have an opportunity to establish the correctness of the charges, each in his own case, on the law side of the court. This, Mr. Cook said, appeared from the decision of the court.

"It follows," said Judge Hunt in his opinion, "that the holding of the District Court that the plaintiffs showed no ground for equitable relief must be affirmed.

"The order dismissing the bill is reversed and the cause is remanded with directions to transfer the case to the law docket and to permit the filing of an altered complaint by each of the plaintiffs."

Each plaintiff must now proceed with the amendment of his complaint, and thirty-eight actions will be under way.

ELK GROUP PUT ON VIEW.

New Exhibit at American Museum Named for Col. Roosevelt.

A group of elk named for Col. Roosevelt with a background showing the snow-tipped Rocky Mountains, painted by Albert Operti, has been put on view in the American Museum of Natural History.

The original studies for the group were made in the Rocky Mountains by Carl Rungius, explorer, painter, and hunter of large game in the West.

NEW MOVE PLANNED TO SAVE GUNMEN

Continued from Page 1.

him and clasped his hand and drew it to him. Dr. Goldstein talked to all the gunmen and succeeded in cheering them a trifle. Just before he left Dr. Goldstein leaned over to "Lefty" and said:

"Have you anything you want to tell me?"

"Yes," replied Lefty, "I have something to say. I have been waiting to tell you. First of all, I want you to give this message to the world. I want the whole world to know that I have the best father and mother that ever lived. I want my father and mother to know that I appreciate everything that they did for me.

"My second message is to the many boys on the east side who were my friends, boys who are now doing as I used to do, you know what I mean, Doctor. I want these boys to know why I am here to-day. I want to urge them to go to the synagogues and to love God. If I had given the attention to the synagogue and to my God that I should have done, I would not be here to-day."

"Is there nothing else you want to tell me?" asked Dr. Goldstein, while Lefty was all the time pulling him nearer to his cell.

"No, just tell the newspaper men what I said," replied Lefty.

"Now think, think deeply, and tell me if there isn't something else?" persisted Dr. Goldstein. "Now is the time to cleanse your soul of any lie that it may hold."

"I know what you mean, I know what you mean," broke in Lefty. "I know what you are thinking about. And I will give you my answer. I am not guilty, not guilty."

"Lefty Louie" then produced an anonmymous letter, written in Yiddish and in a bad hand. He asked Dr. Goldstein to decipher it. The rabbi did. Translated, it read:

"You four fellows are fools for staying in the Death House. You'll be greater fools if you go to the electric chair. You can get out of the Death House any time you want to. Why don't you go and see District Attorney Whitman and tell him everything? Why do you want to cover up Becker? What did he ever do for you? Don't be fools. Tell everything. You will each get about 2 years in prison and then you will be pardoned."

When Dr. Goldstein had finished, "Whitey Lewis" announced that he wanted to make a statement. He got his cue from the letter. He dictated this:

"I want to say to the public that there is no use in our going to Whitman. If he wants to know the truth let him read the record of our trial. The truth is in the record, that's all."

Before Dr. Goldstein appeared at the prison the Rev. Burton H. Lee, Protestant Chaplain of Sing Sing furnished the sixteen occupants of the Death House with a sacred concert on the phonograph. This was at the special request of "Gyp the Blood." Mr. Lee got the phonograph as a Christmas present from one of his parishioners, and on Christmas afternoon took it to the Death House and gave the gunmen a treat. They had not heard it since that time, but Gyp thought of it yesterday and made the special request.

The songs selected were "The Rosary," "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and "Home, Sweet Home." Mr. Lee placed the phonograph on a table in front of Gyp's cell and played the songs over and over again. The greatest favorite was "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and each time all the boys joined in the singing. Three Chinamen who are condemned to death also joined in. "Dago Frank," who has a fine tenor voice and was formerly a choir boy in an Episcopalian church in Broome Street, led in the singing.

"Now help me in the Apostles' Creed," said Dago Frank, at the end of one of the songs.

After the creed was recited Dago Frank personally led in a prayer. All the gunmen knelt in their cells, and, after Frank finished, Mr. Lee continued to pray.

"It was the most impressive hour I ever spent in my life," said Mr. Lee later. "Those boys were earnestly reverent. They could not get through thanking me. It made me feel fine, too. It was a great hour."

Lawyers Make Final Appeal.

In a twenty-two-page typewritten letter, C. G. F. Wahle and H. Lionel Kringel, attorneys for the convicted gunmen, made a final appeal last night to Gov. Glynn to reconsider his determination to allow no reprieve. The letter makes a personal appeal to the Governor, urging him to allow the four men to live until after the second Becker trial.

"We are not unmindful," the letter begins, "of the personal responsibility imposed upon you by the application which was made, and by this appeal for a review of your own determination. We say 'personal' because we recognize that whatever your official action may be, in its last analysis your action is that of the man who is Governor, and it is the man's conscience which must be clear on the morning of April 13, 1914. We would not willingly add to the burden of the discharge of the duties of your office anything, were it not because we feel impelled by a sense of duty to our clients, which will not down, and a spirit of fairness to you, that before the irrevocable shall have arrived the fullest discussion shall have been had, and every argument deducible on behalf of the petitioners be submitted to you. What then shall ensue must be your concern."

A study of the memoranda, the letter continues, leads to the conclusion that the Governor has "not been properly advised as to the character of the application, nor the duty which was imposed."

"No man comes to you," it says, "and asks for clemency save after the courts of last resort have had their last say. Men who are acquitted of crime do not ask for your executive clemency in their behalf; convicted men whom the Court of Appeals has awarded a new trial do not ask the intervention of the Governor. Executive clemency is asked only when we are through with the courts, when the courts are finished and the fiat of human law has gone forth. You are not an appellate tribunal to review the rulings of the Court of Appeals or the judgment of trial courts. You represent the sovereignty of this State, and long before the Court of Appeals was erected the Governor possessed the inherent right of pardon, the exercise of mercy, and the promulgation of decency in the administration of the criminal law."

The lawyers then plead that the men be permitted to live until every "probable" opportunity for their rehabilitation has been exhausted.

"You will please note," says the letter, "that we say 'probable' not 'possible.' We are not gambling on the possibility of something arising. We have submitted to you affidavits which show what may be testified to on another trial of Charles Becker and may be believed by a jury, and if believed, must establish the falsity of the accusation against these petitioners."

Can't Call Them Back to Life Later.

"Will the opinion of Mr. Justice Chase or Mr. Justice Miller in the case of these defendants appease your conscience if, at the second Becker trial, it be determined by a jury that Webber and Vallon, and not these defendants, fired the shots that killed Rosenthal? Will that opinion give life back to these defendants, if your present mandate continues virile until sunrise on Easter Monday? Can you call back to life those who will then be silent in death, with any magical language of Mr. Justice Chase or Mr. Justice Miller?"

After emphasizing the fact that ten of the jurymen at the trial of the four men have appealed for a reprieve, the letter refers to the Patrick case, in which the conviction was affirmed by the Court of Appeals, but finally a pardon was granted.

Asserting that every one of the alleged eyewitnesses against the four men testified with a motive, and that they were all perjurers, the lawyers attack the testimony of Krause, Shapiro, Luban, Stanich, Rose, Webber, Vallon, and Schepps. They then point to the assertion that "Dago Frank" was not present at the interview when the conspiracy was hatched. The letter continues:

"Is Your Excellency willing, upon this sort of identification, by this kind of people, that four men should go to their death? Not even ten of the jurymen who convicted them are now willing that they should die without another chance, slim as it may seem. Perhaps you will remain obdurate. Perhaps your heart may be steeled against this appeal. We believe that you are great and good enough to change your ruling; but if you do not you know the result, and some day, perhaps, you may recall the Tichborne case, which owes its place in history as the greatest blunder in identification; you may recall the cranberry cask case. Then you will learn the monumental and judicial murders that have been committed in the name of the law by the honest mistaken identification of reputable people, and not as in this case by those whom the court of last resort stamps as incredible."

SEES HOPE IN MOSS NOTE.

Rabbi Brown Shows Glynn Warning Against Witnesses' Credibility.

ALBANY, April 9.—Eleven words written on a slip of paper which to-day was found in a bundle of old correspondence by Rabbi L. B. M. Brown of New York may prove the means of obtaining a stay of execution for the four gunmen.

According to the Rabbi the note, which contains a warning against giving credence to statements of Morris Luban and Max Margolies, who were witnesses against the gunmen, was written by a former assistant of District Attorney Whitman of New York. It was intended, said Brown, for the guidance of former Gov. Sulzer, in whose behalf, it was reported at the time communication was indited, Luban would appear as a witness at the former Governor's impeachment trial. The note has no date or signature. Brown said it was written early last Fall. This is what the note says:

"Be very careful as to anything given by Luban or Margolies."

Upon discovering the note, Brown took it to Gov. Glynn and begged that he give it consideration. The Governor called in his legal advisor, John G. Saxe, and James L. Delehanty, an assistant of District Attorney Whitman, and the latter agreed in behalf of the District Attorney to waive legal formalities and go before a Supreme Court Justice and permit Mr. Brown to tell his story under oath if he desired to make an effort to obtain a respite, or a new trial for the condemned men.

Mr. Brown said he would take this legal step as quickly as possible, probably to-morrow. Mr. Delehanty, who happened to be here to-day on legal business, agreed to assume charge of the proceedings for the District Attorney's office.

The Governor declined to express any opinion. He said that it was his desire that the gunmen should have every opportunity to prove their innocence and that he had suggested bringing the District Attorney's office into the case.

Mr. Brown is a familiar figure around the capital. He formerly was a warm friend of Mr. Sulzer. He describes himself as a "friend of unfortunates and a rabbi without a congregation."

"In August, 1913, Sulzer asked me to be a witness for him in the impeachment trial, and I refused," he said, in speaking of the note. "Subsequently I was told that Luban had offered to give testimony for Sulzer. Some time later I was discussing with one of District Attorney Whitman's assistants the possibility of Luban's testifying at the impeachment, and he told me to tell Sulzer to look out for any story that Luban might tell.

"I told the assistant it would make it stronger if he would put that in writing, and he finally agreed to. That note, which I showed the Governor to-day, I turned over to Sulzer.

"A short time afterward I received from Sulzer a package of letters which he said might refresh my memory concerning dates in the event of my testifying. I declined to appear as a witness during the impeachment and put the letters away. I was going through them to-day when I chanced upon the Assistant District Attorney's note. Then I determined to make what use of it I could and came here and showed it to the Governor, his legal adviser, and a representative of District Attorney Whitman's office. Now I am going to look up a Judge as soon as I can, show it to him, and tell my story."

"Did you see the Assistant District Attorney write the note?" Brown was asked.

"I did," he replied, "and he will admit it."

A futile attempt to apeal personally to the Governor for the lives of the gunmen was made to-day by relatives of "Lefty Louie" and "Gyp the Blood," the mother of "Whitey Lewis" and a Mrs. Volk of New York. They waited an hour around the capital, but when they saw there was no chance of seeing the Governor, left for New York.

"We are not without hope," were the parting words of Mrs. Rosenberg.

The Governor explained that he had refused to see the party because he thought it useless.

"I have rendered my final decision," he said. "To have seen these women would have meant only another dramatic scene and no good would have come of it."

It was learned here last night that representations had been made to Gov. Glynn that it was ex-Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss who wrote the not concerning Morris Luban and Max Margolies which Brown turned over to the Governor. Little weight was attached to the note, and it was improbale, it was said, that it would play any part in an application for a new trial.

Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel, who is in charge of the District Attorney's office in the absence of Mr. Whitman on a Western trip, said last night that he had been informed of the existence of an alleged note by Mr. Moss by Assistant District Attorney Delehanty. Mr. Delehanty went to Albany, he explained, to oppose the Parole bill and the Insanity bill, which are now before the Governor.

Former Assistant District Attorney Moss was found at his home late last night and over the telephone admitted that he knew a "Dr. Brown." Mr. Moss also said that he remembered a conversation with Dr. Brown regarding Luban and Margolies, but said that he did not remember all of the details. He could not remember writing any note, he said.

Mr. Moss treated lightly the Albany dispatches to the effect that Browne's note would bring about a new trial for the gunmen. So far as he could see, he said, the note, even if it was authentic, could have no bearing on the gunmen's case.

"My recollection is not clear on every detail just now," said Mr. Moss, "but I remember that during the Summer Gov. Sulzer inquired of me or sent a message to me relative to Luban and Margolies. It is my impression that he wanted to use Luban and Margolies in some capacity, either as witnesses or as investigators.

"It didn't seem fair to me that he should use any of the State's witnesses in the Becker and gunmen cases in any capacity, and I advised against it. I did not think it wise that these witnesses should in any way be connected with the Albany situation. These witnesses had already been approached and I didn't want them to be approached again. I didn't want to precipitate any difficulties, realizing that these witnesses might have to be used again."

Luban and Margolies tried to get the attention of William Sulzer during the preparation of his impeachment trial. They were treated royally for several days, but they were turned away after it was discovered that they could furnish no corroboration for their story.

This story, as told in last Saturday's TIMES, was to the effect that Luban and Margolies had been approached by alleged Becker agents to repudiate the testimony which they gave at Becker's trial and to make affidavit that District Attorney Whitman had wilfully framed up Becker. Luban was promised $10,000 for his affidavit, and Margolies was promised $2,500. The negotiations were terminated when District Attorney Whitman got wind of them. He nipped the whole scheme, which was intended as a scheme to discredit him politically, in the bud, and exposed Luban and Margolies in their double dealing. Both Luban and Margolies made affidavits repudiating their statements and revealing all the negotiations.

Luban, as a matter of fact, was discredited as a witness by the Court of Appeals and anything that Mr. Moss might have said about him would be of no weight in the gunmen's case. Margolies was only a minor witness and testified to nothing involving the gunmen directly. Margolies was a stool-pigeon for Becker and swore that Becker made him draw up false affidavits in getting evidence against gamblers.

Word came from Chicago that Mr. Whitman remembered getting the warning from Mr. Moss. Mr. Whitman, who was attending a dinner in that city, said that Luban and Margolies were not witnesses in the trial of the gunmen, and that the note could have no bearing on their cases.

CHAPLAIN WRITES GLYNN.

Dr. Goldstein Makes Another Appeal in Behalf of Gunmen.

Dr. Jacob Goldstein, Jewish chaplain of Sing Sing, who headed the delegation of rabbis who called on Gov. Glynn in behalf of the gunmen on Wednesday, sent an open letter to the Governor yesterday further asking for aid for the doomed men. Rabbi Goldstein has often championed the claims of condemned men, and in several cases won retrials for victims of conspiracies. While a resident in France he made an investigation of the famous Dreyfus case which aided materially in the reopening of that case.

The rabbi mildly criticised the Governor for his attitude to the case presented by the rabbis. He laid particular stress upon the case of "Dago Frank" Cirofici. The letter reads, in part:

"Let me, my dear Governor, now speak to you as one human being to another, and beg you to pardon me while I point out what seemed to be the weaknesses, from my point of view, in your attitude.

"You said that you decided it on the side of justice and not of sentiment. Our contention is and was that there is sufficent doubt in our minds and in the minds of the general public as to the absolute guilt of the four accused boys as to justify you in granting a respite to the application of the last dread sentence of the law. We argue that until this doubt is removed from the public mind the cause of justice does not gain but will suffer, so far as being a method that would tend to weaken the public respect for deliberative justice, the delay in the execution will necessarily increase the public respect for it.

"Why should the decision on your part to delay the moment of execution show disrespect to any court? Does it not seem to you, Governor, on calm thought, that your attitude that any alteration of the date of the sentence is not respectful to the Courts, is really disrespectful to the calm and deliberate wisdom of the people, and an abrogation of your power, privilege and duty as Governor?

"I think you were in error in another point. You stated that four independent witnesses identified the four condemned. The facts are, from the record, that no one witness identified the four men, and no two witnesses identified the same man, and of the four witnesses who did identify, Shapiro himself, was under indictment, and Luban was utterly discredited and denounced by the Court of Appeals in the Becker case; leaving two men who identified only some of the four men. These two men were of the class of men who would be found hanging around Broadway haunts at the hour of 2 in the morning; and who are shown to be men without means, so that they are not the patrons of these haunts.

"We are not asking that you do not punish the perpetrators of the assassination of Rosenthal. We are asking, however, that you delay the punishment of those who have been condemned for that assassination until the public mind is satisfied absolutely of their guilt.

"Suppose it develops after these men are dead that they have not received justice. The wrong done them will not be on a par with the wrong done Rosenthal. The doers of the injustice in the second instance will be men who are responsible to their office, to their country, and to their God for what they do.

"I urge upon you, and urge with all the strength and solemnity in my power, that Cirofici, the Italian boy, was probably innocent; that in his case it was shocking that the last sentence of the law should be executed on him while there was a possibility of further light being thrown on his statement. My last words to you were as you pulled your hand out of mine: 'But what about Cirofici Governor?'

"Your Excellency, as between man and man, citizen and citizen, forgetting all the differences in station, in creed, and in social standing, again I ask you: 'What about Cirofici?' And if Cirofici be, as most people, I believe, really think he is, probably wronged by this verdict, I ask you, Sir, in addition: 'What about the character of the evidence which condemned this probably innocent man Cirofici, being sufficient to hold the others?'"

BISHOP GREER ON GUNMEN.

Calls Capital Punishment a Waste, Sing Sing a College of Crime.

Bishop David H. Greer, who recently prayed with the gunmen in their cells in Sing Sing, spoke on his visit to them at the yearly dinner of the Unitarian Club in the Hotel Manhattan last night. The general subject for discussion for the evening was "The Problem of the Criminal and His Care."

"It is necessary," the Bishop said in part, "that the offender should be punished that others may be deterred from similar offenses, but he should be given a chance to rehabilitate himself for the sake of society. For this reason I am opposed to capital punishment, not on sentimental grounds, but for the sake of society. Punishment should be sure and swift, and we do not find it so in cases where the ultimate penalty may be inflicted. Juries are composed of men of human sympathies and they hesitate at condemning fellow-men to death.

"No man could stand, as I did, in the death house at Sing Sing and see these four men suffering every day for months all the horrors of a prospective death without being able to raise a hand in self-defense. Men on the battlefield are nerved to the dangers they must face; not so the prisoners of the death house. They can only wait and think. I was impressed by their situation, and I say nothing of their offense. I would feel only pity for the man who would not be impressed; and yet were these so-called gunmen there merely carrying out a life sentence, one would be moved by a feeling of justice rather than pity.

"Then, too, capital punishment is a social waste. Men should be given an opportunity to rehabilitate themselves and to become good citizens. I for one see no reason why a man once a criminal should remain such always. The records of Belgium and of Ireland—and you may be surprised at the latter instance—show that more than 70 per cent. of the so-called criminals of those countries are effectively restored to society.

"On my recent trip to Sing Sing, where I went to preach to the Protestant contingent, the responsiveness of my audience was such as I find only in gatherings of intelligent persons. I estimate the men there as above the average in intelligence. When asked by a friend, who was curious, as one is curious concerning a collection of freaks, how those men 'looked to me,' I answered 'if they had worn clerical costumes they would have looked like a clerical convention.'"

"I was locked in a cell there. It was narrow, dark, damp, and with no sanitary equipment at all save a bucket. For mental, moral and physical reasons you would not confine your dog in such a place; if you did he would go mad.

"And I came away with the impression that Sing Sing is a college of crime, and not only that, but a pest-house, spreading a pestilence of crime. If it be true that we have a criminal class, then such prisons as Sing Sing are in no small degree responsible. I am told by reliable statisticians that in the last fifty years crime has increased in this country three times as fast as the growth in population.

"And what is to be done about it? In my opinion, such prisons as Sing Sing should be razed as pest houses would be razed, and their places taken by such penal institutions as we have at Great Meadows. All over the world great interest is being shown in the problem of the criminal. New York is just waking up and beginning to catch up. I believe that the Governor of this State is honestly trying to reform our complex prison system. This system will go along with the old theology, of which it is a remnant."

Others who spoke were: Dr. Katharine Bement Davis, Commissioner of Correction; Orlando F. Lewis, General Secretary of the Prison Association of New York, and Isaac Franklin Russell, Chief Justice of the Court of Special Sessions.

WOULD BAR POLITICS.

Aronstam Has a Plan to Make Constitutional Convention Non-Partisan.

Charles S. Aronstam, who resigned as Chairman of the Progressive County Committee in Brooklyn, yesterday suggested a movement to make the Constitutional Convention to be held next April non-partisan. He thinks that in the interests of the people of the State all political differences should be set aside and some plan formed to make any revision of the Constitution non-political.

His idea is that a central committee, made up of Democrats, Republicans, Progressives, and Independents, be organized to outline a plan, select men for delegates to the convention, and submit its recommendations to all the parties.

Mr. Aronstam thinks that men like Col. Roosevelt, ex-Judge Edgar M. Cullen, Henry L. Stimson, Job E. Hedges, and Darwin R. James should be chosen as delegates.

This Evening at 8:30.
Free Lecture on
MEXICO
BY
Major C. E. Gillette,
Y. M. C. A., 23d St. & 7th Av., Branch.
Auditorium Entrance, 24th St.

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

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Consultation without obligation.

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Tecla Gems

The Substances

used by "Tecla" in making their Rubies are absolutely of the finest selected quality, therefore these gems are superior to most natural Rubies.

TECLA PEARLS

possess the identical lustre, delicate tone and weight of those from the Orient.

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CRETEIL, (Seine) FRANCE

1857

Getting Results

What we are striving for, no matter what our business.

Your investments of late; how have they turned out? What is the result of your purchases?

Again we say, consult experts in financial as well as other matters.

F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

1857

Men's Knit Overcoats $25

¶ Most lightweight overcoats promise more than they can perform.

¶ This Saks knit overcoat performs more than most overcoats can promise.

¶ The fabric is an elastic, porous texture, knitted, not woven.

¶ It is as soft as down and as light as an easy conscience.

¶ The style of the garment is loose, languid and lackadaisical.

¶ It has patch pockets, and lapels that philander buttonwards with the joy of a man with a date.

¶ In blue, green, Lovett and tan, and crowded fore and aft with style.

A FEW AT $20

¶ Knit overcoats, same as above, but in an incomplete assortment of colorings, marked at a lower price on that account.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Built-In Baths

Investigate the built-in bath.

Built into the floor and walls, it occupies a minimum of space and lightens housework by eliminating the hard-to-keep-clean places.

Our exhibit is the largest and most complete ever offered.

Your inspection invited.

THE J. L. MOTT IRON WORKS
Fifth Ave. and 17th St., New York

TO EMPLOYERS:

Among your employes there is an impaired group.

It equals perhaps twenty per cent. of the total number.

These people are in danger. They need medical attention.

Without it they are headed directly for the sick list, and the group will have a high mortality.

Fully sixty per cent. of this impending sickness and loss of life can be prevented, or postponed, for many years.

Many of these impaired people are unaware of their danger.

Should they not be informed before it is too late?

This Institute is equipped to help you save these lives.

It will, through its annual life extension service, teach your employes how to avoid disease. It will also, by periodic health examinations, discover the impaired group and send its members to their own doctors, or to your "company" doctor, as they may desire. Many lives are being saved in this way. Is not your impaired group worth saving? Write for particulars to

LIFE EXTENSION INSTITUTE, INC.,
25 West 45th Street, N. Y.
Telephone—1997 Bryant.

Loeser's

The Brooklyn Store

Easter!

Time to doff winter things and dress for the new season.

Today and tomorrow, we shall endeavor to prove in SERVICE that Loeser's is to be depended on.

Clothes That Count With Men of Mark

They count in fabric, quality, in built-in tailoring, in SERVICE.

We have them for all kinds of men—short, tall, lean, stout.

Most are so carefully cut and sized that they can be worn without alteration, but if changes are necessary, we are ready to make them quickly and without charge.

TODAY will be the best day to choose them if they are to be worn for the first time on Easter Sunday.

Spring Sack Suits, $15 to $35.
Spring Cutaway Suits, $25 to $35.
Spring Overcoats, $15 to $35.

Men's Easter Neckwear

New colors—bright colors.

Queer Cubist designs, shaded patterns, Persian figures.

Silks richer and more luxurious than ever before—and at better prices.

Most men are buying these new Scarfs. The touch of color is attractive. But we haven't forgotten those who prefer plain, quiet shades.

Easter Neckwear, 50c to $2.50.

An Easter Sale of 50c. Neckwear.

2,500 Scarfs made from silk intended for high-priced Scarfs.

Individuality In Women's Suits

Individuality is perhaps the greatest value-quality in any Suit.

Yet it is the rarest quality, in connection with style.

Women are finding out that even at low prices, Loeser Spring Suits have individuality.

Many particularly handsome models at $33, $37.50 and up $75.

Also a notable new stock of Suits for misses and small women at $25, $29.75, $33 and up to $75.

French Gloves For Easter

Nobody yet equals the French in glovemaking—and the best French Gloves are those made in Chaumont by Trefousse et Cie. for the Loeser Store.

If you would like a pair for Easter, ask for "Narcisse."

Prices from $1.85 for the 2-clasp, overseam glace, up to $4.50 for the 24-button mousquetaire glace kid.

Every other desirable sort of new Gloves for Easter—and special arrangements to assure quick service.

A New Departure Loeser Chocolates

Special Chocolates at 80c a pound that are somewhat finer than anything we have heretofore discovered.

By a special process a richness of flavor and a digestibility rare in Chocolates have been developed. The forms are elegant, the centers marvelously delicious. These Chocolates show by their appearance that they are *expensively* made.

Try them. We believe there is nothing finer—at any price.

Extra Tables of Easter Post Cards Booklets and Novelties

No store has wider assortment or prettier designs and colors. Prices from a few cents up.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.

TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

DOWAGER EMPRESS OF JAPAN IS DEAD

Coronation of the Mikado, Set for Next November, Likely to be Postponed.

THE CAPITAL IN MOURNING

Haruko Heartily in Sympathy with the Ideals of the New Japan—Adopted the Present Emperor.

TOKIO, April 9.—The Dowager Empress Haruko died at the imperial villa at Namazu to-day.

The Empress passed away suddenly in the presence of Emperor Yoshihito, the Empress, and the other members of the royal family, who had been summoned from the capital.

The imperial patient had developed deceptive symptoms. She displayed increased vigor, and asked for food. A short time afterward, however, she became unconscious. The doctors in attendance applied restoratives, but without avail, and she died without recovering consciousness.

The Empress had been suffering for a considerable period from angina pectoris, but the official diagnosis says the direct cause of her death was Bright's disease.

Following the usual custom in the case of the death of a member of the imperial family, the official announcement of the Empress's death will not be made until the body has been transferred to the capital, which will probably be to-morrow.

An official announcement concerning the late Dowager Empress was issued to-night by the Secretary of the Household. It makes no reference to her death, but mentions her prospective arrival at Tokio, adding:

> Until then subjects should be careful not to use irreverent words concerning her condition.

The Tokio newspapers publish pages extolling the Dowager Empress as a model of Japanese womanhood.

The Emperor and Empress and their aides returned to Tokio this evening. They had made only a brief stay at Namazu, where they prayed for an hour in the death chamber.

All the theatres have been closed and entertainments cancelled, and it is considered probable that the Emperor's coronation, which had been arranged for next Nov. 10, will be postponed.

The Ministerial crisis was cast into the background by the death of the Dowager Empress, and the new Cabinet has not yet been formed.

The Court officials proceeded immediately to make arrangements for the state funeral.

The Empress Haruko was born May 28, 1850, when Japan was at the very beginning of the period which saw its development from a mediaeval, feudal nation into one of the great powers of the world. In 1850 the United States ship Preble had recently been in Nagasaki harbor, and the British ship Mariner in Yedo Bay. Three years after the Empress was born the Shogun Iyeyoshi died, and Commodore Perry made his momentous visit to Japan.

In those days Japanese were forbidden to leave their country and foreigners to enter it. Japan would not even allow Japanese shipwrecked on other shores to be brought back to their native land. Nagasaki was the only place where foreigners were allowed, and its trade, with the Chinese and Dutch alone, was of an unimportant character.

It was in 1869, the year after the great Restoration, or Revolution, that the late Empress, the daughter of a nobleman named Ichijo Tadado, was married to the young Emperor Mutsuhito. That year saw the opening of Yedo and Niigata and the "Charter Oath" of Japan. The first years of the young Mikado's reign were a troubled period. The Empress watched her husband transfer his capital from Kioto to Yedo, which was later renamed Tokio. She watched the opening of the country to foreign commerce, its departure from Old World costumes, and the adoption of Western civilization.

Ernest W. Clement in his "Handbook of Modern Japan," published last year—in which, by the way, one of the very few true photographs of the late Emperor is printed—says of the Empress Haruko: "The recent first lady of the land, now Empress Dowager, has proved herself to be in the heartiest sympathy with the ideals of New Japan.

"As she had no children of her own, she adopted the entire nation and completely won their love; she was, indeed, the mother of millions. She is especially interested in educational and benevolent institutions; she is the active patron of the Peeresses' School, the University for Women, the Red Cross Society, and other philanthropic enterprises. In times of calamity her purse is always opened for a liberal contribution to the suffering."

Although brought up and educated in the old-fashioned way, the Empress adopted modern ideas with great ease. She did not have shaven eyebrows and blackened teeth, like her predecessors. She often appeared in public, and continued a generous patron of female education, the Red Cross Society, and artistic and philanthropic enterprises until her death.

The Empress was childless, and as soon as she realized that there was no chance of her bearing an heir to the throne she adopted as her own the child of one of the Mikado's "secondary" wives. This child is now the Emperor Yoshihito.

The Empress Haruko was very simple in her tastes. She presided over Court functions with great dignity, on most occasions wearing Western dress, especially when she came into contact with Americans or Europeans. Occasionally, however, when the function was purely Japanese, she returned to the picturesque costume she had worn in her youth. At the funeral of her husband all the old costumes were worn and all the old rites were observed by the royal family and the Court. Undoubtedly, similar rites will be observed in the case of the funeral of the Empress Haruko.

The Dowager Empress was greatly affected by the death of her husband. She became ill almost immediately afterward. The imperial villa in which she died is at Namazu, a watering place near Yokohama.

VITTEL
GRANDE SOURCE
French Natural Mineral Water

Eliminates uric acid, the chief element in Rheumatism, Gout and many forms of kidney diseases.

A pleasant, palatable still water, imported in quarts, pints, and splits.

EDWARD LASSERE, Gen'l Agent,
400 West 23d Street, New York.

WOMEN DIDN'T USE VOTE.

So a Privilege Given to Them in Switzerland Is Now Taken Away.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, April 10.—A telegram to The Daily Chronicle from Geneva says:

"The electors in Geneva yesterday (Wednesday) showed by a large majority that they do not want women to enter political affairs.

"The voting was the result of a local petition to suppress 'prudfemmes,' and this was a success in spite of the fact that four years ago the local Government passed a law permitting women to vote for and enter the tribunal of 'prudhommes' as members.

"The Genevese women, however, after obtaining their political victory, did not trouble about the matter further. They did not even elect a candidate, and the petition was the result.

"The State Council, which passed the law and supported the recent election in favor of women, finds itself in an awkward fix as a result of the popular vote. The law admitting 'prudfemmes' still exists, and must do so until a local referendum decides the question definitely in a future election of the people. At present the situation is that women can enter the tribunal of 'prudhommes,' but cannot vote."

MILITANT SMASHES CHINA.

Damage at British Museum Not Great—House in Ireland Burned.

LONDON, April 9.—With a butcher's cleaver, which she had concealed under her cloak, a suffragette started this afternoon to demolish a glass case and its contents, consisting of valuable porcelain, in the Asiatic Gallery of the British Museum.

At the time there were few visitors in that section, and on this circumstance the woman doubtless counted for long enough freedom from interruption to complete the work of destruction. The sound of splintering glass carried far, however, and before she had struck many blows two attendants reached the spot, seized her, and turned her over to the police.

Of the contents of the case only a saucer was damaged to the extent of about $50, and a few dollars will suffice to replace eight broken panes in the case.

At the police station the woman refused to give her name or address, but it was said that she was recognized by detectives as a member of the Women's Social and Political Union.

BELFAST, April 9.—Militant suffragettes continued their campaign of arson in Ulster to-day by setting the torch to Orlands, an old mansion near Carrickfergus, on Belfast Lough.

The residence was burned to the ground.

The usual suffrage literature was found littered about the grounds.

CANADIAN GRAFT CHARGES.

New Brunswick Premier Arraigned Before the Legislature.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 9.—The New Brunswick Legislature this afternoon began the consideration of charges lodged by Louis Auguste Dugal, a member of the Provincial Legislature, against Premier J. K. Flemming, and other Government members.

Mr. Dugal alleges that the Premier extorted from lessees of Crown timber limits $100,000, no part of which reached the Provincial Treasury, and that bidders on the St. John & Quebec Railway work had paid large sums to Government members as the price of obtaining contracts. He charges also that a large amount of the money resulting from the sale of bonds guaranteed by the Government for the railway construction was diverted from its proper channel.

Denial by Count Zeppelin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—Count Zeppelin denies a statement, transmitted to Germany from New York as coming from the aeronautical section of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to the effect that he expects to visit the exposition in an airship. He says no such project is contemplated. The Count is still of the opinion that a transatlantic flight is not yet practicable.

Montreal Without a Head.

MONTREAL, April 9.—The retirement of the old city administration to-day left Montreal without an official civil government, and a recount will be necessary to determine the successful candidates at the municipal election last Monday. The recount was demanded because of mistakes in the original count. Three weeks must elapse before the result of the election can be officially proclaimed.

Mails Again Left at Queenstown.

QUEENSTOWN, April 9.—The American mails were again marooned here to-day, when the tenders were unable, owing to the gale and the high seas, to get alongside the Olympic outside the harbor. The liner sailed without the mails at 2:30 P. M.

SWEDISH KING WEAK AFTER OPERATION

Surgeons Find He Was Suffering from Extensive Ulceration of the Stomach.

QUEEN AT THE HOSPITAL

Will Live There Till Her Husband Is Convalescent—Cancer Rumors Are Again Denied.

STOCKHOLM, April 9.—A bulletin issued at 7 o'clock this evening from the bedside of King Gustaf, who was operated on to-day for ulceration of the stomach, reads:

> The King slept several hours and then experienced the usual discomforts following an operation. His temperature is 99.9 and his condition is as satisfactory as possible.

The King was operated on at the Sophia Hospital here. The surgeons found that he was suffering from extensive ulceration of the stomach.

The operation was superintended by Prof. Berg, a celebrated Swedish surgeon. It was announced afterward that the King was weak, but that his condition was as satisfactory as could be expected.

After the operation a bulletin was issued which said:

> His Majesty spent a quiet night before the operation, which was carried out by the Swedish professors John Wilhelm Berg and Jules Heribert Akerman. The actual operation lasted seventy-five minutes and was well borne by the royal patient.
>
> A more or less superficial ulcer was discovered on the left lower side of the stomach, near the pylorus, or opening between the stomach and small intestine. The ulcer showed no sign of being malignant.
>
> The operation of gastro-enterostomy was then performed.

The Queen of Sweden, the Crown Prince and Crown Princess, Prince Eugene, the Prime Minister, the Foreign Minister, and the Marshal of the Kingdom were present in the hospital during the operation.

Prof. Wilhelm Fleiner, who acted as anaesthetist, declares that his Majesty is now going on well. The result left no doubt that the operation was necessary. Prof. Fleiner leaves this evening for Heidelberg.

The Queen will continue to reside in the hospital till the King is convalescent.

MME. CAILLAUX'S LUXURIES

Now Include Regular Attendance of a Coiffeur and a Manicure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 9.—Additional luxuries recently accorded to Mme. Caillaux in St. Lazare Prison are, according to the Paris Midi, the installation of an electric bell from her room to the cell of the prisoner who acts as her maid, and permission to be visited by a coiffeur twice a week and a manicure once a week.

Prisoners are forbidden by the regulations to read the newspapers, but this rule is circumvented by allowing Mme. Caillaux to subscribe to a press-cutting agency, which supplies her with all the news of the day.

PARIS, April 9.—At the inquiry before Magistrate Boucard to-day into the circumstances surrounding the killing of M. Calmette, the editor of the Figaro, by Mme. Caillaux, Gaston Vidal, a publicist, testified that one of M. Calmette's closest friends had informed him that the editor intended to publish two personal letters of M. Caillaux, in addition to the one he had already printed. He declined to give the name of his informant, but said he would try to obtain the latter's permission to divulge it.

M. Vidal was brought into the case by Dr. Charles Sauvineau, at whose home he had dined a few days previous to the tragedy. Vidal told Dr. Sauvineau of M. Calmette's alleged intention to publish the letters.

Dr. Sauvineau was also interrogated by the Magistrate, all his testimony being confirmed by M. Vidal.

ESCAPED FROM FIRE, IS SHOT

St. Louis Manufacturer, Survivor of Club Blaze, Wounded by Woman.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 9.—Revenge for having been cast aside after devoting seven years of her life to him, was assigned to-day by Mrs. Etta Cook, a divorced woman, 30 years old, as the reason why she shot Carl Strauss, a survivor of the Missouri Athletic Club fire and the President of the Meyer, Strauss & Rauh Garment Company, manufacturers.

Her attempt to kill Strauss was made to-day in the offices of Drs. George Heuman and H. Unterburg. Mrs. Cook fired four shots, one of which struck him on the left side of the spine, while the other three buried themselves in the door of the doctor's office. Laying down the revolver Mrs. Cook walked out of the room and went to the office of the manager of the building, on a floor above, where she awaited the police.

When informed at Police Headquarters that Strauss's wound was not fatal, Mrs. Cook remarked that she was sorry she had not killed him. He is engaged to marry a wealthy society girl here, she says.

STERN BROTHERS
42d and 43d Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

The New Men's Custom Tailoring Department, on the Third Floor, presents the following exceptional offering To-day and To-morrow:

Men's Sack Suits
Made to Measure
for $25.00
Regular Values $30.00 and 35.00

In all sizes and proportions, for Men and Young Men, in any desirable model.

Fabrics to select from, include serges, flannels, worsteds and cassimeres; rough or smooth materials in plain blue or gray and neat pencil stripes; also shepherd checks and seasonable mixtures.

RADIUM FOR DEAFNESS.

German Doctor Says He Has Cured 50 Per Cent. of His Recent Cases.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—A congress of European ear specialists will meet at Cologne on April 26. Special attention will be devoted to the question of the treatment of deafness and other affections of the ear with radium and mesothorium.

Dr. Hugel, who has been using radium for deafness, semi-deafness, sclerosis of the ear, and buzzing noises, claims entire success in the last half of eighty or ninety cases so treated.

French specialists are reported to be skeptical regarding the value of radium for ear troubles. German specialists are divided in opinion.

TO DEPICT THE REAL STAGE.

Prize Offered for a Novel Showing It Without Its Glamor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—The German Actors' Benevolent Association, which is holding its annual meeting in Berlin, offers a prize of $750 for the best novel depicting the unadorned truth of life on the stage.

The purpose of the novel is to show to parents and young persons the trials and tribulations of a theatrical career in its real colors, divested of the seductive romance which makes boys and girls stage-struck and which is overcrowding the profession in Germany to the moral and economic detriment of all concerned.

LAUGH AT DANIELS'S ORDER.

German Naval Men Amused—Crews on Kaiser's Ships Have Beer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—German naval men are laughing at Secretary Daniels's temperance order to the United States Navy.

Officers on German warships are allowed to drink and serve anything they please. The crews can drink beer on board ship to their hearts' content. Only whiskey and stronger alcoholic beverages are forbidden to them.

CIGAR WRECKS A DIRIGIBLE.

Italian Airship, Built by Public Subscription, a Total Loss.

MILAN, April 9.—The dirigible balloon Citta di Milano, which was built by public subscription and presented to the Italian Army, was entirely destroyed to-day.

The dirigible landed outside Milan owing to damage to her motor. Almost immediately afterward a crowd gathered, and, notwithstanding the warnings of the officers aboard, some one imprudently lighted a cigar. A tremendous explosion resulted, and fifty persons suffered injuries of various kinds, two of them being dangerously hurt. An outburst of flames completed the damage done by the explosion.

This is the first accident that has happened to any Italian dirigible. The Citta di Milano had a capacity of 12,000 cubic meters.

WASHES POOR MEN'S FEET.

King Alfonso Takes Part in Annual Ceremony in Madrid Palace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, April 9.—At midday today the Good Friday services commenced in the Chapel Royal of the palace, the whole royal family attending. The ceremony was a most brilliant affair, the King wearing the uniform of the Queen's Lancers and the Queen appearing in a magnificent white Court dress literally covered with diamonds and with a beautiful diamond collar.

At 2 o'clock the Court proceeded to the Grand Hall of Columns, where the edifying ceremony of the Washing of Feet took place.

An altar was placed before the famous tapestry representing the Last Supper. Twelve poor persons occupied two long benches in the middle aisle.

The "lavatorio" was conducted with the usual ceremony, the poor people being afterward led by the hand by their Majesties and the Grandees to tables, where a sumptuous meal was served to them.

Their Majesties proved excellent waiters, but the King let fall some oranges among the diplomats.

CANON McCORMICK DEAD.

Well-Known London Clergyman 80 Years Old—Once a Famous Athlete.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 9.—The Rev. Canon Joseph McCormick, rector of St. James's Church, Piccadilly, London, is dead, aged 80. He was Chaplain to Queen Victoria, King Edward, and King George. He was a famous all-around athlete. He captained the Cambridge University cricket team in 1856, and the same year rowed in the Cambridge boat in the intervarsity race.

Canon McCormick was an expert boxer, and such a keen Alpine climber that in July, 1865, he volunteered for the expedition to recover the bodies of the victims of the Matterhorn tragedy. While he was at Zermatt Lord Francis Douglas and his party met their fate, and Canon McCormick helped to bury them.

SLAY HUNDREDS OF CHINESE

"White Wolf's" Followers Loot Towns—Devastating the Country.

PEKING, April 9.—The brigands under the leadership of the notorious "White Wolf" to-day killed hundreds of the inhabitants of the towns of Hu-Sien, Chow-Chi, and Mei-Sien, in the vicinity of Sian-Foo, capital of Shen-Si Province.

The bandits looted the three towns after capturing them and are sweeping the entire country in the vicinity.

All foreigners residing at out-stations have been ordered to Sian-Foo, where a column of 1500 regular troops has arrived. Further reinforcements have been sent there.

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718 Up-to-the-Minute Fashionable
Easter Suits
For Men and Youths
On Sale Here, Today, at . . $11.85

Here's one of the biggest snaps ever offered before Easter in our immensely popular Men's Clothing Store.

Your choice at $11.85, today, of 718 high-class suits—every one worth considerably more than the very low price quoted for special selling.

The Reason for This Astonishingly Low Price:

These suits comprise limited quantities of popular suits, which one of our best manufacturers found on hand after he had made his important spring shipments. Also nearly 300 suits that were made up too late for regular Easter deliveries. We took all the suits this manufacturer had on hand, and make one clean sweep of them all, here, today, at............ $11.85

The special price in many instances does not cover more than the cost of the material alone. PLENTY OF GOOD PATTERNS—all sizes for men and youths.

"Balmacaans" and Spring Overcoats—special at... $11.95

"Kingly" Trousers—in an underprice sale, at...... $3.95

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Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

CARSTAIRS RYE
THE SPIRITS OF 1788 AND OF 1914

WANT STEAMSHIPS BACK.

Metropolitan Security Holders Testify About New Haven Deal.

BOSTON, April 9.—The connection of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad with the removal of the steamships Harvard and Yale to the Pacific Coast was a subject of inquiry to-day when the Master's hearing was resumed in the suit of minority stockholders of the Metropolitan Steamship Company to set aside the lease of these vessels to the Pacific Navigation Company and to obtain the appointment of a receiver for the Metropolitan Company. It is contended that the Harvard and Yale were sent to the Pacific Coast to stifle competition here.

George A. Fernald, a banker of this city and holder of a large amount of Metropolitan bonds, testified that he protested against the removal of the company's property, and that Edwin D. Robbins, general counsel for the railroad, tried to convince him that it would be more advantageous to have the vessels in the Pacific, where the cost of operation would be less, as they could be in service all the year around.

Russell G. Fessenden, President of the American Trust Company, which holds a mortgage on the property of the steamship company as trustee for the bondholders, testified that when he protested against the removal of the vessels Mr. Robbins told him that both President Mellen and the New Haven traffic manager thought the steamers would do well out there.

Died Trying to Save Wife and Babes

PADUCAH, Ky., April 9.—After saving four of his children, Malcolm Ford dashed into his blazing home at Rossington, near here, last night to save his wife and two babies, but perished with them in the flames. Neighbors attracted by the fire reached the scene in time to see Ford enter the burning house, but too late to dissuade him from his apparently hopeless quest. The origin of the fire is not known.

Arnold, Constable & Co.

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Men's Neckwear

Plain Rep Silks and Crepes in Eighteen of the Most Popular Colors

at 45c each

These Scarfs are regularly sold at 85c and $1.00 each; they are in large folded four-in-hands, also are included Fancy Printed Crepe, Print Warps in Paisley designs and numerous other neat and novelty effects. All are of the best workmanship, in the prevailing shapes.

PLAIN AND FANCY CRAVATS—Plain bright rep silks and the new crepes. Hundreds of the new Spring fancy effects.	*Special*	1.00
CRAVATS FROM IMPORTED SILKS—The new all-over designs in multi-colorings that blend handsomely.	*Special, each*	1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00

Men's Easter Gloves

CHAMOIS GLOVES, yellow and white, 1 button.	*Pair*	1.40
GREY CASTOR GLOVES, with fashionable black stitching; 1 clasp.	*Pair*	1.75
BISCUIT GLACE, with black stitching; 1 button.	*Pair*	2.00
CAPE GLACE in the medium spring weight, new English tans; 1 clasp.	*Value $1.25 pair*	95c
YELLOW CHAMOIS in the new fashionable light shade; 1 clasp.	*Value $1.25 pair*	95c

Women's Easter Gloves

GLACE GLOVES—20 button length, white only.	*Value $3.75 pair*	2.85
GLACE GLOVES—Elbow length, white only.	*Value $3.00 pair*	2.15
	Value $3.50 pair	2.75
GLACE P. K.—1 clasp, all white or with fashionable black stitching.	*Value $1.50 pair*	90c
DOESKIN GLOVES—12 button length, white only.	*Value $2.50 pair*	1.85
DOESKIN GLOVES—1 clasp or 1 button, white only.	*Value $1.25 pair*	85c

Exceptional Values in
Feather Neckwear
The Latest Spring Styles for Women and Misses

MARABOUT STOLES—5 strands wide, 2 yards long. Natural and black.	*Regularly $5.00*	3.95
MARABOUT AND OSTRICH STOLES—5 strands wide, 2 yards long. Natural and black.	*Regularly $5.00*	4.25
MARABOUT COLLARS—Shaped, finished chenille tassels. Natural and black.	*Regularly $2.50*	1.95
MARABOUT AND OSTRICH COLLARS—Shaped, finished chenille tassels. Natural and black.	*Regularly $5.00*	3.95

Dressy Easter Blouses
Special Reproductions of the Latest Paris Models Much Under Regular Prices.

White Net Blouses; hand embroidered; made over flesh colored chiffon; long sleeves.	*Regularly $13.50*	10.75
French Voile Blouses with eyelet embroidery and lace inserts.	*Regularly $9.00*	7.50
Crepe de Chine Blouses with lace trimmings; silk tie with tango pendant.	*Regularly $7.50*	5.50

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We want your account

114 Years at 40 Wall Street

PASSOVER FEAST STARTS TO-NIGHT

Celebration of the Festival of Pesach Will Be Continued for Eight Days.

SPECIAL SEDER SERVICE

To be Given for Jewish Soldiers and Sailors — Observance at Ellis Island.

The celebration of the Jewish feast of Pesach, or the Passover, will begin this evening, and will be continued by observant Jews for eight days. This feast was instituted to commemorate the deliverance of the Israelites from the bondage in which they had been held for many years in Egypt and their departure for the promised land under the leadership of Moses. It is the first festival of the Jewish ecclesiastical year, commencing on the fourteenth day of the first month, Nisan. During the existence of the Temple at Jerusalem the people went up to the Holy City from all parts of the surrounding country to celebrate the Passover and make their offerings in the Temple.

During the continuance of the festival the use of all kinds of bread and other leavened food is forbidden. In place of bread, Matzoth, unleavened cake, is used. Matzoth is prepared by Jewish bakers according to an old ritual under the careful watchfulness of orthodox rabbis, who see to it that the laws concerning the baking are strictly observed.

Hence the Passover is also known as the Feast of Unleavened Bread. The use of Matzoth was ordained to indicate that on the night that the children of Israel took their departure from the land of bondage, the Egyptians were so anxious to have them go that time was not given them to bake their bread in preparation for their journey and they were obliged to take the dough, which they had prepared, with them and bake it before it was leavened. Matzoth is made simply of flour and water without any yeast or other ingredient.

The first two and the last two days of the festival are observed as strictly as the Sabbath by orthodox Jews, but the intermediate days are not considered of special import. On the first two evenings the Seder service is given in orthodox households. These are occasions for family gatherings about the household table during which the Hagadah is recited by the head of the house. This contains a history of the deliverance of the Israelites from Egyptian bondage, and this reading is followed by hymns of praise for this deliverance which are chanted by the entire family.

A special Seder service will be given this evening at Ellis Island for the benefit of the Jewish immigrants detained there, and another service will be given at Tuxedo Hall, in East Fifty-ninth Street, for the Jewish soldiers and sailors on duty at the forts in New York Harbor and on the warships at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and lying in port at this time.

To the latter service a number of the officers on the ships have been invited and have expressed their intention of being present.

A Seder service will also be given tomorrow evening at the Temple Israel of Harlem, Lexington Avenue and 120th Street, under the auspices of Manhattan Lodge, I. O. B. B., at which the Rev. Maurice H. Harris, the pastor of the Temple, will preside.

LUMBER MEN COMPLAIN.

Fear of Legislation Has Paralyzed Trade, Kirby Says.

"How is the lumber business in the South?" John H. Kirby of Houston, Texas, one of the biggest lumbermen in the Southwest, was asked, upon his arrival at the Waldorf yesterday.

"Paralyzed," was the reply. "Fear of present legislation and doubt as to what is pending have simply prostrated the lumber industry. Changes are being created, and business is getting into such a state that nobody knows what to do or what to expect. But just now what is hurting the lumber business more than anything else is the attitude of the Government toward the railroads.

"If the Interstate Commerce Commission would only give the Eastern railways the little 5 per cent. increase in freight traffic rates that they are asking for, the situation would improve on the jump.

"The increase is so small proportionately that it would mean nothing to the public. But it would show investors throughout the United States and in the rest of the world that it is not the purpose of this Government to confiscate railroad property, as so many have gathered of late, and it would put new heart into the owners and operators of railways.

"If provision was made to cover the financial necessities of railways, based on their earning powers, business would revive the next day—indeed, the next hour after a pronouncement of that character were made by the Commission, business would improve throughout the country within an hour.

"The lumber business is dead because the railroads, the greatest consumers of lumber of any line of business, are out of the reckoning at present. Usually they consume 35 per cent. of the product of the yellow pine mills, in ties, timbers and lumber. At the present time they are buying a negligible quantity—barely enough to cover absolute necessities. The mills, as a result are silent, and laborers idle. We are suffering from overproduction and stagnation.

"Almost every public body is afraid to do justice to a corporation in these days. The present Commission, I believe, is above any such consideration, and is trying to act for the best interests of the country. If the President had influence with it, I believe he would urge the Commission to act promptly. Certainly while scattered individuals keep on attacking the roads before that body, all lines of business affected by railway demands are in the Slough of Despond. Nevertheless, with the granting of the increase desired, all would immediately rebound."

DOUBT ABOUT TAX ON ALTMAN FOUNDATION

G. E. Weller, Controller's Special Counsel, Undecided on Exemption Question.

ESTATE PUT AT $30,000,000

Executors, Holding Foundation Is a Philanthropy, Ready to Fight Any Tax Attempt.

Benjamin Altman, who died on Oct. 7, left an estate of not more than $30,000,000, according to the computations of those in charge of his estate, it was learned yesterday. Those in a position to know stated that the executors, in computing that the inheritance tax on his estate would not exceed $598,000, counted on their ability to establish that his bequest to the Altman Foundation, a corporation formed by special act of the Legislature prior to Mr. Altman's death, would be exempt from taxation.

This corporation was formed for the benefit of the employes of B. Altman & Co., and received most of the B. Altman & Co. stock under the will, which gave the trustees power to disburse certain sums in their discretion to various charities in this city. The bequest to the Foundation has been estimated at from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000. His art collection, which became exempt from taxation when the Metropolitan Museum accepted it, has been valued at about $10,000,000.

In estimating the inheritance tax on Mr. Altman's estate at $598,000, the executors, making their payment within six months after his death, deducted 5 per cent., or $29,000, bringing their check down to $569,000.

Deputy State Controller Edward W. Buckley and Thomas E. Rush, the general attorney of the State Controller in tax transfer cases in this county, said yesterday that George E. Weller of 47 Cedar Street had been appointed special counsel for the State Controller in the Altman estate matter. Both disclaimed knowledge of what the State Controller would do. John V. Coggey, the inheritance tax appraiser, before whom the Surrogates have ordered the hearings on the taxation of the estate to be held, said that the matter had not reached him.

Mr. Weller, the State Controller's special counsel, was formerly right-hand man for J. Sergeant Cram, and has received many appointments as referee from Tammany Supreme Court Justices. He declined to commit himself yesterday on the complicated legal questions involved in the Altman estate appraisal. Mr. Weller said he had not yet made up his mind whether he would attempt to have the bequest to the Altman Foundation adjudged taxable. He said no schedules of the estate had yet been filed with him and that he would not be prepared to make any public statement for weeks.

Remuneration Based on Tax.

It has been the custom of the State Controller's office to base the remuneration of special counsel in inheritance tax matters upon the amount of tax returned, thus making it an object for the special counsel to increase the tax upon which they received a percentage. Mr. Weller also said that he had not considered the collateral question whether bequests to B. Altman & Co. would be taxable in the event that the bequests to the Foundation itself should be decided to be exempt. He said he had not made any computations based on the preliminary amount of tax paid which would enable him to state therefrom what those in charge of the estate had estimated it to be worth.

Inheritance tax experts who were interviewed said that it would probably be determined that the bequests Mr. Altman made to B. Altman & Co. were taxable, since their relation to the charitable uses of the Foundation might be called "remote." To the company Mr. Altman left his real estate holdings, including the land on which his store at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street was erected, together with the leaseholds, forming part of the site. These holdings, they said, would comprise the greater part, perhaps eighty to ninety per cent. of the taxable total of his estate.

Attachés of the inheritance tax office of the Surrogates' Court, which passes on all appraisals before they come to the attention of the Surrogates themselves and after they have been signed by the inheritance tax appraisers of the State Controller's office, declined to make a computation of the estimated value of the Altman estate based on the estimate of the executors that the inheritance tax would be $598,000. They assigned as their reason the complexity of Mr. Altman's will.

Leaving out the questions almost certain to be disputed and possibly the subject of protracted litigation—those concerned with the exemption or taxability of the bequest to the Altman Foundation—the Surrogates' officials said that one provision alone in Mr. Altman's will put the advance computation of its value based on the preliminary tax in the realms of speculation and higher mathematics. This provision is the one by which he left blocks of stock in lots running from a few shares up to 2,000 to various employes, with the provision that on their death or if they leave the firm's employ, their stock allotments shall be sold back to the corporation for redistribution at a fixed price.

If it were assumed that these blocks were to return to the corporation merely by death, it would be necessary to know the ages of all employes affected, and then compute a number of mortality tables showing their expectation of life. Just how the inheritance tax appraiser will be able to take into account the aded factor that the employes may leave the firm was something that the Surrogates' officials could not explain yesterday.

Would Fight to Highest Courts.

It was positively indicated that the Altman estate would fight to the highest courts any attempt to tax the bequest to the Altman Foundation, basing its contention on the broadest grounds of public policy. It was pointed out that any taxation upon this bequest would amount to a deduction first from the benefits intended by Mr. Altman for the employes of his store, and from the amounts which could be paid out of a possible surplus to worthy charities of the city.

Should the State of New York establish its right to take five or ten per cent. from the amount of any foundation established by a public-spirited employer to make his running business serve not only the interests of his employes but the philanthropic needs of the community, it was asserted, the result would be the discouragement of other employers from carrying out similar intentions. It would mean, it was said, that the only way that a wealthy man could be sure that his estate would go entirely to the philanthropic purposes he intended to advance would be to order his estate sold and the proceeds given to bodies which the State had already recognized as charitable.

It also became known that the very raising of the question of the taxability of the bequest to the Altman Foundation was a source of surprise and irritation to the intimate associates of Mr. Altman. They believed that the creation of the Foundation by special act of Legislature before his death had established it as a philanthropic corporation. They had placed implicit reliance on the success of the measures drawn by the late John L. Cadwalader, the law partner of Henry W. Taft and George W. Wickersham, to accomplish this end.

They believed that the charter of the corporation itself was the best answer to the suggestions that the bequest to the Foundation was taxable.

When Mr. Weller was asked yesterday whether he had examined the Foundation's charter to satisfy his mind on this point, he replied that he had received and read a copy of the bill creating the Foundation, but had not formed an opinion. It was said in transfer tax circles that ex-Surrogate McElroy, who is in charge of the State Controller's Inheritance Tax Bureau at Albany, had expressed the opinion that the bequest to the Foundation was taxable and would look to Mr. Weller to establish that view in the courts. Mr. Weller said he had received no communication on the subject.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A HEALTHY MORNING HABIT

The foreigner knows how to take care of himself. On the other side good aperient water is always in the home, ready to flush out the overloaded intestines when it becomes necessary. Hercules water is the most popular Hungarian water in Europe. It is rapidly assuming that position in this country. Ask your druggist. Eisner-Mendelson Company, New York.—Adv.

IT LIFTS HERCULES WATER THE LOAD
IT LIFTS THE LOAD

SEEKS MACMONNIES FOUNT.

City Wants Work on Which It Paid Him $10,000 Six Years Ago.

Park Commissioner Cabot Ward sent a letter yesterday to Frederick Macmonnies, the sculptor, who lives at Geverney, France, demanding that there be no further delay in the erection of the Angelina Crane Memorial Fountain for City Hall Park. The contract was awarded to Mr. Macmonnies six years ago, and it was revealed by the letter that since that time the city had paid the annual premium on life insurance of $10,000 which was taken out by the sculptor. The insurance was to protect the city from loss in the event he died before the work was done, as a payment of $10,000 was made to Mr. Macmonnies when the contract was given.

Commissioner Ward said he was in favor of bringing an action to terminate the contract and recover the $10,000 if the sculptor failed to act immediately. Commissioner Stover, whom Mr. Ward succeeded, endeavored unsuccessfully to stir the sculptor to action in January, and in reply to a letter had received word that Mr. Macmonnies was tied up by other work.

The contract set no time limit for the completion of the fountain. When Mr. Macmonnies delivered the models he was to get an additional $5,000. On the completion of the stonework and basin in the park he was to receive $20,000, and on the completion of the bronzework and its acceptance $10,000 more. When the completed fountain was accepted he was to receive the remainder of the bequest, which amounted to $53,439.28, and later was increased to $60,000 by the city.

In March, 1912, the Aldermen forgot that there was such a thing in prospect as an Angelina Crane Fountain, and voted to give the proposed fountain site for a statue to Thomas Jefferson.

ROBBER GETS 18 YEARS.

Sentenced for Attack on Woman on Way Home from Dinner.

Edward Mendel, who on Jan. 8 lured Mrs. Pauline Koetzle, wife of a chemist of 519 West 160th Street, to the New York Central freight yards at Eleventh Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, was sentenced to eighteen years in Sing Sing yesterday by Judge Crain in General Sessions. The sentence was two years less than the maximum penalty.

Mendel volunteered to accompany Mrs. Koetzle home after a dinner in a downtown restaurant, and as they were passing the freight yards he struck her and tore two diamond earrings from her ears. He had been convicted once before on a charge of receiving stolen goods in Newark.

Guernsey Breaks Butter Fat Record.

PETERSBORO, N. H., April 9.—By producing 1,059.59 pounds of butter fat in a year a new world's record has been established by a Guernsey cow at the Cassett Farm at Berwind, Penn., according to an announcement made today by William D. Caldwell, Secretary of the Guernsey Cattle Association. The former record was held by a Holstein cow owned by F. F. Field of Brockton, Mass., which produced 1,058 pounds of butter fat in a year. The Cassett cow produced 19,639.58 pounds of milk during the year. Mr. Caldwell says that the record of the cow was certified by State and Government Inspectors.

POLICEMAN FINDS A PEARL NECKLACE

Man Pulled Sister's Jewels from His Pocket with His Gloves.

SOUGHT GEMS FOR A WEEK

Meantime String Worth $50,000 Was Lying in a Safe in Police Headquarters.

Owing to the fact that the manager of the Holland House visited the West Thirtieth Street Police Station night before last to make inquiries regarding a pearl necklace, it was learned yesterday that for a whole week the Police Department has been in possession of a valuable pearl necklace without any claimant for it coming forward. The story of Manager Stack was the first intimation that any one was interested in the recovery of the jewels.

This necklace is said to be very valuable. What those who have seen it cannot understand is that any man, no matter how wealthy he might be, could have put it into his overcoat pocket and then forgotten all about it. Estimates of its value have run as high as $50,000.

A woman whose home is in the West went to the theatre one night last week, and after the theatre there was supper and dancing, with the result that when she and her escort returned to the hotel it was close to 2:30 o'clock in the morning. The man said good-bye and left the hotel. Soon after he had departed a policeman's gaze was halted by the sight of something glittering on the front steps of the hotel. He walked over, picked it up, dashed through the revolving door, and accosted the elevator boy.

"The lady that just came in dropped this on the step," he said, handing him a pearl necklace. "Take it up to her and bring me word that you have done it."

After an interval the boy came down.

"The lady says it isn't her's," he reported. "She never had a necklace like this, she says, and she surely hasn't lost any."

The policeman took the necklace over to the station and made his report. Days passed.

On Wednesday the man who had escorted the Western woman to the theatre appeared at the hotel and sought the manager.

"Have you heard anything about a pearl necklace being found in or near the hotel?" he asked.

The manager was able to tell of the finding of a mysterious pearl necklace by a policeman. The other looked tremendously relieved until he learned that it had been carried to the police station.

He explained that on the afternoon it was lost his sister had complained that the clasp of her necklace was broken and had asked him to have it fixed as he was leaving her house. He had stuffed it into the inside pocket of his coat and had forgotten all about it. That night he had stuffed his gloves into the pocket where he had put the necklace, and upon leaving the hotel he had hurriedly pulled out the gloves to put them on. As he had checked the coat in the evening, he had thought that the necklace might have been taken out in a restaurant checkroom. Then he had imagined that it must have fallen out in the theatre.

When a week had gone by and no trace of the jewels had appeared he had become worried. He did not want to tell that he had lost the necklace and he did not want any names to appear. So he persuaded the hotel manager to go over to the station and make inquiries. The manager was told that the necklace had been sent to Police Headquarters last week and that any claim for it must be accompanied by a faithful description. As the man who lost it had neglected to make a study of the pearls and their characteristics, the hotel manager left the station in a quandary.

HER GEM SOON FOUND.

Mrs. von Derlin's Lost Locket Turned Up in Hotel's Laundry.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison von Derlin of London left the Waldorf on Wednesday night in ample time to catch the Montreal Express. They were on their way to Vancouver, B. C.

Not much more than twenty minutes before their train was to leave Mrs. von Derlin telephoned to the hotel that she had lost a valuable locket, gold, studded with a star of diamonds. It was an heirloom and much prized. She thought she might have left it in her room.

Louis Parsons, the room clerk, got the message and immediately hurried upstairs and searched the room, but found nothing. Then he telephoned downstairs to the head of the laundry to watch for the locket on the possibility of its having got mixed up with the soiled linen that had been taken from the room. As Ogden, the head of that department turned from the telephone, a houseman brought in the laundry basket, tagged with the number of the room the von Derlins had occupied and which had been brought from the bathroom belonging thereto. Ogden and another man immediately searched its contents and found the missing locket. This was immediately sent upstairs to the room clerk, who jumped into a taxi and reached the Grand Central Terminal in time to hand over the locket to its owner before the train left.

$10,000 INCOME TOO SMALL.

Miss Katie C. Schermerhorn Applies for Increased Annuity.

Justice Weeks in Supreme Court appointed Frederick I. Lockman a referee yesterday to take testimony in the application of Miss Katie C. Schermerhorn for an increase in her allowance, which is now only $10,000 a year. Miss Schermerhorn is the daughter of John Egmont Schermerhorn, who died in this city on June 21, 1906. His wife, who was Katie Tuckerman Cutting and herself wealthy, died the following February.

Mr. Schermerhorn's wealth was estimated at several million dollars, mostly in Manhattan real estate. There were three children, two sons, and a daughter. The estate was placed in trust. Miss Schermerhorn's share of the income was about $10,000 a year when her parents died. The value of the property has increased and its earnings have grown in the same measure.

The petitioner is still under age. In order to make the application it was necessary for her guardian to begin suit against the trustees of the estates of Jameson Cutting and that of her father. The application for the increase says:

"Miss Schermerhorn has always been carefully and expensively nurtured and brought up and has been maintained and supported in elegance and luxury."

The papers also say that the wills of her parents provide for a large increase in her income when she is 21 years old, which will be in about three years.

HOTEL SWINDLER IN JAIL.

Local Proprietors Gratified at Conviction of Man Up-State.

Hotel managers along Broadway were very much pleased yesterday at the receipt of news from Gloversville, N. Y., that a man whose real name is said to be Charles P. Saunders, but of whom some of them have painful recollections under the aliases of C. H. Burrows, C. H. Baker, C. H. Saunders, Robert O. Manning, B. W. Somers, and N. O. Whitcomb, had been sentenced to jail. He was picked up by Burns detectives here on a warrant obtained by the management of the Hotel Kingsbury of Gloversville, and sentenced to ten days in jail and a fine of $40.

In the four months he was known to be operating, Saunders, it is alleged, tackled as many as sixty hotels, scattered throughout New York State and New England, and had got away with $3,000. He posed as a representative of a big moving-picture film company, and his practice was to have letters containing checks and vouchers mailed to him at various hotels, and open the envelopes in the presence of the room clerk or the cashier. To the latter this generally seemed proof that Saunders was reliable and that the checks were worth honoring.

The American Bankers' Association took up the matter, and detectives were set on Saunders's trail.

135 PLAYS ON WHITE LIST.

Catholic Theatre Movement Excludes All but Five Now Showing Here.

The Catholic Theatre Movement, an organization of which Mgr. Lavelle is Director, and which investigates plays to determine what is good for Catholics to see in the theatres, will issue to-day its first "white list" of entertainments in the form of a printed folder called "The Bulletin," which will be sent to Catholics throughout the country.

The Bulletin names in its "white list" 135 plays produced during the last twenty-five years, the titles ranging from "Jim the Penman" of ancient memory to "Along Came Ruth." In February last a dozen plays were named by the Movement as examples of those which would be placed upon the "white list." To-day's list is followed by this announcement:

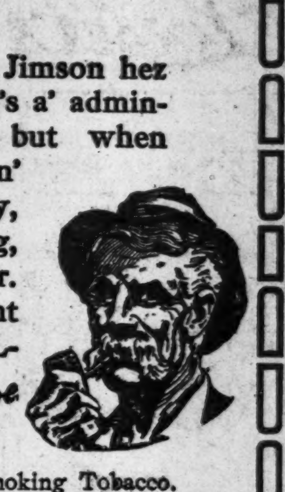
A FINAL WORD.

> In good faith, not without a sense of the delicacy and difficulty of the task, the "White List" has been prepared, and is now submitted to the members of the Catholic Theatre Movement. It has not proven feasible to make an absolutely complete list, nor to include the very latest play. The list, however, is comprehensive enough to form some sort of standard by which plays it does not include may be judged.

"With its present white list," says an editorial in The Bulletin, "the Catholic Theatre Movement enters upon another stage of what his Eminence, Cardinal Farley, aptly called its 'campaign of education.' This action may indeed prove the beginning of a course of self-education for the Catholic playgoer, upon whom the very existence of a White List will enforce the necessity of personal investigation into all forms of public amusement in order that he may be saved from exposing those near and dear to him to the dangers of contamination.

"It is not intended to impose the unqualified acceptance of every play on the White List upon those who, after investigation and for reasons good and sufficient to themselves, find some of the plays unsuitable. The White List is put forward not as an inducement for people to go to the theatre. It is designed for Catholics who are already playgoers, and who may find the list useful."

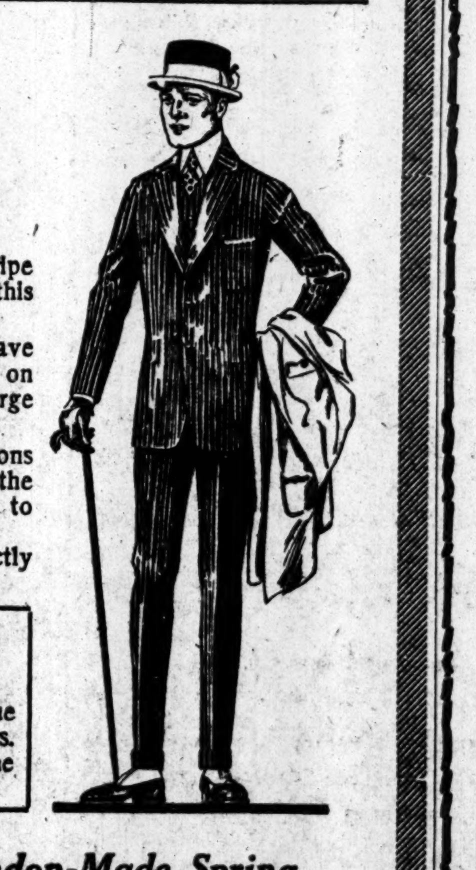
Of the 135 plays named in the list only five of them are now being played in New York.



WHEN Timothy Jimson hez a good crop, he's a' administration man, but when crops is bad, he's agin' the gov'ment. I say, principles is one thing, an' pocketbook another. Both of 'em's in right when you smoke VELVET.

Velvet Joe

VELVET, the Smoothest Smoking Tobacco.
Full 2 oz. tins, 10c.



Look for the "Not Advertised" cards. Great Values.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Priced.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Merchandise Here Advertised on Sale Today.

Men's and Young Men's Easter Suits Specially at $18.50
Elsewhere $22.50

One of the most popular is a blue-and-black pencil-stripe worsted Suit which will be one of the prevailing styles this season.

These Coats are cut on the English lines, with a swagger roll to the lapels. Semi-form fitting, they set off the figure to perfection.

For the older man there are models cut on conservative lines, with the stationary roll.

Some of the Coats have patch pockets and cuffs on sleeves. Mohair or serge body lining.

The Vest has six buttons and no collar, and the trousers taper from hip to foot.

These Suits are strictly hand-tailored.

Youths' Confirmation Suits with Long Trousers, $12.75
Sizes 14 to 20

All-wool fancy mixed cassimeres, cheviots and blue serges, sizes 14 to 20, and in nobby patterns and colors. English-cut Coats and made in the same styles as for the older boys. Also Norfolk Coat and Trousers.

Young Men's Suits For Easter Wear, $14.75
Elsewhere $18.00 to $20.00

We have an unusually complete stock of these Suits. The materials are strictly all-wool and in the new tones of gray and blue striped mixtures in the new color combinations, and blue serges.

The English sack models, with soft roll fronts, 2 and 3 buttons, patch pockets, with cuffs on sleeves, are the styles most in demand. Some double breasted models.

The vests are cut high, with no collar, and the trousers have the straight leg, with cuff bottoms.

London-Made Spring Overcoats, $18.75
Elsewhere $30.00 to $35.00

From the exclusive shop of Studd & Millington, who have the reputation of making the smartest clothes in London. Macy's price was $24.75.

Many of the Topcoats are showerproof. This means exactly what the word implies. The Coats have raglan shoulders, with yoke linings.

Among the materials are Donegals, Homespuns and real Harris Tweeds. Nothing more stylish than these Topcoats are in the New York stores.

Men's Cutaway Coat and Vest, $19.75

The Coat has long, rolling lapels, 2 buttons to button. Made of black unfinished worsted. All sizes.

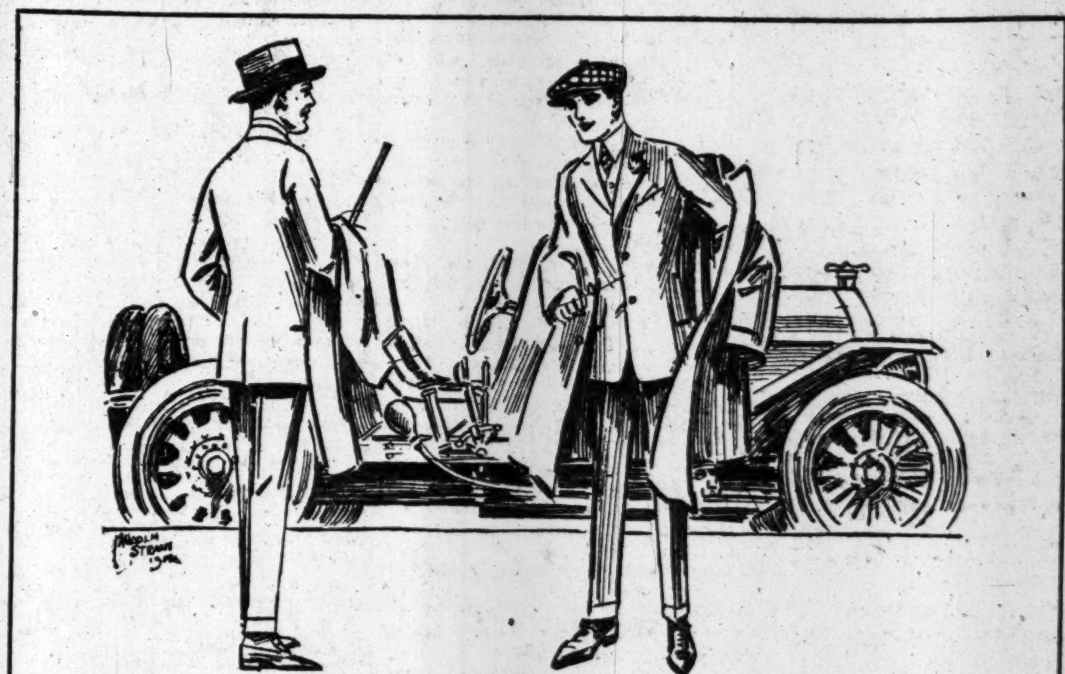
Men's Fancy Striped Trousers, $4.75

To be worn with dark coat and vest. Pin stripe effects in dark gray and black fancy worsteds; strictly all-wool.

Fifth Floor, Broadway.

GIMBELS
TELEPHONE MADISON SQUARE 8200.

Fur Storage
In our own Fireproof Building.
Fur Repairing and Remodelling.
Moderate Charges.
Fur Storage Desk,
Third Floor.



$25 Assumes New Importance In Bringing Men's Easter Clothes

The GIMBEL Clothing Store Presents the Finest Collection in Its History

Suits, Overcoats and Cutaway Coats Shown in Styles of Much Distinction

We are sincere in our conviction that the man whose average expenditure for suit or overcoat is $25 will get more for it in the way of individual style, fine tailoring (with real handwork) and desirable fabrics in this GIMBEL collection of Spring Clothes than has ever been possible before. It is but a part—although an important one—of our best fashion display for men, and we commend it particularly to their attention. They will find

Sack Suits at $25

In over 20 models, 61 styles of material, from noted tailors.

The "Squadron" Coat originated by GIMBELS, high chested, and snugly fitting, appears in several new variations. Also Coats with straight front lines and many in conservative models.

New Tartan Plaids, checks, in green and blue; also smart black and white, blue and white, and gray and white stripes are prominent.

Many of the Coats are featherweight—and the tailoring throughout is of the sort that renders stiffening or padding unnecessary.

And a special Easter offering of Men's Spring Overcoats and Suits at $17.50. All new style and wonderful value.

Cutaway Coats and Vests at $25

An exclusive GIMBEL model, dignified, but fashionable. In black or Oxford vicuna, plain or braided edges; richly silk-lined.

Full Cutaway Suits at $35, $40, $45 and $50.

Chesterfield Spring Overcoats at $25

Another remarkable instance of GIMBEL values. Fine, soft-finished worsteds in black or Oxford gray. New wide lapels. Length designed to cover evening dress coat or cutaway. Full lining of guaranteed silk.

Other styles at $19.50 to $40, and an unusual group of English Overcoats at $35 in homespuns and many other light or dark effects.

Fourth Floor

Men's Easter Neckwear—50c to $3

We're ready for the man from Missouri, who says, "Show me."

Such a lavish array of Easter Scarfs has never before graced this Men's Store at Broadway and Thirty-third Street is ready now.

At 50c there are several hundred patterns from excellent plain reps, and all sorts of stripes, to the new gayly printed crepes.

There are Scarfs at $1, and still more Scarfs at $1.50 that include all the good Neckwear styles of the new season.

Among them a specially notable collection of four-in-hands at $1.50 cut from our own importations of English silks.

A Special Offering of Scarfs at 85c

Plain colored reps, crepes, new polka dotted navy blue foulards, and other fine spring styles that usually command a dollar.

Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

FUND HERE TO HELP STRICKEN SEALERS

Members of New York's Newfoundland Colony Name Committee to Raise Money.

1,000 PERSONS DESTITUTE

Outsiders' Aid Welcome, but Not Considered Necessary—$5,000 in Subscriptions at Meeting.

Members of the Newfoundland colony of New York met last night at the Hotel Belmont to appoint a committee to raise a relief fund for the widows, orphans, and other destitute relatives of the 250 men from the sealing fleet who perished in the blizzard of March 31. William J. Ellis, Mayor of St. John's, Newfoundland, who has been here on business since March 24, presided, and told of the extent of the disaster.

The sealer Southern Cross, with a crew of 177, has been given up for lost; 77 men of the sealer Newfoundland perished on an ice floe, where they had been cut off by the storm, and of the 112 of the Newfoundland's crew who escaped 30 were permanently disabled by the frost. More than a thousand persons are left destitute, according to Mr. Ellis. The actual number of dead amounts to 8 per cent. of the crews of the sealing fleet, but the loss is greater in proportion, inasmuch as the men sent out on the ice floes were the strongest and most efficient.

On the basis of the belief given to the dependents of men lost in previous disasters, said Mr. Ellis, the amount required would be not less than $200,000. It was customary to pay $50 a year to parents who lost sons on whom they were dependent, $50 a year to widows, and $15, or more recently $30, to all children under 15 years of age.

In explanation of these figures Mr. Ellis said that it was quite possible for a family in St. Johns to live in reasonable comfort on $200 to $300 a year, since every man owned his home, with a little garden and a few domestic animals. A meeting was held in St. Johns Tuesday night to organize the general relief work, and funds have already been started in London, Liverpool and Glasgow. King George sent a contribution of $750.

The meeting adopted resolutions deploring the disaster, and calling on Newfoundlanders to come to the aid of the families of the lost men. The appeal, it was explained, was primarily to Newfoundland expatriates, and then to those having business or sentimental connection with the country. Contributions from outsiders would be gratefully received, but it was made plain that Newfoundlanders considered themselves competent to handle the matter alone. One of the speakers declared that the country had received "unenviable publicity from men like Grenfell," and urged that there should be no action taken which would lead the general public to think that the island was pauperized and unable to take care of its own unfortunates.

Eugenius H. Outerbridge of Harvey & Co., 11 Broadway, was appointed Chairman of the Relief Committee; E. St. John Howley of 60 Wall Street, Secretary, and C. W. Bowring of Bowring & Co., 17 Battery Place, Treasurer. Subscriptions will be received by Mr. Bowring or persons whom he may later authorize. Other members of the committee will be appointed later by the officers, acting in conjunction with Mayor Ellis.

About $5,000 was raised at last night's meeting, the largest contribution being $1,000 from Mr. Outerbridge. Gray Ward of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal had already wired $500 to St. John's.

Among those present at the meeting were Edwin F. Howell, Secretary of the Serial Building Loan and Savings Institution; John Veitch, assistant manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and Henry P. Winter of Winter, Son & Co.

FAINTS IN COURT ROOM.

Mrs. Claussen Falls Unconscious When She Is Sent to the Tombs.

Mrs. Ida Claussen's appeal from a Supreme Court order dismissing a writ of habeas corpus she obtained following her commitment to Matteawan by Judge Malone in Special Sessions was dismissed yesterday by the Appellate Division, and Mrs. Claussen created a disturbance when she was brought before Justice Page in the County Court House. Justice Page had ruled that Mrs. Claussen must return to the Tombs instead of going to a private sanitarium pending a hearing on her contention that the verdict of a Sheriff's Jury holding her competent to attend to her business affairs entitled her to her liberty. Mrs. Claussen asserted that she had been tortured, not only in Matteawan, but in the Tombs, where, she asserted, an attendant had struck her. She protested against spending Easter in the Tombs and fell to the floor of the courtroom, seemingly unconscious. Justice Page adjourned court and postponed the hearing for one week, sending Mrs. Claussen back to the Tombs.

Mrs. Claussen attained notoriety first by attempting to obtain a presentation to the royal court of Sweden. She attempted to sue President Roosevelt for $1,000,000 because she charged he prevented her presentation. She figured next in contempt proceedings for addressing a telegram to a Justice before whom she had a case pending. She was indicted and sent to Matteawan for sending a threatening letter to Charles Strauss, a lawyer and President of the Board of Water Supply.

Congressman Cullop May Have Lost

VINCENNES, Ind., April 9.—Revised unofficial returns from the Second Congressional District Democratic primary yesterday indicate to-day that Congressman W. A. Cullop of Vincennes was defeated for renomination by Charles D. Hunt of Sullivan by seven votes. The official count will be necessary to decide the contest. The complete unofficial vote was Hunt, 8,288; Cullop, 8,281.

HIS NOVEL DEFENSE IN VAIN.

Man Who Took Wife's Cash Thought Waving Stocking Was a Club.

A novel defense was offered before Magistrate Freschi in the Men's Night Court last night by Victor Borsary, of 345 East Thirty-first street, when he was arraigned on the charge made by his wife that he had violated his promise made to the Magistrate on Jan. 5 to keep the peace, but it failed to save him from a term of twenty days in the workhouse. Borsary, so his wife asserted, had stolen her pocketbook containing $30 early yesterday morning. Borsary, very apologetic, stated his case this way:

"Judge, I came home about 2 o'clock in the morning, and very happy because I had at last found a job. I jumped into bed, and my wife"—he pointed at Mrs. Rega Borsary, who is nearly six feet tall—"kicked me out. Then she came after me, waving something black over her head.

"I thought it was a club, and to save myself a bump on the head I grabbed it, jumped into my clothes and ran. When I got to the street I found the thing I held in my hand was a stocking. The pocketbook was in the stocking. Now that's the truth."

"Why didn't you return the money?" asked the Magistrate.

"To tell you the truth," responded the prisoner, "I was afraid to go back into that house."

Mrs. Borsary, who is forewoman in a tailoring establishment, sneered at her husband's story. She said he took her watch on March 17 and pawned it and had made a lot of trouble for her. The Magistrate agreed that punishment was justified.

Borsary is below medium height, and weighs but 120 pounds.

OPIUM SMUGGLERS GUILTY.

Plot to Sell Persian Product Here at $67 a Pound Profit Exposed.

Hugo Grobe, until recently an officer of an Atlantic liner, and John Eyckman, proprietor of a Hoboken hotel, pleaded guilty before Judge Thomas in the Federal District Court yesterday to having conspired to smuggle Persian gum opium into this country. Their counsel asked for clemency on the ground that they had furnished much information concerning the illicit trade in opium.

Assistant District Attorney Wood admitted the men had confessed, but as regards other conspirators their information was valueless. Judge Thomas sentenced them to imprisonment for a year and a day, which will entitle them to apply for a parole after serving four months.

Grobe told Mr. Stanton that he had formed the idea of smuggling Persian opium in 100-pound lots. It cost $3 a pound in Persia, and he hoped to obtain $70 a pound from the Chinese opium ring. So he resigned his position on the liner and arranged for the secret transportation of the opium into this country and its delivery to Eyckman. About 1,000 pounds of the drug was smuggled, but Eyckman, Grobe said, had not paid him a cent. So he began to conduct his own direct negotiations with the dive keepers and was then betrayed to the Government.

Ye Sang, an importer of 15 Mott Street, and Yee Joe, one of his employes, who were indicted with Grobe and Eyckman, have not pleaded yet.

MULHALL LOSES APPEAL.

Appellate Division Decides Against Self-Confessed Lobbyist.

Martin M. Mulhall, who achieved notoriety last Spring by publishing in a morning newspaper his purported correspondence as a legislative agent for the National Association of Manufacturers, lost his appeal yesterday in the Appellate Division from a Supreme Court judgment of $5,000 in favor of Richard Barry, a former reporter and war correspondent.

Barry's suit against Mulhall revealed that Mulhall contracted to sell his alleged confidential correspondence through Barry for $10,000. The contract provided that Barry was to receive half of the proceeds of the sale for his services in selling the correspondence to newspapers and in preparing it for publication. Barry got an attachment against the amount Mulhall was to receive from a morning newspaper.

Mulhall lost his appeal partly because he failed to file the record of the trial before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum.

WILSONS OFF FOR VACATION.

President and Party Leave for White Sulphur Springs for Easter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The President and Mrs. Wilson, with their family, left Washington at 11:10 o'clock to-night for White Sulphur Springs, West Va., where they will spend Easter. The President will return on Sunday night, but his family may remain. Secretary McAdoo is expected to leave here for White Sulphur Springs to-morrow.

The Presidential party is traveling over the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad in the private car "Philadelphia," attached to a regular train due to arrive at White Sulphur Springs at 7:40 o'clock to-morrow morning. The party includes Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Eleanor Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre of Williamstown, Mass.; Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the President, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N.

SUES FATHER FOR WHIPPING

Mrs. Israel Wants $5,000 Damages for Chastisement She Suffered.

Mrs. Lena Israel of Kingston, N. Y., is suing her father, Isaac Goldman of 399 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn, in the Supreme Court of that borough to recover $5,000 damages for a whipping he gave her four years ago, when she was single and living with her parents. The suit was on the court calendar for trial a few days ago, but the lawyer for Mrs. Israel failed to appear, and judgment was awarded by default to her father. Yesterday her lawyer applied to Justice Kelly to restore the case to the calendar for trial. Decision was reserved.

The case has attracted the attention of the legal profession in Brooklyn, as it is the first time that the Brooklyn courts have been asked to decide whether or not a parent is liable civilly for inflicting corporal punishment on his children.

MANAGERS CLASH ON FUND MATINEES

W. A. Brady Says Actors' Benefits Are Designed "For Glorification of A. L. Erlanger."

"ALLIES DID NOT RESPOND"

Daniel Frohman, Fund President, Criticises Brady's Action—Charles Frohman to Give Special Benefit.

There is discord among the several factions of theatre managers in New York over the special matinées which will take place a week from to-day in many of the leading theatres of the country for the benefit of the Actors' Fund. Yesterday afternoon William A. Brady withdrew his offer to give matinées of his plays on that day. The Charles Frohman theatres and companies have never been announced as being interested in the performances for the fund and H. H. Frazee of the Longacre Theatre will not give a matinée that day of "A Pair of Sixes." It was said by a representative of Mr. Frazee last night that he would send a check to the fund, however, next Friday. Several of the theatres controlled by the Shuberts will give fund matinées.

In talking of the reason for his withdrawal from the benefit performances Mr. Brady took occasion last night to refer to A. L. Erlanger, who arranged the matinées for the Fund in the leading cities of the country. Just how Mr. Erlanger is to benefit in any way from the performance Mr. Brady did not explain nor did he give his reason for saying that the movement was for "the glorification of Mr. Erlanger."

"When I was approached with a request," said Mr. Brady, "to lend the services of my various plays to this purpose it was upon the distinct statement that it was to be a national movement in which every manager of first-class plays and playhouses was to participate. Under this distinct statement I agreed to go in, but within three or four days thereafter I found that Charles Frohman, David Belasco, and H. H. Frazee were not to be represented. Mr. Frohman is the brother of the Actors' Fund President and Mr. Belasco and Mr. Frazee are closely affiliated with the men who conduct the Actors' Fund. My attitude toward these fund managers and Directors is well known. If their own allies are not to be with them in the proposed benefit performances why should it be expected that I should remain?

"I will not be a party to a movement that is designed primarily for the glorification of A. L. Erlanger. At the same time, if all the managers of first-class theatres and attractions in America will join in this benefit, I will not alone do so myself, but will contribute $500 out of my private purse to the cause.

"It is not the Actors' Fund I am against, but the men and the methods by which it is being managed. I was called up by telephone to-day and offered a trusteeship in the Fund. I would not accept any official position in that institution excepting upon a ticket flatly opposed to the one placed in office at the last election. This is how I stand in the matter, and how I will continue to stand until the final moment of my life."

Daniel Frohman, President of the Actors' Fund, after reading the statement of Brady, made this reply:

"The first manager to whom I went in the interest of the fund was Lee Shubert, who is known as the head of the opposition syndicate of theatres, and yet he was the first one to give his practical assistance to the scheme. He contributed his theatres and his companies.

"Some one had to take the initiative, and Mr. Erlanger did so in behalf of the fund. Mr. Brady seems to be worried over the fact that Mr. Erlanger proposed this, and appears to believe that this is likely to glorify Erlanger. He might as well find fault with George Washington, Napoleon, and Moses, for their altruistic tendencies and their self-seeking predilections.

"The object of this work was for the common good of the actors of the entire country, who are being aided when in distress or sick, out of a fund which has been largely diminished by the demands upon it.

"Mr. Brady says he has withdrawn his two theatres from the list of those who had volunteered for Friday, April 17, because Mr. Belasco and Charles Frohman had not contributed their houses. Mr. Belasco has one theatre, and the play presented there is about to be withdrawn. At Charles Frohman's theatre Maude Adams is giving eleven performances that week, and, of course, he could not very well aid the fund there on this occasion. In place of offering the Lyceum Theatre, Charles Frohman has proposed to substitute a large star benefit of his own for the fund.

"But Mr. Brady is too large a man and too big an operator in matters theatrical to allow such a petty matter as the defection of two or three theatres to affect his own participation in a cause which is intended to benefit the poor and sick of the profession of the United States.

"As to Mr. Brady's inimical feeling toward the origin of the Fund, that is a matter one cannot explain or understand.

"Despite this desertion of the benefit performance we will have more than twenty theatres here in Manhattan giving special performances for the Fund on April 17."

$200 for Antique Flemish Tapestry.

Tapestries brought the highest prices at the Countess von Zeuner sale at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon, J. S. Carlisle paying $200 for a large antique Flemish tapestry; T. B. Watts paid $160 for a square of antique tapestry 8 by 4 feet, and $125 for another 7 feet 8 by 3 feet 4; H. E. Muir gave $160 for a tapestry 7 feet 6 by 4 feet 6, and $140 for another 7 feet 7 by 4 feet 4. A large antique Flemish tapestry in bad condition went to R. Sammis for $110. Two covered ivory boxes decorated with Watteau groups in relief went to J. Hartog for $47.50.

The returns for the sale to date are $16,307. Laces, fans, watches, mirrors, &c., will be sold this afternoon. There are a large number of interesting old fans.

"FRAMED UP" BY WHITMAN.

Alleged Thief Charges Persecution Due to Becker Case.

"I am being framed up by District Attorney Whitman because I went against him in the Becker case and contradicted testimony given by the Luban brothers, who lived at my house in East New York when Rosenthal was killed. The Lubans said they and myself heard Becker over at the Lafayette Baths give Bridgie Webber the order to croak Rosenthal. I helped Becker's lawyers get the Lieutenant out of the death house, and because of this his enemies are making me suffer now. They want me to die in jail."

David Werbelinsky, 39 years old, of 88 Alabama Avenue, East New York, alleged by the police to be a former yeggman, made that plea when arraigned yesterday in the New Jersey Avenue Police Court on a larceny charge. Joseph Spechter alleged Werbelinsky entered Spechter's dairy at 573 Blake Avenue, Brownsville, and stole four crates of eggs valued at $26. Nathan Rubin of 352 Alabama Avenue told Policeman Sherenbrandt he saw Werbelinsky commit the theft.

Werbelinsky was held in default of $1,000 bail by Magistrate Naumer for further examination next Monday. His mother, wife, and fifteen-year-old daughter pleaded tearfully with the court for his release, saying the charge was untrue.

In a further statement Werbelinsky said the Luban brothers and the District Attorney had tried to prevail upon him to make affidavit against Becker in effect that the three were seated behind a screen in the Lafayette Baths and, unseen, heard Becker give "Bridgey" Webber the death order.

"The Lubans lied," wailed Werbelinsky. "I refused to lie and now I am being hounded."

HEARING ON MARKET BILL.

Measure Creating New City Department Vigorously Assailed.

There was a public hearing yesterday before Mayor Mitchel on the bill recently passed by the Legislature creating a Department of Markets in the city, a wholesale market in each borough, to be operated under a Commissioner for each borough. There was a great deal of opposition to the measure. Ralph Folks, Secretary of the Borough of Manhattan under Borough President Marks, said that the bill was premature and that more time should be allowed for a proper working out of the subject.

Representatives of the Merchants' Association and the Mercantile Exchange said that while they were not opposed to the establishment of a Department of Markets, they thought the matter should be laid over for a year, as the bill had been hurriedly passed and it was not clear whether it was permissive or mandatory.

Other speakers said that the measure had been drawn too hastily, and asked the Mayor not to sign it. Cyrus C. Miller, former Borough President of the Bronx, and a member of the Market Commission appointed by the late Mayor Gaynor, argued, however, in favor of the measure. He said the bill was not mandatory legislation, and that nothing could be done any way until the Aldermen and the Board of Estimate had acted favorably upon it. It was necessary, he said, for the commission to draw up plans so that the Board of Estimate would know what was necessary to be done. The Mayor did not indicate what he intended to do regarding the bill.

AARON FELDMAN ACQUITTED

Jury Disagrees in Case of Lawyer Accused with Him.

After a trial lasting nine days in the Federal District Court before Judge Hand and a jury on an indictment charging conspiracy to conceal the assets of the bankrupt firm of Rogal & Brass, leather goods merchants of 91 Mercer Street, Aaron Feldman, a salesman of New Haven, Conn., was acquitted. In the case of Simon H. Kugel, a lawyer, of 170 Broadway, the jury disagreed.

The trial has attracted attention because Harry L. Rogal and David Brass, the members of the bankrupt firm, who were named in the indictment, had turned Government witnesses against Kugel, who was their attorney, and Feldman, his brother-in-law. They testified that the failure had been planned long before the petition was filed on Jan. 3, 1913, and that by that date, on the advice of Kugel, the stock of the firm had been concealed in warehouses at New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, Conn., and Philadelphia. They asserted also that Feldman had aided and abetted them in hiding their goods.

Ex-Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss and ex-United States Assistant District Attorney Abel I. Smith appeared for the defense and cross-examined Rogal and Brass. They succeeded in impairing the value of their testimony and were able to call independent witnesses to impeach the testimony introduced by the Government.

SHOT DOWN WITH HIS SON.

Blacksmith Entering Tenement Fired On by Foe in Hiding.

Giuseppe Gambalso, a blacksmith, of 337 East 108th Street, and his son, Gebral, 13 years old, returned to their tenement house home at 11 o'clock last night after spending an hour at a moving picture theatre. As they stepped into the darkened hallway a charge of buckshot was fired at them.

The father fell mortally wounded. The boy, partly protected by his father's body, escaped with slight wounds in the left arm and leg. He stumbled into the street and awoke the neighborhood by his cries. The two were removed to the Reception Hospital.

Lieut. Haerle and Detective Cassetti found buckshot on the floor of the tenement entrance and also what appeared to be the ball bearings taken from an automobile. There had been no witnesses of the shooting, but the detectives decided some one had waited for Gambalso to return in the doorway of a tenement across the street. Gambalso said he had no enemies and had not the least suspicion of who shot him. It was said at the hospital that he had little chance of recovery.

GIRL SUICIDE'S BODY IN BRIGHTON SURF

Found Floating Near Where Jessie McCann's Was Recovered.

DREADED SURGEON'S KNIFE

Family Notified the Police on Wednesday Night That Marion Theresa Johnson Was Missing.

The body of a young woman which was found early yesterday morning in the surf at the Parkway Baths at Brighton Beach was identified late yesterday afternoon as Marion Theresa Johnson, 26 years old, of 1,228 Sixty-sixth Street, Brooklyn. The identification was made by her brother, Arthur Johnson, a clerk, who had reported on Wednesday night to the police of the Bath Beach Station that his sister was missing from home.

John Quigley, watchman at the Parkway Baths, was looking over the bath houses at 5 A. M. when he was attracted to the beach by the persistent barking of his Airedale terrier, Princess Klinker. The dog ran to his side and began to tug on the watchman's trousers with its teeth, and then ran toward the surf and back to Quigley again, barking shrilly all the time.

Quigley followed the dog down to the surf and saw the body of a well-dressed young woman lying partly in the water a few feet from a bulkhead and less than 100 yards away from the spot where the body of Jessie McCann was found. Miss Johnson's body had not been in the water more than a few hours. Quigley dragged it to the beach and then notified the police of the Sheepshead Bay Station.

Detectives Donovan, Ryan, and Maurer found an ugly wound on the forehead of the girl. This led them at first to think that Miss Johnson might have met with foul play. After the body was identified and the police learned the circumstances under which the girl left home, they said the case was clearly one of suicide. They believe that Miss Johnson, after making up her mind to die, was influenced to end her life by drowning by reading about the case of Miss McCann. They decided that the wound on her forehead came from her head striking a rock when she jumped into the water.

Arthur Johnson said yesterday that his sister had been ill for several weeks, and that physicians had decided she must undergo an operation. The prospect, he said, had depressed her greatly, and of late she had been morose and despondent. He said his sister had had no love affair.

Miss Johnson lived with her mother, her aunt, Mrs. Christian Peterson, and her brother. Mrs. Peterson was the last to see the girl alive. Mrs. Peterson left the house last Wednesday to do an errand. When she returned at 4:30 o'clock Marion was not at home. In the evening, when she failed to return, the family became alarmed, and her brother asked the police to make a search.

It is believed that on leaving home Miss Johnson took an elevated train to Coney Island, and walked to Brighton Beach. On reaching the Parkway Baths it is believed that, probably at night, she walked out on the wooden supports which separate the beaches, and jumped into the water.

Miss Johnson at one time was employed as a stenographer, but on account of poor health she had not worked of late.

FAGIN EMPLOYS GIRLS.

Newark Police Arrest Seven Young Women for Shoplifting.

Detectives Ryan and Donnelly of the Newark police force, assigned to investigate the outbreak of shoplifting in that city, decided yesterday that shoplifters had established a "fence" in Newark. They were seeking yesterday for three young women, whom they suspected were stealing for this man.

Ryan and Donnelly went to the third story of a house at 18 Alpine Street, where they found two girls, who became much alarmed at their appearance. They climbed through the windows of the room as though they intended to jump. The detectives seized the two young women, and a third appeared, whom they arrested also. At Police Headquarters the prisoners said they were Mary Smith, 18 years old, of 708 Magnolia Avenue; Elizabeth Edna Allen, 17 years old, and Louise Blum, 18 years old, who said they lived in the house where they were arrested. The same detectives arrested later two young women, who said they were Helen Ditmas, 17 years old, of Carteret, N. J. and Olive M. Greenwood, 16 years old, of 124 South Street, Newark.

According to the police, the Smith and Blum girls are on probation in New York in connection with thefts in a department store in Manhattan. The Allen girl is on probation for having run away from her home. The detectives said they found in the possession of the Ditmas girl a suitcase containing goods alleged to have been taken from the Bamberger store on Market Street, and a hat from the store of L. S. Plaut & Co., on Broad Street.

FIND DRUGS, ARREST WOMAN

Two Children in Apartment Detectives Raided.

When Lieut. Sullivan and Detectives Levins and Naimold of Inspector Cahalane's staff raided the apartment of Mrs. Melba Daly, at 425 West Twenty-fourth Street, yesterday, on a complaint that the woman was selling cocaine, they found two little children, who said they were Anna Daly, aged 10, and Mary, aged 5, huddled in a corner of one of the bedrooms. The children seemed not the least frightened by the officers, and when they were questioned denied that the woman suspected was their mother.

"We call her aunty," said the elder child.

The police arrested Mrs. Daly on charges of having cocaine in her possession and of violating the Sullivan law—a revolver had been found on a bureau. They searched the apartment and said they found three bottles labeled "morphine sulphate" and ten packages containing a white substance, said to be cocaine. There were also a pair of scales and 500 paper wrappers.

Mrs. Daly said that her husband had a printing establishment in West Forty-second Street, and that the little girls were her children. She was taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station and the children went to the Children's Society.

Fumigates School on Strike Threat.

Because of a threat made by the mothers of several pupils of Public School 56 at Richmond Hill that they would declare a strike and keep their children away from school unless the building was fumigated as a precaution against an epidemic of scarlet fever, the Health Department has decided to grant the request. The attitude of the mothers was contained in a letter sent to the Board of Education by Mrs. Nathaniel P. Babcock, Chairman of the Civic Committee of the Twentieth Century Club, a well-known woman's organization. She said there had been thirty-five cases of scarlet fever among the children attending the school. The building will be fumigated to-day.

SPENT $300 ON GOOSE HUNT.

On Staten Island Dr. Corwith Found the Three Stolen from Him.

After a search which has lasted nearly eight weeks and during which he spent about $300 Dr. Silas R. Corwith, a wealthy retired physician of Bridgehampton, L. I., yesterday succeeded in finding three blooded geese, valued at about $25, which he said were stolen from his estate on Feb. 14 last. The geese, looking much dirtier and leaner than when they were at Bridgehampton, were found in a chicken house in the rear of the house at 114 Jersey Street, New Brighton, Staten Island.

Joseph Kimbrowski and John Kazolsky, who lived in the house, were arrested, arraigned before Magistrate Marsh at Stapleton, and held in $300 bail for examination. They asserted ownership of the geese, but the physician insisted they were his. It is probable the geese will be "Exhibit A" when the case is called on Wednesday.

The prisoners said they hired twenty-five acres of land from the physician two years ago, and when their lease expired in February took the three geese with them because they owned them.

When the prisoners were arraigned in court the doctor agreed to drop the case and pocket his loss if the prisoners would turn over the geese to him, but the Magistrate would not listen to this, and ordered the men held on a charge of larceny.

Meanwhile the geese will receive special care and be fitted to return to Long Island and rejoin their aristocratic fellows on the doctor's estate.

LABORER AND STUDENT, TOO

Dr. W. H. Morgan Says at 23 He Could Neither Read Nor Write.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, April 9.—"I have lived two lives at the same time—that of the day laborer and that of the student—in my 53 years upon this earth," remarked to-day the Rev. Dr. William H. Morgan, pastor of Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church, New York, who is conducting a series of noon-day lenten services in Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church, Cincinnati.

"I was unable to read, write, spell or figure at the age of 23. I had been put into the rolling mill when only 10 years old. I had no great desire for education until it came upon me suddenly one day as I sat eating my dinner between the two flues of a puddling furnace. As I ate I sang the old hymn: "Jesus paid it all," and right there came a wonderful transformation in my life. It was the conversion to Christianity, and with it came a profound desire for an education.

"During my college days I was forced to get away from the puddling furnaces, which had helped pay my expenses. I worked with pick and shovel in street gangs, while going to college."

We are prepared to give prompt service for Easter

J. M. Gidding & Co.
554-56-58 Fifth Avenue At 46th St.

UNUSUAL VALUES IN

Smart Easter Apparel
for the Debutante and College Miss.

Tailleur Suits—$35, $45
Youthful styles adapted from the latest French models.
Women's Suits—$45, $58, $65, $75

Board-walk Coats, Capes & Cape-Coats
$35, $45, $65, $75
Swagger models, new materials and fashionable shades including flamingo, coral, chartreuse, melon, tangerine, plaids, stripes and checks.

Tailored and demi-tailored Frocks
Of cloth, $25, $35, $45. Of silk, $35, $48, $58

Unusually Attractive Values in
Easter Millinery
The latest French effects, in street and semi-dress styles, of fashionable lizere straw trimmed with ribbons and flowers—$18, $25, $30
Youthful Hats for Misses—$15

B. Altman & Co.
are prepared to make to order, at moderate prices,
Afternoon, Dancing and Dinner Gowns and Tailor-made Suits
in reproductions from the Paquin Collection d'Art and other French models.
Superior materials and workmanship are guaranteed.
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

The Vanitie Pump
Patent Vamp with Fawn Buck Back

A light, stylish Pump with Spanish Heel and very flexible sole. One of the many superior models we are showing this season.

Hanan & Son
Eight New York Stores
Broadway, corner 31st St.
Broadway, corner 38th St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St.
Broadway, corner Canal St.
Broadway, corner Fulton St.
297 Broadway, near Duane St.
35 Nassau St., corner Liberty St.
In Brooklyn at 360 Fulton St.

FOR EASTER
NEW SPRING CLOTHES
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN
BELOW COST.

The Hackett Carhart stores, now under the supervision of Charles Shongood, offer you at this time, when everyone is busy purchasing new clothes for the Spring season and for Eastertide, finest suits, top coats and Balmacaans made from imported and domestic fabrics, at prices below cost. Mr. Shongood is raising cash for the creditors, with whose consent he has been placed in charge of this company, and is sacrificing everything to attain this end. This is your golden opportunity to provide your clothing needs from finest stocks at lowest prices. Nowhere in New York can these values be duplicated, and our advice to you is to come early. The next three days will be busy ones at the Hackett Carhart stores.

Spring Suits for Men and Young Men

Made from Imported and Domestic Fabrics.
$9.50 Values to $18.00
Included in this lot are new spring suits in patch pocket, English, American, young men's and conservative models; pencil stripes, crashes, tweeds and all the popular fabrics of the season are included. They are tailored along highest standards.
$15.00 Values to $30.00
This collection of very finest suits would be offered by clothiers anywhere at $30.00 as excellent values at that price. For quick realization of cash they have been priced as above, and description is not adequate in giving an idea of their vast variety. Young men's, business men's and dress models are included; fabrics of every type, and sizes from 32 regular to 50 stout.

All Sizes and Models for Every Type and Build.
$13.50 Values to $27.50
This highest class collection of new spring suits for men and young men would be exceptional values at the originally intended price of $27.50. The very newest conceptions both in models and fabrics are included. Models for young men and men, no matter what their taste, are to be found here.
$17.50 Values to $37.50
You will have real cause to reproach yourself if you fail to investigate this lot of suits. It is a top-notch product, including many finest foreign, in a vast variety of models and colorings. Cost is disregarded. All must go to raise cash.

Spring Top Coats at Tremendous Reductions
Waterproofed Balmacaans, made from imported fabrics, silk-lined. $9.50 and up Values to $30
Black and Oxford Silk-lined Topcoats. Many silk-faced to the edge. $13.50 Values to $35

CHARLES SHONGOOD
(IN CHARGE OF AFFAIRS OF)
Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail
Only 3 Stores Left
265 BROADWAY Opposite City Hall, Near Chambers St.
841 BROADWAY Near Union Square.
119 WEST 42d STREET Near Broadway Open Evenings.

281 OUT-STATE BANKS FOR CENTRE HERE

Included All in Northern Jersey, Most in Connecticut, and 42 in Pennsylvania.

BESIDES SOME IN VERMONT

Polls in All Districts Favored Centre Chosen Except in Ohio—Baltimore to Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The poll of national banks as to preferences for reserve bank cities, as taken by the Reserve Bank Organization Committee and made public to-day, shows that in every case except Cleveland the city receiving the highest vote of the banks of the district was that selected.

The poll shows that the sentiment of the national banks of New Jersey was averse to being linked up with Philadelphia instead of New York, and that the Connecticut banks were overwhelmingly opposed to Boston and in favor of New York as their regional reserve centre.

The Jersey bankers' view dovetails with the vigorous protests being made by business men of Northern New Jersey against the assignment of the banks of Jersey City, Paterson, Newark, and Passaic to the Philadelphia Federal District.

A total of 708 out of 800 banks in District No. 3 (Philadelphia district) entering the reserve banking system voted, and of this total 188 were from New Jersey, of which 122 favored New York as their reserve banking city, while only 65 voted for the selection of Philadelphia. One New Jersey bank voted Boston as its first choice. The name of this bank could not be obtained. Forty banks in the eastern portion of Pennsylvania likewise voted in favor of New York as their regional bank centre. This made a total of 164 votes cast by the banks of the district in favor of New York, while 505 banks voted in favor of Philadelphia.

There are 478 banks in District No. 2 of the regional banking system that have adopted resolutions assenting to the provisions of the Federal Reserve act. All these banks were asked by the Organization Committee to vote their preference. The total number of banks which voted was 420, leaving 58 that did not vote.

The result of the polls of the banks of the New York district was as follows:

For New York City	393
For Buffalo	13
For Albany	10
For Boston	1
For Brooklyn	1
For Syracuse	1
For New York or Albany	1
Total	420

Brooklyn Bank Votes.

At least five of the six national banks in Brooklyn voted for some place other than Brooklyn as their regional reserve bank city. In Albany there are three national banks. The poll shows that ten national banks voted for Albany, which means that at least seven national banks outside of Albany voted for the selection of that city.

The poll discloses that sixty-four out of the seventy-one national banks of Connecticut voted for New York, as their regional reserve bank centre rather than Boston, which the Reserve Bank Organization Committee has selected as the centre for the New England district. There were 446 national banks in District No. 1 (Boston district) that agreed to enter the new regional reserve banking system. Of this number 394 voted.

Here is the way the banks of the six New England States voted:

	Boston.	N. Y.	Prov.	Total.
Maine	59	2	0	61
New Hampshire	50	0	0	50
Vermont	23	19	0	42
Massachusetts	137	17	0	154
Rhode Island	11	4	1	16
Connecticut	7	64	0	71
Total	287	106	1	394

This poll showed that practically all the banks of Connecticut were in favor of New York City and that nearly half the banks of Vermont also wanted the reserve bank centre there.

The poll in District No. 3, of which Philadelphia has been designated as the regional bank centre, was:

	Del.	N. J.	Penn.	Total.
Philadelphia	23	65	417	505
New York	0	122	42	164
Pittsburgh	..	0	23	23
Baltimore	1	0	11	12
Boston	0	1	1	2
Buffalo	0	0	1	1
Washington	0	0	1	1
Total	24	188	496	708

Votes for New York.

If the Reserve Bank Organization Committee had followed rigidly the result of the poll in the three districts named it would have named New York as the bank centre not only of its own district but of the territory embracing all of Connecticut, perhaps a portion of Vermont, a large portion of New Jersey, including the northern part of that State, and a portion of the northeastern corner of Pennsylvania. The national banks in these States favoring the selection of New York were:

In New York	393
In Connecticut	64
In Vermont	19
In New Jersey	122
In Eastern Pennsylvania	42
Total	640

The poll shows that banks in other parts of the country favored New York, though they will be linked up with other cities as their regional reserve centres. The vote for New York City from other States was:

Maine, 2; Massachusetts, 17; Rhode Island, 4; West Virginia, 1; Ohio, 2; Western Pennsylvania, 3; Maryland, 1; Virginia, 1; Texas, 1; California, 2. Total—34.

In other words, 640 national banks from New York and four from States in its immediate vicinity, and thirty-four national banks from more distant States, a grand total of 674 national banks, voted in favor of New York as their reserve city. There were 6,721 national banks voting in the Organization Committee's poll and a fraction of a little more than 10 per cent. of all the national banks of the country participating in the poll favored New York City as their regional banking centre. A total of 281 national banks outside the State of New York voted in favor of the selection of New York, but all these 281 banks will not be attached to the city of their preference, but to Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Dallas, or San Francisco.

Exactly 800 banks in the district which will have Philadelphia as its centre have accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve act, and 708 participated in the official poll.

Cleveland Was Outvoted.

The only exception to the rule of giving the regional bank to the city getting its district's largest vote was Cleveland. Of 724 national banks in the pan-handle of West Virginia, Eastern Kentucky, Ohio, and Western Pennsylvania, or what will be known as District 4, which accepted the provisions of the Federal Reserve Banking law, 685 voted. Pittsburgh received more votes than any other city as first choice, 294 voting for that city, 194 for Cincinnati, 110 for Cleveland, 36 for Columbus, and 31 for Louisville. Cleveland, though their third choice, was selected.

Pittsburgh was favored by 256 of the 268 national banks in Western Pennsylvania, by 31 of the 343 Ohio banks, and by 7 of the 8 West Virginia banks. Cincinnati was the choice of 160 Ohio banks and of 34 of the 66 Kentucky banks. Cleveland was favored by only 107 Ohio banks and by 37 Western Pennsylvania banks. Nearly half of the Ohio banks wanted Cincinnati, while less than a third were for Cleveland.

The vote for the Fifth District, where Richmond is to be the regional bank, and where Maryland bankers are keenly disappointed over the result, discloses that the national banks of West Virginia were not in favor of the selection of that city. There are ninety-seven national banks in West Virginia, attached to the Richmond district, of which thirty-four favored Pittsburgh, twenty-six Cincinnati, and twenty-one Baltimore, while Richmond was only favored by the remaining sixteen.

A mass meeting is to be held by the bankers and merchants of Baltimore next Wednesday night in that city to protest against the selection of Richmond. President Rufus M. Gibbs of the Baltimore Board of Trade and President Charles E. Falconer of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association of Baltimore, were in Washington to-day to invite the Maryland Senators and Representatives to attend the meeting. The Maryland Congressmen have not been asked to speak, but were told that their presence was wanted to hear why Maryland financial and commercial leaders feel aggrieved over the choice of Richmond.

FAVOR SINGLE NAME PAPER.

Credit Men Also for Stimulating Issue of Double Name Paper.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 9.—The acceptance of "single-name" commercial paper for rediscount under the terms of the new Federal reserve act, but with a gradually increasing discrimination in favor of two-name paper so as to encourage the issue of the latter, is urged upon the Federal Reserve Bank Organization Committee in a letter sent to it to-day by the Banking and Currency Committee of the National Association of Credit Men. The letter will also be sent to the 19,000 members of the latter organization.

The recommendations have been framed after several months' consultation with bankers and business men throughout the country, and embody the consensus of such opinion on the subject.

The association in its letter also urges that the rediscount provisions of the new law be extended to commercial bills based on merchandise in storage or transit.

In order to stimulate the issuance of double-name paper it recommends that the amount of single-name paper accepted for rediscount during the first year of the new act be limited to 90 per cent. of the total accepted, to 85 per cent. the second year and to 75 per cent. the third year, and that two-name paper and commercial bills have a slightly lower rate of discount than single-name paper.

The letter heartily commends the new banking act, and says it will lead to a correction of abuses of the inelastic form of credit involved in open accounts. The letter adds:

"The National Association of Credit Men has distinctly in view the encouragement of less rigid forms of credit than our customary open account and the saving of the credit system from periodic and expensive disturbances.

"Our general credit form of open account and the acceptance for discount of single-name paper or the notes of corporations indorsed by officers and directors are unique in the world's commerce, and while unquestionably progressive and responsive to the development of big business, yet have likewise induced certain practices which tend to commercial failures."

OBJECTION BY OMAHA BANKS.

Don't Want to be Placed in Kansas City District—Prefer Chicago.

OMAHA, Neb., April 9.—Officials of the National Bank of Omaha drew up a protest to-day to the Secretary of the Treasury objecting to placing of Omaha in the Kansas City district of the reserve banking system.

The protest, which is the formal action of the Omaha Clearing House, asserts that the selection of some of the locations for regional reserve banks was not made with a view to the customary course of business, and therefore is not in accordance with the currency law.

The protest asks that if Omaha may not have a regional bank of its own, it should be thrown into the Chicago district, as the trend of business is in that direction.

Hackensack Bankers Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 9.—Bankers and business men here are protesting the order of the Federal Reserve Organization Committee assigning the banks of Newark, Jersey City, Paterson, Passaic, and other centres in Northern New Jersey to the Philadelphia Federal Reserve district. Howard D. Terhune, cashier of the Hackensack National Bank, and Edgar H. Lee, cashier of the People's National Bank, said to-day that they had signed a protest prepared by William M. Van Dusen, cashier of the National Newark Banking Company and Chairman of the New Jersey Banking Association.

Denver Banks Will Not Protest.

DENVER, Col., April 9.—The banks of Denver will not join in any formal protest on the location of the regional reserve banks, as announced recently by the Committee on Organization. This statement was made to-day by Gordon Jones, Chairman of the Joint Committee of the Denver Clearing House Association and the Chamber of Commerce.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Our great variety of Spring Suits, Overcoats, Raglans and Slip-ons ready-to-put-on eliminates delay in finding what you want and exactly as you want it.

The keynote in the selection of our Spring fabrics is, as it always has been, "the best at any cost." It has been the means of establishing our reputation for making the best clothes for the least money in New York.

Promptness is our watchword in delivering Easter purchases.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

KINGSBURY REVEALS EVILS IN HOSPITALS

Overcrowding, Poor Food and Shortage of Nurses Found on Blackwell's Island.

FIRE PERIL IN LOCKED WARDS

Shacks Built for 67 Tuberculosis Patients Contain 197—Pallets and "Floor Beds" Common.

John A. Kingsbury, Commissioner of Charities, issued a statement yesterday describing the conditions on Blackwell's Island he had found on his unannounced visit with Mayor Mitchel and two other members of the Board of Estimate on Tuesday night, and on other unheralded visits which he had previously made.

Commissioner Kingsbury said the conditions on the Island were exceedingly bad, but some improvement had been shown within the last few months. The hospitals, he said, were so overcrowded that it was impossible to give proper medical attention to each case and their physical conditions were calculated to sicken persons who arrived well. Poor food and a shortage of nurses he named as among the defects of the hospitals.

"As for the Metropolitan Hospital, where the worst conditions of overcrowding on the Island were found," his report continues, "the Charity Organization Society did not exaggerate in saying that 'the overcrowded conditions in the largest tuberculosis hospital, the Metropolitan, are a disgrace to the community.'

"On my several night investigations I found that all the hospitals in the city, with the exception of the Central Neurological Hospital, are taxed far beyond their capacity. In every ward I saw more beds than would be permitted by the Board of Health in a private institution. In the City Hospital 'floor beds' have to be used every night. It contains now almost a thousand patients, and the Neurological Hospital is taking care of 100 more in its wards.

"It was in the Metropolitan, however, that the most shameful conditions were found to exist. Nearly two thousand patients are crowded into its wards. About half of them have tuberculosis. Two, and often three patients suffering from tuberculosis were to be seen crowded into small rooms intended for one."

In the stone building, formerly an asylum for the insane, now an infirmary, Commissioner Kingsbury found patients so crowded on "floor beds" that it was difficult to avoid stepping on them. In the Women's Tuberculosis Infirmary, the Commissioner said, two and three patients were sleeping in rooms large enough for one and many sick inmates had no better sleeping accommodations than beds on the floor in the corridor. In the children's ward he found that two sick children frequently had been placed in cribs intended for one and that they were insufficiently covered.

Congestion in Shacks.

"The state of the sixteen glass and wood shacks designed expressly for the fresh-air treatment of tuberculosis was particularly to be condemned in that congestion constituted no excuse," he continued. "Unannounced and unexpected I looked into each of those shacks in the middle of the night when no nurse was to be seen. Doors and windows and moveable walls were closed and the air in the badly crowded interior was as foul as though each were hermetically sealed.

"In the sixteen shacks, which, according to the regulations of the State Board of Charities for hospitals, should have contained but 67 patients, I counted 197, an excess of 130, or 194 per cent. above the allowance of beds under State Board regulations.

"As a result of the overflow of tuberculosis patients, the solarium in which they sit in the daytime, has been called upon to serve as a sleeping place at night. When I entered this glass-covered structure, which is just north of the hospital building, I found that there was scarcely room to walk among the prostrate forms of the sleepers. Some were on cots, but many more were on pallets on the floor. On all sides the coughing was incessant. Doors and windows were closed, and the air was very close, foul and altogether insufferable in the nostrils of a well man.

"Many of the ill men seemed to be breathing with difficulty, and the harm done to them must have been very great. While this use of the solarium has relieved to some degree the unbearable pressure on the infirmary proper, some other arrangements must be made to terminate the inhuman conditions.

"A night tour of the buildings of the New York City Home for the Aged and Infirm, which contain upward of 3,000 inmates, a slight majority of whom are men, reveals conditions which the public ought to know if there is to be a betterment.

"Not only is this class of the city's dependent poor failing to receive the kind of care that modern standards and public opinion demand, but in some instances they could not be said to receive humane care. We found the old men and women in the home on Blackwell's Island crowded beyond the point of human decency and in violation of every principle of sleeping room hygiene.

"To show how severely overcrowded are the city's aged and infirm, it may be said that we are forced to let 1,321 men and women live in wards in which the Board of Health would not permit more than 725 to lodge. The number of beds in private hospitals is limited by the State Board of Charities by the restriction that there shall be for each patient 1,200 cubic feet of air space. As the figures given indicate, the provision which the Commissioner of Public Charities has been able to make with the funds available is grossly inadequate and far below the reasonable standard of health and decency."

After describing the congestion and the bad sanitary arrangements of the Home for the Aged, Commissioner Kingsbury continued:

"One could only shudder at the frightful possibilities of a night fire in one of these congested buildings, where several of the women's wards were actually found locked, with the key in the possession of one of the sleepers within.

"What we want to do is to put the aged and the infirm in a real home maintained by the city. What is needed is efficient administration and money. We can save in many places, but we are called upon to spend more than we can save. The tuberculosis hospital situation must be relieved, and I have worked out plans to that end. As far as the almshouses go, although they are physically inadequate, improvements in them must be largely a matter of administration."

Formerly the almhouse, according to Commissioner Kingsbury, was an asylum for the criminal, the feeble-minded, the insane, the inebriates, the sick, and the respectable poor. The insane are now removed to State institutions, and the city is making the same change in the case of the feeble-minded. The criminals go to the workhouse.

"But we still have the vagrants and the inebriates sleeping side by side with perfectly respectable old people," said Mr. Kingsbury.

"When we finish the programme for which the city is ready, and which ought to begin right now, things on the island will be decent, and we could have a real home for the aged and infirm of New York. The city has already committed itself to the policy of removing inebriates to a colony. And Commissioner Davis is working out a plan to relieve the almshouse of vagrants. We can't get the courts to commit them to workhouses, but a suitable farm colony would solve the problem."

"TIGE" GOT POSTAL CARD.

After a Search the Carrier Found the Right Bull Pup.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMOND, Ind., April 9.—A postal card came from Hot Springs to-day addressed to "Tige, Hammond, Indiana." It read: "Hello! Tige. Are you a good dog?" It was signed "Mother."

Julius Kosanke, a mail carrier, agreed to try to deliver it. He called "Tige" to dogs all day. He came at last to a house where a bow-legged, sway-backed bullpup ran out to meet him. The dog growled savagely. Kosanke said, "Hello, Tige!" The dog wagged his stubby tail. The carrier asked the woman of the house if her dog's name was "Tige." It was.

"Have you a letter from his 'Mother'?" the woman asked. The carrier handed over the postal card.

"Here is a letter to his 'Mother,'" said the woman, who was Mrs. Martin Linz. "Please mail it."

There Is Nothing Cut Out of the
Light Weight Six
CHANDLER $1785
Built by Men Who Know

Experienced motorists, examining the Chandler for the first time, are surprised to find that not a single thing has been *cut out* of the car, or *cheapened*, to make its price possible.

Here is the highest grade lightweight six. Pressed steel and cast aluminum, instead of heavy forgings, give the Chandler greatest strength without needless weight.

All materials and parts up to finest standards.

A full season's service in the hands of hundreds of owners has not developed a single mechanical weakness in the Chandler.

Come see for yourself.

Brady-Murray Motors Corporation
55th St. West of Broadway—Columbus 9177.
F. H. CRONEBACH,
1060 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
THE WHITING MOTOR CO.,
486 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

The "Kayser" SILK Glove

Time Has Tested
Kayser Silk Gloves

and experience has proved them to be the best silk gloves made, yet they cost no more than the ordinary kind.

When you are asked to buy a substitute for "KAYSER" Silk Gloves insist on the Genuine "KAYSER"

Look for "KAYSER" in the hem. It insures maximum value for the price paid.

A guarantee ticket with every pair that the tips outwear the gloves

Short "KAYSER" Silk Gloves 50c to $1.25
Long "KAYSER" Silk Gloves 75c to $2.00

AT ALL STORES

NEW HEAD PRAISES POLICE.

Commissioner Woods Approves of What He Saw on Tour.

Police Commissioner Woods, after spending a large part of the night inspecting police stations in Manhattan and Brooklyn, was at his desk in Police Headquarters at 9 o'clock yesterday morning ready to begin his second day's service.

On Wednesday night's tour of the stations he found everything in "tip top" shape, he said, so far as a superficial glance showed. He praised the condition of the station blotters, the neatness and soldierly appearance of the men, and the general cleanliness of the station houses. The dormitories, he said, might be improved in many ways, and this was one of the things that he was going to attend to very soon.

Commissioner Woods said he liked his job, but was going slow in making changes. He referred to the McKay administration, and said that everything Mr. McKay had done as Commissioner with which he had come in contact met with his hearty approval.

F. S. Paterno and Other Paternos.

Francis S. Paeerno, who was sent to Ludlow Street Jail on Tuesday by an order of Supreme Court Justice Weeks following the action of Mildred Paterno for a separation and alimony, has no connection in any way with Dr. Charles V. Paterno, Joseph Paterno, the Paterno Construction Company, or Paterno Brothers.

RIKER AND HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

PERFUMES AND TOILET REQUISITES
STATIONERY
CANDY
CANDY
Candy

Easter Candies

Do You Believe in Fairies? Certainly! You know as well as any grown-up that fairy rabbits lay the brightly-colored Easter Eggs. The trouble is that in America every one lives in big towns, and the towns are so full of houses and folks that there is no room for the bunnies to build nests in which to lay their eggs. Realizing the gravity of this situation, we have arranged for a very fine lot of Easter Eggs made of the very nicest candies! And they are here now, all ready and waiting for you. Our Easter candies are made for us by the foremost candy manufacturers who make the purest, the best, the most delicious chocolates and bonbons in the world.

CHOCOLATE CREAM
EASTER EGGS
SIX IN A CRATE
RIKER'S DRUG STORES

Among the Easter novelties is a pretty crate of 6 Chocolate Eggs with whipped cream filling. Last year they were received by the children with the wildest kind of delight, and we were entirely unable to supply the demand. This year we hope to have enough to go around. Price 25c

Park & Tilford Chocolate Cream Eggs

that look just like an egg and have a yolk, too. Various flavored cream fillings, some with chopped nuts in them. Price. 10c

Farm Folks

Of all the farm folks we like the handsome, strutting rooster the best. Chocolate roosters we like better than others because they are so good to eat 10c

Cute Chocolate Hens..... 10c

Mother Hen

Package, containing ten delicious cream eggs. These eggs are a wee bit smaller than the average, and by many considered more toothsome. The box.. 10c

Chocolate Bunnies

Made of delicious fine quality chocolate.
Wee little ones for 5c.
Larger ones for 10c.
And great big ones for 15c.

Ten Little Bunnies

All in a box. Each one made of marshmallow and so good to eat that you'll wish you had a bunny farm, too. The box 10c

Black Sheep

Yes, that is what they are—bold black sheep. But bad? Goodness, NO! They are just as GOOD as they can be and made of the most delicious chocolate. Try one and see. The cost is only........ 20c

Marshmallow Chicks

Just hatched by the marshmallow factory, and packed ten in a box. So fluffy and cute that you want to eat them—which, of course, you do. The box 10c

At Our Soda Fountains
Ruby Frappe, 10c

Ruby Frappe is a combination of wild cherry syrup, marshmallow whip and shredded cocoanut, spread over a mound of Riker's perfect ice cream—and a bouncing red cherry on top! Price 10c

Easter Perfumes

Whether she's maid, wife or sweetheart, she'll be expecting your Easter offering and listening to the ring at the doorbell that will announce it.

You will be wise if you do not disappoint her and wiser still if your gift takes the form of perfume—finer and more distinctive than you have ever given her before.

Every woman is eager to find a really expressive perfume.

Mary Garden Perfume

With magic skill Monsieur Rigaud has succeeded in conveying in this delightful perfume the eternal wonder of the Diva's charm. In far Mandalay the beautiful Orientals use Mary Garden Perfume as an offering to the priests in the Temples of Buddha. In our own land beauty pays no less marked tribute to the charm of this unusual fragrance. East and West its appealing fragrance has captured the senses of the luxury-loving and the appreciative.

Extract	$1.00, $2.00, and $4.00
Toilet Water	$3.00
Face Powder	$2.00
Talcum Powder	50c
Sachet	$1.50
Smelling Salts	50c

Lilas de Rigaud
The Perfume of Old-Fashioned Gardens and Tender Memories.

Lilas de Rigaud is unmistakably lilac—pure, fresh, dew-drenched lilac. As half-inviting, half-elusive and as wholly adorable as a May day itself.

All Lilas packages are "Gems of Artistic Beauty."

Each package is tied with lavender silk cord and sealed with beautiful gold label. Any of these beautiful packages makes a welcome addition to milady's dressing table.

Extract	$1.00, $2.00, $3.50
Lilas Sachet	$1.50
Lilas Toilet Water	$3.50
Lilas Cold Cream	50c
Lilas Bath Salt	$1.00
Lilas Talcum Powder	50c

Cupid's Darts

The Perfect Easter Gift. A fragrance so subtle and captivating that by some it is called "the love nectar with which Cupid tips his darts." Encased in beautiful glass stoppered bottle. Price only...... $1.00

"High Jinks"

A fascinating perfume which raises "High Jinks" with Despondency. It magically drives away the blues, clears the air of trouble, and causes all who use it to be joyously happy. Such is the pretty story told about it.
Extract, $1 & $3.00
Toilet Water... $2.50
Sachet $1.50

Dainty Perfumes for Dainty Women

Our assortment consists of the most popular odors of the world's greatest perfumes and is so large and varied that we can satisfy the most exacting.

Incensia Perfume

Is a distinctive essence, full of the magic sweetness of the luxury-loving East. It is a glorious fragrance altogether unlike any other.
Extract, $1 and $2. Toilet Water, 75c. and $1.25.
Sachet Powder, 60c.
Talcum Powder—We have never known a talcum, imported or domestic, purer, softer, or more temptingly perfumed than Incensia; 25c.
Cake Powder—Indispensable for carrying in the handbag. Dainty box, contains a cake of Incensia Face Powder and a tiny lamb's wool puff; rose, rachel, blanche, naturelle, 30c. each; rouge No. 18 and rouge brunette, 35c.

Charmona Perfume

This golden essence in its aristocratic bottle, with golden seal, in a box of golden tint, makes a gift of rare beauty.
Extract, $2.00.
Toilet Water, $1.00.
Sachet, 75c, 20c.

Violet Excelsis

has the true out-of-doors violet fragrance—unmistakable, lasting, yet inexpressibly delicate and pleasing.
Extract, $1.25 and $2.50.
Toilet Water, 75c and $1.50.
Talcum Powder, 15c.
Violet Excelsis Face Powder is for the most particular of dainty women. It is exquisitely fine in texture and is made in flesh, brunette, pink and white. The box........ 50c

Riker's True Floral Extracts

Violet, White Rose, Jockey Club, Lily of the Valley, White Lilac, White Heliotrope and Carnation. Dainty ribbon tied bottles, with frosted stoppers.
25c, 50c & 75c

A $1.50 Brass Cigar Lighter and Ash Tray 75c

Friday—Saturday, April 10th—11th

We will sell to each customer buying a box of cigars or a box of 50 or 100 cigarettes in our stores one of these dollar and a half Combined Ash Trays and Lighters for seventy-five cents. It is a very attractive and practical article, which will be useful for years.

Stationery
Is a Gift That Lasts Long Beyond Easter

If you are very particular about the papeterie you would send, be sure you can find satisfaction in the exclusive line of madras, lawn, and linen papers we can show you. This Department in all Riker and Hegeman Drug Stores is complete with all equipment needed for the writing desk of the most fastidious.

A few of our most popular papers are listed below:

Ivolin Writing Paper—A fine quality fabric-finish-linen stationery, fashionable size and shape, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes, in artistic box, 25c.

Ivolin Correspondence Cards—Correct for brief notes; 24 cards and 24 envelopes, in pretty box, 29c.

Treasury Writing Paper—50 sheets and 50 envelopes of excellent linen. Refined stationery for particular writers. Box, 29c.

And a large assortment of popular papers at lowest prices.

A FOUNTAIN PEN

As an Easter Gift is certain to be much appreciated. Nowadays nearly everybody feels the need of one of these handy pens. The cost is a trifle compared to the service they give.

Parker "Lucky Curve" Fountain Pens in various sizes. Plain or mounted with gold or silver, from $1.50 up.

Peep!
Said the Chicks

when we told them they were to be sold to bring Easter joy to Kiddies everywhere. Of course they were delighted.
Large fuzzy Chicks..... 25c
Small fuzzy Chicks..... 15c

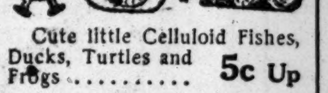
The Proper Bunny to Hug

Cute, snuggly bunnies, with fuzzy brown, gray or white fur. Just the kind Kiddies love to hug. The smallest bunnies cost only 15c. The larger ones are priced according to their size.
25c, 50c and 75c

RUBBER TOYS

No paint to rub off. No metal to scratch 23c Up

FLOATING TOYS



Cute little Celluloid Fishes, Ducks, Turtles and Frogs .... 5c Up

Kodak Service

We have the most up-to-date and well-equipped developing, printing and finishing department. Cameras in all styles, ranging in price from $1.00 upwards.

English Ivory Toilet Set a Welcome Addition to the Dressing Table

These sets are faultlessly finished and possess the beauty of the more costly sets of real ivory.

Ladies' 10-Piece English Ivory Set

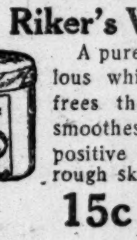
Consisting of 6 inch beveled mirror with straight handle; 13-row flat-back hair brush, extra quality bristles; 9-row flat back cloth brush; 8-inch comb; puff box; pomade box; nail buffer with tray; flexible nail file; shoe horn; button-hook. Complet, in white morocco finish box. Remarkable value. Without monogram, $10.89; with monogram engraved on every piece........ $13.98

Ladies' 3-Piece English Ivory Set

Consisting of 6-inch beveled mirror, with straight handle; 13-row flat-back hair brush with extra quality bristles, and 8-inch comb. Packed in white morocco finish box. Without monogram, $4.98; with monogram...... $5.98

Gentleman's 5-piece English Ivory Set
consisting of 5½-inch beveled mirror, with ring handle, pair of flat-back military brushes; 9-row flat-back cloth brush, 7-inch comb. Handsome, practical set with good wearing qualities. In white morocco finish box—
Without monogram $8.89
With monogram or popular block letter... $12.19

Riker's Violet Cerate



A pure, greaseless cream of miraculous whitening qualities. It quickly frees the pores from all dirt and smoothes and beautifies the skin. A positive prevention of chapping and rough skin.
15c and 50c

Improved Cold Cream

RIKER'S COLD CREAM

Riker's Improved Cold Cream is the purest of skin cleansers — always sweet, no matter how long it is kept. Made from purest ingredients only.
Tube, 10c and 25c
Jar, 25c, 50c and 75c

You Are Safe When You Buy at
RIKER AND HEGEMAN DRUG STORES
Telephone Your Orders to Nearest Riker-Hegeman Store.
MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, 200 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

THIRTY-SIX WOMEN GRADUATES IN LAW

Closing Exercises of the Class at the New York University.

TWO SCHOLARSHIPS GIVEN

Miss Lehing and Miss Cummings Winners — Money Prizes to Miss Lewis for an Essay.

Closing exercises of the women's law class of New York University were held last night at the University buildings, in Washington Square. A class of thirty-six was graduated, havong taken a one-year course designed to teach most of the fundamentals of law but not expected to prepare for practice before the bar. Among the speaker were Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, Frank Moss, and Dean Clarence D. Ashley of the New York University Law School.

Two prizes of scholarships in the three-year law course of the university were awarded. Teh first went to Miss Clara A. Lehing. Mrs. Laura Lewis won honorable mention. The second scholarship was awarded to Miss Lucy M. Cummings.

The graduating class consisted of the following:

Annie Armstrong,
Jean B. Ban,
Pauline Borgoe,
Maude A. Briggs,
Margaret Campbell,
Charlotte B. Coles,
Lucy M. Cummings,
Margaret Deyo,
Agnes E. De Monde,
Grace M. Eidlitz,
Helen Friedman,
Laura G. Grant,
Genevra E. Gubbins,
Lillian A. Goring,
Bertha E. Hahnemann,
Ottilie Hertlein,
Mildred Herman,
Sarah J. Horrowitz,
Katherine C. Tyde,
Grace L. Johnson,
Dora T. Kaiser,
Martha King,
Florence E. Kroehle,
Clara A. Lehing,
Hattie Lorber,
Laura Lewis,
Bertha Mapes,
Carrie K. Medalia,
Marie A. Worden,
Isabel Phelps Peck,
Kathryn L. Powers,
Augusta Pshierer,
Annie Scheiber,
Mary Agnes Simons,
Frances Smith,
Caroline Stilwell.

A prize of $50 was awarded to Miss Laura Lewis for the best essay on "Public Control of Health Conditions in the Schools."

GEORGIA PEACHES IN PERIL.

Frost May Wipe Out the Crop—Drop of 30 Degrees at Mobile.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 9.—The fate of the Georgia peach crop is in the balance to-night. The Weather Bureau predicts a heavy frost all over the State, and if the frost comes few peaches will be shipped from Georgia next Summer. At 11 o'clock to-night, however, a strong wind was blowing, and so far had served to keep off the frost. In Middle and South Georgia, where there are large orchards, smudges were being burned to-night in an effort to minimize the damage.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 9.—Not much damage is expected from the cold wave in the Maryland peach belt. Few of the trees have blossomed in any section of Maryland, and in some places they are not yet in bud. There are indications of a freeze to-night, but the loss will not be heavy.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Winter's belated touch, enveloping the entire East, set new records to-day at official thermometers.

In New Orleans straw hats and Spring finery were replaced by Winter overcoats. Throughout the South Atlantic and Gulf States heavy damage to fruits and early crops was feared. A thirty-degree drop in a few hours was recorded at Mobile. Snow flurries were recorded as far South as Greeneville, S. C.

Warmer weather is expected by Friday, except on the Atlantic Coast.

FISHERS SEE WATERSPOUT.

Raised at Flanders, L. I., by Whirlwind That Tangoed with Chickens.

Special to The New York Times.

FLANDERS, L. I., April 9.—Members of the Flanders Shooting and Fishing Club, who own Flanders Lake, told graphic stories to-day about a waterspout, caused by a miniature whirlwind, which swept across the lake yesterday from the northwest to the southeast shores, endangering the lives of those who were out on the water in boats. A number of fine specimens of trout were tossed on the shore by the spout, they said.

Capt. Robert W. Penney of Flanders and George Meyer of Great Neck, L. I., a son of Cord Meyer, who were in the middle of the lake casting their flies for trout, narrowly escaped a ducking. Capt. Penney had just hooked a big fish when the gale descended.

"The waterspout caused by that whirlwind was about eight feet thick and ten feet high," said Capt. Penney. "It passed so near us that the little boat we were in was sucked toward it, and it seemed that we passed directly beneath it. The water from its 'tail' showered down on us. Fortunately, we escaped injury, but it was more by good luck than anything else."

Norton Perkins and Newbold L. Herrick of Lawrence, L. I., were also out on the lake in boats and witnessed the spectacle, but the spout passed them at a distance of several hundred feet. The spout passed over the lake with great rapidity and collapsed on the southeast shore line.

The whirlwind did some damage in the vicinity of the lake before it lost itself in Shinnecock Bay. A shed on the estate of Herman May was torn from its foundation and tossed a score of feet into the air. It crashed to the ground a complete wreck.

A flock of fifty chickens on the farm of Percy Moore got in the pathway of the whirlwind. They were tossed about like chips and thrown against a wire fence. The air was filled with feathers.

It was the first whirlwind to visit this part of Long Island for fifteen years. The other one was much worse. It uprooted trees, tore houses from their foundations, and wrecked a large brick schoolhouse in Woodhaven.

TWO MORE SMALLPOX CASES

Health Commissioner Sends Out Another Vaccination Warning.

Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Commissioner of health, issued another warning to the public yesterday, following the discovery of two new cases of smallpox in the city. The cases were those of Charity Davis, a laundress employed by Mrs. Frederick Bettlini of 448 Central Park West, with whom Mrs. Alice Oldham was stopping when she was stricken on March 23, and John Lubeck, a negro of 348 West Forty-first Street.

"For their own protection all persons should be vaccinated immediately," said Dr. Goldwater last night. "The case of Charity Davis illustrates the danger to which any one coming into the slightest contact with those in any way connected with a person who has been stricken is exposed. Mrs. Davis was vaccinated immediately after the case of Mrs. Oldham was discovered, but it was evidently too late then to be of any use.

"I cannot urge upon the public too strongly the necessity for taking the precaution of being vaccinated. Those who have not been vaccinated recently for their own safety should have it done now."

The cases discovered yesterday make a total of six for the last month. The patients were removed to the Kingston Avenue Hospital in Brooklyn.

INHERITS SECOND FORTUNE.

Income of Aunt's $1,000,000 Estate for John H. Tyson.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., April 9.—John H. Tyson, the wealthy young automobilist and yachtsman, has fallen heir to another fortune. By the will of Mrs. Fannie A. Hamilton, an aunt, who died on Monday of last week on board a train at Savannah, Ga., while on her way from Hope Sound, Fla., to Greenwich, he inherits the income from the bulk of her estate, which is said to be worth more than $1,000,000.

Mrs. Hamilton was the trustee of the estate of Catherine H. Tyson, grandmother of young Tyson, who left personal property in stocks and bonds worth about $3,000,000 to the grandson. Her trusteeship has been transferred to Judge Charles D. Lockwood of Stamford, who will now hold the earlier fortune in trust for Mr. Tyson.

CHICAGO WOMEN FOR FULL SUFFRAGE

Plan Hot Campaign After Result of Their Votes in Closing Saloons.

POLITICIANS ARE PUZZLED

Admit That They Cannot Tell the Tendency of Women on Political Questions.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 9.—With a realization that as a result of the interjection of women's votes in Illinois a thousand saloons or more will close their doors, adding sixteen counties to the thirty already dry, out of a total of 102 counties in the State, political leaders of all parties are figuring out the possible future effect of votes for women. They admit that they know little more as to the tendency of the vote than they did before election. They only know women are in politics to stay.

The women of the State outside of Cook County, in which is situated the City of Chicago, are almost solidly arrayed on the side of abolishment of the saloon. It is foreseen that the saloon in a few years will have passed out of existence throughout the State save in Chicago, which will become the battlefield of the "Drys" and the "Wets" for supremacy.

The women suffrage element in Illinois plan a determined fight for universal suffrage.

"The next step," said Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout, President of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association, to-day, "is to agitate for a constitutional convention so that our men may give us the right to vote in national affairs."

Miss Harriet Viettum, President of the Woman's City Club, said: "The women of Chicago must not let up for a single instant. The election and the result of it is a direct challenge to the women of the city to get into politics and stay in."

"Full suffrage is undoubtedly the next step," said Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, president of the Chicago Equal Suffrage Association. "In Chicago the women should perfect their organization and wait for the next election."

Mrs. Harriette Taylor Tredwell, President of the Chicago Political Equality League, said: "I am in favor of having a constitutional convention called as the best means the women can take to convince the men."

UNDESIRABLES DRIVEN OUT.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, April 9.—Two cars filled with men and women who have been ordered deported by the Government left for New York over the Lackawanna to-night. They will be taken to Ellis Island and at once sent out of the country.

Among the forty-five women are hardened residents of the underworlds of a dozen great cities, as well as many young girls from Russia, Spain, and Italy. The men represent cadets, procurers, and agents for the White Slave traffic. A very few are the average undesirable aliens ordered deported because of disease or poverty.

The train started from San Francisco with undesirables gathered by Uncle Sam's agents in that city, Los Angeles, Seattle, Spokane, Portland, and Sacramento. Others picked up en route were from Guthrie, Okla., Omaha, and Chicago. Federal Marshal Goudy of Los Angeles, is in charge of the train, with four other Marshals and a number of Chicago detectives.

STEAMER SINKS BARK THREE DROWNED

The Crowell, from Boston, Rams the Orellana at Full Speed in a Mist Off Barnegat.

CRAZED CREW SWAMP BOATS

Ten Men with Mate's Wife Picked Up Out of the Water and Taken to Newport News.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 9.—Bringing the dead body of the captain and eleven survivors of the crew of the Norwegian bark Orellana, which she rammed and sunk off Barnegat, N. J., last night at 10 o'clock, the American steamer Peter H. Crowell arrived to-night from Boston. Two men went down with the Orellana and the captain was dead when taken from the water.

Details of the wreck were hard to obtain, as the Crowell had not docked, and will not land the survivors until to-morrow. Capt. A. L. Kent, shore captain for the Crowell and Thurlow Steamship Company of Boston, owners of the Crowell, and Capt. Vail of the steamer, refused to give out any information. The only authentic account obtainable was obtained from the Norwegian Consul, M. M. Richardson, to whom a report of the disaster was made, but who has not yet been supplied the names of the survivors or the two men who went down with the bark.

Capt. Vail reported to Mr. Richardson that the collision occurred in misty weather with the sea calm, and was due to the poor lights displayed by the Orellana. The Crowell struck the bark while steaming at full speed. The wooden ship filled rapidly, and fifty minutes after being struck sank in seventeen fathoms of water.

Capt. Vail said that great confusion prevailed aboard the bark following the crash, Capt. Johannsen losing control of his men entirely. The sailors, after Capt. Johannsen and the mate had succeeded in getting the latter's wife into one of the two boats, piled into them so wildly that both were swamped. In the meantime the Crowell was standing by. Capt. Vail had ordered his life boats lowered and Capt. Johannsen, the woman and ten men were picked up.

Capt. Johannsen, who was 65 years old, was dead when taken in one of the rescue boats, and his death is thought to have been due to heart disease aggravated by the excitement of the wreck. Two members of the crew failed to leave in the boats, and went down with the ship. Whether they misjudged the time the vessel would stay afloat or were left to die aboard the ship could not be learned to-night.

In their haste to leave the bark members of the crew did not stop to get their personal belongings. Some were scantly clad and all were half frozen from their stay in the water between the time their boats were swamped and when they were picked up. They were taken on the Crowell and made comfortable for the remainder of the night.

The Orellana was fifty-seven days out from Boulogne, France, for New York, and the Crowell was bound from Boston to this port.

The Orellana was a steel bark of 891 tons, built at Glasgow in 1885 by J. Reid & Co. She was 198 feet 6 inches long, with a beam of 33 feet 7 inches and a depth of 19 feet 8 inches. Her Captain, J. E. Johannesen, was also part owner.

The Peter H. Crowell is a steamer of 2,423 gross tonnage, built at Boston for the Crowell & Thurlow Steamship Company of Newport News.

An Equitable distinction and a broad one

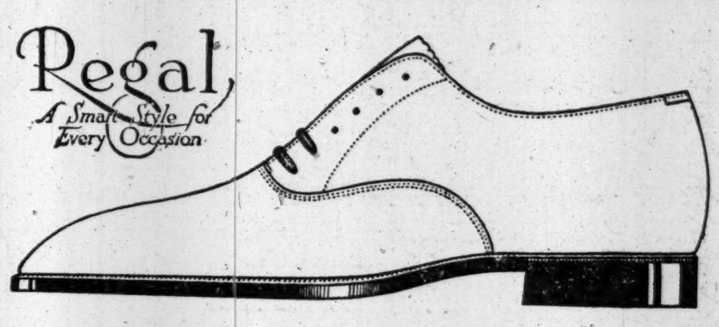
An Equitable lease is something more than a lease of space, it is also a lease of service.

Equitable space is sold by the measured foot, but the value of Equitable Service is immeasurable.

We are selling not space alone, but advantages and facilities such as no other office structure affords.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street



Regal, A Smart Style for Every Occasion

NEWEST STYLE FEATURE *for* 1914

"Ritz" Plain-Toe Street Oxford—$5.

Plain custom toe without toe cap or toe box; as soft to the foot as a glove to the hand; a combination of extreme style and complete comfort.

Low custom heel; "invisible" eyelets; English cord laces "quarter" lined with stain-free, slip-proof, fawn-colored Kangaroo.

Made in Mahogany-colored, bark-tanned Russia, Imported Black Russia and Patent Leather.

REGAL SHOE COMPANY

MANHATTAN
175 Broadway
Broadway at Duane
Broadway at Spring
Broadway at 10th
Broadway at 27th
Broadway at 37th
20 W. 34th St.
Nassau at Ann
6th Ave. at 21st St.
14th St. at 3rd Ave.
125th St. at 7th Ave.

BROOKLYN
301 Broadway
1049 Broadway
1375 Broadway
357 Fulton St.
512 Fulton St.
466 Fifth Ave.

NEWARK, N. J.
825 Broad St.

JERSEY CITY
108 Newark Ave.

Shoes Sent by Parcel Post on Receipt of Price.

Do Not Make a Mistake. No Explanations, Envy or Regrets When You Buy a Popular Pease Piano

1844 1914

It Is First, Foremost and Best

Do not buy a CHEAP piano. All instruments look well and play fairly well when new, BUT in a year or so they are worthless, BECAUSE a low priced piano means inferior material and workmanship.

PEASE

pianos have merit and their reputation for 70 YEARS of honest dealing and our one price system is your protection.

New Pease Pianos - - - - $325 up
Wilbur Pianos (Made by Pease Co.) 225 "
New Player-Pianos - - - - 475 "
FREE Use of Music Roll Library.
Used Pianos - - - - - - - 125 "

OPEN WEDNESDAY EVENING.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St., New York.

Brooklyn Branch:
34 Flatbush Av.

Newark Branch:
10 New St.

A full line of Victrolas in stock.

The Suit Hit of the Season—For Easter

At "The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme"

Braided Sack Suits for Real Smart Dressers. With becoming modesty, we pride ourselves on the fact that this "Store Where Style Reigns Supreme" is in large measure responsible for their overwhelming popularity.

With the fashion farsightedness which distinguishes Clothes at this shop, we offered Braided Sack Suits as far back as two years ago—"We saw it coming," as we usually do.

Suits with the real ring and the cheery swing of Spring in every line, from their snug shoulders and high peaked lapels to the very turn up of the shapely trousers.

$30.00 to $40.00

Striped Trousers to Accompany Them, $5 to $15

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
"The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme"

Furs in Cold Storage

in a natural atmosphere, not too dry, are not only secure from moth damage, but are greatly improved in appearance. Furriers in charge. Repairs made. **Safety guaranteed against fire, moth and theft.** Telephone and we will send promptly.

Household Furniture Stored in a fireproof warehouse by careful packers and movers. A superior service at a moderate cost. Let us advise you as to economical storage. Written guarantee of safety given by special arrangement.

Safes for securities in Burglar Proof Vaults.

LINCOLN SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
42d Street, opp. Grand Central Terminal.
Telephone Murray Hill 5888.

"Of Extraordinary Artistic Interest and Beauty"

At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York

ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)
and continuing until the date of sale

A GRAND COLLECTION OF
Sumptuous Textiles and Embroideries
Artistic Productions
of the XVI., XVII. and XVIII. Centuries

CONSISTING OF BEAUTIFUL OLD VELVETS, BROCADES AND VELOURS, RENAISSANCE AND OTHER EMBROIDERIES, ANTIQUE SPANISH BALDACHINOS, ALTAR FRONTALS, FINE TAPESTRIES, GOTHIC, RENAISSANCE, AND OTHER LACES; ECCLESIASTICAL RELICS, ELABORATE OLD SILVER CHURCH HANGING LAMPS, ANCIENT NEEDLEWORK PICTURES, FINE OLD BROCADES AND OTHER MATERIALS IN QUANTITIES FOR WALL COVERINGS, CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES.

To be sold at unrestricted Public Sale
DURING "EASTER WEEK"
Afternoons of April 16th, 17th & 18th at 2:30 o'clock
by order of
Vitall Benguiat
The Widely Known Expert, of 34 Rue de Provence, Paris.
⁂ Catalogues mailed to applicants on the receipt of Fifty Cents.

ALSO ON VIEW TOMORROW
In the Book and Print Department
The Important G. B. Warren Collection of
ETCHINGS by AXEL HAIG
And Other Masters

The most extensive series of the work of Haig (164 examples) ever offered at public sale in this country; also from the Warren Estate a Marble Statue,

"Canova's Dancing Girl"

And The Collection of Etchings formed by the late James A. Alexander, Esq.
which includes examples by Whistler, Zorn, Fitton, Cameron, and other Etchers of note.

To be sold at unrestricted Public sale
Evenings of April 15th, 16th & 17th, at 8:30 o'clock.
⁂ Illustrated catalogue mailed on receipt of fifty cents.

The sales will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY.
Assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet of
THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.,
6 East 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

Sacred music for Easter—and other times—in your own home on the Victrola.

Hear your favorite hymns at any Victor dealer's.

There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from $10 to $200.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, N. J.

Victrola XVI, $200
Mahogany or oak

Downtown VICTOR Store
We have in stock every type of Victrola and the complete list of
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Terms to Suit
IDEAL MUSIC CO.
29 JOHN STREET,
Telephone: Cortlandt 1086 Between Broadway and Nassau St.

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NEW YORK'S MOST CONVENIENT VICTOR STORE
18 East 42d St.
Between 5th & Madison Aves.
Near Grand Central Station
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The New York Times Index, in four quarterly volumes, gives a complete digest of a year's news. By its arrangement of dates The Index is a convenient key to the files of every newspaper, and it is the only work of its kind on sale.

By the year $8.00
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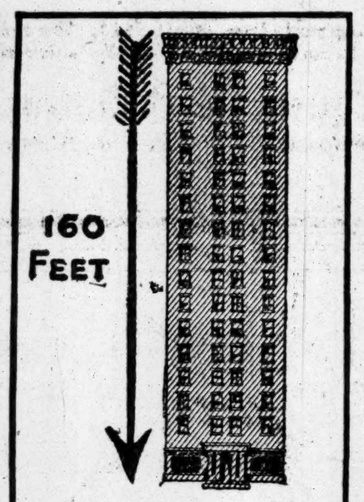
The New York Times Index
Times Square

You are pounding away your energy

With every step you take, your entire weight comes down on your hard leather heels with a hammer-like shock.



"The shock of a two-mile walk is as great as if you stepped off a 16-story building."

You are so used to this constant jar that you may not notice it much *while walking.* But when you multiply your weight by the number of steps you take in a day, the amazing result shows why you are exhausted and fagged out at night.

For example, in taking a two-mile walk the *total* shock to your system is as great as if you stepped off a 16-story building.

Suppose you walk down to your store or office—only a quarter of a mile. If you weigh 150 pounds, you lift, in this short walk, a total of 33 tons—the weight of a loaded freight car. Every ounce of this great weight comes down on those hard leather heels.

What a difference it would make if you wore *O'Sullivan's Heels of new, live rubber!*

Do not waste your vitality

"In a short walk, you lift the weight of a loaded freight car."

Now, do not make the mistake of thinking that because you get these tremendous shocks *by degrees,* it is not important. The jar of every step is carried through your spine and nervous system, up to the base of your brain, gradually wearing you out, mentally and physically.

You cannot use your strength in two ways—you cannot "eat your cake and have it, too." Your efficiency, your earning power and your success in life depend upon your strength. Do not waste it by pounding along over hard pavements with leather heels.

Just like turf under your feet

O'Sullivan's Heels of new, live rubber interpose an easy, springy cushion between your heels and the hard floors and pavements. They *save* your delicate nervous system all the strain which otherwise uses up your strength and energy.

They give you an easy, light, graceful stride and the erect carriage and habit of deep breathing which go with a step from which the burden and strain have been removed.

O'Sullivan's Heels are invisible and wear twice as long as leather—they are neat, stylish and economical. They help to keep the shoes in shape and thus make them wear longer and look better.

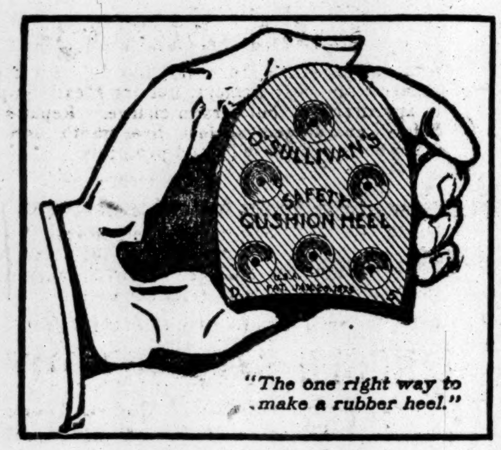
Have them put on all your shoes

Wear them on the shoes you work in, walk in, play in and dance in. Note the difference in your step—how light and youthful it becomes and how far you can walk with comfort and pleasure.

If you are buying your Easter shoes today, have O'Sullivan's Heels put on them—the cost is 50 cents attached. At the same time have O'Sullivan's put on all your old shoes—it is a small investment which pays big dividends.

Walk with ease and pleasure; Save your strength and health

O'Sullivan's Heels are made of rubber—new, live rubber and nothing else.



"The one right way to make a rubber heel."

They are made this way because it is the *one right way* to make a rubber heel.

Many experiments, made by the O'Sullivan Rubber Company over a long period of years, have invariably proved that the only way to make a rubber heel is to make it of *rubber.*

A "rubber" heel that is not *all* rubber defeats its own purpose.

The only value in a rubber heel lies in its *springiness*—anything which takes away or interferes with this buoyant resiliency spoils the heel.

This is why O'Sullivan's Heels are made the way they are—be sure to ask for and get O'Sullivan's.

You can buy O'Sullivan's anywhere

Every shoe store has O'Sullivan's Heels; every shoe dealer will put them on for you, either when you buy your shoes or at any other time.

Every shoemaker has O'Sullivan's Heels. The cobbler down in the basement just around the corner has them. In *every* place where shoes are sold or repaired you will find O'Sullivan's Heels. It will take but a few minutes to have them put on, and the price is only

50c attached

Spend that half-dollar now and begin to get the benefit of O'Sullivan's Heels. There is no other way in which you can spend 50 cents and a few minutes' time and get so much return in ease, comfort, pleasure and good health.

If more convenient, send us 35 cents, with a tracing of your heel, and we will mail you a pair. O'Sullivan Rubber Co., 131 Hudson Street, New York City.

O'Sullivan's HEELS of new, live rubber

MANHATTAN
84 Nassau St.
231 Eighth Ave.
118 E. 14th St.
11 Avenue C
50 E. 23d St.
103 W. 42d St.
877 Eighth Ave.

BECK SHOES with **O'Sullivan's** HEELS already attached
$3.00 and $3.50

MANHATTAN
186 Bowery
141 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN
363 Fulton St.
702 Broadway
1001 Broadway
490 Fifth Ave.

C. M. SMITH PLEADS GUILTY.

Sentencing of Broker Who Used Mails to Defraud Deferred.

Clarence M. Smith, a broker in business at 15 Broad Street as Clarence M. Smith & Co., Inc., pleaded guilty yesterday in the Federal District Court, through his counsel, George Gordon Battle, to an indictment charging him with having used the mails to defraud investors in the bonds of the Oxford Linen Mills of North Brookfield, Mass.

He disposed of $40,000 worth of the bonds to the stockholders, who had already been duped by the Sterling Debenture Corporation, some of the Directors of which were sentenced on Tuesday to six years' imprisonment in Atlanta. Sentence on Smith was deferred, as Mr. Battle gave to Judge Hand a bundle of affidavits in behalf of the prisoner.

CHRONIC IRRITATION A CAUSE OF CANCER

Dr. William J. Mayo So Asserts in a Paper Read to Convention of American Surgeons.

FOOD OR COOKING TO BLAME?

He Asks This About Stomach Cancer, Which Is Infrequent Among Savages and Animals.

Chronic irritation is the most important condition which predisposes tissue to cancerous growths, according to a paper read by Dr. William J. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., President of the American Surgical Association, which convened yesterday at the Hotel Astor. Four hundred of the most distinguished surgeons in the country were present at the convention yesterday, which was the forerunner of the International Congress of Surgeons, which meets in this city on Monday.

The peculiar cancer which attacks the mouths of natives of India, Dr. Mayo said, was due to the irritation set up by the juice of the betel nut which they chew. Cancer of the groin, for another illustration, was almost entirely confined to sailors and chimney sweeps. Cancer of the stomach, he said, formed one-third of the cases among civilized peoples, but was less frequent among savages and animals. He asked:

"Is there, then, some fundamental fault in the food, or in the cooking of it, that gives such a preponderance to precancerous conditions in the gastric region among civilized peoples?"

Dr. Mayo seemed inclined to blame the prevalence of cancer, however, more on the quantity of food eaten by people in civilized countries than on its quality. He said that, accepting the theory that cancer is caused by irritation in the great majority of cases, and because of the fact that cancer of the stomah is the most prevalent form, the logial conclusion is that overeating is the principal cause of the disease. Meat, when eaten in too large quantities, he said, was a greater irritant than other forms of food.

A number of photographs of cancers of the gastric region were exhibited showing that the usual course was that irritation caused ulcers, or non-cancerous growths, which later developed cancer cells. A few cases were shown where cancer had started without a preliminary ulcer or growth.

Another paper on cancer, dealing specially with cancer of the tongue, will be read at to-day's session by Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood of Baltimore. His paper will be based on a study of 100 cases of this form of cancer, which Dr. Bloodgood has treated at Johns Hopkins and other hospitals.

Dr. W. B. Coley of this city read a paper on "Some Problems in the Early Diagnosis and Treatment of Sarcoma of the Long Bones," with lantern-slide illustrations.

Dr. George W. Crile of Cleveland, Ohio, read a paper on "The Two-Stage Operation." Dr. James F. Moore of Minneapolis said, in reference to operations for appendicitis, that he was not much in favor of them anyway, and that he was certainly opposed to the two-stage operation.

"When we operate for appendicitis," he said, "we interfere with the designs of the Almighty."

"If that is true, then," said Dr. A. G. Gerster of this city, "all surgery interferes with the plans of the Almighty."

"For my part," continued Dr. Gerster, "I am opposed, as a general rule, to the two-stage operation. We must put ourselves in the position of our patients. I would rather, if I had to undergo an operation, take a little extra risk in order to have it over with at one clip."

Dr. Charles A. Powers of Denver presented a paper on "Systematic Blastomycosis."

The afternoon session was devoted entirely to technical discussions and included a paper by Prof. Johan Nicolaysen of Christiania, Norway, on "The Value of Gluzinski's Test" in the diagnosis of gastric ulcer, while Dr. George E. Brower and Dr. Lewis G. Cole, both of New York, discussed radiographic diagnosis of the same disease.

Dr. William L. Rodman of Philadelphia presented a paper entitled, "A Further Report on Pylorectomy, or Excision of the Ulcer Bearing Area." Dr. Francis T. Stewart, Dr. John B. Deaver, and Dr. Edward Martin, all of Philadelphia, read papers of technical interest, as also did Dr. John E Summers of Omaha, Neb.

Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research will present papers on "Experimental Operations on the Orifices of the Heart" and "On the Technique of Inthrathoracic Operations" at this morning's session of the conference. Prof. Proust of Paris will present "A Study of the Ultimate Results in Suture of the Heart." This afternoon papers on "Visceral Pleurectomy for Chronic Empyema," by Dr. Charles H. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., and on "Arthroplasty for Intra-articular Bony and Fibrous Ankylosis of Temporo-mandibular Articulation," by Dr. John B. Murphy of Chicago, will be presented.

A distinguished guest at yesterday's sessions was Dr. I. V. Kutcherkokoff, attending surgeon to the Czar of Russia, who is a delegate from Russia to the International Surgical Conference to be held next week. Fifty other European delegates to the meeting arrived yesterday on the Imperator.

The New York Fellows of the American Surgical Association entertained the visiting delegates at a dinner in the Biltmore Hotel last night. Dr. W. B. Coley of New York presided and, although the affair was informal and no addresses had been prepared, called on Surgeon General Charles F. Stokes of the United States Navy, one of the guests at the association's meetings, and several other prominent visitors for extemporaneous remarks.

Among those who attended were Dr. William J. Mayo, Prof. Robert Proust, Prof. Johan Nicolaysen, Drs. Robert W. Johnson, and Joseph C. Bloodgood of Baltimore; Astley P. C. Ashhurst, J. Chambers Da Costa, Gwilym G. Davis, John B. and Harry C. Deaver, Robert G. Le Conte, and John H. Gibbon of Philadelphia; George E. Armstrong, James A. Hutchinson, and Francis J. Shepherd of Montreal; Andrew E. Wyllys, John B. Murphy, Lewis L. McArthur, Allen B. Kanavel of Chicago, and John B. Blake, Harvey Cushing, and Francis B. Harrington of Boston.

Fete for West Point Catholic Chapel.

An Easter fete for the benefit of the Catholic Chapel at West Point will be held at Delmonico's on Saturday afternoon, April 18. The list of patronesses includes a number of West Point officers and their wives and well-known Catholics in New York.

CANAL OFFICIALS RETURN.

Richard Metcalf and Col. Seibert Arrive on the Ancon from Panama.

Richard Metcalf of Nebraska, who was succeeded by Col. George W. Goethals as Governor of the Canal Zone, returned yesterday on the steamship Ancon from the Isthmus. He said that he would leave for Washington immediately, and that he had nothing to add to his report, which he had forwarded to Washington. He declined to discuss the scandal in the Commissariat Department in any way. Everything was going well on the canal when he left, Mr. Metcalf said. He believed the new waterway would be open for shipping on the appointed day in January, 1915.

Lieut. Col. William L. Seibert, who was in charge of the construction of the Gatun dam and locks, returned on the Ancon. He was a member of the Canal Commission for seven years. When asked if he had been told that he would be sent to Alaska to construct the United States Government railroad, he replied that his only orders were to report to Washington immediately.

Col. Seibert said that there was plenty of water in the canal locks and in the lake to open it now. There was only one drawback, which was the Cucaracha slide.

"There is thirty feet of water over the slide now," he asserted, "and I believe that depth will be permanent. It is simply a question of dredging, as the gradient of the slide has been so reduced that no more earth can slide down into the canal and the dredges have only to remove what is there and on the ridges."

DROWNED MAN QUARTERED.

Body Sucked Up by a Dredge Pipe and Shot to Newark Bay Shore.

The stone barge May Madison, in charge of Capt. Hanson and in tow of the tug Energetic, was passing under the Lehigh Valley railroad bridge in Newark Bay yesterday afternoon when it struck a pier, throwing the Captain into the water. A lineman on the bridge dropped a line, but it was too short, and after struggling desperately to reach it Capt. Hanson sank.

Two hours later his body, cut into four pieces, was found on the meadows 2,000 feet from the shore, and more than half a mile distant from the place where he was drowned. The parts of the body were found by a gang of laborers leveling sand which had been sucked up out of the channel of the bay by a hydraulic dredge in the Government service, and blown out on the meadow through 2,000 feet of 14-inch pipe.

That the body was cut to pieces was due to the fact that the suction pipe of the dredge was equipped with revolving blades used to prevent it from getting choked up. The body was taken to Mullin's morgue, in Newark.

ROBBED OF PARTING GIFT.

Mrs. Woods Loses Jewel Handed to Her by Her Husband as He Sails.

Mrs. A. H. Woods, wife of the theatrical manager, has offered a reward of $500 in the hope of recovering a diamond-studded oblong plaque which, she asserts, was stolen from her on Tuesday when she went to say goodbye to her husband, who sailed on the Mauretania.

As the liner was pulling out of her pier Mr. Woods gave his wife a package, saying: "Here's a farewell gift for you." It contained the plaque attached to a fine chain, and she hung it about her neck. When Mrs. Woods started away from the pier she discovered that the chain had been cut and that the jewel was missing.

LORD WILLIAM PERCY HERE.

Going to Study Animal Life in Alaska and British Columbia.

Lord William Percy, fifth son of the Duke of Northumberland, arrived here yesterday on the White Star steamship Oceanic to make a trip into Alaska and British Columbia to study animal life. Natural history has been a hobby of Lord Percy's since he was 3 years old, he says, and he has traveled in all parts of the world to collect specimens and knowledge of his favorite subject.

When asked about the Ulster trouble and whether he thought it was all over, he replied: "I am afraid that it is not. You cannot make such a stir in a country and then expect that it will all simmer down in a week."

The Hon. Mrs. Lionel Guest was a passenger on the Oceanic on her way to Montreal to visit friends. The Oceanic brought 3,420 sacks of mail.

Ewing Bequests to Presbyterians.

UNIONTOWN, Penn., April 9.—Large bequests to various Presbyterian bodies and many charities are made in the will of Judge Nathaniel Ewing, recently Chairman of the Pennsylvania State Public Service Commission. The residue of the estate, valued at $5,000,000, is left to his son, William K. Ewing of San Antonio, Texas. Princeton University is remembered by a gift of $10,000.

IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK.—Vice Chancellor James E. Howell was sworn in for a second term of seven years yesterday. Chancellor Walker administered the oath of office, after which the Vice Chancellor received his commission, signed by Gov. Fielder. Many lawyers and friends crowded the chancery chamber.

SOUTH ORANGE.—Bishop John J. O'Connor has appointed the Rev. Edward J. Ellard, rector of St. Agnes's Church, Paterson, as administrator of the Church of the Assumption, Morristown, pending the appointment of a permanent rector. The Rev. James A. Mackinson, rector of St. Bridget's Church, New Durham, will succeed Father Ellard at Paterson, while the New Durham parish will be in charge of the Rev. Michael J. Mulligan, assistant rector of St. Mary's Church, Elizabeth.

MONTCLAIR.—A committee consisting of Edward F. Myers, Chairman; the Rev. Herbert F. Randolph of the First Methodist Church, the Rev. Edgar S. Wiers of Unity Church, and Theodore T. Dorman has been named to select an excise committee of one hundred citizens which will make an effort to submit the excise question to an unofficial referendum to ascertain whether the town desires more or less saloons.

BRANCHVILLE.—The mill dam at the Charles H. Crisman mill gave way early yesterday morning and let hundreds of thousands of gallons of water pour through a breach. Main Street was flooded and damage amounting to several thousand dollars was wrought. Muskrats burrowing in the walls of the embankment are believed to have weakened it.

BRANCHVILLE.—John Doyle, 80, ran away from the Sussex County almshouse a few days ago because its rooms were "kept too hot." On Wednesday he was found nearly frozen to death, asleep alongside an ice-house at Stickles's Lake, near Newton.

DOVER.—At the annual meeting yesterday of the Woman's Club of Dover Mrs. Robert A. Bennett, the retiring President, presented an automobile to the club for the use of its visiting nurse, Miss Leila Langdon. The new officers chosen were: President—Mrs. Stephen J. Palmer; First Vice President—Miss Olive Searing; Second Vice President—Mrs. William E. Derry; Third Vice President—Mrs. J. J. Friedland; Recording Secretary—Mrs. William Geddis; Financial Secretary—Mrs. John Drake; Treasurer—Mrs. Charles Miller; Directors—Mrs. Andrew B. Byram, Mrs. Howard H. King, and Miss Mary Ferry.

URGES A CRUSADE AGAINST QUACKS

S. H. Adams Tells Moral Prophylaxis Society How They Prey on the Unwary.

PRAISE FOR THE TIMES

Heads a Growing Class of Newspapers Which Refuses Their Advertisements—Chicago's Expose.

The Society of Sanitary and Moral Prophylaxis discussed the business of medical quacks and how to get rid of them at its annual meeting in the Academy of Medicine last night. Samuel Hopkins Adams said that printer's ink was the life blood of the unprofessional profession in question, and that the quick and radical and sure method of eliminating such quacks was by eliminating their advertisements in the newspapers. He prophesied that the species which thrives upon the underworld would be the first to become extinct. Aside from the foreign newspapers, he said, only one English paper in this city was now publishing such advertisements.

"He is the most vulnerable of all the quacks," said Mr. Adams, "for he stands by himself, without organization such as makes the patent medicine men so formidable. He has no newspaper champion, for he is too unclean for a public avowal of friendship with him. The daily press, which is the prop and pillar of all quacks, either will not accept his advertisement at all or does so without the least inclination of fighting for him. There is a growing class of papers, indeed, like THE NEW YORK TIMES and The Tribune here, The Chicago Tribune, The Philadelphia Public Ledger, and a half dozen in other cities that are entirely clean as far as the publication of quack medical advertisements is concerned.

"The underworld quack, moreover, is timid, for he knows that he is carrying on a criminal business. The exposé of that ilk recently carried on by The Chicago Tribune showed that almost invariably these men are blackmailers of young men, learning the names and social relations of their patients, and then beginning not a cure but a process of keeping the diseases burning, 'towing the victims on,' as it is called, to get more and more money from them.

"If the victim rebels and refuses to pay further, the quack threatens to expose him to his employer, with the keen implication that the employer will promptly discharge such a man. When the quack makes such threats in writing he is amenable to prosecution under the postal laws, but he is rarely so prosecuted."

Mr. Adams told of evidence gathered by the Social Hygiene Society of Portland, Ore., that brought about a reform of the quack situation there, first through an apepal to the Chamber of Commerce following the spectacular shooting of two quacks by a young man they had victimized, and then by enlisting the aid of the newspapers in a refusal to publish the advertisements of such quacks. Thereafter a law was enacted in Oregon making the insertion of advertisements of the treatment or cure of social diseases punishable by a fine of $1,000, and the publication of such advertisements by newspapers similarly punishable. The quacks packed up their tents.

He described The Chicago Tribune's campaign against them. Reporters sent among the quacks as prospective victims were in every case given false diagnoses as suffering from disease when perfectly sound; their clothes were rifled and private letters read; their pockets were picked; some of them were blackmailed. Then the returns gathered by the reporters were published. The quacks stampeded to healthier latitudes; four bought tickets to Canada, and the quack business was put out of commission. Other papers, including one which, owned by a self-styled friend of the people and free canal tolls, according to Mr. Adams, had gleaned $70,000 a year from this sort of advertisement alone, discontinued publishing such advertisements. Practically no paper published them.

"In New York City," said Mr. Adams, "there are about forty quacks of commercial consequence and about as many more doing a smaller local business. Fourteen years ago there was only one English newspaper in the city that did not carry their advertisements. To-day only one does. The quack of social diseases here depends chiefly on the foreign newspapers, which are not amenable to the same social influences of reform as are the larger English dailies.

"Some day a courageous Postmaster General can stop these advertisements by shutting the mails to newspapers carrying them, even as the mails are already closed to the mail matter of the quacks themselves. Printer's ink is the life blood of the trade, and the quack cannot live a month without it. The matter can be attacked effectively only from the advertising end of it. If a single big newspaper is courageous enough to undertake the job—and in the case of the Chicago Tribune it paid—and if the co-operation of the city's business interests, the Advertising Men's League, and a great social organization is enlisted, these men can be put out of business in short order."

Almuth C. Vandiver, counsel for the Medical Society of the County of New York, said very little could be done to eliminate the quack under the existing laws, since there was no statutory prohibition against advertising by a licensed and registered physician. Only for obtaining money under false pretenses could quacks be prosecuted, or their licenses might be revoked for fraudulent representations. But it was very difficult to prove the fraud, the vast majority of complaints coming from persons who, by the very nature of the disease, were unwilling to figure in the publicity attendant upon a criminal prosecution of the quack.

Mr. Vandiver suggested an amendment of the public health law making a practitioner's license revocable for unprofessional conduct and defining such conduct to consist among other things of advertising to cure social or incurable and chronic diseases. Such statutes had already been passed in various States, he said, but he doubted if one could be passed here without the whole-hearted indorsement of the medical profession.

Dr. B. S. Barringer, medical adviser of the Department of Health, told of one man present at last night's meeting who had had a slight hernia diagnosed as a malignant blood disease from which he had never suffered, and who had been obliged by the quack to leave his watch and chain as a pledge of payment. The man almost committed suicide in his horror and despondency until he learned from the Board of Health's examiner that he was absolutely free from the dread disease and had never had anything like it. Dr. Barringer said there were sixteen papers in New York City which made about $105,000 annually from advertisements of such quacks alone.

Other speakers at the meeting were: Bascom Johnson, assistant counsel of the American Social Hygiene Society, and Dr. J. B. Bissell of the Board of Censors of the Medical Society of the County of New York.

VENABLES AND VANDERBILT.

Surrogate Hears from Woman Whose Brother Was George W.

Surrogate Cohalan received a letter yesterday from a woman in Seattle who said she was a sister of George W. Vanderbilt, who died at his Washington home on March 6. The letter was scrawled on two small sheets of ruled paper of inferior grade, and was signed by Emily M. Pinkerton. It read in part as follows:

> Corner Drug Store, Post Office Branch 7,
> Seattle, Wash.
>
> Probate Judge and Administrator:
>
> I am not a swindler, dear Judge, my brother was George W. Vanderbilt and I read of his death just a little while ago. I want to give you the history of my doings and our fathers and mothers. The last I seen George W. Vanderbilt I was 13 years old. Him and Charles had come from the war and George was sort of wild and began to plague me and Father told George as big and old as he was he would give him a good thrashing if he did not quit for he made me cry. I never was used to roughness and Father knew it well.
>
> Perhaps you may not think I was his sister, but I ought to know it. My father was Richard K. Vanderbilt and he eloped from Holland when he was nineteen and ma was fifteen. When he got to America, pa changed his name to Venables and we lived here till I was thirteen years old, and then pa heard that our grandpa, Cornelius K. Vanderbilt, was too told to work and he went over to France to take care of grandpa's ships that went from Holland to Paris.
>
> Well, I never heard of father again. Mother and me lived on Broome Street near the Battery close to Brooklyn. I hear, dear Judge, that they have put up a bridge there now, I would like to see that dear thing. Now I gave you the history of the family and you ought to see that I am a sister of poor George that died and I ought to get some of the money. My other brothers are Charles J. and William R. Please tell me how I can get the money. Yours, dear Judge,
>
> EMILY M. PINKERTON.

Daniel J. Dowdney, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court, replied to Mrs. Pinkerton, referring her to George W. Vanderbilt's widow, Mrs. Edith S. Vanderbilt, of 374 Madison Avenue. It is believed that Mrs. Pinkerton wrote the letter in good faith, since otherwise she would have contrived to make the names of her relations jibe with those of Mr. Vanderbilt's.

Gates Estate Pays $82,538 Tax.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 9.—The State of Minnesota to-day received $82,538 as the inheritance tax on the estate of Charles G. Gates of Minneapolis. Payment was made by counsel for the widow, Mrs. Florence Hopwood Gates. Agreement to pay the tax without contest was made two months ago by the heirs. It was contended first that Gates's home was in Texas.

NAVY WON'T GIVE WIRELESS EVIDENCE

Capt. Bird Denies Knowing Contents of Report Sought in Marconi Suit.

MAY SUBPOENA DANIELS

Action Expected to Show Whether Courts Can Compel Navy to Reveal Information.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 9—Before Judge John Rellstab in the United States Court this afternoon the authority of a Federal court to compel an officer of the navy to testify against the orders of a superior was debated in an action between the American Marconi Company and the National Electric Signalling Company.

As a defense to the patent suits brought against it by the National company the Marconi concern seeks evidence from Capt. George E. Bird, who is in charge of the machinery division at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. When the captain testified that he did not know the whereabouts or contents of the desired report, Judge Rellstab ruled that the terms of the subpoena, under which the witness had been directed to produce the report, had been compiled with. Capt. Bird said that he had consulted his immediate superior in the department, Commandant Albert Gleaves of the Navy Yard, as to the report and had been informed that it would not be produced. He did not learn from the Commandant, he said, where the report was.

Assistant U. S. District Attorney Walter H. Pumphrey, as counsel for the Navy Department, asked to be heard by the court before Capt. Bird was called to testify by James R. S. Duffield, the Marconi company's lawyer.

Mr. Pumphrey asserted that there was nothing in the record of the case to show the character of the evidence which the defendant concern contended was held by the department, and he charged that the company was relying on speculation and hearsay. He argued further that there was no evidence that the report, if produced, would be relevant to the proceedings before the court.

Taking up the statement that Lieut. Commander Hepburn had been credited with having said that the report was in the Government's possession and that it had been offered to the Marconi firm upon the condition that the company would release the Navy Department from all claims, present or future, for infringement of the Marconi patents, Mr. Pumphrey said that Commander Hepburn was not an expert and that if he had made such an assertion it was unofficial and not binding upon the Government. The counsel then said that Capt. Bird was ready to take the stand, and reminded the court that the witness was a naval officer subject to the orders of his superiors, and that he had been directed to testify only as to whether the report was in his keeping.

These remarks brought an objection from Mr. Sheffield, for the Marconi company, who took the position that Mr. Pumphrey was instructing Capt. Bird how to testify before he had been examined. Judge Rellstab sustained the objection, and said that the Navy Department's counsel could object to any particular questions put to the Captain, when their relevancy would be decided. After Capt. Bird had testified that he did not have the report in his possession, Mr. Sheffield began to question the witness regarding other documents said to be held by the Government. The objection of the Government's counsel to these questions was sustained.

The next step in the litigation, it is expected, will be for the Marconi Company to call Commandant Gleaves, and, if he fails to produce the report, it is possible that Secretary of the Navy Daniels or some one in his department will be subpoenaed. This action, if taken, would probably lead to a final determination of the question as to the Federal Court's authority to force the navy to reveal information.

Pilgrims' Dinner Postponed.

The dinner of the Pilgrims, which was to have been given at Sherry's on Tuesday evening, April 21, in honor of the British Ambassador, is postponed because of the Ambassador's inability to absent himself from Washington at that time.

DOG BRINGS DEATH NEWS.

Returns Home Trembling After Master Is Struck by Engine.

Charles Schall, 55 years old, an undertaker, of 1,195 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, left his home yesterday with his two dogs, telling his wife that he was going to pick dandelions on the meadows. At noon one of the dogs returned home trembling and evidently suffering from fright.

Mrs. Schall bscame alarmed and began to make inquiries. She elarned in the afternoon that her husband, in crossing the Erie tracks near eLonard Street on his way to the meadows was struck by an engine and both of his legs cut off at the knees. He was taken on board the train to the Pavonia terminal, but was dead when the train arrived there. The dog which did not return is believed to have been killed when the undertaker was struck by the engine.

THREE BANKS IN BUILDING.

New York Firms Also Take Quarters in Chicago's Newest Skyscraper

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The new Continental and Commercial Bank building, one of the largest of modern office structures in the world, opened its doors to tenants to-day.

Rising to a height of twenty-one stories out of the heart of the city's financial district, this giant structure will occupy the entire block bounded by West Adams, South Lasalle, and Quincy Streets and South Fifth Avenue. Three Chicago banks, under single ownership, will be housed under its roof—the Continental and Commercial National Bank, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, and the Hibernian Banking Association.

Among the New York firms which will find quarters in the building are Shearson, Hammil & Co.; Spencer Trask & Co., H. B. Claflin Company, Whitehead & Hoag Company, Carnegie Steel Company, and F. A. Munsey Company.

You may choose a coat with soft-roll front this Spring; young men like that style.

You want it to stay soft, and roll, for many weeks; but unless the right designing, materials, tailoring, are there, it wont.

Better be sure; our mark in clothes is insurance.

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These good clothes for sale in New York by

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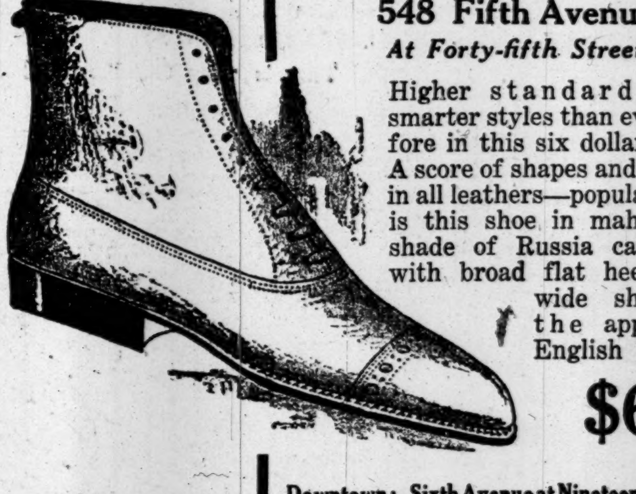

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erſcheint im
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der
New Yorker Staats-Zeitung
am
19. April.

AMERICAN LEAGUE TO START WAR ON FEDERALS--GIANTS WIN AGAIN--COURT TENNIS--POLO

FEDERAL RAID ON ST. LOUIS BROWNS

Pitcher Hamilton, Under Three Years' Contract, Jumps to Kansas City Outlaws.

CLEMONS FOR CHICAGO FEDS

Organized Baseball Up in Arms Against New Attack—Ban Johnson Declares War to a Finish.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—The first battle in an openly avowed war between organized baseball interests and the Federal League was staged here to-day, and the younger league retired with an American Legue pitcher added to its ranks and an American League catcher said to be on his way to join the Federals.

Earl Hamilton, left-handed pitcher for the St. Louis Americans, went to Kansas City to-day in company with George Stovall, manager of the Kansas City Federal team, which Hamilton announced he had joined.

To-night Clem Clemons, catcher for the St. Louis Americans, announced he would depart for Chicago on a late train, but he would neither admit nor deny published reports that he had joined the Chicago Federal team.

Rumors that at least half a dozen other St. Louis major league players had been considering Federal League offers or were soliciting such offers were rife to-night.

The battle was precipitated last night by the sudden arrival in this city of George Stovall, C. C. Madison, attorney for the Kansas City Federals, and a third man whose identity was not learned, but who was said to represent the Chicago Federals.

"You can say for me," declared Robert Lee Hedges, President of the St. Louis Americans, to newspaper men to-day, "that President Johnson, the American League, the National Commission, and organized baseball in general will never permit Earl Hamilton to play with the Kansas City Federals."

Hamilton signed a three-year contract with the local Americans last year. Clemons was a new man with the Americans. He was a star catcher on the University of Michigan team, while Branch Rickey, now manager of the local Americans, was coach at that institution.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The American League is ready to go to war with the Federal League over Earl Hamilton, pitcher of the St. Louis Americans, who jumped to the Kansas City Federals today, according to Ban Johnson, the American League President. "The American League will stop Hamilton if it takes every dollar in our treasury," said Johnson to-night. "He had signed a most liberal three-year contract with the Americans.

"Nothing will be left undone to check him in his unlawful violation of his contractual obligations. The incident will harm the good record of professional baseball."

Johnson left for Cincinnati to-night after a conference with D. L. Reeves, Secretary to John K. Tener, President of the National League. Reeves will leave to-morrow morning for St. Louis.

George Stovall's taking of a player from the St. Louis Americans was done with the sanction of the Federal League, President Gilmore said.

"Organized baseball tried to wreck Stovall's Kansas City Club and took away Blanding and Baumgardner, who had signed legal contracts with him," said Gilmore. "Therefore I gave the Kansas City Club permission to deal with members of the St. Louis team whether they had signed contracts or not.

"If organized baseball goes to court over Hamilton's jumping and the courts give him back to the Browns, then the same decision will return Blanding and Baumgardner and Hogue to us. Besides Hamilton, there are four or five members of the St. Louis Americans wanted by Stovall, and he has my full sanction to get them if he can."

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 9.—Manager Stovall of the Kansas City Federal League Club and Earl Hamilton, who left the St. Louis Americans, arrived here to-night.

"I am getting twice the salary I got in St. Louis," declared Hamilton. "I'm tired of playing for glory. It is a question of money, and the Kansas City Federals have put up the money, and I'm going to stick."

Manager Stovall said his club would guarantee Hamilton's salary whether Hamilton played this season or not.

"Hamilton is a great pitcher," said Stovall. "I've landed him for Kansas City and he's going to play here. Organized baseball can't touch him."

More References in Killifer Case.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., April 9.—Attorney Stuart E. Knappen, representing the Chicago Federal League Club, to-day made what he considers the equivalent of another base hit in the baseball struggle in the United States District Court, when he presented additional references to Judge Clarence W. Sessions in the Killifer injunction case. Judge Carpenter, who is acting for the Philadelphia National League Club, on behalf of Catcher Killifer, already has cited further authorities for the court's consideration. It is not probable Judge Sessions will deliver his decision before Saturday. Monday night Judge Sessions will go to Marquette for the regular term of Federal court. He will be away for some time, and it is supposed his opinion will be filed before his departure.

Bradley Rejoins Brooklyn Federals.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 9.—Manager Bill Bradley of the Brooklyn Federals returned to Columbia this morning after a visit to New Orleans, and announced that he expects Tom Seaton to join the club in Pittsburgh on Monday. He said that he has secured another catcher, but will not give out information regarding the new receiver until later. It was intended by Manager Bradley to break camp to-morrow, leaving at noon for Dayton, Ohio. A telegram from John M. Ward, business manager of the Club, received this afternoon states that the exhibition game scheduled to be played with a college team at Dayton, Ohio, Saturday, has been called off, therefore the squad will not leave Columbia until Saturday.

Nap Rucker Has Tonsilitis.

Nap Rucker, Brooklyn's star pitcher, is seriously ill as a result of pitching against the Yankees last Saturday. Rucker had tonsilitis, and yesterday his physician stated that his temperature was 102. Rucker had been ordered to stay in bed for several days, and it is doubtful if he will be able to play until after the opening of the season next week.

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NOTICE
Regarding SPLITS
SPLITS have now been placed on the market and should be asked for at all first-class Bars and Restaurants.
ASK FOR
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FORDHAM WABBLES IN FIELD

Twelve Errors Put Them on Losing Side Against Williams Nine.

The Williams College baseball team scored a 5 to 4 victory in an exhibition game with the Fordham nine yesterday at Fordham Field. The Bronx collegians played a ragged fielding game, making a total of twelve errors, McErleam, the hitherto star infielder, accounting for six. Carter, who was on the mound for the Maroons, for the first time, showed excellent control and really deserved a victory. A home run drive by Harry Kane to left field in the fifth inning, first at Fordham Field this season, proved the feature of the close contest.

"Jim" Dooling, Fordham's heavy hitting right fielder, broke the tibia bone of his left leg in the first inning. Cutler, the Williams twirler, tried to catch Dooling napping off first base, after he had received a pass. Quickly sliding back to the base the new spikes on his shoes dug into the ground and Dooling turned, the snapping of the bone being clearly heard in the grandstand. After an examination at Fordham Hospital Dr. Dolan declared that the injury would keep Dooling five weeks in the hospital and put him out of the game all season.

WILLIAMS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	FORDHAM.	AB	R	H	PO	A
St'ler, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	Kane, lf.	3	2	1	2	0
G'lette, cf.	5	0	1	1	0	C'roll, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
T'lan, 3b.	4	0	2	1	3	McE'm, ss.	2	0	0	3	2
A'slie, 2b.	3	0	0	3	1	Viviano, c.	4	0	0	7	6
Sieb't, 1b.	4	1	0	8	0	D'ling, lf.	0	1	0	1	0
H'b'n, lf.	4	1	1	3	0	Daly, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Clark, ss.	2	2	0	1	1	McG'n, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
M'hler, c.	4	1	0	8	0	K'man, 2b.	3	1	1	2	1
Cutler, p.	2	0	0	0	3	B'gan, 3b.	0	0	0	0	1
*W'cester.	1	0	0	0	0	McC'n, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Hodges, p.	1	0	0	0	2	Carter, p.	4	0	0	0	1
						C'man, 1b.	3	0	1	6	1
Total	34	5	5	27	10	C'way, c.	2	0	0	2	0
						†G'field	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	4	4	27	13

*Batted for Cutler in sixth inning.
†Batted for McGovern in ninth inning.

Errors—McErleam, (6,) Daly, McGovern, Kiernan, (2,) Carter, Chapman, Ainslie, Higginbotham, Cutler, (2.)

Williams ....0 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 0—5
Fordham ....0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0—4

Two-base hit—Carroll. Home run—Kane. Sacrifice hits—McElream, Daly, Kiernan, Ainslie. Sacrifice fly—Clark. Stolen bases—Kane, McGovern, Carter, Michler, (2,) Clark, Ainslie. First base on errors—Williams, 8; Fordham, 3. Left on bases—Williams, 8; Fordham, 10. Double plays—Berrigan, Viviano, and Carroll; McErleam, Carroll, and Viviano. Struck out—By Carter, 8; by Cutler, 4; by Hodges, 4. Bases on balls—Off Carter, 8; off Cutler, 4; off Hodges, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Carter, (Toolan.) Hits—Off McCann, 2 in one inning; off Carter, 3, in eight innings; off Cutler, 2, in five innings; off Hodges, 2, in four innings. Umpire—Mr. Oldis. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Princeton Shut Out by Catholic U.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—Princeton lost to Catholic University to-day by a score of 1 to 0. The game was a pitchers' battle between Deyo and Croaker. Neither team could hit with men on bases, Princeton having eleven left and Catholic seven. Princeton had repeated chances to score, but always the needed hit was lacking. In spite of cold weather, some fine fielding was done by both teams. Catches by Cook and Smith bordered on the sensational, and the fast double plays by Princeton saved her defeat earlier in the game. The winning run was scored by Donnelly on errors by Deyo, and Law's and White's singles through shortstop. The score:

PRINCETON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CATHOLIC UNIV.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hanks, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	T'cey, 2b.	2	0	0	0	1
Hoyt, rf.	5	0	0	1	0	M'den, 2b.	1	0	1	1	1
Cook, cf.	2	0	0	5	1	Zach'y, c.	3	0	0	3	1
Reed, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1	Don'ly, cf.	4	1	0	1	0
Rh'ds, 1b.	1	0	1	5	0	Lynch, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Law, ss.	3	0	0	1	2	White, ss.	4	0	2	2	1
B'ton, 2b.	4	0	1	2	4	C'ley, 3b.	2	0	0	2	4
K'her, c.	3	0	0	4	0	Derby, 1b.	3	0	1	15	3
Deyo, p.	4	0	0	1	1	Smith, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
						Cr'ker, p.	3	0	1	1	4
Total	28	0	2	*24	9	Total	29	1	5	27	15

*None out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Law, Bolton, Deyo, Lynch.

Catholic University.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Princeton ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Stolen bases—Reed, (4,) Hanks, (2,) Rhoads, (2.) Double plays—Law, Bolton, and Rhoads, (2;) Cook and Kelleher. Left on bases—Princeton, 11; Catholic, 7. Struck out—By Croaker, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Croaker (Rhoads and Hanks.) First base on errors—Catholics, 3. Sacrifice hit—Kelleher.

Harvard Wins Opening Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 9.—In spite of the almost freezing weather, Harvard opened its baseball season to-day by defeating Colgate 7 to 1, bunching hits in the last two innings and breaking a 1 to 1 tie. Left-hander Frye pitched splendid ball for Harvard, allowing only three singles, and he would have had a shut-out had it not been for a wild throw by his catcher, Waterman, this being the only Harvard misplay in the game. Harvard's hitters connected thirteen times against Hicks, eight of the singles coming in the last two innings. The visitors supported Hicks poorly toward the end of the game. The two new men of the Harvard team, Nash and Fripp, hit and fielded well, and altogether the nine looked good. Harvard got a run in the third inning on a hit by Waterman, Frye's sacrifice, and an error by Johnson, while in the sixth Colgate tied the score on Hicks's hit, Waterman's wild throw, and an out. Hicks, however, was "found" in the seventh and eighth, and wild throws made things easy for Harvard. Left Fielder Abell made two sensational catches for Colgate, and Clark played brilliantly at second for Harvard. The score.

HARVARD.	AB	R	H	PO	A	COLGATE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Nash, cf.	4	2	2	0	0	R'son, c.	4	0	0	1	5
W'gate, ss.	4	0	1	2	3	McL'n, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Clark, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3	Gl'd'g, 3b.	4	0	1	3	2
Ayres, 1b.	5	0	2	13	1	Abell, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
G'nett, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	J'son, ss.	3	0	0	3	3
H'w'k, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	Sefton, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
M'hol'd, 3b.	2	0	0	1	0	P'rin, 1b.	2	0	0	9	0
*Mahan	1	0	0	0	0	J'ks'n, 2b.	3	0	0	2	1
Fripp, 3b.	1	1	1	0	1	Hicks, p.	3	1	1	0	2
W'man, c.	4	1	1	7	1						
Frye, p.	3	2	3	0	6	Total	29	1	3	24	13
Total	36	7	13	27	15						

*Batted for Millholland in the sixth inning.

Errors—Waterman, Robinson, Glendenning, Abell, Johnson, (2,) Jackson.

Harvard ....0 0 1 0 0 0 2 4 ..—7
Colgate ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Sacrifice hit—Frye. Sacrifice fly—Clark. Stolen base—Fripp. First base on errors—Harvard, 2; Colgate, 1. Left on bases—Harvard, 10; Colgate, 2. Bases on balls—Off Frye, 1; off Hicks, 2. Struck out—By Frye, 6; by Hicks, 1. Double plays—Frye, Ayres, and Millholland; Frye, Wingate, and Ayres. Balk—Hicks. Umpire—Mr. Brady. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes.

Holy Cross Vanquishes Navy Nine.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 9.—Holy Cross team to-day gave Navy its first defeat of the season by a score of 6 to 5. Score:

R.H.E.
Holy Cross ...0 0 0 3 0 0 0 3 0—6 4 4
Navy ....1 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 1—5 4 3

Batteries—Fahul, Murphy, Graski, and R. Murray; Blodgett, Vinson, and Hicks.

Scores of Other Games.

At Washington—Washington, 15; Maryland Agricultural College, 4.
At Topeka—Pittsburgh, 6; Topeka, 1.
At Lexington, Va.—Washington and Lee, 4; Lehigh, 0.
At Washington—Buffalo Federals, 6; Georgetown, 4.
At Lexington, Va.—West Virginia, 5; Virginia Military Institute, 4.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Cleveland, 1.
At Baltimore—Boston Nationals, 5; Baltimore Internationals, 1.
At Chapel Hill, N. C.—Penn State, 3; North Carolina, 0.
At Athens, Ga.—Georgia, 7; Michigan, 2.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 11; Rochester, 4.
At Memphis—Memphis, 12; Toronto, 0.

Too Cold for Yankees' Game.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9.—Because of cold weather the baseball game between the New York Americans and the Philadelphia Nationals, which was to have been played here to-day, was canceled. The New Yorks left to-day for Baltimore, where they play to-morrow.

"Vic" Saier Has Injured Shoulder.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The Chicago National League Baseball Club is likely to be deprived of its first baseman, Victor Saier, in the early part of the season. Saier, according to a dispatch to-day from Dayton, Ohio, has discovered that the soreness in his shoulder, which delayed his rounding into form, is the result of some injury to bone or muscle, and will visit a specialist at Youngstown. If Saier is told to stay out of the game for a time Fred Mollwitz, a recruit, probably will play first base.

GIANTS BEAT 'MOOSE' M'CORMICK'S TEAM

Chattanooga, However, Lands on Marquard for Four Runs in Five Innings.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 9.—Anyway "Moose" McCormick's team scored on the Giants. The "Moose" and his merry men, among whom is good old "Gabby" Street, who, like McCormick, once battled for fair Manhattan, though in a different league, were beaten 12 to 4 by the Giants this afternoon, but they did not walk any shut-out plank as teams further South have been doing when grappling vainly with the New York pitching.

The Lookouts scored their four runs off Marquard. They scored none off Schupp in the last four innings, nor did they make a hit off Schupp, reaching first base on him solely through promenades. Once more Schupp's comrades warned him to "remember Galveston," but Schupp has been the air-tight boy since that picturesque trimming. He gave batters short shift this afternoon.

Marquard and other Giants were entertained by McCormick this morning. The entertainment consisted of a motor ride through Signal Mountain and back, twenty minutes in all. Maybe the wind irritated Rube's eyes a little, for his control was not up to par. He was jabbed for hits here and there, and these, with his passes and a fumble by Merkle, gave Chattanooga four runs. Maybe a change to chilly weather made the Giants sluggish for a while. They were that, but came to life and ran away from the Lookouts after the latter had tied the score in the fifth.

The Giants made their hits at the right time and in conjunction with battery errors, as well as fielding errors by Chattanooga. Merkle drove in four runs with two doubles and a single. His hitting, Fletcher's fielding, and Schupp's pitching were things of merit on the New York side. There was a keen local desire to see Matty pitch, but it was not Matty's turn, though he yielded to popular clamor to the extent of fielding bunts with other bench warmers on one side of the field. Thus he killed two birds with one stone, exhibited himself in action and kept warm.

On wild pitching and fielding bobbles the Giants made two runs in the second without a hit. Bescher singled in the third, Doyle walked, and Merkle doubled. Two errors by Balenti and solid thumps by Merkle, Murray, and Meyers were good for four runs in the sixth. The only hit in the seventh was made by Merkle, but it was surrounded by three walks, a hit batsman, and a sacrifice fly. So three runs were built around that one hit. Burns and Fletcher teamed up with appropriate and healthy swats in the eighth and fetched in tally No. 12. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHATTANOOGA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, cf.	5	1	1	3	0	J'ston, lf.	2	2	1	1	1
Burns, lf.	4	2	2	2	1	T'ner, p.	2	0	0	1	0
F'cher, ss.	3	2	1	1	6	Coyle, 1b.	3	0	2	7	3
Doyle, 2b.	3	3	0	3	3	J'bson, cf.	3	1	1	4	0
M'kle, 1b.	5	2	3	8	0	McC'k, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
M'ray, rf.	4	1	1	1	0	Balenti, ss.	3	1	2	5	3
Stock, 3b.	4	1	0	2	1	Flick, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3
Meyers, c.	3	0	1	7	0	Graff, 3b.	2	0	0	1	2
M'q'rd, p.	3	0	0	0	0	Street, c.	2	0	0	1	1
Schupp, p.	1	0	0	0	0	G'ham, c.	2	0	0	2	2
						Sline, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	35	12	9	27	11	L'nzen, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						G'lespie, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
						Total	31	4	6	27	17

Errors—Merkle, Balenti (2,) Graff (2.)

New York.........0 2 2 0 0 4 3 1 0—12
Chattanooga ......2 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0— 4

First base on errors—New York, 3; Chattanooga, 1. Left on bases—New York, 4; Chattanooga, 6. First base on balls—Off Marquard, 3; off Schupp, 2; off Sline, 3; off Turner, 3. Struck out—By Marquard, 3; by Schupp, 4; by Lorenzen, 1; by Turner, 1. Two-base hits—Burns, Merkle (2,) Meyers, Coyle, Jacobson, Balenti. Sacrifice fly—Meyers. Stolen bases—Bescher, Burns, Murray, Stock, Jacobson, Balenti. Double plays—Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle; Doyle and Merkle; Balenti and Coyle. Wild pitch—Sline. Hit by pitched ball—By Schupp, Balenti; by Turner, Fletcher. Hits—Off Marquard, 6 in 5 innings; off Schupp, none in 4 innings; off Sline, 3 in 3 innings; off Lorenzen, 3 in 3 innings; off Turner, 3 in 3 innings. Umpire—Mr. Gifford. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Giants' Colts, 9; Asheville, 5.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., April 9.—After two days' enforced rest the Giants' colts were able to play a game here to-day, although the weather was more suitable for hockey or some other Winter pastime. Williams went in the box for the Giants and, considering the nastiness of the weather, did well. Donlin, as usual, led his team-mates with three singles, while Piez, the little "speed merchant," was fast on the bases, stealing three cushions. Thorpe put the ball over the centrefield fence for the longest home run ever made in the park. The team left after the game for Richmond, Va. The score:

R. H. E.
Giants ..... 0 0 0 0 3 2 4 0 0—9 9 2
Asheville... 1 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—5 10 2

Batteries—Williams and Johnson; Watson, Ryan, and Fry. Umpire—Mr. Schauer.

YANKEES WANT MORE MEN?

"Scout" Irwin Said to be Dickering with Jennings for Surplus Players.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 9.—Arthur Irwin, business manager of the New York American League team, held a conference here to-day with Hugh Jennings of the Detroit Club, relative to the proposed purchase of several of the Detroit team's youngsters who are not wanted.

A rumor was circulated to-day that Irwin had brought ideas and suggestions from a number of American League club owners relative to doing away with the formalities of waivers in transferring one major league player to another major league. A talk between Chairman Herrmann of the National Commission and Irwin probably started the rumor, but Chairman Herrmann said to-day that there was nothing to it, that Irwin had simply asked him to outline the process to be employed in transferring a player from one big league to the other.

"It requires only seventy-two hours to obtain waivers and transfer players," said Mr. Herrmann to-day, "and as far as I have heard there has been no objection whatever to this practice. I can see no benefit to be derived in doing it quicker."

Two Cubans Join Troy Team.

HACKENSACK, N. J., April 9.—Rodriquez, a pitcher, and Gonzalez, a second baseman, members of the famous Almandares of Havana, who arrived here from Cuba last night, began practice to-day with the Troy (N. Y.) State League team, having signed to play with that team this season. Manager Hank Ramsey was much pleased with their work. The Troy team is in training on the Oritani Field Club Grounds. They play at Bridgeport on Saturday, at Waterbury on Sunday, and with the Colored Giants in Hackensack on Easter Monday.

Athletics Wouldn't Play in Cold.

Ira Thomas, who is boss of the Athletics in the absence of Connie Mack, decided that it was too cold in Brooklyn yesterday to risk exposing the world's champions to the biting winds which wafted across Ebbet's Field. So the game with the Dodgers was called off and the Athletics will have no chance to redeem themselves for the defeat they suffered on Wednesday.

Chicago Recruit Injures Leg.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 9.—Louis Barbour, a recruit infielder for the Chicago Americans, is believed to have sustained a fracture of a small bone in his right ankle, according to the statement of Trainer Gleason of the Chicago team this afternoon. Barbour sprained his ankle yesterday. The trainer announced that the recruit probably would be out of the game for several weeks.

Sleepy Hollow Golf House Annex.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., April 9.—The Sleepy Hollow Country Club has started to build an annex to the golf house which will contain lockers, dressing rooms, and shower baths. The club is preparing the links, and it is expected that they will be ready for play by May 1.

GOULD AND HUHN WIN.

Americans Defeat Lytton and Covey in Deciding Tennis Match.

The third and final court tennis doubles match between Jay Gould, the world's open champion, and William H. T. Huhn of Philadelphia and the Hon. Neville Lython and George F. Covey of England was won by the former yesterday at the New York Racquet and Tennis Club in three straight sets by the score of 6—1, 6—2, 6—3. The teams represented the leading players of the two countries and the matches were the first of a series of international contests between America and England.

In the first match played at Philadelphia Lytton and Covey won 3 sets to 2, but Gould and Huhn evened up matters in the second match at Tuxedo Park and defeated the Britishers 3 sets to 1.

Gould played in perfect form and was never off his balance. He was particularly effective in his ground strokes and scored many points with his railroad service. He was admirably supported by Huhn, whose speed at times swept the English players off their feet. Covey played a sterling game and bore the brunt of the attack, but the Philadelphia combination proved irresistible. So strong was the play of Gould and Huhn that in five of the six games won by them in the first set their opponents failed to score a single point, while the only game won by Lytton and Covey in this set went to 14—12. Gould distributed his returns equally between Lytton and Covey, but the latter pair made a target of Huhn, who was the weak spot of the opposing team. He withstood the assault in the most approved manner and made a splendid showing, scoring a number of points on well placed returns.

From the outset the superiority of Gould and Huhn was apparent. They scored almost at will, reaching the winning openings in good style. The Americans let up somewhat in the early part of the second set and the Britishers led 2 games to 1. The American champion and his partner started in another run and scored five games in succession, two of which went to deuce and vantage. The third set was a repetition of the preceding one with Gould and Huhn holding the Britishers safe throughout. Two particularly fine rallies marked the closing set, one of which ended by a double fault by Lytton. The summary:

FIRST SET.
Gould and Huhn.........1 1 1 0 1 1 1—6
Lytton and Covey.......0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

SECOND SET.
Gould and Huhn......0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—6
Lytton and Covey.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2

THIRD SET.
Gould and Huhn..1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1—6
Lytton and Covey..0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—3

Referee—Morton S. Paton, New York Racquet and Tennis Club. Marker—Harry Harris.

FEDERAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE

Brooklyn Clubs Conflict in Thirty-three Days of Season.

The schedule of the Federal League was announced yesterday and shows that this season in Brooklyn thirty-three games of the outlaw organization will conflict with the games of the National League. Mr. Ebbets is not worrying and Mr. Ward of the Feds is not worrying, so the outcome really depends on the baseball fans.

In Brooklyn, the Federal games will conflict with the Dodgers at Ebbets Field on June 1, 2, 3, when Brooklyn is playing Boston and the Feds are playing Baltimore, and on June 4, 5, and 6, when the Cubs are at Ebbets Field, the Federals will be playing Buffalo.

When the Dodgers are playing Cincinnati on July 25, 27, 28, and 29, the Chicago Feds will be at Washington Park. On July 30, the Dodgers will be playing the Pirates and the Feds will be playing St. Louis. On Aug. 1 and 3, when the Pirates are playing at Ebbets Field, Indianapolis will be at Washington Park. St. Louis will play the Dodgers on Aug. 4, 5, and 6, when Kansas City is playing the Tip Tops.

The only time the Feds will conflict with the Giants in Brooklyn will be on Sept. 4 and 5, when the Feds play Pittsburgh. Chicago games with the Dodgers on Sept. 16, 17, and 18 will conflict with games with Indianapolis at Washington Park. Cincinnati will be at Ebbets Field on Sept. 19, 21, and 22, when Kansas City is playing the Feds, while Pittsburgh's games with the Dodgers on Sept. 23 and 24 will clash with games with Kansas City.

The Pirates will play the Dodgers on Sept. 25, and on the same date the Tip Tops will be playing Chicago. Brooklyn also has games at Ebbets Field with St. Louis on Sept. 26, 28, and 29 when Joe Tinker's Feds will be at Washington Park. Oct. 2 and 3, when the Dodgers will be playing Philadelphia, the Feds will play Baltimore. The Brooklyn schedule follows:

Pittsburgh at Brooklyn—May 11, 12, 13; July 10, 11, 13, 14; Sept. 4, 5, 7 (two games).
St. Louis at Brooklyn—May 14, 15, 16; July 27, 28, 29, 30; Sept. 9, 10, 11, 12.
Indianapolis at Brooklyn—May 18, 19, 20; July 31; Aug. 1, 3; Sept. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.
Kansas City at Brooklyn—May 21, 22, 23; Aug. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 19, 21, 22, 23, 24.
Chicago at Brooklyn—May 25, 26, 27; July 22, 23, 24, 25; Sept. 25, 26, 28, 29.
Baltimore at Brooklyn—June 1, 2, 3; July 6, 7, 8, 9; Sept. 30; Oct. 1, 2, 3.
Buffalo at Brooklyn—June 4, 5, 6; July 1, 2, 4, (two games;) Aug. 26, 27, 28, 29, Saturdays, 12, July 4, Labor Day.

Cincinnati Easily Defeats Detroit.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 9.—The wildness of Boehler, pitching for Detroit, coupled with two costly errors by his teammates, was responsible for a victory by the Reds here to-day by a score of 7 to 1. Benton, the crack left-hand pitcher of the Cincinnati team, was invincible for five innings. Score:

R. H. E.
Cincinnati 7 9 2
Detroit 1 5 3

Batteries—Benton, Ames, Clark, and Blackburn; Boehler and Stanage.

Tinker's Case in League's Hands.

President Charles Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club announced yesterday that the Tinker case had been taken out of his hands by the National League. Mr. Ebbets stated that the Brooklyn fans had taken a decided stand against Tinker and did not want him to play there after the attitude he had shown against organized baseball, Mr. Ebbets said that if any action was taken in the Tinker matter it would be by the National League. From this it is surmised that if Tinker starts the season with the Chicago Feds the National League may taken out an injunction against him.

President to Throw Out First Ball.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—President Wilson promised to-day to toss the first ball thrown on the American League Park here this year, when the Washington team plays its first game on the home grounds with the Boston Americans, Thursday, April 23. President Minor of the Washington Club called at the White House to-day. He told Mr. Wilson that the first ball would be received on the throw by Ray Collins, who would oppose Walter Johnson in the box. Incidentally Mr. Minor gave the President Pass Book No. 1 for the season.

Negro Teams to Play for Title.

Arrangements have been made for a baseball game between the Lincoln Stars of New York and the Mohawk Giants of Schenectady at Lenox Oval, 145th Street and Lenox Avenue, on Saturday, April 18, as the start of a series of games for the negro championship of the East. The winner of this series will play the American Giants for the world's negro championship. In the game on the 18th Wickware will pitch for the Mohawk Giants and Dismukes for the Lincoln Stars.

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SANDS WILL PLAY GOULD FOR TITLE

New York Player Defeats Russell in Final Round of Court Tennis Tournament.

Charles E. Sands of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club will play Jay Gould of the Philadelphia Racquet Club, the title holder, to-morrow in the challenge round for the national amateur court tennis championship of the United States. Sands won the right to play for the title yesterday by defeating Charles T. Russell of the Boston Tennis and Racquet Club 3 sets to 1 by the score of 6—3, 4—6, 6—1, 6—3. Sands will make a desperate effort to recover the title he lost to Jay Gould eight years ago.

Sands showed remarkable form throughout the tournament, and despite the fact that he is only one year short of the half century mark he has proved his worth as a player. He has defeated players his junior by twenty years, and has displayed a resourcefulness of both attack and defense that has swept away all opposition. He has been accurate in his drives for the winning galleries and steady and deadly in his kills, and when driven into a corner has recovered his lost ground in brilliant fashion.

His opponent yesterday is a member of the new school—a newcomer in national championship tournaments, with a particularly strong ground stroke and an excellent service. He lacked the experience of the older player and faltered occasionally when in doubt as to the return of some of the shots. The match bristled with brilliant plays and well-sustained rallies. It was a contest between skill and experience and youth and energy, the former leading in the end.

Sands opened the first set in splendid form and scored the first game after reaching the dedans and grille openings. With the score 40-love in his favor in the second game, Sands lost two chases and the game. The veteran then rallied and captured the next three games in succession. Sands had trouble with his racquets, but finally found one to his liking and won the set in clever fashion.

The second set found Russell setting the pace. The Boston expert found the grille twice and the dedans in the opening game. He allowed Sands only one point in the second game. The New York representative added the third and fourth games, but fell away again and Russell, forcing the pace, ran three straight games, giving him the lead at 5 to 1. Sands made a plucky effort, but after adding two games to his score he again fell away and Russell won the tenth game and set.

Sands was at his best in the third set, which was quickly ended, only one game going to deuce and vantage. Sands made a number of clever kills and was successful in his drives for the winning openings. Russell drove a number of balls into the net and seemed to lack the skill he displayed in his early games of the tournament. Russell's only point was made in the fifth game, the score going twice to deuce before Sands lost the only game of the set.

As the fourth game progressed the New York Racquet Club player improved, and near the end again became almost invincible. He played with easy confidence and made several clever ground strokes, while he never faltered in his speed and accuracy of placement shots. The summary:

FIRST SET.
Sands ....1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1—6
Russell ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0—3

SECOND SET.
Sands ....0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0—4
Russell ....1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1—6

THIRD SET.
Sands ....1 1 1 1 0 1 1—6
Russell ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

FOURTH SET.
Sands ....1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1—6
Russell ....0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0—3

Referee—Morton S. Paton, New York Racquet and Tennis Club. Umpire—J. B. Lovell, New York Racquet and Tennis Club. Marker—H. Harris.

Seventh Regiment Schedule.

The baseball team of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., which has been practicing for the past two months on the armory drill floor, will play its first game of the outdoor season on April 11 with the Stevens College team at Hoboken, N. J. All of last year's squad has reported, and with the addition of new material this year it is predicted that the team will establish an enviable record. Manager "Les" Mulford announces the following schedule:

April 11, Stevens College, at Hoboken, N. J.; 18, St. John's College, at Brooklyn, N. Y.; 25, South Orange F. C., at South Orange, N. J.

May 2, New York University, at Ohio Field, N. Y. C.; 9, Seton Hall College, at South Orange, N. J.; 16, Columbia University, at South Field, N. Y. C.; 23, Oritani Field Club, at Hackensack, N. J.; 27, Fordham University, at Fordham, N. Y. C.

June 6, Army, at West Point, N. Y.

LEAGUE GAMES.

June 13, Montclair, A. C., at Montclair, N. J.; 20, Englewood F. C., at Englewood, N. J.; 27, Crescent A. C., at Brooklyn, N. Y.

July 4, Montclair A. C., at Montclair, N. J.; 11, Commonwealth F. C., at Upper Montclair, N. J.; 18, Staten Island F. C., at Staten Island, N. Y.; 25, Englewood F. C., at Englewood, N. J.

Aug. 1, Crescent A. C., at Brooklyn, N. Y.; 8, Commonwealth F. C., at Upper Montclair, N. J.; 15, Staten Island F. C., at Staten Island, N. Y.; 22, Montclair F. C., at Montclair, N. J.; 29, Englewood F. C., at Englewood, N. J.

Sept. 12, Staten Island F. C., at Staten Island, N. Y.; 19, Crescent A. C., at Brooklyn, N. Y.; 26, Commonwealth F. C., at Upper Montclair, N. J.

Princeton Invites Outsiders.

Princeton is trying something new in the line of athletics in the track carnival to be held on May 16, which will be open to A. A. U. athletes as well as to college men. No big college has heretofore invited outside athletes to compete in any of its athletic events. Invitations for the meet have been received by several of the New York athletic clubs. It is understood that Princeton will enter 100 athletes, some of whom are ineligible for inter-collegiate athletics, but are eligible under the A. A. U. rules.

News for the Golfers.

Nassau Country Club announces that it will resume its invitation golf tournament Oct. 1, 2, and 3, two weeks following the women's national championship on the same course. Nassau Club did not hold a tournament last year.

On or about May 13 the first of the season's tournaments of the Eastern Trades Golf Association will be held. Choice lies between the Essex County, Dunwoodie, and Forest Hill courses. An intercity match between the Western Trades Golf Association and the Eastern organization will be staged at Atlantic City on June 10. The Eastern body held its annual meeting yesterday and elected the following officers: E. C. Molby, President; W. M. Cosgrove, Vice President; A. S. Armagnac, Secretary and Treasurer; J. Barton Garfield, Captain; Joseph I. Simmons, W. H. Watson, W. H. Burnett, W. W. Hubbard, and Farnham Yardley, members of the Executive Committee.

BILLIARD CHAMPIONS PLAY.

Morris Brown Defeats Mayer for Interstate Challenge Cup.

With Morris D. Brown and Joseph Mayer, both former national champions, as contestants, the final match for the Interstate Challenge Cup at the Arion Society last night was of more than ordinary interest. The play was not as spirited as was excepted, however. Brown won the match easily, 300 to 232. Brown was national amateur champion in 1912, and Mayer was champion in 1913. The playing of both was brilliant in spots, but very erratic.

Brown made a high run of 45, while Mayer could not get better than 32. Mayer started off strong, and in his first inning made 28, and a short time later made his high run. Brown started off with a miss and trailed along behind until about the twenty-fifth inning, when a 33 and 45 put him far in the lead. The score:

Mayer—28 0 2 0 0 7 0 0 32 14 10 7 1 7 1 1 1 0 3 1 5 0 2 10 0 7 3 2 2 0 2 16 7 0 0 1 18 14 6 8 1 13. Total—232.

Brown—0 4 1 9 28 4 0 0 2 9 5 17 3 15 0 4 0 16 11 12 1 5 0 4 33 3 45 12 0 2 0 16 20 0 0 3 1 12 1 0 5 10 2. Total—300.

High runs—Mayer, 32, 28, 18; Brown, 45, 33, 28.

Averages—Brown, 6 36-44; Mayer, 5 17-43.

COLUMBIA ON RIVER.

Two-Mile Spin in Morning and Four-Mile Pull in Afternoon.

Jim Rice has mapped out a schedule of practice which will keep the Columbia oarsmen busy throughout the Easter recess which began yesterday and will continue until Tuesday. Two rows a day will be the programme for the sweepswingers, with dinner at the training quarters each day.

In spite of the chill wind which swept the Hudson yesterday morning, the oarsmen were sent out in the boats for a two-mile spin up the river under the shelter of the Palisades. The river was rough early in the forenoon, but about noon the wind shifted and the water calmed sufficiently to boat the shells and barges. The freshmen are still confining their practice to the barges, and it will be several days yet before they are permitted to take to the shells.

In the afternoon the oarsmen had an even longer pull up the Hudson, covering a stretch of nearly four miles. Coach Rice feels that his crews are far behind their schedule and for this reason he will push them hard during the recess.

YALE SECOND CREW WINS.

Two-Mile Trial Row on Harbor Against First 'Varsity a Close Race.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 9.—After rough water on the harbor had subsided to-day, two Yale crews made up of candidates for the 'Varsity eight had a two-mile race, in which the second boat, stroked by Appleton, won by less than a length. The first boat was stroked by Crocker. There was considerable interest in the event, as it was understood to be a tryout to give the coaches an opportunity to make up the eight which is to race Harvard in June, and also to show the development of the crew under the new coaches.

Weather Retards Cornell Crews.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 9.—The worst spell of bad weather that the Cornell crews have ever experienced since Charles E. Courtney took charge of the coaching continues to restrict the oarsmen's efforts to the inlet, high water, swift currents, a biting wind, and snow making it unsafe to venture out on the lake. Courtney says he has never seen anything like it in his experience as a coach here. He divided his squad of oarsmen to-day, retaining only the 'Varsity and one freshman crew at the regular boat house and sending the three other 'Varsity and two freshman crews over to the intercollege boat house. The division was made in order to give the coach more time with the leading crews. Assistant Coach John Hoyle will take charge of the other men, though Courtney will note the progress of their rowing and keep his eyes open for first 'Varsity material.

Sixth Company Riders Reviewed.

The Sixth Company riding class of the Seventh Infantry, N. G. N. Y., closed its indoor drill last night at the Central Park Riding Academy. The four platoons comprising the class were reviewed by Col. C. I. DeBevoise, First Cavalry, N. G. N. Y., and his staff. The programme was opened by the review, the four divisions occupying the tanbark for nearly an hour, after which each platoon performed separately under its own commander. The competitive events consisted of a potato race, novelty race, rescue race, and a tug-of-war. In the first event, after the riders experienced some difficulty in handling the potatoes and placing them in buckets, Private W. Lander was returned the winner. The novelty race was won by the team made up of Privates S. Reid and C. Hannah. In the rescue event Privates Lander and C. Eckert were the first to perform the required stunts. The tug-of-war went to the first platoon over the second platoon after five minutes of strenuous pulling on a thick rope. Following this the officers joined in and rode for about one-half hour as the guests of the riding class, after which the affair disbanded.

Cyclists Plan Outing.

The New York Division of the Century Road Club Association has completed arrangements for the seventeenth Spring century or outing, which is to be held on April 26. The cyclists will leave this year from Columbus Circle and will cover a route of 102 miles over the best roads of Long Island. There will be two divisions of riders, the pleasure division, which will cover the route at an average speed of twelve miles an hour, and the Olympic division, consisting of the crack riders, which will travel at the rate of seventeen miles an hour. The crack riders from all the bicycle clubs in New York are expected to enter the Olympic division.

Eleven Aviators for 325-Mile Race.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 8.—Eleven aviators have entered a 325-mile race from San Francisco to Bakersfield, which is to take place April 20. The race is being arranged under the direction of the Bureau of Special Events of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. The contestants already listed are Silas Christofferson, Robert Fowler, Roy Francis, H. W. Blakely, Harry Christofferson, Otto Rybitzki, Harvey Crawford, Gus Seigfried, Charles Roystone, Frank Bryant, and Glenn Martin.

Chicago Gets Water Polo Meet.

Announcement was made yesterday by James E. Sullivan, Secretary of the A. A. U., that the national water polo championships will be held at the Chicago Athletic Club early in May. It is stated that there was very little competition for the right to hold this championship. The entry blanks for the competition have not yet been sent out. It is believed that New York men will be entered.

Trapshooting Championships.

The ninth annual clay bird tournament for the amateur championship of the United States will be held under the auspices of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island, April 24 and 25. The preliminary event on the opening day will be the interstate and three-man interclub championships. The other event will be a 200-target shoot with five prizes. The amateur championship will be shot on April 25 at 200 targets. Following this the two-man interclub and five-man interclub championships, each at 200 targets, will be decided. High average, long run, and special trap prizes will be competed for during the two days' tournament.

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POLO CANDIDATES PLAY FIRST MATCH

Whites Defeat Reds, 8 Goals to 3¾, in Opening Practice Game at Lakewood.

Candidates for the American polo team to play the British invaders at Meadow Brook for the world's championship played their first game this year at Lakewood, N. J., yesterday, when nine players engaged in two periods of play. Seven of the players went through the game without a change, but in the second half J. C. Cooley replaced J. Rawlins on the Red team. The Whites won by the score of 8 goals to 3¾.

The match was hurriedly arranged, there being some doubt as to it being played until the last minute. Weather conditions overhead were perfect, except for a rather chilly atmosphere, but the air was bracing, and, while no special effort was made to work the ponies hard, the contest was a fast one, and both players and mounts showed up in good shape. The playing field was somewhat soft from the recent rains, but the ponies secured a good foothold, and at times showed speed.

The players were divided into the Reds and Whites, Devereux Milburn played back and captained the former, and J. Monte Waterbury directed the plays of the Whites. Larry Waterbury is suffering from an attack of tonsilitis, and will not get in the saddle until next week. Former Capt. Harry Payne Whitney galloped over the field during the game and coached the players, who quickly adapted themselves to the conditions. The colony will be joined next week by several new players, when practice games will begin in earnest.

It was originally intended to play the first practice game to-morrow, and the change in the plans caught the Lakewood visitors unawares, and as a result only a few persons saw the contest. It is, however, expected that the Easter week games will bring out big crowds. The change in original plans was made after a conference between H. L. Herbert, President of the Polo Association, and Harry Payne Whitney.

The Reds were the first to get into swing, and the first goal in the first period was scored by H. Phipps. It did not take Capt. Waterbury's men long to form a combination, and before the first period was brought to a close the Whites had secured a good lead. The change of Cooley for Rawlins did not improve matters for the Reds, and the opposing players forged ahead and scored two goals to each one made by Capt. Milburn's team. The latter was penalized one-quarter of a point for a foul. The line-up:

REDS.	WHITES.
1—H. Phipps.	1—Perry Beadleston.
2—C. C. Rumsey.	2—J. Phipps.
3—J. Rawlins, J. C. Cooley.	3—J. M. Waterbury.
Back—D. Milburn.	Back—M. Stevenson.

Goals—Whites, 8; Reds, 4. Penalties—Reds, ¼ point for foul. Final score—Whites, 8; Reds, 3¾. Substitutes—J. C. Cooley for J. Rawlins. Time of game—Two fifteen-minute periods.

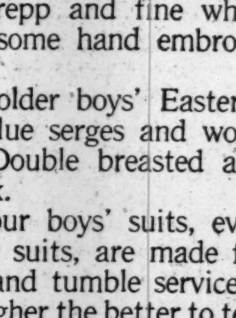
Soccer Results Abroad.

LONDON, April 9.—Two first league games were played to-day, and by beating Bolton Wanderers by 2—0 Sheffield United make a good jump in the table. Burnley went to Middlesbrough, but found the local team in good form, and lost an exciting game by 2—1.

Celtic made sure of the championship of the Scottish League to-day by winning their away game with Kilmarnock, 1—0. They will make a strong effort on Saturday when they play Hibernians in the final of the Scottish Cup, to win the double event. Third Lanark entertained St. Mirren and won by the only goal score, but Rangers and Hibernians fought out a furious draw, each side scoring once.

New House Boat for Little Neck Y.C.

Although the Little Neck Bay Yacht Club at the close of last season planned to build a club house near the site where the house boat it had occupied since the club was organized a year ago was anchored, the organization has decided to purchase a partly finished house boat, 50 by 80 feet, which will meet all the requirements of the yachtsmen. The new house boat will be towed from its present moorings in the North River at the foot of West 217th Street and towed to Little Neck Bay, off Bayside. The former home of the yachtsmen will be converted into a bathing house for the members.



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Jailing Bookmakers Causes Officials to Quit Turf Game in Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, VA., April 9—Officials of the Jamestown Jockey Club to-night called off the racing meeting, following a long conference with their attorneys, thus conceding to Attorney-General Pollard, in part, at least, a victory against bookmaking.

In a statement issued by the officials they declared that they came here and established the track only after a favorable interpretation of the anti-bookmaking law, that the method of betting they proposed to inaugurate would not violate it. They then admitted that the conviction of the thirteen bookmakers yesterday afternoon upset this interpretation and being unable to prevent betting by "handbooks," they deemed it advisable to close the meet. They said they purpose to fight for a favorable decision in the courts and that if victorious they will reopen the track. If they lose, the track will be abandoned for good.

It is understood that one or two of the officials heard of a report that they would be arrested on warrants charging them with aiding and abetting in bookmaking and quickly left the city.

REFUSE TURF LICENSES.

Trainers and Jockeys Turned Down by The Jockey Club.

Jockey Club Stewards took drastic action yesterday at their monthly meeting at the club offices, 6 East Forty-sixth Street, on the application of trainers and jockeys. John E. Rowe was refused a trainer's license, and the request of Fred Schelke was also denied. Arthur Wrispen sought the privilege of riding, but was refused. Peter Stire, who was ruled off the turf in 1905, was reinstated. Tommy MacTaggart also failed to secure a jockey's license.

The officials of the Summer meetings of the Queens County Jockey Club and the Empire City Racing Association were approved and the Stewards were notified that the Metropolitan Jockey Club would not hold a meeting this year. Permission was granted to the Westchester Racing Association to extend its meeting from May 26 to June 20, the Queens County Jockey Club from June 22 to July 10, and the Empire City Racing Association from July 11 to July 30. The application of the Coney Island Jockey Club to transfer the Futurity to Saratoga was granted.

The action of the Jamestown Jockey Club in refusing the entries of W. M. Sheedy was approved, and C. K. G. Billings was unanimously elected a member of The Jockey Club.

Racing at Flushing Driving Park.

Trotting races will be resumed at the old Flushing Driving Park the coming season. The track is now being put in condition for racing, and the meets will be held under the auspices of the Queensboro Driving Club. William R. Willcox, receiver for the Interboro Realty Company, which owns the park, has leased the park to the club for one season. The club has elected officers for the year as follows: Frank Clancy, President; Mortimer Whitman, Vice President; William Brill, Second Vice President; Edward J. McGahey, Treasurer, and John Scott and George Hebel, Secretaries.

Goshen Driving Club Officers.

GOSHEN, N. Y., April 9.—William Averell Harriman, eldest son of the late E. H. Harriman, was re-elected President of the Goshen Driving Club at the eighth annual meeting held here this afternoon. The other officers are: Vice President—Pierre Lorillard, Jr., of Tuxedo Park; Secretary—William K. Dickerson; Treasurer—Joseph S. Coates. A number of special prizes were donated for the season's racing, which will open the first Saturday afternoon in June and continue each Saturday the remainder of the Summer.

Navy Lacrosse Victory.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 9.—The Naval Academy to-day defeated Johns Hopkins at lacrosse, 5 to 1.

Other Sporting News See Page 15.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1914.

WHAT WE PROMISED.

Senator Lodge holds that we have the "legal right" to exempt from tolls in the Panama Canal any of our vessels, coastwise or other. He holds also that to do so when a friendly Government with which we have made a valid engagement, for ample consideration, claims that such action would be in violation of treaty obligations, would be a wanton and needless disregard of the "opinion of mankind," and a serious injury to our reputation for good faith, which has already suffered much from our treatment of the arbitration treaties. We do not at all agree with the Senator's interpretation of the treaty, but his general position is so sound and goes so to the heart of the question of duty for the Senate, that it ought to have much influence in that body.

Meanwhile the light thrown on the matter by Mr. Montague of Virginia and Senator McCumber of North Dakota, partly through the review of the records of the State Department, partly through the statements of Mr. White, the Chargé d'Affaires at London, in 1898, and Mr. Choate, Ambassador, together with the recollections of Senator McCumber, leaves no room for doubt as to the view taken of the treaty by those who negotiated it on the one side and on the other. When, in 1898, our Government asked the British Government to take up the question of the revision of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, it was to secure "such action by the United States "Government as may render possible "the accomplishment of a work which "will be for the benefit of the entire "civilized world." The immediate response of the British Government was such that Mr. White reported: "I do "not believe, if it [the Canal] is to be "open to all nations on equal terms, "that there will be any serious diffi"culty in effecting an agreement sat"isfactory to both nations." In the negotiations that followed, with which Mr. White was very intimately familiar, he says: "I never heard the "exemption of our coastwise shipping "from the payment of tolls mentioned "in any connection."

The statement of Mr. Choate, through whom the negotiations were for the most part conducted, is equally explicit and even more emphatic. He says:

> When we came to the negotiation of this last treaty, that of 1901, there was no question that, as between the United States and Great Britain, the canal should be open to the citizens and subjects of both on equal terms, and that it should be open on like terms to the citizens and subjects of every other State that brought itself within the category prescribed. On that point there was really nothing to discuss, and in the whole course of the negotiations there was never a suggestion on either side that the words "the "vessels of commerce and war of all "nations" meant anything different from the natural and obvious meaning of these words. Such language admitted of the exemption or exception of no particular kind of vessels of commerce and of war of any nation, whether of vessels engaged in foreign trade or coastwise trade, or of iron vessels or wooden vessels. The parties to the negotiation tried to use terms of the meaning of which there could be no doubt or dispute, and they meant what they said and said what they meant.

Here is evidence of prime importance and authority, that of men actually engaged in the negotiations, preliminary or final, of the instrument the meaning of which is now challenged. In the case of Mr. Choate it is the evidence of one whose duty it was to present the views and intentions of his Government in language that should fully express them, and to weigh every word that was proposed by the negotiator of the other contracting party. He is a clear-headed man, highly trained in the use of words in contracts, private or international, with which he may be intrusted. He declares that the parties in this instance "meant what they said and said what they meant."

GOV. GLYNN'S ORDEAL.

Gov. Glynn seems to have found the performance of his duty in the case of the men convicted of murdering Rosenthal a severe ordeal. It is not pleasant to have the last word to say in such a matter, but it has been the will of the people of this State that the pardoning power should rest entirely in the hands of the Chief Executive, and not be intrusted to a board with divided responsibility. The Governor may rest assured that the full measure of his responsibility is comprehended and that the wisdom of his action in the present case is not disputed.

So long as the death penalty remains on the statute books it should be enforced. The influences brought to bear upon the Governor to induce him to grant a reprieve to these men have been extraordinary, and the performance of his duty has been, therefore, beset with greater difficulties than usual. But he has performed it bravely and has greatly strengthened his hold, thereby, upon the respect of the people of the State whose respect is worth having.

THE EVICTED SPANIARDS.

The expulsion from Torreon by the triumphant Mexican Revolutionists of all the Spanish residents is an incident likely to live long in history, as it may lead to serious complications. The expulsion is incompatible with the laws of civilized warfare. The men among these Spaniards, many of whom were born in Mexico, have been non-combatants and are, therefore, entitled to protection from the conquerors. Many Mexicans have professed to hate the Spaniards since the expulsion of the Spanish rulers, and until comparatively recent years the phrase "Death to the Spaniards" was retained in the Grito de Dolores, solemnly uttered by the President on the balcony of the National Palace every year on the night of Sept. 15. But the Spaniards in Mexico in these days are a peaceable and provident part of the population, not numerous enough to exert any appreciable political influence, and there is no excuse whatever for Villa's ill-treatment of them except his knowledge that they disapprove of him and his methods. In this they differ very little from most of the foreign residents of the country. Suppose Villa should banish the English, French, or German residents and confiscate their property? Of course Spain will make formal protest against this treatment of her people, and it is not likely that the United States Government can avoid taking notice of the matter officially.

Meanwhile we are forced to provide shelter and the means of living to 700 newcomers in Southern Texas, where we were already caring for some thousands of Mexican refugees. Although Carranza denies that his Provisional Government will confiscate the property of the evicted Spaniards, they have been compelled to leave behind them in the Laguna district large quantities of cotton and all their other property not easily carried. They have lost their homes and their occupations. There is plenty of room for such people in Southern Texas and Arizona, to be sure, if they will set to work to make the best of their lot and become citizens of the country that has given them refuge.

THE MAIER WATER BILL.

At the hearing before Gov. Glynn to-day on the Maier-Foley bill, introduced as No. 626 in the Senate, astute lawyers will argue that, because the present law does not prevent a city from paralleling with mains the systems of existing private waterworks, their right of building and using waterworks of their own, by the usual processes of home rule, should be taken away from cities. The Maier bill takes away this right. It requires this city—as Mayor Mitchel, advised by counsel, fears—to gain consent of an up-State Conservation Commission, headed by a notorious machine leader of Albany County, before it can make any use of the great new Catskill water system.

Granting that the position of the private companies is as they state it, the measure which they have put through the Legislature is not one that will obtain for them or for the city fair and equal justice. The assurance of an adequate water supply is of vital necessity to a city. It can be shown convincingly that this city, while exercising the right of which the Maier bill would deprive it, has found it impossible to constrain the private water companies in Queens to provide a supply of water adequate for the needs of that rapidly growing borough, and that large districts have had to do without fire protection. Some of the companies have been unable to furnish the needed supplies, and the paralleling of their mains by the city is a right that should on no account be denied or abridged. In other cases the companies have declined to extend their mains where water was needed in quantity, and under pressure, unless the applicant would pay the entire cost of installation, and in still other cases mains were extended only when the company felt quite certain that within a short time, fixed arbitrarily, the expense of installation would be offset by cash receipts. In those cases, too, it would be contrary to public policy to deny the city the free right to lay mains of its own to guard the health and lives of its inhabitants. It is because the rights of life and health are paramount over the rights of private property that during their term of existence private water companies have been on notice that the cities they serve might at any time freely compete with them in rendering adequate service. They accepted this risk with knowledge and prevision. It might well be argued that the acceptance of the risk involved acceptance of its consequences. When the companies got their franchises, the City Club states, they "understood "that they were not protected from "competition by the city."

These private companies, we are informed by ex-Commissioner of Water Supply Thompson, have been unusually rapacious. Mr. Thompson reported to the Board of Estimate on April 4, 1912, that while they were trying to force through the Legislature a bill similar to the Maier bill, most of them were withholding from him "information sufficient to base an estimate of the value of the plants." He could not obtain from them financial statements that might show their capitalization, indebtedness, and earning power—statements needed in order to judge whether the rates charged consumers were just and proper, and needed, also, to estimate the worth of the properties which the city was empowered to acquire. Meanwhile, constant complaints were being made to the Commissioner of inadequate service and extortionate rates imposed on consumers.

Notwithstanding the hardships which the city then endured, its officials were disposed to treat the companies fairly. In the very letter embodying these complaints the Water Commissioner proposed not to lay a duplicate system or to enter into ruinous competition with the companies, but that the city acquire the "right, title, and interest in the pri"vate waterworks companies now "operating in the Boroughs of Brook"lyn and Queens," according to fair and reasonable values, to be determined in condemnation proceedings by a judicial tribunal.

There has been no evidence of bad faith in the dealings of the city with the companies. No attempt has been made to confiscate their property as charged—no attempt could be made. No attempt has been made to enter into ruinous competition with them, and the city has even fallen short of its duty to protect the community from the restrictions of the companies that endangered its lives. Gov. Glynn should read again the memorandum of Mayor Mitchel on the Maier bill, concluding that it is a vicious measure, and that its provisions would "go far toward intrench"ing the private water companies in "perpetual monopolies."

TIMELY WARNING.

Police Commissioner Woods would do well to bear in mind that the first important duty which confronts him in his new office is the suppression of the riotous spirit in this community, which has been fostered by the I. W. W., and which the lenient treatment by Magistrates of men and women arrested for unlawful conduct on the streets has served to encourage. The action of the police in Union Square last Saturday has had the cordial approval of all law-abiding citizens. The malcontents, however, threaten to repeat to-morrow afternoon their attempt to hold a meeting in Union Square without permission and to have a parade in defiance of the law.

The police we trust will be present in force to prevent any violation of the law whatever. Any citizen who gets in that crowd for curiosity's sake will be doing so at his own risk and after fair warning that there may be trouble. Central Park and Van Cortlandt will be safer places to go for an airing to-morrow than Union Square. Leave that to the professional malcontents and the police.

THE GIFT TO WELLESLEY.

By its gift of $750,000 toward restoring the facilities lost by Wellesley College in the destruction by fire of College Hall, the Rockefeller Foundation has done more than simply to pledge money. The principle on which the Foundation works is as much to eliminate useless instrumentalities of education and those that are duplicating work better done elsewhere, as to aid those that are of real service to the nation. By its gift, therefore, as Bishop Lawrence expresses it, the Foundation "ex"presses belief in the future of the "college, and shows confidence in its "administration."

The gift is made conditional upon the raising of a total sum by next January of $2,000,000, one-half of it payable before Jan. 1, 1916, the balance before Jan. 1, 1917, this to be applied to new buildings, equipment, and endowment. Seven new buildings of modern construction will replace the great firetrap that burned. The dormitories will be separate from the buildings that will house the administrative offices and the college's equipment and rooms for teaching. Wellesley has 1,500 students, and had already outgrown its plant. It will be the part of its future benefactors to provide ampler facilities.

BILLBOARDS.

The unsightly billboards and frantic electric signs displayed in this city have encroached too far on the landscape. They are not only a nuisance to the eye, but they increase the dangers of fire, and ill-secured and monstrous roof-signs may be blown off in high gales, menacing the lives of passers-by. The ordinance proposed by Alderman Curran would place some wholesome restrictions on those who thus trespass on the public rights. Needless to say, the trespassers are opposed to any sane regulation, and their pockets are pitted against Mr. Curran's appeals for public safety. In consenting to redraft the bill he should not compromise on its essential features.

The ordinance should require that a register be made of existing billboards and roof-signs and filed in the Bureau of Buildings in their respective boroughs. As originally drawn it limits the height of future billboards to ten feet, requiring that within the fire limits they be made incombustible. Future solid roof-signs must be no more than 10 feet high and 40 feet long, and they must leave one-fourth of the linear dimensions of the roof free and clear for fighting fires. Signs fastened across doors and windows are prohibited. No roof-signs or billboards shall be constructed within 350 feet of parks, public buildings, churches, or schools.

What is there unreasonable in these regulations? If they err at all, we should say that it is on the side of the interests that are fighting any restriction at all. Their liberty has degenerated into license. It needs curtailing.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

It Is Time for Some Real Forestry.

As we are to have a revision of the State Constitution next year, with the probability or possibility that several hasty or unnecessary changes in that interesting document will be made, the few amendments concerning the propriety and desirability of which there is no question should not be neglected. Among these, not the least important is that which proposes to drop from our organic law the provision that the State Forest Reserves should forever remain in a "wild" condition.

There never was any good excuse for putting this provision in the Constitution except the fear, once well grounded, that if it were not done, if the matter were left to the uncovenanted mercies of the Legislature, the lumbermen would somehow get into the State woods and utterly destroy them, as was the fashion of all lumbermen not long ago and is the fashion of too many of them still. Joined to this apprehension, then reasonable, was the sentimental horror of certain pathetically ignorant people who have deduced from the poet's appeal, "O woodman, spare that tree!" the crazy notion that trees should never be cut down, and that the most beautiful forest is one left to the care of "nature."

Of course everybody with even a little knowledge of real, scientific forestry knows that, not less from the aesthetic than the economic point of view, a "wild" forest is only better than no forest at all, and that "nature" is a most negligent and wasteful guardian of forest beauties and values. True forestry teaches protection of the woods, indeed, but when trees are fully grown it cuts them down, carefully setting out others, however, also to be cut in due season.

This the lumbermen are learning and a large part of the general public has already learned. There is little or no reason now to fear that abandonment of the "wild" policy would lead to a woodchopping orgy. The Legislature would not dare to permit it, and there is no longer any sense in keeping the forests of the great State of New York in a condition that excites the derisive mirth of foreign experts and fills the native ones with humiliation.

Discipline May Be Imperiled.

Our new Police Commissioner's first executive act has been to open a direct line of communication between himself and the patrolmen. This has been described, and correctly enough from one point of view, as a cutting of red tape and therefore to be commended. It is, however, the abandonment of a plan which human experience has found to be usually necessary for the maintenance of discipline in all activities, military and civil, that involve the dividing of a certain group of men into ranks or grades.

That the old plan does not always work well—that it makes possible very serious abuses of power, with resulting oppression and corruption—cannot be denied. To condemn it, however, is to condemn as incompetent or dishonest the intermediate officials of whatever kind that stand between the lowest grade and the highest. This, in effect, is to condemn the supreme authority for not doing his own duty, which is to select for his representatives and agents in the exercise of control men who will not abuse their opportunities or be either tyrants or "crooks."

We ought, for instance, to have Police Sergeants, Lieutenants, Captains, and Inspectors who can be trusted to take proper action on the grievances and suggestions of those under them, and to send such as they cannot dispose of themselves from grade to grade upward to the Commissioner. The alternative is distinctly revolutionary, and has always been found subversive of discipline in the end, for the intermediate officers are discredited and made helpless

This is not to say that Commissioner Woods has made a mistake in making himself directly accessible to the patrolmen. A situation can be imagined in which there would be nothing else to do, and perhaps it is the only present remedy for the police "system" about which we have heard so much, but in terms so vague. One cannot help wondering, however, what would happen to the policeman who ventured to utilize the new privilege. He is likely to need at once a whole lot of protection from the disfavor of his immediate superiors—superiors, by the way, who are permanent, while Commissioners come and go with caution-inspiring rapidity.

"Red tape," too, has a reputation worse than it deserves. The checks and limitations which the term signifies are sometimes excessive, but they usually have a reason, and he who drops them should first be sure that the reason is obsolete.

Nothing Is True of Them All.

"Women," says Dr. and Commissioner Katharine Bement Davis—and it's a pity, as her achievements compel us to write her name so often, that we have fallen into and cannot easily get out of the habit of writing it in full—"women are growing more and more intelligent in civic affairs."

But "women" is a terribly inclusive word, and perhaps rigid exactitude required that the estimable and able head of our correctional system should say, not that women are growing more and more intelligent in civic affairs, but that more and more women are doing so. That cannot be denied of women or of men either, we meliorists believe, in spite of the pessimistic yelps and groanings that occasionally pain the ear.

But so many of both sexes show no change and never had much much intelligence to work on!

And how about Dr. Davis's other statement—that "the intelligence of women is backing up everything of civic righteousness"? Of course it is—it has to and always did. But the unintelligence of women, as of men, isn't backing up righteousness, civic or other. As a matter of fact, who says "women" doesn't say much of anything, for nothing is true of them all. Their varieties, as of men, are infinitely numerous.

MR. MORGENTHAU'S SERVICE

He Is Learning at First Hand About Interests in Near East.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with the appointment of so many new and untried men as representatives of the United States in foreign courts, it is well worth while to call attention to the immediate recognition and the valuable services of one of them. Our fellow-citizen, Mr. Morgenthau, is winning high honor and deep gratitude on the part of our American missionaries resident in Turkey.

He has not only availed himself of many opportunities to visit and make valuable addresses in Robert College and the American College for Girls, where his words were on a high plane both for their educational and ethical quality, but he has already gone on a tour through Asia Minor for the purpose of visiting the American colleges and schools and thoroughly informing himself as to the work that is doing in our various missions. He left Constantinople, accompanied by his wife and daughter, on the 22d of March for a six weeks' tour of Egypt, Palestine, and Syria. He was to visit and examine the conditions in Jerusalem, seeking first-hand information concerning all branches of American enterprise and particularly examining all phases of missionary and philanthropic effort. He was then to proceed north to Haifa and Damascus, going on to Beirut, calling at Baalbek to attend the conference of the Missionary Educational Union, thence to Latakia, Tarsus, and Adana, and back to Constantinople by way of Rhodes and Smyrna.

This journey is now in progress and will not only give the American Ambassador important first-hand knowledge of existing conditions, but cannot fail to make a strong impression upon the native population everywhere, besides giving to American missionaries throughout Asia Minor a much-needed sense of protection and good cheer. That he should, so early in his mission, take the time and be at the pains of such a service, is a fact which is well worthy of note, not only among his friends at home but by the country at large. I therefore ask the privilege of calling attention to it, having received information simply through publications which have come to me from Constantinople.

HENRY A. STIMSON,
Manhattan Congregational Church.
New York, April 9, 1914.

THE BRAZILIAN MAXIXE

Different from the Dance Here, and Considered Immoral.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the issue of your to-day's paper I noticed an advertisement of a South American professional dancer engaged to teach the Argentine Tango and Brazilian Maxixe, as danced in Argentine and Brazilian societies, respectively. I wish that it could be clearly understood that in Brazil the real society does not dance the Maxixe, although this dance was originated in the so-called "land where the coffee comes from." There it is considered immoral to do the Maxixe out of the limited baundaries of the carnival clubs, (clubs carnavalescos,) which are not at all frequented by families. The Maxixe as danced in the United States and Europe is rather a very fascinating and harmless fancy.

As a Brazilian, and as a firm believer in the truth, I would appreciate it if you oblige me in publishing this letter for the sake of the society in which I was born.

OSCAR CORREIA.
New York, April 7, 1914.

Inconsistencies of Spelling.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Melvil Dewey's letter in your issue of to-day calls for protest by one who learned to spell fifty years ago, and who never found any great trouble in dealing with the different sounds of the same vowel and the other eccentricities of our language. The cause of poor spelling to-day is rather in the method of teaching than in the absence of the phonetic method of writing the language, which in print looks barbarous. How does Mr. Dewey reconcile "wud" instead of "would" with the cud of the cow? If he cannot attain perfection by his system, would it not be better to let the dear old language alone and return to the methods of fifty years ago for its mastery? A bas "simplified spelling."

EDWARD C. PEARSON.
Plainfield, N. J., April 8, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That the pupils in a high school should, as has lately been reported, have spelled "isosceles" in almost as many ways as the various phonetic arrangements of the letters permit, need hardly surprise us. Probably few of these boys ever studied Greek, and I give below the different ways in which I saw the word spelled by the junior class of one of our best-known universities many years ago. The class had all been through years of required study of Greek and through a course in geometry:

Isosceles, isosiles, isosles, icoceles, isocles, isosoles, isocoles, isoceles, isocceles, isoscles, isoscles.

EUCLID.
Princeton, N. J., April 8, 1914.

Unemployed Recruits to Labor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When the demand for a given article of manufacture falls far short of the supply, it is customary to lessen the output of the factory until the demand has risen to a normal level. Would it not be a simple expedient to apply this method to the present condition of the labor market? If there really are many thousands of people out of employment because of the present condition of business or politics, would it not be the part of common sense to cease importing from Europe potential recruits for the armies of the unemployed?

To go a little further in the same direction, might it not be the part of wisdom and humanity to provide free transportation to their homes in Europe for all unemployed who are willing to go back and live among their people, and might it not be economical to do so?

G. L. P.
Newport, R. I., April 8, 1914.

Another Department?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Gov. Glynn can render a valuable service to the City of New York by vetoing the Pollock bill proposing to establish a Department of Markets.

There is no public demand nor necessity for such department, which will add many thousands of dollars annually to the already excessive cost of running the City Government.

The crying need of this city is consolidation of existing departments, which duplicate each other's work, and the abolishment of some of them, not the creation of new departments and the addition of hundreds of needless employes to the public pay rolls at the expense of the already overburdened taxpayers.

New York, April 7, 1914. TAXPAYER.

The Banks and the Districts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the making up of banking districts, why should not the convenience of the banks be considered?

Why not allow banks in border localities to choose their own districts, each bank in New Jersey, for instance, to decide to belong either to New York or to Philadelphia and each bank in Connecticut to have a similar choice between Boston and New York?

J. HOWARD COWPERTHWAIT.
New York, April 9, 1914.

MAIER WATER BILL.

Here Is the Companies' Plea for the Governor's Signature.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Maier bill, if it becomes a law, will require the City of New York to get the consent of the Conservation Commission before laying mains in and supplying with water any territory now supplied with water by a private water company, but it will not prevent the city from acquiring by condemnation proceedings without such consent the mains within the city limits belonging to any private water company.

This provision of the law simply extends to water companies operating in a portion of the territory now embraced within the City of New York, but formerly outside the city, the same protection which the law of the State, as it has existed since 1905, would have given them if their territory had not been annexed to New York. No municipality the people of which are now supplied with water by a private water works corporation can build and operate a municipal plant without first getting the consent of the Conservation Commission, and there is no reason why the small protection afforded the private water companies by this provision of law should not be extended so as to protect them against the contingency of the annexation of a part of their territory by an adjoining municipality.

The City of Mount Vernon, which is now supplied by a private company, cannot parallel the mains of that private company without first getting the consent of the Conservation Commission. But if Mount Vernon were to be annexed to New York, the City of New York could at once extend its mains into the annexed territory and thus make "junk" of the present water company's mains, as the Mayor of New York threatened to do with the mains of the private companies now in the city. New York has grabbed most of the available water supply of Westchester County and Long Island; the Maier bill will simply prevent the city from destroying without reasonable cause the capital invested in private water works which have helped build up and develop the adjacent territory which the city has already or may hereafter annex.

In case the city and any private company fail to agree upon the price to be paid the company for hydrant rentals, the Conservation Commission will have power under the Maier bill to settle the dispute and fix the price to be paid. This power is necessary for the rate-making body in order to enable it to properly distribute the cost of service between the general public and the private consumer.

The Maier bill gives to the Conservation Commission substantially the same control over the rates and character of service of a water company that the law gives to the Public Service Commission over gas and electric light companies. The reason for giving this control to the Conservation Commission rather than to the Public Service Commission is because the Conservation Commission now has control over all questions of water supply. It therefore makes for economy and efficiency to put all the regulative powers over water companies into the hands of one commission, thus avoiding any possible conflict of authority and certain increase of expense in administration. The rates that may properly be charged by a water company are so dependent upon the problems connected with securing an adequate and safe supply as to make it impossible for any rate-making body not familiar with the subject of supply properly to regulate rates and service.

ARTHUR E. WALRADT,
President of New York State Private Water Works Association.
New York, April 9, 1914.

NEEDS OF HOSPITALS.

Saturday and Sunday Association Says They Have Increased.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Due to prevailing conditions, the hospitals have this year received less in contributions than usual. The same conditions have, nevertheless, necessitated far more free hospital service to the poor. Hospitals like the rest of us must make both ends meet. They are nobly keeping up the service end. There are surely many New York men and women willing to help on the financial end at such a time.

Impelled by this feeling, The Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association calls for special and immediate gifts of $25,000 so as to increase by that amount the annual distribution about to be made, for which $110,000 is now in hand, thanks to the loyalty of our regular subscribers.

Contributors to this hospital association have the satisfaction of knowing that their gifts are used only for free hospital service to the poor. The 47 hospitals which participate are required to furnish information, which is carefully checked up, as to their finances and the exact number of days of free treatment given. In the light of these facts the distribution is impartially made under the direction of the distributing committee, composed of the Mayor of New York, the Postmaster, the President of the Chamber of Commerce, ex officiis, and of Messrs. Otto T. Bannard, John Claflin, James C. Fargo, and James Speyer.

Many contributions, both large and small, are called for, and will be gratefully acknowledged if sent to Charles Lanier, Treasurer of the association, 59 Cedar Street, or to Mrs. James Speyer, Treasurer Woman's Auxiliary, 1,058 Fifth Avenue.

ROBERT OLYPHANT,
President.
GEORGE BLUMENTHAL,
Vice President.
New York, April 8, 1914.

GOOD FRIDAY.

I was a little child who walked beside
the beaten way;
The air was hung with flower scents,
and in the meadows gay
I heard the song-birds murmuring, and
children at their play.

I walked until I saw a hill, and there,
against the sky,
I saw three crosses raised aloft, and,
on them, pinioned high,
I knew a Holy Man, our Lord, was just
about to die.

I saw the gleaming sun go down. I saw
the flowers fade,
I saw the fire from above as on His
face it strayed,
And then I heard a woman scream, and
lo! I was afraid!

* * * * * * *

I was a little child who walked beside
the beaten way;
I could not understand or guess—I knew
not what to say—
And yet, with untaught heart, I knelt
beside the road to pray!

MARGARET E. SANGSTER, Jr.

ALFRED NOYES IN FACULTY.

English Poet Made "Visiting Professor" at Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 9.—Alfred Noyes, the English poet, was elected to the Faculty of Princeton University today. The Board of Trustees also formally accepted the offer of Edgar Palmer to build a stadium, to cost approximately $300,000, and present it to the university for the use of the athletic association. Mr. Noyes will be a "Visiting Professor in English," and he will be in Princeton one term of each academic year to lecture in the senior course on "Nineteenth Century English Literature."

The Trustees announced gifts of $61,752.04 for current expenses and $5,381.26 for endowment. The board voted to combine the $25,000 bequest of the late John L. Cadwalader of New York with a previous gift of $30,000 by Mr. Cadwalader into a fund for the endowment of a preceptorship. Francis S. Speir, Jr., of New York was appointed legal counsel for the board.

Prof. Allan W. C. Menzies, now head of the Department of Chemistry at Oberlin College, was elected to a full professorship in chemistry, to begin his work in September. John Nevin Sayre, at present a student at Marburg University, was appointed instructor in biblical literature, and the Rev. Ralph B. Pomeroy of Trinity Episcopal Church, Princeton, was appointed special lecturer in the same department. Prof. Charles MacMillan was retired as a professor emeritus after thirty-nine years of service. The resignations of Prof. George Stephenson Patton and Regis Michand were accepted. Prof. Patton leaves in June to assume the office of inspector of schools in Bermuda and Prof. Michand assumes a chair in Smith College next year.

"B. E.'S" PROBLEM.

A Chivalrous and Sympathetic Man Comes to the Rescue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The spirit of brotherly sympathy and understanding with which "B. E's" communication has been received by several of your correspondents prompts me to make a reply to their utterances. The consensus of opinion seems to be that "B. E.'s" loneliness was self-imposed, and several modes of egress from the depths into which "B. E." has fallen are suggested by these gentlemen, (I judge they are all men.) Why should she hold herself aloof from the woman with whom she shared an apartment on Morningside Heights? Those who have replied to "B. E.'s" letter are either very blind and stupid or unwilling to admit the existence of a state of affairs which "B. E." plainly implied in her letter, namely, that the woman with whom she lived had ways which were far from being "as innocent as her own." If this is not what the passage—"I knew she was entertaining a man visitor; I say nothing against this; she was lonely, too, but I at least could thank God that I was alone"—means, then I should like to know what it does mean. "B. E." also says she told her acquaintance she did not care to meet men in the way her acquaintance did, and on divulging how long she ("B. E.") had been in New York her friend "threw up her hands and her face spoke more eloquently than words." "B. E." evidently has enough natural modesty not to state in plain words the facts which she has tactfully described.

"But," say these correspondents, "'B. E.' is entirely too self-conscious in refraining from walks in the evening." If "B. E." is good looking, as she says she is, the reason for this "self-consciousness" ought not to have to be explained to these gentlemen if they are half wide awake and know anything about human nature, meaning man's nature. As to sitting in the gallery at the theatre, I should like to ask your correspondents if they are perfectly willing to let their sisters or daughters go to the theatre, in the gallery, alone, at night, and in this highly virtuous City of New York. A suggestion like this will doubtless make "L. J. W." very "tired," indeed.

Next comes the query, "Why doesn't 'B. E.' go to some church and make acquaintances?" Now, obviously, "B. E.," if she were to attend a church, would not make any acquaintances unless she spoke to some one, for it is not customary in churches for unattended ladies to be accosted by people, although, very fortunately, unattended ladies are not so immune from being accosted in other places. Suppose "B. E." were to speak to some one. How would her advances be received? A few years ago in Cleveland a number of girls in "B. E.'s" position attempted to adopt this formula of escape from loneliness, and their efforts were not distinctly successful. It may be that there are many church people who would generously offer to aid a girl who swallowed her pride sufficiently to accost them with a tale of loneliness, but I am convinced that there are a great many who would look on such action as an unwarranted intrusion and would act accordingly.

Finally, it is said that "B. E." must not be so selfish and self-centred. Why doesn't she help other people by joining some social service society, &c.? If "B. E." works for her living in the daytime I do not see how she could do her work helping other people at any other time than in the evening. Of course, all your correspondents (whom I will assume work for a living in the daytime) spend their evenings in advancing human welfare, but, even so, don't they occasionally desire a little congenial companionship and diverting amusement in the evening? And is "B. E." to be blamed for wishing to forget the toil of the day at night in a little play?

We hear a lot to-day from some people about the sense of chivalry that men are going to lose when women get the vote. If the male correspondents who have replied to "B. E." are samples of American chivalrous men, I am afraid that the women who do get the vote haven't got a whole lot to lose. Here is a woman, carefully nurtured and educated and accustomed to the good things of life, suddenly thrown on her own resources in a great city. She is naturally refined and timid, and is not willing to run the risks which unprotected women are subjected to if they are too anxious to make advances to people. She comes "home" at night after a day's work and finds the joys awaiting her that she has described. She becomes terribly lonely, (I think it is acknowledged that a woman is more likely to become lonely than a man,) and writes of her trouble to a newspaper. See how chivalrous American manhood jumps to her rescue. She makes them "tired." "B. E." may well pray that she may never have to look to "L. W. J." and his kind for brotherly guidance.

H. R.
New Haven, Conn., April 7, 1914.

Ireland's Sovereignty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

E. F. Hudson, writing under the caption "An Ulster Parallel," shows that he is no student of British history. Ireland has never relinquished its right to sovereignty, and therein it differs from Scotland and Wales. The monarch is "King of Great Britain and Ireland"; there is a separate Executive in Dublin Castle, viz., Lord Lieutenant, &c., but neither Scotland nor Wales has such Executive. The counties in Ireland are not, and never were, counties of the United Kingdom; the appointive officers in Irish counties are appointees of the Lord Lieutenant. If your correspondent will read the Act of Union he will find that it is practically a treaty between sovereign nations and does not in any way surrender the sovereign rights of either of the parties to it.

WESTERLEIGH.

The Thirty-seventh Man Explains.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few days ago I had occasion to go to Washington on the Pennsylvania express that leaves New York at 8:08 A. M. In the club smoking car there were thirty-seven men. Each was reading a newspaper. Thirty-six were reading THE NEW YORK TIMES. The thirty-seventh was myself; I had read THE TIMES before entering the train.

L. S.
New York, April 9, 1914.

GOV. GLYNN SIGNS NEW ELECTION LAWS

They Perfect Massachusetts Ballot Act and Provide for Women Watchers at Polls.

STATE PENSIONS TO WAIT

Will Let Constitutional Convention Decide, Executive Says, Explaining Vetoes—Other Disapprovals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 9.—Three bills amending the election law received executive approval to-day. One was the Duhamel bill providing that additional sample ballots and instructions for the guidance of voters be placed in each polling place on registration days in 1914, so as to give the voters a full opportunity to understand the machinery of the new Massachusetts ballot law, enacted last December. Another was the Foley bill to permit women watchers at the polls when the suffrage amendment is voted upon. The third was Senator Blauvelt's bill to perfect the provisions for voting under the new Massachusetts ballot law.

This bill provides for a square rather than long ballot, and makes new provisions for the canvass of the vote, so that the people may get the returns early on election night. It reduces the number of voters in an election district to 350 in New York City and to 300 elsewhere throughout the State, so that each voter may have ample time in which to mark his ballot under the new conditions.

The Blauvelt bill, regarded as a compromise, was prepared at a conference held by Senators Wagner, Murtaugh, and Blauvelt, Democrats; Brown, Republican, and John G. Saxe, counsel to the Governor. The Citizens' Union filed with the Governor a protest to this bill declaring its provisions vicious.

Bricks for use in constructing State highways will be made at the Elmira Reformatory as soon as the necessary buildings and apparatus are erected. Gov. Glynn signed the Murtaugh bill appropriating $75,000 for this purpose. The plan is the first step in the Governor's recommendation to the Legislature that convicts be employed in manufacturing road material.

Other measures approved included:

Senator Foley's, authorizing New York City to provide a site for and maintain a college of commerce and administration and museum of commerce and civics, which the Chamber of Commerce has offered to erect, the site for the building to be at the southeasterly corner of Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, Manhattan.

Assemblyman Karutz's, striking out the word "Croton" from New York's Charter relative to the cancellation of water rents.

Assemblyman Malone's, providing that a person, firm, or corporation performing work upon an article for a price shall have a lien upon the same for the amount due for such work, and authorizing the sale of such property if the account remains unpaid for one year.

Assemblyman Hoff's, authorizing New York City to erect a Court House for the Second Judicial District in Brooklyn Borough and the closing of Joralemon Street.

Vetoes State Pensions.

Several bills were vetoed. Gov. Glynn found Senator Ormrod's bill to provide for the registration of motor cycles "so inartistically framed that its approval is impossible." Two bills to provide a system of pensions for State Hospital employes and for the employes of charitable institutions were vetoed

"The subject of pensioning State employes is one which has attracted a great deal of public attention during the last few years and is obviously one which has much merit," says the Governor. "We are, however, on the eve of a Constitutional convention, and I think this is one of the great questions on which the initiative should be taken by that body."

The Murtaugh bill for State aid for bridges and the Whitney bill for the acquisition by the State of toll bridges were vetoed. The Murtaugh bill, the Governor says, would require the expenditure of $500,000 this year and would commit the State to a policy which would cost perhaps several million dollars annually thereafter, something the State's finances do not warrant. The Whitney bill was vetoed because he deemed its provisions inequitable.

Senator Duhamel's bill to use the rifle range at Creedmoor as a site for an aviation park was vetoed, as was the Cheney bill to permit schools of forestry to use lands acquired under foreclosure by the State. These lands cost the State $350,000, and the Governor believes it would be bad policy to destroy what little income they now produce.

At the conclusion of a hearing to-day on the Phillips-Blauvelt bills designed to permit a plea of "guilty, but insane," in criminal cases, Gov. Glynn indicated that he would not approve the measures. They were recommended by the State Bar Association as an outgrowth of the Thaw case and were advocated to-day by John H. Leavitt, representing the association. Opposition was voiced by District Attorney Cropsey of Kings County and J. E. Delehanty of District Attorney Whitman's office, who asserted that the approval of the measures practically would mean the abolition of capital punishment in this State.

Hearing on Parole Extension.

Punishment under the penal law would be impaired if the Fairbank Parole bill should become a law, several District Attorneys told Gov. Glynn to-day at a hearing on the measure. The bill provides that first offenders convicted of any of the minor felonies shall be eligible for parole after having served one year and second termers at the end of the second year of their terms without regard to their length. The more serious crimes are excepted, including murder, arson, kidnapping, and burglary in certain degrees. If the bill were approved, ex-Senator Stilwell would be eligible for parole next July.

District Attorney Dudley of Buffalo, representing the State District Attorneys' Association; District Attorney Cropsey of Kings County, and J. E. Delehanty, an assistant of District Attorney Whitman, were the principal opponents of the measure. Its sponsors included Superintendent Riley of the State Prison Department, Henry J. McCann, a member of the Parole Board, and J. D. Sears, representing the Prison Reform Commission. They urged the Governor to sign the measure in the interests of humanity, and characterized as "absurd" the assertions made by the District Attorneys that the Parole Board would pass favorably upon every application it received.

WOMEN WIN IN ALASKA.

Candidates Supported by Them Are Elected in Several Towns.

SEATTLE, April 9.—Women helped decide elections in Alaska this week, according to dispatches received to-day. It was the first election since the Territorial Legislature passed the Enfranchisement act a year ago. They elected the entire non-partisan ticket in Skagway against the taxpayers' faction which had been in power six years.

In a bitter municipal fight in Juneau women were active, and the Citizens' Party was able to elect only two Aldermen against the People's Party, headed by ex-Mayor Valentine. In Ketchikan the reform ticket won by electing five of seven Councilmen.

At Fairbanks Daniel Driscoll, Territorial Representative, was defeated for Alderman. In Cordova the Citizens' Progressive Party won on a platform promising reforms and economy. In Valdes the non-partisan ticket, with a single exception, was victorious. In Seward the People's ticket won. George B. Grigsby was elected Mayor of Nome.

'H. M. S. PINAFORE' A LA HIPPODROME

They Sail the Ocean Tank and Their Saucy Ship's a Beauty.

CHORUSES ARE SPLENDID

Sullivan's Music Finely Sung in a Greatly Magnified Production of the Comic Opera Classic.

H. M. S. PINAFORE, by Gilbert and Sullivan. At the Hippodrome.

Sir Joseph Porter	Harrison Brockbank
Capt. Corcoran	William Hinshaw
Ralph Rackstraw	Vernon Dalhart
Dick Deadeye	Albert Hart
Bill Bobstay	Earl Waldo Marshall
Josephine	Ruby Cutler Savage
Buttercup	Josephine Jacoby
Hebe	Elise Marryett

"Pinafore" as it is done at the Hippodrome is royal entertainment. There is room here for a real ship, there is real water for the bright, blue sea, and above all, where in other productions there have been scores, here there are literally hundreds of voices to join in the ever delightful songs. There were, it is true, certain misgivings in some quarters when first the news came out that this revival was to be made at the huge playhouse in Sixth Avenue, but he is a poor devotee of Gilbert and Sullivan who feels the work of those two men is so fragile that it must be interpreted in just one way or not at all. This one of the operas, at least, has been turned into a mammoth spectacle, and it comes up smiling. Here, then, is bon voyage for the latest sailing of "H. M. S. Pinafore."

First of all there is the saucy ship and all that goes with it in this new combination of Gilbert and Sullivan and Voegtlin. It is a fine, seasoned, three-masted, square-rigged frigate that rides at anchor on the Portsmouth tide, a roomy, substantial "Pinafore" with its quarter and poop decks showing and its sturdy masts rising high. And the Portsmouth tide—that of course is the perennial Hippodrome tank with the water lapping lazily as far out as the orchestra. It is real fun to see the bunboat women, Buttercup among them, in their poke-bonnets and shawls rowing round the stern, hailing the men-o'-war's men through the gunports, their old, flat-bottom boats laden, one feels devoutly sure, with treacle and toffee and excellent coffee, to say nothing of succulent chops. And of course it is into this calm, Portsmouth tide that the crew of the "Pinafore," outraged by the revolutionary sentiments of Dick Deadeye, finally hurl that unhappy creature with drenching realism. It is a great sight to see the seamen climb the rigging and again to behold the ship dressed till it is gay with bunting while "bang-bang the loud nine-pounders go" and literally hundreds stand proclaiming at the top of their lungs the immortal truth of the opera—"He is an Englishman."

It would call for a nautical archaeologist to tell just how accurate Mr. Arthur Voegtlin has been, but the result looks right. One suspects him of having scoured the ship-chandler's shops, and of having spent some reverent hours within the leaves of Capt. Marryat.

But this production of "Pinafore" is much more than a spectacle, for the music of Sir Arthur Sullivan is so well sung that it comes ringing across the big, watery apron of the Hippodrome stage. First of all there is a notable chorus—particularly the male chorus—bringing to the ensembles a fine volume of sound. Their singing is well balanced, full-throated, hearty, and will go better still as the performance mellows. One or two of their contributions are alone worth the price of admission. And the principals do surprisingly well. It is easy to detect a little manoeuvring before the solos by which the singers manage to get in front of some sounding board. Buttercup, for instance, tunefully identifies herself at the foot of the accommodation ladder, and Master Rackstraw, in his own melodious way, sings "Ah, Well-a-Day" from high in the rigging.

Of course, some of the anticipated difficulties were inescapable. Let it be admitted freely that not a little of the quaint Gilbertian fun is completely lost. It would have to be, in a house so spacious that it is quite impossible to judge of Sir Joseph's amazement and surprise merely by the expression of his eyes. Naturally, the fine Gilbertian flavor vanishes when the speeches—even the asides—have fairly to be shouted, but, after all, there are not many spoken lines in "Pinafore," and of all the operas from "The Mikado" to "Patience," this one lends itself with least loss to such treatment as it is receiving at the Hippodrome. And the surprising thing is that the words of the songs carry—or carry well enough, when most of the Gilbert and Sullivan faithful would rather be shot at sunrise than admit that they need to hear the words.

Some changes have been made, but not many. That rare part of Josephine's second-act song which tells about "rich Oriental rugs, luxurious sofa-pillows and everything that isn't old, from Gillow's" is necessarily gone, and there are some additions, orchestral numbers drawn from "Ruddigore," "The Yeomen of the Guards," and Sullivan's "Ivanhoe," for the simple reason that something must be played in getting so huge a cast on and off the deck. And from "Ruddigore" is drawn the music for a capital hornpipe.

Then, too, for the purposes of this production, the liberty has been taken of setting the time back from the late seventies to the beginning of the nineteenth century. This was in the effort to obtain a more decorative costuming and it was a liberty well taken. Certainly, the mild satire of "Pinafore" is entertaining because it is universal and not because it hit neatly at a particular condition at a particular time. And quite as certainly the sisters and the cousins and the aunts—there is no reckoning them up by mere dozens here—are more fittingly attired in the gowns of Jane Austen's time than in the quite modern costumes allotted to them in the recent Casino revivals.

Of the principals who sang in last night's performance, particular credit must be given to the Ralph Rackstraw of Vernon Dalhart. This good tenor was drawn from the Century Opera forces, and he is exceptionally pleasing in the part of the smartest topman in the navy. William Hinshaw does admirably as Capt. Corcoran. The production is vast, but he is drawn to scale, and his voice is in proportion. As the lass that loved a sailor, Ruby Cutler Savage sings with a voice that is sweet, true, and powerful. Sometimes, perhaps, it is a little too shrill.

Albert Hart as Dick Deadeye is grotesquely amusing in a necessarily pantomimic fashion, and is sufficiently reminiscent of De Wolf Hopper to please a good many. This is just to note some members of a cast which in its high quality satisfies generally. "Pinafore" at the Hippodrome is well sung.

Pen and Brush Club Dance.

The Pen and Brush Club, of which Miss Ida Tarbell is President, will celebrate its twentieth anniversary by a dinner dance on Saturday evening, April 18, in the Winter garden of the Hotel McAlpin. There is to be exhibition dancing and a fancy dance composed by a club member, and put on under her direction. Miss Lily Hamilton French and Mrs. Grace Thompson-Seton, former Presidents of the club, will give a short history of it, and Miss Tarbell will deliver a "Forecast."

Mme. Alda to Sing "Manon" Role.

Owing to the indisposition of Geraldine Farrar, the title rôle in Massenet's "Manon" will be sung to-night at the Metropolitan Opera House by Mme. Frances Alda. The bill last night consisted of two of Wolf-Ferrari's operas, "The Secret of Suzanne" and "L'Amore Medico." In the latter Lucrezia Bori, Bella Alten, Italo Cristalli, and Mr. Pini-Corsi, with the rest of the usual cast, were heard, and in the former Mme. Alda as Countess Gil, Antonio Scotti as the Count, and Angelo Bada as the servant. Mr. Toscanini conducted "L'Amore Medico" and Mr. Polacco "The Secret of Suzanne."

MUSIC LEAGUE FORMED.

New Organization's Aim Is to Aid Talented Musical Artists.

Announcement was made yesterday of the establishment of a new organization called the Music League of America, whose object is to aid in getting a hearing for talented musical artists who have not been able to obtain recognition themselves. The officers are Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, President; Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, and Mrs. Linzee Blagden, Vice Presidents; Dave Hennen Morris, secretary, and Alvin W. Krech, treasurer.

While the full Board of Directors has not as yet been chosen, the plans of the organization are definitely settled. Its chief work will be in obtaining engagements for the artists on its lists, who will be chosen by a judging committee. It is said that engagements worth in the aggregate several thousand dollars have already been made through the league with women's musical clubs and various other organizations scattered over the country. The new organization will also endeavor to create an influence of broad and general improvement in musical matters.

ARMY RELIEF GARDEN PARTY.

Change in Programme of Annual Event on Governors Island May 28.

The programme for this year's garden party at Governors Island, on Thursday, May 28, will differ from that of former years. It is planned not to confine the party between the hours of 2 and 6 in the afternoon, but to continue through the evening. A light supper will be served and dancing will be in the hall, and after dark Chinese lanterns will light the grounds. This will enable many more men to attend than formerly, when there was dancing in the afternoon only and many men were unable to leave their offices.

The New York Branch of the Army Relief Society held its annual election on last week Thursday at the residence of Mrs. Charles F. Roe, and the following officers were elected for 1914-15: President—Mrs. Charles F. Roe: First Vice President—Mrs. Leonard Wood; Second Vice President—Mrs. Malcolm Stewart; Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgman; Treasurer—Mrs. Newcomb C. Barney. Mrs. Harriet S. Center is Chairman of the Garden Party Committee, and has appointed Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgman, Mrs. Fabius M. Clarke of New York, and Mrs. John Mallory, Mrs. Stephen Mills, and Mrs. Orin B. Mitcham of Governors Island to serve on the committee.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Robert P. Huntington and Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington have left town for Hopeland House, Staatsburgh, to remain over Easter.

Miss Margaret C. Overton has invitations out for a luncheon on Tuesday at her home, 49 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. F. M. Warner's large luncheon is to take place on Monday afternoon in the Pall Mall Room of the Ritz-Carlton.

Miss Lucy Lord, the débutante daughter of Mr and Mrs. Herbert C. Lord, will give a luncheon on Wednesday, April 15, for some of her girl friends.

Col. Henry Watterson and Mrs. Watterson, who spent the Winter in Italy, are at the Waldorf-Astoria for a few days before going to Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. William Orr Barclay gave a small dinner last night at the St. Regis for her daughter, Miss Sylvia Barclay.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Janney of Philadelphia, who returned from abroad on the Imperator, have taken an apartment at the St. Regis for several weeks.

The annual fair of the House of the Holy Comforter, a home for incurables at 139th Street and Riverside Drive, will be held on Thursday afternoon, April 20.

Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn and Mrs. Osborn will spend Easter at their country place at Garrison, N. Y.

Francis Draz of 122 East Seventy-second Street gave a large dinner last night at the Liederkranz Club.

Maurice F. Egan, Minister to Denmark, and Mrs. Egan, who arrived from Copenhagen on the Frederik VIII., are at the Wolcott before going to Washington. Dr. Egan will deliver several lectures while here.

Mr. and Mrs. Kiliaen Van Rensselaer have left the Gotham for their country place at Easthampton, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Rush Wendell of Cazenovia, N. Y., are spending a few days at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Barner have returned from the South and are at The Lindens, their country place at Irvington.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel K. Probasco of 200 West Twenty-eighth Street are in Washington, D. C., to remain over Easter.

Chase-Jackson Wedding on April 27

Announcement was made yesterday that the wedding of Miss Fannie Louise Jackson and Canon William Sheafe Chase, rector of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, in Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, will take place at 8:30 o'clock on the evening of April 27 at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Bedford Avenue and Wilson Street. The officiating clergymen will be the Rev. Dr. David G. Downey, former pastor of St. John's Church; the Rev. Dr. Robert M. Moore, the present pastor, and Dean John R. Moses. All the members of Canon Chase's parish have been invited to the wedding and to the informal reception which is to be held in the parlors of St. John's Church following the ceremony.

Miss Kraus Weds A. A. Schwarz.

The marriage of Miss Josephine Kraus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sigmund Kraus of 11 East Ninety-fourth Street, to Arthur A. Schwarz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Schwarz of this city, took place at 8 o'clock last night at the home of the bride's parents. The bride was attended by her sister, Hiss Alma Kraus, and Stella Schwarz, sister of the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Schwarz are to sail for Europe Wednesday, where they will spend some time. Upon their return they will live in this city.

WOLFF—SCHWABACH.

Mrs. Samuel Wolff has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Beryl Wolff, who spent several years in study abroad, to Eugene J. Schwabach, a member of the firm of Schwabach & Raphael of 57 Leonard Street. Miss Wolff will give a reception on the afternoon of April 26 at 220 West Ninety-eighth Street.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

In honor of ex-Senator James S. Barcus, who wrote "The Governor's Boss," a party of fifty members of the Union League Club will attend the first performance of the play at the Garrick Theatre next Monday.

Annette Kellermann has returned to New York after a three months' stay in Bermuda, where she has been making a motion picture feature for the Universal Film Company.

H. H. Frazee has engaged Sam Hardy for the company which will appear in "A Pair of Sixes" when the Peple farce is presented in Chicago at the Cort Theatre, with Frank McIntyre in the principal role. Mr. Hardy will interpret the part acted in the Longacre Theatre production by Fritz Williams.

H. H. Topakyan, Consul General of Persia, will attend the performance of Guy Bates Post in "Omar, the Tentmaker," at the Lyric Theatre this evening. In his box party will be Brig. Gen. Hamilton of the United States Army.

After two years of vaudeville engagements in Europe, Arthur McWaters and Grace Tyson will make their first New York reappearance next week at Keith's Bronx Theatre.

Eighty-four members of the Screen Club attended the performance of "The Baited Trap" at the Republic Theatre last night as the guests of King Baggot, the star of the piece. King Baggot is the founder and President of the Screen Club, and every member who was in town was present.

The first rehearsal for the special performance of "High Jinks," in which Mrs. Delia Scully, the stage scrubwoman, will play the premiere role on Sunday, April 19, will be held at the Casino Theatre this afternoon. Arthur Hammerstein will be in charge of the rehearsal of scrubwomen, doortenders, and stage hands.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR DR. J. D. BRYANT

Dr. Charles E. Jefferson Eulogizes Surgeon in Address at the Broadway Tabernacle.

COFFIN DRAPED WITH FLAG

Delegations from Medical Organizations and Schools—Richard F. Cleveland Represents Family.

Funeral services for Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, one of New York's most prominent surgeons who died on Tuesday at St. Vincent's Hospital, were held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and Fifty-sixth Street. Among those in the church were scores of leading medical men and delegations from the student bodies of the College of Physicians and Surgeons and the Bellevue Medical College. There were present also members of the Grover Cleveland Association. Dr. Bryant was a close friend and adviser of ex-President Cleveland.

The brief service of the Congregational Church was read by the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, pastor of the Tabernacle, who also delivered a short eulogy. The pallbearers were Chancellor Elmer E. Brown of New York University, Dr. A. A. Smith, Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, Health Commissioner of the State; Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., Dr. G. D. Stewart, Dr. Walter Mandel, Dr. H. C. Coe, Dr. Reginald Sayre, Dr. Edward D. Fisher, Dr. Samuel Brown, Dr. Beverly Robinson, Dr. William Studdiford, Dr. Edward Dench, Dr. Cornelius Coakley, Dr. Wallace, Dr. Freeman, Dr. Herman Haubold, and Dr. John Douglas.

The members of the various societies, who arrived at the church in a body, were assigned to pews in the front. The organizations represented included the New York Academy of Medicine, the New York State Medical Society, the American Surgical Association, Kane Lodge, the Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital, the Medical Board of St. Vincent's Hospital, the New York County Medical Society, the veterans of the Seventy-first Regiment, the Faculty of New York University, and the Council of New York University.

As the services opened the coffin, which was draped with a big American flag, was carried down the centre aisle and placed in front of the altar, which was massed with floral offerings. Dr. Jefferson in his address paid this tribute to the dead physician:

"A man who serves his day and race needs no eulogy on the day of his burial. What he has done speaks so loudly that the people cannot hear what the preacher says. Such a man writes his own eulogy, day by day, and there is nothing I can add.

"He lived in this city for forty-five years, during which time he made himself well known. I am sure that those of you who knew him longest feel that you see him now better than when he was alive. Every feature of his character, his manliness, his courage, his breadth of mind, his nobility of spirit, all these stand out clear-cut and beautiful. I can only express in behalf of you all the value of his services to your city and to all mankind.

"How he loved his profession, and when one looks at what he accomplished how the heart is stirred. When we think of the great company of men and women to whom he brought relief and health, and on the larger company whose heart went out in gratitude because of what he had done for those dear to them, and to that still larger company which is indebted to him for what he did when he was Commissioner of Health for the city and State Commissioner of Health, then we begin to measure the depth of our debt to him."

Dr. Jefferson also spoke briefly of Dr. Bryant's associations with the medical schools and of his untiring efforts to aid the students.

"A great life has gone out," he said in conclusion.

Two members of the late President Cleveland's Cabinet, Charles S. Fairchild, who served as Secretary of the Treasury, and David R. Francis, Secretary of the Interior, also attended the services. The Cleveland family was represented by Richard F. Cleveland, a son of the former President. Among the members of the Grover Cleveland Association present were George F. Parker, Mr. Cleveland's private secretary; Alton B. Parker, St. Clair McKelway, August Belmont, Dr. John H. Finley William McAdoo, George B. Cortelyou and Herbert Straus. Others at the funeral included David Robinson, Francis Lynde Stetson, George McAneny President of the Board of Aldermen; Commodore E. C. Benedict, Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, and Gen. D. D. Wiley.

The body was taken to Norwich, N. Y., for interment.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Five Steamships—The Departures.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OCEANIC (Southampton)—Miss E. G. Albert, Mrs. J. J. Alexandre, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Baird, J. W. Boyle, M. W. Breese, James Butterworth, Mr. and Mrs. R. Calder Marshall, Miss A. H. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. H. Dent, W. C. Foster, the Hon. Mrs. Lionel Guest, A. J. Lee, F. S. Malloy, Lord William Percy, Mrs. Austin Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Steele, Mrs. Elsie Sturtevant, James A. Sword, Capt. Edward Wakefield, G. H. Watkins, W. H. Day, and C. H. Wright.

MAGDALENA (Southampton, via West Indies)—F. J. Arbuckle, C. B. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Blaisdell, J. B. Blair, F. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. J. Courtney, H. E. Dalzell, Capt. D. Edmundson, Mrs. W. J. Farrell, E. Gordon, R. J. Lewin, Mrs. F. E. Morgan, G. H. Osgood, A. C. Powell, Capt. and Mrs. A. J. Pearse, G. Porter, H. M. Reid, W. A. Renny, D. Vallany, J. S. Willis, and H. F. Wedge.

IMPERATOR (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Allen, W. F. Brooks, C. C. Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Burton, William L. Burton, Count Theodore Butler, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Coates, Mr. and Mrs. Seymour B. Conger, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Eddy, Mrs. G. Foote, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Harris, R. F. Howe, Col. J. Warner Hutchins, Dr. and Mrs. H. Kummel, Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Ley, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Lippincott, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Nelson Morris, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Read, Mr. and Mrs. W. Stillwell, Louis C. Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. E. Berry Wall, Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram H. Walker, Col. and Mrs. Henry Watterson, W. E. Wolley, William Caspar, Dr. James Forbes, W. B. Taylor, and J. J. Hamilton.

RYNDAM (Rotterdam)—Mrs. John D Adair, F. H. Banker, the Rev. C. M. Beard, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Camp, Miss Florence A. Camp, Miss Bertha Coolidge, Miss Helen M. Cunningham, Mrs. A. Dodge, the Rev. and Mrs. F. J. Fairbanks, the Rev. B. Harman, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Ingham, W. R. Kenny, H. P. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. Samuel Pierson, Mrs. W. N. Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. George Washburn, and H. P. Wynen.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—Mr. and Mrs. R. Freeman, Capt. J. Holst, Mrs. J. A. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Maddock, E. J. Spalding, the Rev. Amedee Stockman, General Superior of the Brothers of Charity; the Rev. Charles Spapen, Mrs. Clara Berger, Miss Alice Berger, M. Detournay, and Charles Muller.

Some of those booked to leave to-day on the St. Louis for Southampton are:

Dr. James Atlee, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bigelow, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Bonnard, Miss Marion Bonnard, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cassidy, Mr. and Mrs. William Colton, Miss Helen Davie, Miss M. Griffith, the Rev. Lynn H. Hough, D. D., Mr. and Mrs. A. Irons, Mrs. R. E. Ideson, Mrs. M. C. Loving, B. J. Moore, W. G. Phillips, Mrs. W. B. Pollard, W. H. Rayburn, T. E. Scott, Mrs. Allison Skinworth, Dr. James Smith, W. D. Sommerville, Miss E. Stern, L. P. Tisdale, and William West.

Miss Parkhurst Engaged.

Mrs. William C. Stewart of Mountain Lakes, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ferne F. Parkhurst, to Ralph F. Blanchard of Orange, N. J., and New York. The wedding will take place at Mountain Lakes this Spring.

HISTORIC DUEL RECALLED.

Affidavit Recounts the McIntosh-Gwinnett Encounter in 1777.

The account by an eye witness of the duel on May 15, 1777, between Gen. Lachlan McIntosh and Button Gwinnett, a Signer of the Declaration of Independence, is one of the interesting autographs in a collection that will be sold by the Merwin Company on April 14.

George Wells of Richmond County, Ga., was the eye witness and his account of the duel is in the form of an affidavit, made before Judge John Wereat. It reads in part:

"Late on the evening of Thursday, the 15th May, a written challenge was brought to Genl. McIntosh, signed 'Button Gwinnett,' wherein the said Mr. Gwinnett charged the General with calling him a scoundrel in Public Convention, and desired he would give Satisfaction for it as a Gentleman before Sunrise next morning in Sir James Wright's Pasture behind Col. Martin's house, to which the General humorously sent in answer that the hour was rather earlier than his usual, but would assuredly meet him * * * with a pair of Pistols."

Wells, who was evidently a friend of McIntosh, then goes on to describe the meeting, the "polite salutation," and examination of the pistols. When they noticed a crowd of spectators they agreed to go further down the hill. Some one proposed they should stand back to back. The General answered: "By no means; let us see what we are about."

"Immediately each took his stand," the affidavit continues, "and agreed to fire as they could. Both pistols went off nearly at the same time, when Gwinnett fell, being shot above the knee, and said his thigh was broke. The General, who was also shot through the thick of the thigh, stood still in his place, and, not thinking his antagonist was worse wounded than himself, asked if he had enough or was for another shot, to which all objected. The seconds led the General up to Mr. Gwinnett and they both shook hands, and, further than this Deponent saith not."

Gwinnett died of his wound twelve days later. Gen. McIntosh died Feb. 20, 1806.

WALDO FIGHTS RECORD.

Gets a Writ to Force Mayor to Change "Removed" to Resigned.

Rhinelander Waldo, ex-Police Commissioner, obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice Weeks yesterday directing Mayor Mitchel and other members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to appear in the Supreme Court on April 20 and show cause why they should not change the word "removed," which occurs in the City Record after Mr. Waldo's name, to "resigned."

This is the entry in the City Record to which Mr. Waldo takes exception:

> Dec. 31, 1913. Hon. Douglas I. McKay presented his warrant of appointment as Police Commissioner to succeed Rhinelander Waldo, removed.

"This notice," says Mr. Waldo, "is incorrect and constitutes a false record. The word 'removed' should be 'resigned,' in order to constitute a true official record, because I was not removed from the office of Police Commissioner, and my occupancy of said office terminated by resignation."

Mr. Waldo also called attention to the provision of the City Charter that a Police Commissioner who has been removed is ineligible for reappointment. Mr. Waldo submitted an affidavit telling of his appointment as Police Commissioner.

"I continued in office as Police Commissioner," he said, "until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of Dec. 31, 1913. My resignation was in writing, addressed to the Hon. Ardolph L. Kline, the then Mayor of the City of New York, and was delivered to him at his place of business, namely, at the City Hall in the City of New York, and filed in his office within half an hour thereafter. My resignation took effect upon its delivery to said Ardolph L. Kline, Mayor, and I vacated the office of Police Commissioner forthwith.

"After the receipt of the said resignation, the said Hon. Ardolph L. Kline, as Mayor, undertook and pretended to remove men from the office of Police Commissioner, by directing and ordering my removal."

HITS GREENWICH CHARITY.

Mrs. W. G. Rockefeller Withdraws Free Lease to Day Nursery.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., April 9.—Another bomb has been exploded in the midst of the United Workers, the big charity organization of Greenwich, and this time Mrs. William G. Rockefeller has touched off the works.

A letter from Mrs. Rockefeller to Mrs. Everett N. Blanke, the President of the organization, was made public to-day, in which she withdraws after Oct. 1 the free lease of her building now occupied by the United Workers as a day nursery, and announces that on and after that date she and a number of the managers of the present day nursery intend to join in running a day nursery for Greenwich at the same place, the same to be entirely independent of the United Workers and free to raise the money necessary to run it as they deem best.

Just what grounds Mrs. Rockefeller had for joining the seceders from the United Workers could not be ascertained to-day. It is understood, however, that the charity organization had informed the Day Nursery Committee, as it had the Boys' Club and Girls' Club Committee, that owing to lack of funds these branches would have to dismiss the paid Directors and discontinue their activities.

Mrs. Everett N. Blanke resigned as President of the United Workers to-day, and a general meeting has been called for April 16 to devise ways and means for carrying on the work.

BUYS HOTEL TO END IT.

Middletown Citizens' League President Accepts Owner's Offer.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 9.—Being unable to get rid of a hotel to which many of the residents objected, President Eugene Smith, of the Citizens' League, purchased to-day of Franklin Herman, of New York, the Mechanicstown Hotel near this city and says that never again will it be conducted as a hotel.

The Citizens' League of Orange County has been active in procuring evidence against the hotel keepers, and when Proprietor Herman offered his place to the president of the league his offer was accepted.

Celebrate Diamond Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Baer of 349 Central Park West celebrated their diamond wedding last night with a reception, dinner, and supper at the St. Regis. The marble ballroom and Louis XVI. suite were used. A number of handsome gifts, several inset with diamonds, were received by the couple. Four children were present, two sons, Hugo B. Baer and Alvin R. Baer; two daughters, Mrs. William D. Davis and Miss Rae Baer, and two grandchildren.

Their 61st Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Decker celebrated yesterday the sixty-first anniversary of their wedding, near Livingston Manor, N. Y. Mr. Decker is 82 and Mrs. Decker is 78. They have five children and thirteen grandchildren.

New Subway Express Stops.

In changing the 149th Street station on the new Interborough Southern Boulevard Subway from a local into an express station, the Public Service Commission has not altered the designation of Hunts Point Road station as an express stop as well. The express stops on the Southern Boulevard line in consequence will be Third Avenue, between Third and Alexander Avenues, 149th Street, Hunts Point Road, 177th Street, and Pelham Bay Park.

Embassy Rank for Chile Legation.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A bill to elevate the American Legation to Chile to an embassy was introduced to-day by Chairman Flood of the House Foreign Affairs Committee. The bill has the approval of the State Department.

Bryan at Work Again.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Secretary Bryan, who has been kept indoors for a week by a heavy cold, returned to-day to his desk at the State Department.

EX-GOV. E. S. DRAPER DIES IN THE SOUTH

Massachusetts Manufacturer Stricken with Paralysis While Returning from Cuba.

LONG REPUBLICAN LEADER

President of Massachusetts Association, Which Outfitted Hospital Ship in Spanish War.

GREENVILLE, S. C., April 9.—Eben S. Draper, former Governor of Massachusetts, died here late to-day. Mr. Draper was stricken with paralysis here Tuesday. He was 56 years old and a prominent manufacturer of textile machinery in New England.

Mr. Draper was returning to his home in Massachusetts from a trip to Florida and Cuba. He had intended to stop over in Greenville only a few hours.

Eben Sumner Draper was born in Hopedale, Mass., and was the son of George and Hannah Draper. He was educated at Allen's School in West Newton, and later was graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. After leaving college he studied in the machine shops and cotton mills, and in 1883 married Miss Nannie Bristow of New York City. He was made a member of the firm of George Draper & Sons in 1880, and when the Draper Company was founded in 1896 he became the sales manager.

Mr. Draper was President of the Manville Company and a Director of the Draper Company, the Milford National Bank, the Queen City Cotton Company of Vermont, the Sawyer Spindle Company of Maine, the Old Colony Trust Company, and the National Shawmut Bank. He was also Vice President of the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Company, a member of the Corporation of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, a Trustee of the Milford and Peter Bent Brigham Hospitals, Vice President of the American Unitarian Association, and a Director of the Home Market Club.

Mr. Draper was President of the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, which raised $200,000 and outfitted the hospital ship Bay State for use in the Spanish-American war in 1898. In 1897 he was chosen Chairman of the Massachusetts delegation to the Nashville Exposition. He was active in politics, being Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1892 and was Chairman of the Massachusetts delegation to the Republican National Convention in 1896, where his efforts on behalf of the "gold standard" were very instrumental in securing the passage of the resolution. He was chosen a Presidential Elector in 1900 and was an ex officio member of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture from 1906 until 1909.

He was President of the Republican Club of Massachusetts in 1903 and 1904; Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts in 1906-08, and Governor from 1909 until 1911. Mr. Draper was a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, the Metropolitan Club of New York, and the Hope, Somerset, Algonquin, Middlesex, Massachusetts, Norfolk, Union, and Country Clubs of Boston.

FOSTER SOUTHERN SPIRIT.

Women Writers of South Want Dixie Literature in Schoolbooks.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 9.—A plan for fostering Southern spirit in the schools of the South was put forward to-day at the closing session here of the convention of the League of Southern Writers. Mrs. Anne P. Rankin of Nashville, editor of the Southern Women's Magazine; Mrs. Rutledge Smith, of Cookeville, Tenn., and other woman writers advocated that text book commissions in the Southern States be urged to select readers for the schools which contained the best thoughts in the literature of Dixie and histories which presented historical events, as affecting the South, from an absolutely impartial viewpoint.

Officers of the league were elected, including Mrs. Marie Bankhead Owen, of Montgomery, Ala., as President.

LAWYER MUST EXPLAIN.

Bar Association Charges Moskovitz with False Statements.

Eugene Moskovitz, who was admitted to the bar in 1907, will have an opportunity to explain before the official referee the charges made against him by the Bar Association, so the Appellate Division ruled yesterday. The Bar Association's Grievance Committee charged that Moskovitz obtained admission to practice by false statements; that, although he stated that in 1905 and 1906 he was in the New York University Law School and employed as a clerk in a lawyer's office, he had been employed as a Pinkerton operative and as a department store detective.

Moskovitz's defense did not appear yesterday, but his friends said he would be able to offer a satisfactory explanation of the charges against him.

D. H. LOUDERBACK DEAD.

Railroad Builder Had Just Sold Realty Holdings for $3,500,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 9.—Delancey H. Louderback, railroad builder and associate of the late Charles T. Yerkes in development of Chicago traction enterprises, died suddenly to-day. He had just disposed of realty holdings to the value of $3,500,000 and was preparing to go to France to end his days.

A few weeks ago Mr. Louderback's friends and former business associates gave him a farewell dinner at the Blackstone Hotel.

Mr. Louderback lived in one of the most remarkable houses in Chicago, a house within a house. The capitalist first bought a square block in Ravenswood, and in the centre of it erected a three-story house, about 75 by 100 feet in size.

While this house was being built he had erected another house, or shell of four iron and glass walls that allowed a space of twenty-five feet between the walls of the inner and outer house. In the space betwen the inner and outer house, on a level with each floor, Mr. Louderback built verandas that encircled the house. These verandas, furnished in Oriental magnificance, were used as living and sleeping rooms.

Stanbury A. Jessup.

Stanbury A. Jessup, United States Government Assayer's assistant in this city and in the government service since 1872, died yesterday from old age at the home of his son at 419 West 119th Street. Mr. Jessup was born eighty years ago in Crompton, Penn. He was active in the government service almost up to the time of his death. Mr. Jessup was married on April 29, 1862, to Emeline Eaton of Stockbridge, N. Y. His wife died a year ago. He left two sons, Samuel S. Jessup and J. Eaton Jessup; Harriett F. Jessup, a daughter, and Hiram W. Jessup, a brother. He had made his home for many years at Piermont, N. Y.

Easter Novelties

Unusual assortment Easter Cards and Novelties. Prayer Books, Hymnals. Books suitable for Easter Gifts.

BRENTANO'S
5th Ave. and 27th St. New York.

DR. A. F. CHAMBERLAIN DEAD

Professor of Anthropology at Clark University and Author.

Dr. Alexander F. Chamberlain, 48 years old, Professor of Anthropology at Clark University, died Wednesday night at his home in Worcester, Mass. Dr. Chamberlain was born in Kenninghall, England, and was educated in Canada, graduating from Toronto University with the class of 1886 and receiving the degree of A. M. from the same institution in 1889. In 1892, Clark University made him a Ph. D.

Dr. Chamberlain wrote extensively. Among his publications are "Child and Childhood in Folk Thought," dated 1896; "The Child—A Study in the Evolution of Man," 1900, and "Poems," 1904. He also wrote many essays and pamphlets on anthropology and pedagogy, and made notable contributions to encyclopaedias.

He was a member of the American Antiquarian Society, secretary of the Anthropological Section of the American Association for the Advancement of Science in 1894, a corresponding member of the Institut de Coimbra of Portugal, member of the Société de Folk-Lore Chilene, Santiago, an honorary member of the American Folk-Lore Society and a member of the Société des Américanistes of Paris. During 1891 Dr. Chamberlain made special investigations of the Kootenay Indians, in British Columbia, under the auspices of the British Association. He was editor of the Journal of American Folk-Lore from 1900 until 1908, and was also a department editor of the American Anthropologist. He is survived by his widow and two daughters.

REV. DR. GRAHAM DIES AT 90

Presbyterian Divine Served One Church for Nearly 70 Years.

The Rev. Dr. James R. Graham, 90 years old, died yesterday at Winchester, Va., after a continuous service in one church of that city for nearly seventy years. Dr. Graham was born in Orange County, N. Y., and was graduated from the Princeton Theological Seminary. On Oct. 13, 1901, his semi-centennial celebration was held and was attended by the leading divines of the South. He was one of the oldest and foremost preachers in Virginia, and was always consulted on matters affecting the Presbyterian Church. He was Moderator of the Virginia Synod on a number of occasions and presided over the Southern General Assembly.

Dr. Graham was an intimate friend of the Confederate General, "Stonewall" Jackson, who made his home at the doctor's house during his Valley campaign. Dr. Graham is survived by five sons, three of whom are in the ministry, one being Dr. John Randolph Graham of this city; three sisters, formerly Principals of a female seminary here, and two brothers.

Percival C. Kauffman.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., April 9.—Percival C. Kauffman, aged 56, who died last night, was one of the best-known Pacific Coast bankers. He was Treasurer of the American Bankers' Association two years and a member of the Executive Committee three years. He had been Secretary of the Washington Bankers' Association ten years. He was a member of the commission which drafted Tacoma's present charter. Mr. Kauffman was born at Mechanicsburg, Penn., and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania. He came to Washington in 1889 and to Tacoma two years later, becoming Vice President of the Fidelity Trust Company. He retired a year ago.

Pierre Sales, Author, Dead.

PARIS, April 9.—Pierre Sales, one of the most popular French authors of stories of romance and adventure, died here to-day, aged 60. He was originally a bank clerk, then became a newspaper writer, and afterward devoted his pen to novels of peculiarly Parisian setting.

Obituary Notes.

H. E. CRADDOCK, Chief Steward of the Royal Mail steam packet Arcadian, died on Wednesday night in St. Vincent's Hospital from a hemorrhage, in his forty-fifth year. He had been twenty-five years with the company, and the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and was known to thousands of Americans who had traveled to Bermuda during the last six years. Mr. Craddock was taken ill in Bermuda several weeks ago, and was carried ashore on the arrival of the steamer in New York. A daughter, in Southampton, England, and a sister, in New York, survive him.

MISS MARGARET G. CONDON, for several years a teacher in Brooklyn schools, died on Wednesday at her residence, 762 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn. Miss Condon was born in Troy, N. Y., and was a daughter of the late John and Mary Condon. She is survived by three brothers, the Rev. John E. Condon, S. J.; the Rev. William H. Condon of St. Laurent College, Canada; Thomas F., and a sister, Elizabeth A. Condon.

MAXIMILIAN KEENEY, employed by the Cook & Bernheimer Company, at 146 Franklin Street, for the last thirty-six years, died on Wednesday at his home, 138 Bleecker Street. He was in his 57th year and left his widow and two sons.

DAVID M. THAYER, a retired newspaper publisher, died yesterday of heart disease at Norwich, Conn., aged 70 years. Mr. Thayer published the Hotel Mail in this city many years ago, and afterward The Rockland (Me.) Star. Before his retirement several years ago he published a paper at Marlboro, Mass. Mr. Thayer was unmarried. He was a brother of Judge John M. Thayer of the Superior Court and of Charles F. Thayer, Mayor of Norwich.

GEORGE PETTIT of Baldwin, L. I. died at his home there on Grand Avenue on Wednesday. He was in his sixty-seventh year.

WILLIAM A. KISSAM, a marine appraiser and member of the firm of Putnam, Kissam & Coler, 18 Exchange Place, died on Wednesday at Great Neck, L. I., aged 51 years. Mr. Kissam was a member of the New York Athletic Club. He left a son, William A. Kissam, Jr.

Mrs. ELISE RUCK SUESSMAN, widow of C. O. Suessman, a manufacturer of embroidery, is dead at her home, 147 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn. She was born in Germany 63 years ago, and had lived in Brooklyn for more than twenty years. She left four daughters and two sons.

ROBERT JAMES GEMMILL, 37 years old, died on Wednesday at his residence, 350A Decatur Street, Brooklyn. He was a manufacturer and dealer in umbrella supplies and left his widow and a son, Walter D. Gemmill.

DAVID PEARSON, who, before his retirement a year ago, was a Sandy Hook pilot, died at his residence, 388 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was born in Scotland 75 years ago, and belonged to the Master Pilots' Association and the Brooklyn Lodge, B. P. O. E. A son and four daughters survive him.

Mrs. JULIA D. REARDON, widow of Martin Reardon and an old resident of Brooklyn, is dead at her home, 92 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 76 years. Her husband was formerly an officer in the English Army.

WILLIAM McGEHEY, a well-known horse dealer in Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 298 North Seventh Street, of apoplexy. He celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday only four days ago, and was a member of the Daniel Carroll Association and the John J. McManus Democratic Association. Three sons and a daughter survive him.

Dr. CHARLES F. LAUER, a retired physician who had practiced in Brooklyn for more than twenty-five years, died yesterday at his residence, 256 Putnam Avenue, that borough, aged 74 years. Dr. Lauer was born in Pittsburgh and was a graduate of the New York Homeopathic College. He served as a surgeon during the civil war and was captured and imprisoned in Libby Prison for three months. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Masonic Fraternity, and several homeopathic medical societies. Dr. Lauer is survived by his widow, daughter, and son.

Mrs. EMILY PLEASANTS CRAIG, wife of James Craig, a retired builder and contractor, is dead at her home, 8,674 Eighteenth Avenue, Bath Beach, aged 74 years. She was born in England. Besides her husband she is survived by a daughter, Laura E. Craig.

R. B. MacLEA, 69 years old, of Montclair, N. J., died last Tuesday in Manchester, England. He had gone to England for Clarence Whitman & Co. as chief of their foreign department. Mr. MacLea was born in New Orleans and came to New York in his early youth. He was employed by a dry goods firm in a minor capacity and rose to be a member of the firm, then known as MacLea, Austin & Wellington. Three years later he resigned and formed the firm of Harriman & MacLea, which later became R. B. MacLea & Co., dealers in woolen goods. Subsequently he left this firm, which is still in existence, and entered the employ of Clarence Whitman & Co.

Capt. ALBERT F. BISHOP, a veteran commander of Long Island Sound steamers, died in New Haven, Conn., yesterday in his eighty-fifth year. As a steamer Captain he had been with the Norwich, New Haven and Starin Lines, and steamers which he commanded included the City of New York, Continental, C. H. Northam, City of Lawrence, Mohawk, City of Boston, Erastus Corning, and Matteawan. Capt. Bishop was a native of Madison, Conn.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

JACOBSON—FRIEDENHEIT.—Claire Friedenheit to Reuben Jacobson.

VAN EXTER—BERNER.—Emmy V. Berner to Peter Van Exter.

Married.

BRESSLER—SCHLESINGER.—April 7, Marion Schlesinger to Dr. Jacob Bressler.

L'HEUREUX—FINDLAY.—Helyn Constance Findlay to Harold Mead L'Heureux, March 21, 1914.

Died.

ANDERSON.—On April 7, 1914, at Woodmont, Conn., Anna Sands, wife of Rev. Joseph Anderson, D. D. Services in chapel of cemetery, Waterbury, Conn., Friday, at 2:30 P. M. Brooklyn papers please copy.

BARNES.—On April 8, 1914, at her residence, 1,058 Bergen St., Brooklyn, Maria V. N. Cowenhoven, widow of Isaac Carpenter Barnes. Funeral services at South Congregational Church, Court and President Sts., Brooklyn, Saturday, at 2 P. M.

BEAMAN.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, at his late residence, 477 St. Ann's Av., William Beaman, aged 76 years. Funeral services Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

BENTHAM.—George, aged 60. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, Friday evening, 8 o'clock.

BYATT.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, William Hall Byatt, in his 50th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 65 Macon St., Brooklyn, on Friday, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

CONDON.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, Margaret G. Condon, sister of the Rev. John E. Condon, S. J., and the Rev. William H. Condon of St. Laurent College, Canada; Thomas F. and Elizabeth A. Condon. Funeral from her late residence, 762 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, April 13, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Ignatius Church, Rogers Av. and Carroll St. Interment at Troy, N. Y.

DRIBBEN.—Charles, beloved husband of Elizabeth, on April 9, in his 60th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 269 West 113th St., Friday, April 10, 10:30 A. M. Please omit flowers.

DUNCAN.—Suddenly, Thurday, April 9, Elizabeth Duncan, wife of the late John Buchanan Duncan. Funeral from the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and 6th Av., Saturday, April 11, 2 P. M.

FREIDENBERG.—On Tuesday, April 7, at his residence, 325 West 83d St., Louis J. Freidenberg, son of Isaac and the late Sarah Freidenberg, and beloved husband of Helen Eigenbrun. Funeral private.

GILCHRIST—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, at the residence of her nephew, William S. Bacot, Utica, N. Y., Elizabeth Gilchrist, daughter of the late Robert and Frances Vacher Gilchrist, in the 92d year of her age. Funeral services at St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Fulton St., on Saturday, April 11, at 2 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

GROSSMAN.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, Mary, widow of Leopold, mother of Charles, Edward, Ernest, and Maximilian, in her 52d year. Funeral notice later.

IEIDEL.—On Wednesday, April 8, Augusta Ieidel. Funeral services at 11 A. M. from her late residence, 74 West 47th St.

JESSUP.—S. A. Jessup, Thursday, April 9, 11 P. M., at 419 West 119th St. Funeral Sunday, 3 P. M., at the home of his son, S. S. Jessup, Piermont, N. Y.

KEENEY.—Departed this life after a sudden illness, Maximilian Keeney, in his 57th year. Employed by Cook & Bernheimer for thirty-six years. He is survived by his wife and two sons. Funeral from his late residence, 138 Bleecker St., April 11, 1914, at 10 A. M.

KISSAM.—Wednesday, April 8, 1914, William Allen, son of the late William A. and Edwina Kissam of Great Neck, L. I., in the 52d year of his age. Funeral private.

LAMBERT.—At the residence of his brother, Dr. Samuel W. Lambert, 130 East 35th St., on Wednesday, April 8, 1914, Elliot Cowdin, beloved husband of Annie Thompson Lambert, in the 51st year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Manchester, N. H., on Saturday, April 11, at noon.

LAUER.—On April 9, 1914, Dr. Charles F., in his 74th year, at his residence, 256 Putnam Av., Brooklyn. Interment private. Fitchburg papers please copy.

LIGHTHIPE.—Entered into rest, at her late residence, 42 Main St., Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, April 8, 1914, Miss Mary A. Lighthipe, aged 84 years. Funeral services at St. Mark's Church, West Orange, N. J., on Saturday, April 11, at 2 P. M.

McDERMOTT.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1914, after a short illness, Annie, beloved wife of Francis McDermott, (nee O'Reilly,) of Laurel Hill, County Cavan, Ireland., Funeral from her late residence, 2,517 Woodhaven Av., thence to St. Mary Gate of Heaven Church, Ozone Park, L. I., on Saturday, April 11, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at St. John's Cemetery.

McNAMEE.—At his residence, 237 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, April 7, John McNamee, aged 72 years. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, April 11, at Church of the Nativity, Madison St. and Classon Av. Kindly omit flowers.

MacLEA.—Robert B., of Montclair, N. J., suddenly, on April 7, at Manchester, England. Notice of funeral later.

MARVIN.—On April 8, Elizabeth Ransom, wife of Charles D. Marvin. Funeral ceremonies Friday afternoon, April 10, at her late residence in Owego, N. Y.

MASON.—On Thursday, April 9, at Germantown, Penn., Catherine Van Cortlandt, aged 3, daughter of William V. Mason, Jr., and Isabel Mathews Mason. Funeral notice later.

MAZE.—Montgomery, on April 7, beloved father of Montgomery Maze, Jr. A solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of the soul of Montgomery Maze on Saturday, April 11, at 10:30 A. M., at St. Agnes's Church, East 43d St., near Lexington Av.

MILLER.—On April 9, 1914, Mary Miller, widow of the late Leopold Miller and mother of Abraham Miller, Nelson A. Miller, Frank Miller, Sidney F. Miller, Edwin S. Miller, Ira E. Miller, Mrs. Henry Steinhardt and Mrs. Lewis Fischer. Funeral services from Temple Ahawath Chesed, 55th St. and Lexington Av., on Sunday, April 12, at 10 A. M.

PHILLIPS.—On April 8, Miriam, beloved wife of Henry A. Phillips. Funeral from 2,735 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Friday.

SEABOLD.—On Thursday, April 9, Cyrus Garfield Seabold, aged 32, youngest son of Cordelia Krowl and the late George W. Seabold. Funeral services at his late residence, 3,629 Willett Av., Bronx, Saturday, April 11, 8:15 P. M.

SIEGFRIED.—Mrs. Harriet M. Siegfried entered into rest at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Grace Underwood, Tuesday, April 7. Funeral at Asbury Park to-day at 1 o'clock.

SIMON.—On Tuesday, April 7, after a short illness, Simon Simon, beloved husband of Bettchem, father of Abe, Sarah Jaretsky, Birdie Haskell, Rose Alexander, Fanny and Romie, also brother of Herman S. Simon and Moses Simon. Relatives and friends and members of Amity Lodge, No. 92, I. O. F. S. of I.; Republic Lodge, No. 154, K. of P.; Colfax Council, No. 1,220, R. A.; Kingston Lodge, No. 10, F. and A. M.; Rodeth Scholem Sisterhood Ladies' Aid Society of West Harlem, are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, 68 Lenox Av., Friday, April 10, at 9 A. M. Please omit flowers.

STIESS.—Max, beloved husband of Rosa and father of Moses and Ira Stiess. Services at his late residence, 601 West 135th St., Friday, 1 o'clock. Funeral train leaves 125th St. Station of Harlem Road, 2:24 P. M.

THURSTON.—April 7, at Atlantic City, Anna Lucy Thurston, daughter of the late George H. Thurston of Pittsburgh, Penn., and sister of Mrs. Lewis Buckley Stillwell of Lakewood, N. J. Funeral services Calvary Church, Pittsburgh, 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, April 10. Interment private.

WHITE.—On Tuesday, April 7, 1914, Charles I. White, in his 65th year. Funeral service at August Eickelberg's Funeral Parlors, 934 8th Av., near 55th St., on Sunday, April 12, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

WILLSON.—May B., wife of Paul W., aged 24, died April 9, 1914. Services at Kingston Av., Bayside, L. I. Interment Canton, N. Y. See Saturday morning's paper for time of service.

Died.

ADAMS.—John, 409 East 75th St., April 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CLEMENTS.—Angelo, 140 7th Av., April 7.

CORCORAN.—Anna P., 108 West 61st St., April 8. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

DEVLIN.—Mary, 2,636 8th Av., April 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FISHER.—Annie F., 343 West 18th St., April 7. Funeral service to-day.

GERETY.—Charles, 758 East 165th St., April 7.

HICKEY.—Frances M., 818 East 169th St., April 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HOLLANDER.—William, 345 West 24th St., April 7, aged 28.

HOPSON.—Mary L., 176 East 78th St., April 8, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KING.—Thomas, April 7, aged 12. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

KIVLIHEN.—Sarah, 422 East 148th St., April 8, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

McARDLE.—Rose, April 7. Funeral 874 Lexington Av.

McCORMACK.—Ellen, 1,263 Park Av., April 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McDONALD.—Annie, 132 West 67th St., April 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McDONALD.—Sarah, April 8. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

McNALLY.—John, 146 Amsterdam Av., April 7, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MANGAN.—Thomas, 434 West 18th St., April 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MOSS.—Jacob, 1,810 2d Av., April 8, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

O'DONNELL.—Edward, Bellevue Hospital, April 8, aged 48. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'KEEFE.—Mary, 165 East 54th St., April 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

OBERMANN.—Marie J., 2,325 Bassford Av., Bronx, April 8, aged 71.

OWEN.—Edward A., 603 Union Av., Bronx, April 8.

PEPPER.—Charles C., April 8. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day.

ROSENHAIN.—Henrietta, 373 West 116th St., April 8. Funeral to-day, noon.

SEYMOUR.—Mary T., 727 Forest Av., Bronx, April 8. Funeral service to-day.

SHAUGHNESSY.—Mary, 418 West 48th St., April 7. Funeral to-day.

TRAUB.—Jacob, 473 East 137th St., April 8, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

VOILAND.—Alfred, April 7, aged 35. Funeral 393 7th Av.

WEISS.—Sarah, 306 East 90th St., April 7, aged 77.

WRIEDEN.—Jacob, 536 West 53d St., April 7, aged 38. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BOLAND.—Cormack, 591 Myrtle Av., April 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CARPENTER.—Elda R., 69 South Oxford St., April 7.

CRAIG.—Emily, 8,674 18th Av., April 7, aged 51.

CRONKHITE.—Edward M., 550 49th St., April 7, aged 41. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

CUFF.—Anna, 1,002 Putnam Av., April 7. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DOHERTY.—Bridget, 178 Greenpoint Av., April 8, aged 39.

EDGE.—Edward L., 78 Williams Av., April 7. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

FITZGERALD.—James, 1,122 Putnam Av., April 7, aged 48.

FRADLEY.—Jane, 128 New York Av., April 8, aged 71. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GATELY.—Vincent, 69 Poplar St., April 7.

GEMMILL.—Robert J., 350A Decatur St., April 8, aged 36.

GRIFFIN.—John, Jr., 21 Jackson Place, April 8, aged 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HANIS.—Louis, 244 Franklin St., April 7.

HELITAS.—Eugene, 341 Euclid Av., April 7.

HOFFMANN.—Margatha, 504 Hamburg Av., April 7, aged 70.

KEELING.—Amelia, 595 92d St., April 7, aged 53. Funeral service to-day.

KEGAN.—James, 552 St. John's Place, April 7, aged 23.

KERNS.—James, 50 South Portland Av., April 9. Funeral notice later.

KITTELS.—Thomas, 149 25th St., April 7, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LEONARD.—Michael, 170 15th St., April 7. Funeral to-morrow.

McGAHEY.—William, 298 North 7th St., April 7, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McGEE.—John, St. Peter's Hospital, April 8, aged 42. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MAEURER.—Louise, 387 Railroad Av., April 7, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAY.—Sylvester S., 501 Halsey St., April 9, aged 63. Funeral service to-morrow.

MELLETT.—Martin, 76 Fulton St., April 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MEYER.—Christopher, 183 Sheridan Av., April 8, aged 77.

O'NEIL.—Joseph C., 187 Carlton Av., April 8. Funeral to-morrow.

PEDERSEN.—Olaf, 3 Sullivan St., April 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

QUINLAN.—Johanna, 134 East 37th St., April 7. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

REHILL.—Bridget, 527 East 26th St., April 7, aged 87. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

ROTHENBERG.—Joseph, 1,230 Curtis Av., April 7, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SMITH.—Elizabeth, 51 Rutland Road, April 7, aged 72.

SONNEBORN.—Samuel, 1,478 Bedford Av., April 8, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

SPELMAN.—Ellen, 357 Stockholm St., April 7, aged 57.

SURDELE.—Bertha, 153 Meeker Av., April 7, aged 29.

THORNE.—George H., 1,395 Greene Av., April 8, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

VINCENT.—Lulu R., 400 17th St., April 8.

VOGT.—Lyrick, 408 2d St., April 7. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WELLBROCK.—Elizabeth, 695 Quincy St., April 7. Funeral to-morrow.

WILKS.—Samuel, 78 East 4th St., April 8, aged 88. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City and Newark.

DOLAN.—James, 246 Bay St., Jersey City, April 7, aged 65.

EVERSON.—Mary E., 409 Walnut St., West Hoboken, April 7, aged 63. Funeral to-day.

RALEIGH.—Thomas G., 1,243 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, April 8, aged 6. Funeral private.

REUTER.—Herman, 402 Walnut St., West Hoboken, April 7, aged 36. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

STRATFORD.—William H., 22 Buffington Av., Newark, April 7.

Long Island.

BARTHOLOMEW.—Robert H., College Point, April 7, aged 6.

BATES.—George T., Richmond Hill, April 7, aged 43.

BROWER.—Van Pelt, Sr., Rockville Centre, April 9, aged 68. Funeral to-morrow.

DAVIDSON.—Madeline, St. Albans, April 9.

DONOHUE.—Rose, Arverne, April 7, aged 50.

DUGAN.—Joseph, 575 7th Av., Astoria, April 9.

FLETCHER.—Alice, Hempstead, April 7, aged 53.

GOLOSHEFSKI.—Adam, Maspeth, April 7.

HANNIFIN.—Cornelius, Woodhaven, April 7. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HARRIS.—Thomas M., Jamaica, April 7, aged 74.

KLAIBER.—Charlotte, Maspeth, April 7, aged 4.

KOEHLER.—Mary C., Richmond Hill, April 7, aged 56.

LEONARD.—Martin, Elmhurst, April 7, aged 1.

LOTITO.—Filomena, Woodhaven, April 7, aged 54.

MENOGUE.—Mary A., 527 Broadway, Astoria, April 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MENTI.—Amelia, Ridgewood, April 7, aged 17.

NOVOTNY.—Julia, Astoria, April 7, aged 52.

PETTIT.—George, Baldwin, April 8. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

PILCH.—Ludwika, Flushing, April 7, aged 8.

REMMA.—Anna, Maspeth, April 7, aged 53.

SAVAGE.—Hanna E., Corona, April 8, aged 47.

SEEGER.—Mary, Winfield, April 7, aged 77.

SHERWOOD.—Frank, Rockaway Beach, April 7, aged 41.

WEED.—Eliza, 52 3d St., Long Island City, April 7, aged 72.

WINFIELD.—Agathe L., Jamaica, April 7, aged 49.

Westchester County.

REISENAUER.—Christinia, Harrison, April 7, aged 63.

SHAW.—Mary, 49 Cedar Place, Yonkers, April 8. Funeral to-morrow.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister,
Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M. Dr. Fagg will preach.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister. Service on Good Friday at 11 A. M. The Lenten Cantata, "The Seven Last Words of Christ," by Dubois, will be rendered by the choir.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister. Services on Good Friday, 11 A. M., the Rev. Mr. MacLeod will preach. 3 P. M., Stainer's "Crucifixion."

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M. Dr. Cobb will preach. Selections from Stainer's "Crucifixion" will be rendered by the choir.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue at 44th Street.
SERVICES ON GOOD FRIDAY.
10:30 A. M.—The Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., will preach.
Noon-Day Service, Preacher, Rev. Cranston Brenton.
5 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Sidney N. Ussher.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on East 16th St., near 3d Av.
GOOD FRIDAY.
Passion Service, 12 to 3.
Story of the Cross, 8 P. M.
ALL SEATS FREE.

ALL SOULS', (Unitarian,)
4th Av. and 20th St.
GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES at 4:30 P. M.
Rev. WILLIAM LAURENCE SULLIVAN, the Associate Minister, will preach.

PHYSICIANS IN WAR ON WHOOPING COUGH

Committee to Wait on Commissioner Goldwater with Plans to Curb Malady.

ISOLATION CENTRES URGED

Wards for Treatment Also Advocated Before Pediatrics Section of Academy of Medicine.

New York's failure to provide adequate municipal facilities for the treatment of whooping cough cases was described as a crying disgrace at a meeting of the Section on Pediatrics of the Academy of Medicine last night. The meeting was devoted entirely to a discussion of whooping cough, its clinical and sociological aspects, and the needs of hospitals for the treatment of children afflicted with the disease. Dr. John W. Brannan, President of the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, said that the meeting, from a standpoint of public health, was one of the most important held in New York in years.

As a result of the discussion it was unanimously voted by the doctors who crowded Du Bois Hall, in the Academy of Medicine Building, to have a committee appointed by Dr. William P. Northrup, the Chairman of the Section on Pediatrics, which shall present to Dr. Goldwater, the Health Commissioner, a recommendation urging the establishment of wards for the treatment of urgent cases of whooping cough and segregated centres where children suffering from uncomplicated cases can be isolated. Dr. L. Emmett Holt of the Board of Health said that the health authorities would welcom eall the assistance and advice they could get in the matter as they were awake to the serious situation in New York due to epidemics of whooping cough.

It was pointed out that the death rate in whooping cough is greater than that in scarlet fever and that more than 6,000 children under six years of age die of the disease in this country annually. In New York City in 1913, from the imperfect statistics available, it is known that more than 500 children fell victims to the disease. In all the city hospitals there are to-day, according to Dr. Godfrey R. Pisek, just forty beds available for the treatment of children ill of whooping cough in its advanced and worst stages.

Discuss Various Aspects.

The clinical and sociological aspects of the disease were discussed by Dr. John Lovett Morse of Boston, the etiology by Dr. Anna W. Williams of the Board of Health of this city, the treatment by Dr. Edwin E. Graham of Philadelphia, and the need of hospitals in New York for treatment by Dr. Pisek.

"If the investigation which has just been made of our municipal institutions," said Dr. Pisek, "had been extended to the accommodations which they provided for the treatment of pertussis, the survey would not have consumed much time. In this regard our municipality is no better, and not much worse, than any of the great centres of the world in the regulations and care provided for the treatment of whooping cough. Pertussis, mainly through its commonest complication, broncho-pneumonia, carries away a large number of the children of New York every year. That many later succumb to tuberculosis following their paroxysmal attacks is a well-known and deplorable fact.

"It seems wise therefore that we should study the city situation and be prepared to make such constructive recommendations as may possibly assist the authorities in coping with this problem. For typhoid fever the physician and the laity have a wholesome respect, and are quite ready to submit to hospital and prophylactic treatment, yet the mortality from pertussis is far greater than that of typhoid fever. For diphtheria, scarlet fever, and just recently for measles, we have provided hospital facilities, but for a disease which demands a toll almost equal to that of scarlet fever we have made practically no provision.

"If whooping cough had only been born with some kind of a rash I feel sure it would not now need any advocates. As it is, the laity regard it as not particularly dangerous, and physicians often foster this idea or express their hopelessness in the face of it, so that comparatively little medical attention is given, until the patient has serious and often fatal complications."

Dr. Pisek referred to the Board of Health requirement for the excluding of children with the whooping cough from the public schools and the reporting of all cases to the authorities by the attending physicians. He admitted that in the formulation of any plan for the control of the disease certain valid objections to general hospital care had to be met and considered.

Malady in Poor Families.

"Among our large population," continued Dr. Pisek, "there are constantly appearing cases of whooping cough in families that are unable to provide medical care and attention for them because of poverty. They are compelled to go to the dispensaries. From these, after having waited and mingled with other groups of children, they are singled out as pariahs and sent home, often untreated because of lack of suitable provisions, and with no instructions as to the care and prevention of the spread of the disease.

"From an economic standpoint we are obliged to consider provision and control of this disease. Likewise an infant with a broncho-pneumonia, secondary to whooping cough, whose needs are judicious stimulation, skilled nursing, and abundance of fresh air, is necessarily deprived of these and allowed to die in its tenement home for lack of municipal facilities."

Dr. Pisek referred to the various methods advocated from time to prevent the spread of the disease, such as the wearing of arm bands by afflicted children on which is printed "whooping cough." During epidemics, he added, the parks were unsafe for well children and many were unwittingly exposed in that manner. Constructive recommendations, he said, must be practical, enforceable, and economically possible.

"If an extensive study of the disease were made," he continued, "in a selected part of the city, we feel sure that many more cases of whooping cough would come to light than are ever reported. On a more accurate basis the need for hospital beds could then be apportioned and the public notified that the city is ready to care for those who are in need."

Pavilions for the treatment of the disease, Dr. Pisek said, should be built near the waterfronts, and there should be at least one pavilion for each of the five boroughs. These pavilions would be for the care of the more serious cases. For the uncomplicated cases he suggested disused ferryboats and barges moored to city piers. Four such boats, he said, would probably be needed in Manhattan.

Bolt Ignited Fire on Hearth.

COLLINGSWOOD, N. J., April 9.—As George W. Jessup, who has a country home on White Horse Pike, was building a fire in an open grate last night during the heavy rainstorm a bolt of lightning came down the chimney and ignited the paper and hickory logs and set fire to the floor. Three members of the Jessup family were shocked by the lightning. The firemen put out the fire with small damage.

Hartford's New Mayor Takes Office

HARTFORD, Conn., April 9.—Joseph H. Lawlor, Democrat, was sworn in as Mayor to-day, succeeding Louis R. Cheney, Republican. Usually the retiring Mayor administers the oath, but to-day this was done by Judge E. L. Smith of the Common Pleas Court, as Mayor Lawler's friends said they had been unable to find Mr. Cheney.

MRS. THOMPSON APPEALS.

Highest Customs Tribunal to Hear Her Protest Against Duties.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Whether Mrs. May Van Alen Thompson is a resident of the United States within the purview of the tariff law, and as such subject to pay the usual customs duties on personal articles brought from abroad, will be decided by the Customs Court of Appeals, the final tribunal in customs cases. James F. Curtis, counsel for Mrs. Thompson, has filed with that court an appeal from the recent decision of the Board of General Appraisers of New York, which held that Mrs. Thompson was a resident of the United States.

Mrs. Thompson had resided in Europe for many years, but married an American, Griswold Thompson, and subsequently came to this country with personal property on which the customs officials of Boston said she must pay nearly $5,000 in duty. The Board of Appraisers sustained the Collector.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
These theatres have no dealings with THE TYSON CO. Best seats can be obtained at Box Offices.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees To-m'w & Wed., 2:20.
MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY,
"THE LEGEND OF LEONORA."
By the author of "PETER PAN."
Commencing NEXT MON., SPECIAL MATS. Mon., Tues., Thurs. & Fri. of each week.
MAUDE ADAMS in "PETER PAN."
Miss Adams' N. Y. season ends Sat., May 2.

LYCEUM 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats To-m'w & Thurs., 2:20.
"GALES OF LAUGHTER."—Herald.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in "JERRY" THE GIRL AN HOUR AHEAD OF TIME.

GARRICK 35th St., just off B'way. Phone 351 Greeley.
STARS NEXT MON., APR. 13 SEATS NOW
THE Governor's Boss
A Detective Play with a Love Story and Political Punch by Jas. S. Barcus.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38 St. Ev. 8:30. Matinees To-morrow & Wednesday, 2:20.
JULIAN ELTINGE
In His Great SUCCESS, THE CRINOLINE GIRL
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs., 2:20.
THE RULE OF 3
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

HUDSON 44th St., East of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-morrow, 2:20.
MOVES NEXT MONDAY TO THE LIBERTY.
MISS ANGLIN in "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN"
***NEXT MONDAY — SEATS NOW
A NEW DETECTIVE COMEDY, THE DUMMY
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

Gaiety B'way. 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-m'w., 2:20
LAST WEEK H. W. SAVAGE'S Comedy Success Along Came Ruth
COMMENCING EASTER MON., APR. 13, COHAN'S BEST PLAY
7 Keys TO Baldpate Seats Now Selling.
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

LIBERTY Evs. 8:20. ALL THIS WEEK. West 42d St., Mat. To-m'w, 2:20.
H. W. SAVAGE offers the Operetta sensation, Sari
MOVES NEXT MONDAY TO THE NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
where seats for all performances after Saturday, April 11th, are now on sale.
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

QUEEN OF THE MOVIES
LAST 3 TIMES MUSICAL RAGE. HANDSOMEST CHORUS IN THE WORLD.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:20.
LAST 3 WEEKS CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

Fulton 46 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tomor. & Wed.
6TH MONTH—THE MISLEADING LADY
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Thurs., 2:20.
Frances Starr in "THE SECRET"

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomor. & Wed., 2:15
POTASH & PERLMUTTER
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

GRAND 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. Tomor. EVERYWOMAN
NEXT WEEK—SEATS NOW ON SALE. THE MIRTHFUL MUSICAL COMEDY, THE LITTLE CAFE

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-m'w & Wed., 2:15
THE YELLOW TICKET
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

H. H. FRAZEE'S LONGACRE 48th St., Just West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-m'w, 2:30.
THE LAUGHING HIT OF THE CENTURY
A PAIR OF SIXES

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
COHAN'S BEST PLAY 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE ALL THIS WEEK AT THE ASTOR THEATRE.
MOVING TO THE GAIETY THEATRE (Next Door) EASTER MON., APR. 13th.
ASTOR THEATRE, COMMENCING, EASTER MONDAY, APR. 13th. SEATS NOW.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
In His New Musical Comedy THE BEAUTY SHOP
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

BRONX Op. Ho., 149 St. 3 Av. Mat. Tomor.
ADOLF PHILIPP'S Original Co. in DAS MITTERNACHTSMAEDE
Next Week—"ALONG CAME RUTH."

New York 45th St., B'way. Cont's 1-11 P. M. Mats. 10-25. Nights 10, 25, 50.
LAST 100 DAYS OF NAPOLEON
AND 8 COMEDY FEATURES
BEGINNING SUNDAY Giants—White Sox WORLD'S TOUR

PROCTOR'S 5TH AV. A New Film Masterpiece, FOR NAPOLEON AND FRANCE
11 to 11 Daily—Mor'g & Aft. 10c. Nights 15c up.
23rd ST.—58th ST.—125th ST.

REPUBLIC THEA. W. 42d St. Daily, 2:30 & 8:20. 25-50
A Moving Picture Made Before Your Eyes.
KING BAGGOT and SAMSON

VITAGRAPH Broadway & 44th St. 2:30 and 8:30
LAST TIMES A MILLION BID—GOODNESS GRACIOUS JOHN BUNNY & CO. (8:30 only.)
Mon., April 13—Entire Change of Pictures.

ACADEMY of Music, 14 St., Irving Pl. Mat. Dly. 10-20-30. Ten Nights in a Barroom.
Next Mon., Seats Now. THE FIGHT By Bayard Veiller.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM. Daily incl. Sun., 2:15-8:15
Run Ext'ded HUGO'S Les Miserables Matinees 25-50c. Nights 35c up.

JARDIN DE DANSE 8:30 TO CLOSING
Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30
CARNIVAL OF DANCING STARS.
Carlos Sebastian & Dorothy Bentley, Leroy & Mone, Ade & Marion, & others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. Burlesque Mat. To-day
WATSON SISTERS & THEIR OWN COMPANY.
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., April 17.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
To-night and Sat. Mat., BERNARD SHAW'S PYGMALION; Sat. Ev., "MORAL."

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Big Double Bill. Primrose & Dockstader's Minstrels (themselves) & 35 Blackface Comedians; Florence Tempest, Kate Elinore, and 8 other acts.

MURRAY HILL. Evenings 8:15. SOCIAL Mat. To-day. BURLESQUE. MAIDS.
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., April 17.

EDEN MUSEE 30th ANNIVERSARY Attractions. WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. Cinematograph every hour. Concerts.

PARK THEA. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w, Tues., Thurs., 2:30. CHANGE
PARK THEA. Col. Circle, 59th St. Evs. 8:30, Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Easter Monday 2:30. CHANGE

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43-44. Daily Mat. 2:15. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8:15
A Wonderful Production of PINAFORE
Seats selling now for first six weeks.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evgs., 8:15.
Regular Matinees, Tues., Thurs. & Sat. Greatest of all Winter Garden Shows.
WHIRL OF THE WORLD
Special Easter Monday Mat. & Fashion Review. 300 Actresses in Attendance.
Sun. Night Concert—GABY DESLYS & Harry Pilcer.

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, West of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees 2:15.
3 MATS.—WED., TO-DAY AND SAT., 2:15.
SAM BERNARD Tumults of Applause! GABY DESLYS
in THE BELLE OF BOND STREET
WED. & TO-DAY MATS. BEST SEATS, $1.50.

44TH ST. THEATRE, near B'way. Phone 7292 Bryant
Lew Fields, Proprietor
Evgs. 8. Matinees To-m'w & Wed., 2.
SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN!
THE MIDNIGHT GIRL
with GEORGE MACFARLANE
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., April 17.

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-m'w & Thurs., 2:15.
Only Thrilling Drama in Town.
PANTHEA With Olga Petrova, George Nash (Specially engaged), Milton Sills.
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., April 17.

LITTLE BEG. TUES., APRIL 14 SEATS NOW.
WINTHROP AMES Presents GRACE GEORGE
in "THE TRUTH," by CLYDE FITCH.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees To-m'w & Wed., 2:20.
THE FUNNIEST PLAY EVER
Too Many Cooks
"Why didn't somebody think of it before."—Alan Dale, American.

PLAYHOUSE 48, E. of B'way. Evgs., 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed., 2:30.
NO PERFORMANCE IN THIS THEATRE TO-NIGHT—GOOD FRIDAY.
To-morrow Afternoon and Night,
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
A splendid, stirring play of love and home, and the supreme emotion of motherhood. Worth going a long way to see.

48th St. Thea. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs.
Season's Biggest Success TO-DAY Matinee Thurs., $1.50.

KITTY MACKAY COMEDY THEA. 41st NEAR B'WAY
EVES. 8:20. MATS. TUES & SAT. 2:20
Special Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., April 17.

Maxine Elliott's HELP WANTED
39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees To-morrow & Wednesday, 2:30.
Wednesday Matinee, Best Seats $1.50.
Sp'l Mat. Actors' Fund Day, Fri., Apr. 17.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15.
5TH MONTH Mat. Tomor. & Wed. High Jinks
Longest Run of Any Musical Comedy.
With Stella Mayhew and Tom Lewis.

LYRIC. Evenings 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15.
LAST WEEK GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER
MON., APRIL 13 The New Musical Play THE RED CANARY
Seats on Sale Now.

PRINCESS THEA. 39th ST. W. of B'WAY EVES 8:30—MATS WED & SAT. 2:30
MARRYING MONEY
AN ESTABLISHED HIT
NIGHTS $1.00—$1.50—$2.00—POP. MAT. WED.

MANHATTAN Op. Ho. 50c.-$2.50. Box Seats $3.
PAVLOWA To-night 8:15, "Orientale" and "Amarilla."

WEST END. 4 Performances Daily, Photo Play, 2, 4, 7 & 9, "THE LIFE OF OUR SAVIOUR."
Stirring Hymnal Music. Adm. 15c, 25c.
Next Wk—Guy Bates Post—OMAR, the Tentmaker

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs at 8:20. Matinees To-m'w & Wed. 2:20. Laurette Taylor "PEG O' MY HEART."
No Performances To-day (Good Friday)

ROYAL 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. 4 Shows Daily—2-4-7 & 9 P. M.
Pathe Freres' Photo Play. The Life OF Our Saviour 15c 25c
Next Week..........WAY DOWN EAST

LAST TWO DAYS!
Biggest Show in Town
Grand Central Palace
Today, 10 A.M. to 11 P.M.
Efficiency Exposition
Admission 50c
SUN: "Caused spasms of ecstacy among visitors."
Editorial in WORLD: "There should be a waiting line before six o'clock every morning."
HERALD: "The 'efficiency first' propaganda received its greatest forward impetus when Exposition opened."
PRESS: "Opened with a bang."
TRIBUNE: "There was not only fascination but comfort in this demonstration."
AMERICAN: "No achievement in the mechanical or electrical world was missing."

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day, Mat. at 1. Parsifal. Fremstad; Berger, Weil, Witherspoon, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
To-night at 8. Manon. Alda; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat., at 1:30. Siegfried. Gadski, Homer, Alten; Jorn, Weil, Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Gioconda. Destinn, Ober; Martin, Amato, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Evg. Concert. 50c. to $1.50. MISCHA ELMAN, violin. Cox, Braslau, Gilly & Orch.
Next Mon. at 8. Haensel u. Gretel. Alten, Mattfeld, Homer; Goritz. Cond., Hertz. Pagliacci. Bori; Caruso, Amato. Cond., Polacco.
Tues. at 8. Gala Perf'ce. Traviata. (Act 1) Hempel; Cristalli. Butterfly. (Act 2) Farrar, Fornia; Scotti. Lohengrin. (Act 1) Gadski, Homer; Jorn, Weil, Witherspoon. Boheme. (Act 1) Alda; Caruso, Gilly. Conds., Hertz, Polacco, Toscanini.
Wed. at 8. Tannhaeuser. Gadski, Fremstad; Berger, Weil, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Ober; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier. Conductor, Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Amore Medico. Bori; Cristalli, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini. Secret of Suzanne. Alda; Scotti. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62nd St.
LAST TWO WEEKS
Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. This Week—Favorite Acts from "FAUST," "PAGLIACCI," "GIOCONDA," and "TROVATORE," at All Performances. Week Beg'g Next MON. NIGHT, "NATOMA."
POPULAR CONCERT SUNDAY NIGHT.

SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS
THE DELLA ROBBIA ROOM
The Vanderbilt Hotel
Mlle. Nina Morgana, Coloratura Soprano, Courtesy of Mr. Oscar Hammerstein.
Dinner-de-Luxe seven to nine o'clock. Two dollars and fifty cents

Waldorf-Astoria, Astor Gallery
NEXT MONDAY AT 8:30 P. M.
FANNY ANITUA
CONTRALTO OF LA SCALA, MILAN.
Seats $2. Mgt. Lee Kugel, 220 West 42 St.

Concert By Williams College Musical Clubs
HOTEL PLAZA.
SAT. EVE., APRIL 11, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Concert to be Followed by Dancing.

AEOLIAN HALL. Tues Aft., April 14, at 3. SONG RECITAL.
MARIE ALTONA
SOPRANO.
Res. Seats, $2 to 50 cts., at Box Office.

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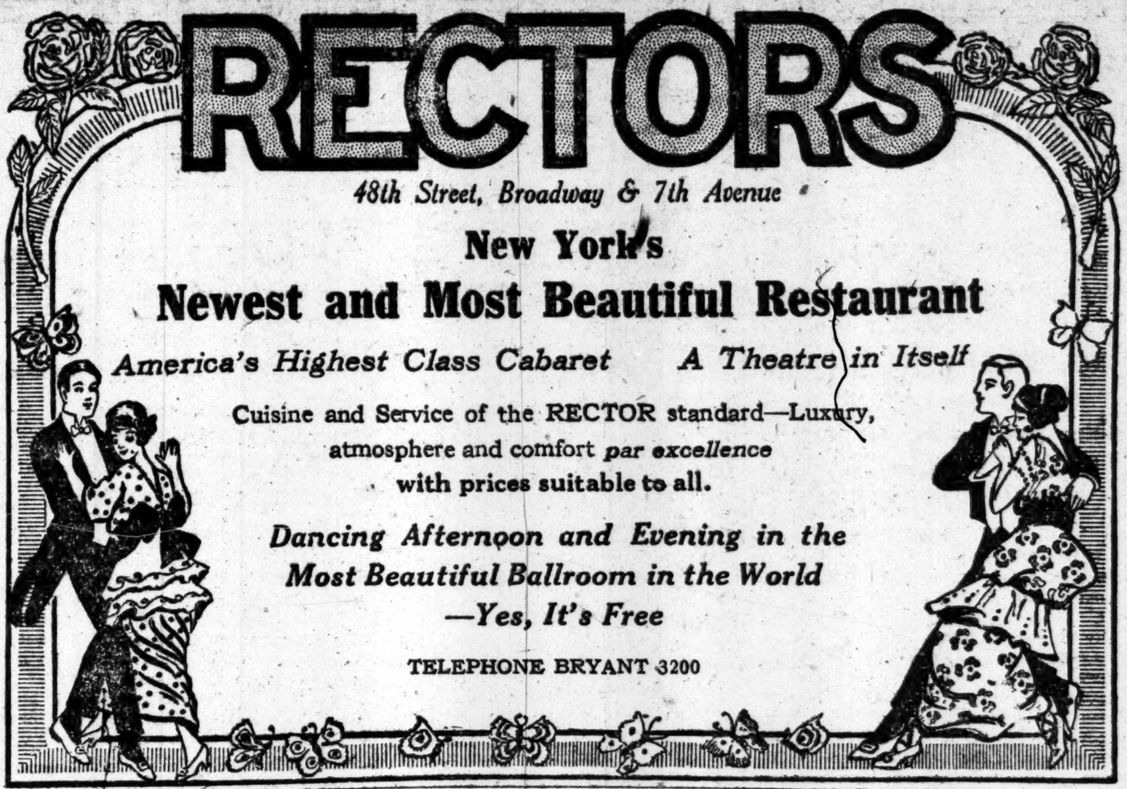
ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c. Mr. & Mrs. Carter De Haven, Sam & Kitty Morton, Hermine Shone, Sallie Fisher.
PALACE B'way & 47th St. 2,000 Mat. Seats, 50c GERTRUDE HOFFMANN & CO. of 40, CARLOS SEBASTIAN & DOROTHY BENTLEY, etc. & Mr. ARNOLD DALY.



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Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Open Hour Earlier.
CIRCUS BARNUM & BAILEY
IN GLORIOUS, UNABRIDGED ALLIANCE WITH "THE WIZARD PRINCE OF ARABIA"
1,250 Persons. 3,500 Costumes. | 300 Ballet 350 Musicians | Vastest Scenery.
MONSTER ZOO; FREAK CONGRESS
ADMISSION TO EVERYTHING, 25c & 50c Reserved Seats, 75c., $1, $1.50.
Private box seats, $2.50. Children under 10 half price afternoons. Box office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES, (same prices as at Madison Square Garden), World Travel Bureau, World Bldg.; Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, 1460 B'way; Gimbel Bros.' Store, John Wanamaker's Store, N. Y. Central Ticket Office, 121 West 125th St.; Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

DE KALB De Kalb Avenue and Broadway Telephone, 4300 Bushwick.
"THE LIFE OF OUR SAVIOUR"
Pathe Freres' Wonderful Motion Picture Play Daily at 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M. Seats 15 & 25c.
Next Week..........LITTLE WOMEN

MAJESTIC THE ROUND UP | Last Matinee Saturday. 600 SEATS $1. Enormous Production.
Next Week—Robt. Mantell in Repertoire.

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Superiority as Master of the Modern Dances
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¶*Call personally or phone for an appointment at any of the following branches:*
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Sunday Noon to 9 P. M. $1.00
Dinner de Luxe in the Ballroom Sunday Evening, beginning at 6:30 P. M. $1.50

B'WAY AT 43D ST. WALLICK'S SPECIAL 50c. LUNCHEON 12:30 TO 2:30
CONTESTS ADVERTISED FOR FRIDAY, APRIL 10, AND SUNDAY APRIL 12, HAVE BEEN POSTPONED UNTIL FRIDAY, APRIL 17, AND SUNDAY, APRIL 19. THE MANAGEMENT.

CAFE BOULEVARD BROADWAY & 41st STREET
MISS MAE MURRAY & MR. CLIFTON WEBB in original dances at Dinner in the Grille and after the Play.

CHIMNEY CORNER TEA ROOM. 2 EAST 33D STREET.
Lunch a la Carte.
Club Tea 35c. Dinner (6 to 8) 85c.

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110 WEST 38TH ST. LUNCHEON, 60c. DANCING NOON TO CLOSE. CABARET AFTER 6:30.

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ONE BLOCK TO "L" AND SUBWAY. SURFACE CARS, ALL POINTS, AT DOOR.
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Single Rooms and bath, $1.50 per day and up. Double Rooms and bath, $2.50 per day.
DINING ROOM ON TWELFTH FLOOR, WITH BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS.
Breakfast, 50c.; Lunch, 50c.; Dinner, $1.00.
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2 ROOMS AND BATH...........$720
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Special Rates by Month and Season.
BOARD, $10.50 PER WEEK.
Special Easter Dinner 6 to 8:30, $1
T. M. LENEHEN, MANAGER.
'Phone, 8270—Morningside.

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The Ideal Transient Hotel of BOSTON, Mass.
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A few desirable Suites at attractive weekly or season rates.
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All Modern Dances Taught by Instructors from "CASTLE HOUSE."
Private lessons by appointment. Phone 6957 Mad. Sq.
Four strictly private lessons, $12, for which we give you two instructors (lady and gentleman), and GUARANTEE Tango, Hesitation, One-Step, Maxixe.
Special rates to parties of four.
An 'Easter Dansant' Thur., Apr. 16, 9 p. m. Open competition for valuable prizes. Good music. Exhibition dancing. $1.50 per couple, includes refreshments, etc.
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FRANCES WARE,
Assisted by GEORGE A. NELSON, LESTER H. GREENWOOD, MARION BALLIN
Maxixe Bresillienne, Tango Argentina.
14 East 40th St.
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Easter visitors will be given the benefit of specially increased facilities.
One Step—Hesitation—Half and Half.

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PRIVATE LESSONS, $1.00
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Dancing Nightly by Miss Sawyer and Mr. Jarrott.
Thes Dansants Saturday Afts., 4:30 to 6:30.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
In deference to Good Friday and Easter the Lois Fox "The Dansant" at the Prince George Hotel will be suspended on Friday and Saturday of this week.
On Friday, April 17th, there will be a special invitation contest for a valuable trophy. Cards of admission, which may be procured at the office, must be presented.
On Saturday, April 18th, the regular contest will be held. A handsome silver loving cup will be presented to the couple most expert in dancing the one-step. Additional $1.00 per person, including tea.
LOIS FOX
THE DANSANT
assisted by A. B. CONKWRIGHT
4:30 to 6:30 daily
in the beautiful Italian Room of the
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FIFTH AVENUE & 28TH STREET

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A New Fireproof Exclusive Apartment Hotel
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Suites of 1, 2 & 3 Rooms with Bath;
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"Dixie Room"
Special Club Breakfasts
Sunday mornings to 12 M.
EXCELLENT COOKING AND SERVICE.
SOUTHERN SPECIALTIES in the Dixie Room.
Business Men's Luncheon, 11 to 3, 65c.
Dinner 6:30 to 8:30 o'clock.
An Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.
AFTER THEATRE SUPPERS.

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Between BROADWAY and SIXTH AVE.
Within one block of Ten Theatres.
SINGLE ROOMS, $1.00 per day up.
ROOM AND BATH, (2 Persons), $2.50 per day up.
RESTAURANT
Table d'hote Lunch 50c
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Also A LA CARTE.

"Paris—in New York"
Cafe Des Beaux Arts
"Different from other Restaurants"
Grille Luncheon, 75c.
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Also Daily Variety of Creations a la Carte for
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The Art Room—Music, classic and popular, by the Parisian Trio
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"There's Nothing Lacking to Make Your Visit Memorable."
Private Accommodations for Parties of 4 to 100.
80 WEST 40TH STREET
No connection with any other restaurant

YOURS FOR
EASTER
SUNDAY

Readers of The New York Times will receive on Easter morning with their Sunday newspaper a rotogravure section containing seventeen beautiful pictures of Jerusalem and the Holy Land; pictures of exceptional interest at this Easter season. The full page picture of the Garden of Gethsemane in rich brown as reproduced by the rotogravure process, is probably the most beautiful photographic picture of this sacred garden ever printed. The entire collection will have exceptional interest for Sunday School workers; would make a beautiful Easter gift for a Sunday school pupil.

The Magazine Section of next Sunday's New York Times will have many instructive and entertaining papers. The photographs of current events which appear in the Pictorial Section include a page of very recent Mexican war photographs; recent photographs of men and women in public life; a page of photographs of recent sporting events; society and theatrical pictures, including photographs of Margaret Anglin in "Lady Windermere's Fan," Grace George in "The Truth," Ann Murdock in "A Pair of Sixes," Billie Burke in "Jerry," and Gaby Deslys in "The Belle of Bond Street." There are photographs also of the new million dollar club for university women and of the military operations in Ulster.

There is a general complaint that The Sunday New York Times is always "all sold"; that it is impossible to secure a copy unless bought early on Sunday morning. The answer to this complaint and the only answer is to place a standing order with your newsdealer. The Sunday New York Times is growing steadily in popularity. There are special features planned for early numbers which are sure to further stimulate this popular demand. The newsstand buyer will hear the dealer's "all sold" three times out of four unless he gives a definite standing order.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
NEXT SUNDAY

MARION HOLLINS FIRST IN GOLF LIST

Miss Lillian B. Hyde Next in Ranking of Metropolitan Women Players.

Radical changes have been made in the 1914 handicap list of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, which was completed yesterday. Miss Marion Hollins of Westbrook, who after her annexation of the metropolitan championship last June was jumped from the 2 division to plus 3, has been placed alone at plus 1. Miss Lillian B. Hyde of South Shore, who a year ago was bracketed with Mrs. Elizabeth Earle at scratch, and later on was ranked at plus 2, is now returned to the scratch mark.

Mrs. Earle was dropped from scratch to 1 last Fall, a position she occupies at present along with Miss Georgiana M. Bishop of Brooklawn, former holder of both the metropolitan and national titles, and Mrs. N. P. Rogers of Baltusrol. Mrs. Rogers had an allowance of 3 last Spring, and she was advanced to 2 in the Fall. Mrs. A. S. Rossin of Century, showed such improvement last year that she has been advanced from 5 to 3. Similar treatment has been accorded Mrs. H. R. Stockton of Plainfield, and Mrs. A. G. Cahn of Century, has been placed at 3, a reduction of no less than 5 strokes.

Nearly a hundred changes have been made since last Fall and most of these have to do with the leading players of the district. In fact, it is rare that such a radical revision is ever made among women players. The committee in charge of the work is composed of Mrs. F. E. Donohoe of Montclair, Chairman; Miss Page Schwarzwaelder of Mahopac, and Miss Eleanor N. Whitney of Morris County. The list of those rated at 10 and less follows:

PLUS 1.—Miss Marion Hollins, Westbrook.

SCRATCH.—Miss Lillian B. Hyde, South Shore.

HANDICAP 1.—Mrs. Elizabeth Earle, Englewood; Miss Georgiana M. Bishop, Brooklawn; Mrs. N. Pendleton Rogers, Baltusrol.

HANDICAP 2.—Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, Richmond County.

HANDICAP 3.—Mrs. Florian Krug, Englewood; Mrs. Lawrence Swift, Englewood; Mrs. A. S. Rossin, Century; Mrs. W. J. Faith, Wykagyl; Mrs. C. G. Cahn, Century; Mrs. H. R. Stockton, Plainfield.

HANDICAP 4.—Mrs. Myra D. Paterson, Englewood; Mrs. C. W. Rendigs, Midland; Miss Eleanor N. Whitney, Morris County; Miss Eleanor Freeman, Englewood; Mrs. William Chilvers, Dunwoodie; Mrs. Howard F. Whitney, Nassau; Mrs. Percy Ingalls, Essex County.

HANDICAP 5.—Mrs. Walter Perry, Baltusrol; Mrs. Lloyd Wimpfheimer, Deal; Mrs. Isaac Harter, Richmond County; Mrs. E. F. Sanford, Essex County; Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, Baltusrol; Mrs. H. C. Phipps, Piping Rock; Mrs. Donald G. Geddes, Nassau; Mrs. A. J. Morgan, Apawamis; Miss Louise F. Krug, Englewood.

HANDICAP 6.—Mrs. M. H. Frayne, Dunwoodie; Mrs R. G. Hanford, Wykagyl; Mrs. J. S. Irving, Scarsdale; Mrs. W. D. Vanderpool, Morris County.

HANDICAP 7.—Mrs. D. C. Arnold, Westfield; Mrs. F. E. Donohoe, Montclair; Mrs. F. T. Hayes, Midland; Mrs. W. S. Bird, Dunwoodie; Mrs. S. A. Herzog, Fairview; Mrs. Irving Brown, Haworth; Mrs. F. Weil, Fairview; Mrs. F. B. Ryan, Cranford; Mrs. R. O. Smith, Montclair; Mrs. C. F. Uebelacker, Hackensack; Miss A. Blanke, Montclair; Mrs Fraser, Cranford; Miss Page Schwarzewaelder, Englewood; Mrs. Charles L. Greenhall, Hollywood; Miss Edith Hillier, Cranford; Mrs. G. H. Levy, Century; Miss Elsa Pickhardt, Englewood; Miss Bertha Stratton, Cranford; Mrs. A. C. Sumner, Nassau; Mrs. Leo F. F. Wanner, Essex County.

HANDICAP 8.—Miss Marie Harrison, Baltusrol; Mrs. Charles L. Tiffany, Nassau; Miss Maud K. Wetmore, Baltusrol; Mrs. J. C. Barclay, Hackensack; Mrs. M. M. Singer, Montclair; Mrs. M. D. Rae, Montclair; Mrs. W. I. Seaman, Richmond County; Mrs. W. J. Salomon, Century; Mrs. Henry Blumenthal, Fairview, Mrs. S. P. Nash, Baltusrol; Mrs. P. Boyer, Piping Rock; Mrs. A. B. Gilkes, Siwanoy; Mrs. F. C. Hilliard, Greenwich, and Miss J. Michler, Greenwich.

HANDICAP 9.—Mrs. E. S. Bayer, Century; Mrs. E. T. Benjamin, Century; Mrs. W. B. Bremner, Montclair; Mrs. W. Erdman, Hollywood; Mrs. L. W. Hornblower, Essex County; Mrs. J. Mager, Essex County; Mrs. J. A. Moore, Scarsdale; Miss Carolyn Putnam, Shinnecock Hills; Mrs. Clifford Seasongood, Hollywood; Mrs. B. L. Tim, Hollywood; Mrs. C. M. Sheafe, Apawamis; Mrs. C. W. Park, Apawamis, and Miss A. Wright, Greenwich.

HANDICAP 10.—Mrs. A. D. Aldrich, Nassau; Miss Florence Bach, Century; Mrs. Barr, Westfield; Mrs William Beard, Nassau; Mrs. C. R. Caskey, Scarsdale; Miss C. Foster, Morris County; Mrs. H. B. Goldsmith, Hollywood; Miss Louise Graham, North Jersey; Mrs. Alfred Garetzki, Century; Mrs. W. J. Judson, Scarsdale; Miss L. B. Kirkpatrick, New Brunswick; Mrs. W. E. Loughman, Englewood; Mrs. Perkins, Westfield; Mrs. F. Potts, Baltusrol; Mrs. F. A. Shaw, Scarsdale; Mrs. J. W. Surbrug, Jr., Montclair; Mrs. Thomas Travis, Montclair; Miss M. Van Boskerck, Plainfield; Miss Van Bokkelen, Baltusrol; Mrs. W. W. Vaughn, Hollywood; Mrs. G. Vietor, Morris County; Miss H. J. Williamson, New Brunswick; Miss M. R. Wilson, New Brunswick; Mrs. C. A. Woodruff, Forest Hill; Mrs. S. L. Fuller, Apawamis; Mrs. H. B. Salmon, Forest Hill; Miss Grace Farrelly, Englewood; Miss J. Weil, Fairview; Miss Gertrude Noe, Westfield; Mrs. J. Otis Post, Morris County; Mrs. D. R. Aldridge, Scarsdale; Mrs. R. L. Johnstone, Glen Ridge; Mrs. James Rosenberg, Inwood, and Mrs. Joseph Josephy, Inwood.

OUIMET WINS EASILY.

Open Champion and Lockwood Score 5 and 4 Victory at Sandwich.

SANDWICH, England, April 9.—A victory in a foursome match was won here to-day by Francis Ouimet of Brookline, Mass., open golf champion of the United States, and Arthur G. Lockwood, former amateur champion of Massachusetts. They played against the Marquis of Linlithgow and Lord Charles Hope, his brother, whom the Americans defeated by 5 holes up and 4 to play. Lord Charles Hope's score was 81 strokes.

Ouimet's outward card registered 40 strokes, and his homeward total was 43. The match was played in a boisterous wind.

Holding Companies

How holding companies for public utilities may affect financial administration, service, management, and general welfare is the subject of a thoughtful article in this week's Annalist. Each week The Annalist publishes all important news of public utilities, and records transactions in their securities. It is the leading weekly of finance, commerce, and economics. Four dollars a year by subscription, or 10 cents a week by single copy.

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York

AMATEURS IN THE RING.

Fast Contests Mark Final Bouts in State Boxing Tourney.

The semi-final and final bouts in the State boxing championships were decided last night in the City Athletic Club gymnasium. The result was a series of exceptionally interesting contests, which brought out several New York State candidates, who will participate in the national championships at Boston.

The bout between Weil and Helbig was a clever exhibition of clean, vigorous boxing by both men, the advantage being with Weil, who was returned a popular winner. An even better contest resulted in the meeting of Selzer and Mass in the 115-pound class. There was not an idle second, the boys putting up a bout worthy of professionals. In the second round, because of a claim by Mass that Selzer had butted him the bout was stopped until the club's physician examined Mass and reported him uninjured. The contest was then resumed and Selzer won after a hard struggle.

A. J. Jacques, East Side House A. C., and M. Schwinger, Pastime A. C., in the second semi-final 125 pounds put up one of the best contests of the tournament. The judges disagreed and the referee awarded the go to Schwinger.

The final of the 135-pound class was a fast bout. Smith, the metropolitan champion, met a tartar in Jorio of the Greek-American A. C. The latter had taken part in a hard contest with Farrigan. At the close of the second round Jorio was groggy, and the referee awarded the contest to Smith. Jorio is one of the best natural boxers seen in amateur circles in some time.

A. Rathner won the final in the 145-pound class, beating J. Tiplitz after a slashing struggle. Barret won the final in the 158-pound class. He stopped Gaddi in the second round.

After a hard-fought bout, Bert Weil won the final in the 108-pound class, defeating L. Whitman, and the final of the 115-pound class was won by Selzer, who defeated Schroeder after a rattling contest. The summary:

108-Pound Class, Semi-final.—Louis Whitman, Pennant A. C., defeated James Fennell, St. Stephen's A. C.; Bert Weil, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated Gus Helbig, unattached.

Final, 108-Pound Class.—Bert Weil defeated Louis Whitman.

115-Pound Class, Semi-final.—I. Selzer, unattached, defeated G. Mass, Glencoe A. C. Referee's decision.

Final Bout.—I. Selzer defeated Schroeder.

125-Pound Class, Semi-final.—J. Nugent, unattached, defeated W. McLean, West Harlem A. C.; Schwinger, Pastime A. C., defeated A. J. Jacques, East Side House A. C.

Final Bout.—Nugent, unattached, defeated Schwinger.

135-Pound Class, Semi-final.—J. Jorio, Greek-American A. C., defeated A. Farrigan, Pastime A. C. Final Bout—Won by Smith, who defeated Jorio.

145Pound Class, Semi-final.—Tiplitz, Educational Alliance A. C., defeated W. Brown, unattached; A. Rathner, Young Men's Hebrew Association, defeated G. F. Wise, unattached, in one round.

Final Bout—Won by Rathner, who defeated Tiplitz.

175-Pound Class, Semi-final.—A. Sheridan, Trinity A. C., defeated E. M. Kellogg, Washington Heights A. C.

Final—Won by Sheridan, Trinity A. C., who defeated G. Gruendler, Union Settlement A. C.

158-Pound Class, Semi-final.—J. Gaddi, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated A. Kauffman, Trinity A. C.; W. Barret, Pastime A. C., defeated G. Gruendler, Union Settlement A. C.; Sheridan, Trinity A. C., defeated Kellogg, Washington Heights A. C.

Final—Won by Barret, Pastime A. C., who defeated Gaddi, St. Bartholomew A. C.

National Amateur Bouts at Boston.

BOSTON, April 8.—Sectional title holders from various parts of the United States and Canada have been entered for the national amateur boxing championships which will be held here on April 17 and 18. Several of the champions are expected to defend their honors, but others have become professionals since the last tournament. Toronto, Ont.; St. John, N. B.; New Orleans, Cleveland, St. Louis, and New York are among the cities represented in the entries already received.

75 GUNNERS AT TRAPS.

R. L. Spotts Wins High Scratch Prize at Marine and Field Club.

Seventy-five gunners took part in the first open shoot of the Marine and Field Club at Bath Beach yesterday. It was the largest number that has gathered for a Brooklyn shoot in years and included practically all of the more important gunners in the metropolitan district. The great majority had never shot over the traps of the organization. Notwithstanding the handicap, the scores were all excellent and some remarkable shooting was seen.

R. L. Spotts was the winner of the high scratch prize. He took the event with 94 out of a possible 100 targets. His scores were 24, 23, 22, and 25. The high handicap prize went to E. L. Haas, who shot with a handicap of 16. In the aggregate he had 96 out of a possible 100 targets. There also were prizes for each string of 25 targets of the big shoot. The first string was won by Mr. Haas, the second fell to D. E. Smith with a straight score of 25 targets, the third was taken by H. M. Brigham, and R. L. Spotts and Dr. Sauer tied for the fourth cup.

AMERICAN GOLFERS LOSE.

Travers and Herreshoff Defeated by British Players in a Foursome.

WESTWARD HO, DEVONSHIRE, Eng., April 9.—A defeat was suffered to-day by Jerome D. Travers, former amateur golf champion of the United States, and Frederick Herreshoff, of New York, in a foursome on the links here. Their opponents were the Hon. Denys Scott and Captain H. Hinde, both of the Royal North Devon Club, who beat the Americans by four holes up and two to play.

De Witt Clinton Chess Victory.

De Witt Clinton, winner of the championship this year in the Manhattan High School Chess League, established a lead of 1 point over Brooklyn Boys' High School, Brooklyn League champions, in the second round of the annual interborough match for possession of the Rice Trophy, contested at the Brooklyn Chess Club yesterday afternoon. As a result of this match De Witt Clinton cannot lose the series, but Boys' High, on the other hand, may yet tie by winning in the final session, on Friday of next week. Two of the three games played yesterday went to the credit of De Witt Clinton, the individual results being an exact duplication of those in the first round at the Manhattan Chess Club on Monday. M. Zetkin, star player of the Manhattan League champion team, scored again at the first board against the B. H. S. Captain. C. Isaacson won at the third board. On the Brooklyn team B. Stromberg, at Board 2, again stood manfully in the breach. The totals of the series stand at 4 to 3 in favor of De Witt Clinton, with one game to be played.

Bonhag Joins Hamilton Institute.

George V. Bonhag, a member of America's Olympic team and the holder of several world records, has joined the Hamilton Institute for Boys as teacher and director of one of the departments in the school. Bonhag's long experience in athletics will be of great value in the physical development of the boys of any such preparatory school. He is to open a Summer camp at Lake Annabessacook, Winthrop, Me., and will sever his connection with the Water Department of the city to take up his new duties the latter part of September. Bonhag is unwilling to surrender his amateur standing, and for this reason has refused many offers as professional trainer in schools and colleges. His work at Hamilton Institute will be that of a teacher and not of an athletic trainer.

Travis Leads Pinehurst Golfers.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 9.—Medal honors in the first day's play of the annual mid-April golf tournament here to-day went to Walter J. Travis of the Garden City Club, New York, with a card of 78 for the 18 holes. Survivors of the first round of match play were Travis, J. D. Standish, Jr., Detroit; C. S. McDonald, Lambton, Canada; J. F. Hurd, Pittsburgh; R. C. Shannon, Oak Hill, N. Y.; P. S. McLaughlin, Scarsdale, N. Y.; Robert Hunter, Weeburn Club, Connecticut, and J. D. Armstrong, Buffalo.

Lewis Defends Title at Traps.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 9.—Bart Lewis, champion amateur trap shot of the United States, to-day successfully defended his title to the Dupont trophy at the Illinois Gun Club grounds, when he defeated Harrison Kennicott of Chicago, the challenger, and thirty other shooters. Lewis and Frank Fuller of Wisconsin tied with 92 out of 100 targets. In the shoot-off Lewis broke 25 straight. Fuller broke 20. Lewis won the Dupont trophy at Atlantic City last Summer.

THE A. C. A. IS NOT PLANNING A MOVE

New Garage in East Seventy-second Street Is to Supplement Present Building.

When the Automobile Club of America concludes its arrangements for a supplemental garage on East Seventy-second Street, between Avenue A and Exterior Street, the plans for which are rapidly nearing completion, it will not mean that the present building in Fifty-fourth Street, west of Broadway, one of the most completely equipped of its kind in the world, will be given up or its use in any way curtailed. On the contrary, it is planned to make even larger use of the club building than heretofore, and all its social features, which are to be somewhat increased, will naturally centre there. The new garage is intended solely to meet the demand for additional service of the kind the A. C. A. is able to give, especially from the many members living in the upper east side. Arrangements are now being concluded for taking over a property 125 feet wide and running from Seventy-second to Seventy-first Street, owned by George H. Storm, on a twenty-one-year lease. Mr. Storm plans to erect there a three-story garage to accommodate 350 cars, which the club will occupy. The garage will be built on the "ramp" principle, by which elevators are eliminated and the cars mount from floor to floor on inclined planes.

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It seems certain that the plan for admitting women to membership in the club will go through at the annual meeting to be held next Tuesday, as the Governors are understood to be unanimously in favor of it. The plan is to make this membership somewhat analageous to the "Flag" membership of the New York Yacht Club. The dues for women members will be $50 a year, and they will have practically all the privileges of the club. It has been felt for some time that it would be advisable to admit women, as in many cases such, for instance, as those of the widows of members, they are especially in need of the protection and service for their cars which the club supply department and garage can afford.

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From the way the dealers along "Automobile Row" are commenting on the proposed two-day business tour, to cover a sort of show route from this city to Hartford and return, which has been planned by the Motor Dealers' Contest Association, about 100 cars may be expected to be in line on April 23, representing twenty-five dealers. The plan is to give the towns and villages along the route chosen an opportunity to see some of the models which their local dealers do not carry. Motor trucks and accessories, as well as pleasure cars, will be shown in the novel parade.

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Until permanent additions can be made to the factory buildings, Trenton, N. J., is enjoying the novelty of seeing motor cars built under a big circus tent which the Mercer Company has had to borrow so that it can keep up with its orders.

Zarr Leads Century Riders.

R. W. Zarr of New York scored the greatest number of points up to March [illegible] the Century and mileage competition of the Century Road Club Association. Eight of the twelve leaders are members of the New York Division of the association. The standing to date follows: R. W. Zarr, New York, N. Y.; F. M. Sanborn, Baltimore, Md.; Edwin Jensen, Astoria, L. I.; W. A. Buggein, New York, N. Y.; M. M. Chazotte, Bayonne, N. J.; H. A. Whiteman, New York, N. Y.; George Steppello, New York, N. Y.; Robert Post, New York, N. Y.; W. F. Plumb, Kalamazoo, Mich.; Sylvain Segal, Bronx, N. Y.; A. R. Jacobson, New York, N. Y.; L. W. Moore, Bayonne, N. J.; G. H. Segal, Bronx, N. Y.

TRADE DULL IN PERU.

Business Is Depressed Pending the General Election, Blaisdell Says.

L. S. Blaisdell of New York, the General Manager of the Southern Railway of Peru, arrived yesterday from Lima on the Royal Mail steam packet Magdalena on two months' leave of absence. He said that business was quiet in Peru, because the final session of Congress at Lima had been postponed until May 15, when the date would be set for the general elections. Robert Leguia would not be elected President, he said. Billinghurst was impossible from a business point of view, he asserted, because he wanted to run the country himself and the job was too big for him. "When anything reached his desk it stopped there," Mr. Blaisdell said.

Mrs. Elena Moreno, wife of Carlos A. Moreno, a prominent manufacturer of Baranquilla, Colombia, arrived on the Magdalena to put her four daughters, the Misses Eva, Delia, Sarah, and Leylia, and her four sons, Carlos, David, Rafael, and Antonio at school in this country. She had fifteen members of her family altogether on board with servants.

DEAD MAN FOUND IN PARK.

"J. R." on Ring a Clue to Identity of Victim of Suicide.

The body of a man about 20 years old was found by Mounted Policeman Meade of the Kingsbridge Police Station yesterday in the woods at the north end of Van Cortlandt Park, a mile north of Mosholu Parkway. The man had shot himself through the head with a revolver that was found by his side. He had brown hair and eyes, was clean shaven, weighed 140 pounds and was five feet eight inches tall. On the third finger of his right hand there was a signet ring with the initials "J. R."

Coroner Jerome Healy ordered the body removed to the Bronx Morgue. He confiscated two unstamped, open letters found in the man's coat, addressed to "Joseph Schroeder, 523 East Twelfth Street," but was unable to read them because they were written in a foreign language, presumably Polish.

A man who said he was Harry Schroeder, of 512 East Twelfth Street, said he had no doubt that the dead man was Joseph Schroeder, his brother, who had been preparing to take the Regents' examination to become a lawyer, but had grieved over a love affair.

TO COLLECT RAILROAD FACTS

Information Bureau Will Supplant Managers' Committee.

As a result of the negotiations between the Eastern railroads and the employes in the last two years over demands of the engineers, trainmen, firemen, and other branches of the operating forces of the railroads, which were attended to from time to time by the managers' Conference Committee of the railroads, these railroads have decided to create a bureau of information, of which J. G. Wolber has been appointed Secretary.

The new bureau will do a part of the work formerly done by the managers' Conference Committee, in collecting data as to rates of pay, working conditions, and other matters on the railroads. Mr. Wolber has had long experience in connection with the operating departments of various railroads, and leaves a place as assistant to the Third Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to become Secretary of the new bureau.

THE NEW YORK TIMES is the only one of seven New York morning newspapers which published a greater volume of advertisements in March, 1914, than in March, 1913. THE TIMES gained 42,556 lines. THE TIMES was the only New York morning newspaper to carry more advertising in the first quarter of 1914 than in the corresponding period last year.—Adv.

DECOY LETTER GETS SLAYER

Marino Caught in Albany by Same Ruse He Used with His Victim.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—The local police are detaining a man supposed to be James Marino, who is wanted in Brooklyn for the murder of John Locco in that Borough on Feb. 24. The police learned that Marino was receiving mail at an Italian lodging house, and sent a registered letter to him, arranging with the Post Office authorities that Marino be summoned to the Post Office to receive the letter. When he appeared two detectives were at the registry window and took him into custody.

The Brooklyn police records give the name of the man arrested for murder at Albany as James or Frank Marino. He is accused of shooting and killing John Locco of 677 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, on the night of Feb. 24 of this year in front of a saloon at 353 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, where Locco had been decoyed by a letter. A witness to the shooting was Charles Attarlo, a brother-in-law of Locco. Detectives in Brooklyn recently traced Marino to Albany.

35,200,000 CODFISH.

That Number Caught by Norwegians Up to March 24.

Gustave Porges, of the Strohmeyer & Arpe Co., yesterday received reports from the firm's agents regarding the cod fisheries in the north of Norway. The advices are that the fisheries continue in a fairly satisfactory condition. The last reports are dated March 24, and show the total yield up to that date this season to be 35,200,000 of of fish, of which 4,800,000 were prepared into stockfish and 30,400,000 into klipfish or Bacalo.

The average weight of the fish caught so far this season is about 5¼ pounds per fish, which means that the fishing this season has yielded the smallest fish appearing on the coast of Norway in a number of years. Taking the average of the last seven years, only the year 1912 showed a smaller average weight of fish taken. While the cod fisheries are fairly satisfactory, there is almost a certainty that prices are not likely to be much, if any, cheaper than last year for stockfish. There are no stocks of any kinds of old fish, and users will have to take the new fish at prevailing prices.

HOW TO MAKE A FARM PAY.

Mrs. J. Frederick Gillette Has Solved the Problem—Rent It.

Can a woman run a farm and make it profitable and not live on it all the year round? A woman who has had the back-to-the-land fever for some time, has been asking different women farmers that question and with invariably one result.

"Don't do it," say all the women farmers with almost no exception. "You have got to live on your farm all the time, make a slave of yourself, or it will cost you a great deal more than it will come to. It is too much work for the result."

These remarks are always followed with sad tales of woe given in detail. But the other day a woman farmer was found who looked at life differently. This was Mrs. J. Frederick Gillette, a prominent suffragist, and at the head of the "Country Store," in the recent Cosmopolitan Fête of the Woman Suffrage Party.

"Yes," said Mrs. Gillette, in answer to the usual question, "my farm is a great success. No, I don't live on it all the year, and, yes, it does pay, and I come out every season with a few hundred dollars to the good.

"Of course, it is only a small 'farm,' one acre, but it is very complete. There is the house with a garage underneath; while one can keep a cow and have plenty of fruit and everything necessary for the household. I have three apple trees, Fall, Winter, and Summer fruit, and one of them knowing what depends upon it bears the most delicious fruit every year—it has no off season. I have peach and plum and pear trees that bear, I have a cherry tree, currants and small fruit."

"And you don't find any trouble in running the place and making it pay?" queried the would-be woman farmer, who has been looking for a farm of all sizes from one to 100 acres.

"No, I don't have any trouble in running it, and it always pays," returned Mrs. Gillette.

"Will you tell me the secret?" asked the other woman.

"Yes, indeed," said Mrs. Gillette. "Very gladly. I rent the place every Summer and then go off to Europe, have a nice quiet restful trip, and counting the rent of the house and everything in, we find we have paid expenses and made money. So I tell people I live on my estate, live on my acre, that I love living on a farm, and it is very true.

"You see when we first took the 'farm' everything about it was primitive. It was a nice little country place, and most of the houses had been shoe factories—that is in the old days people gave out the work of making shoes, and it was done in the homes. A wonderful old Colonial house that we have in the place now was once one of these little home shoe factories. When we first went there every one kept a cow, we picked our mushrooms over the wall and burned candles in the house.

"Now there is a milkman whom you must treat with great courtesy, or he will pass you by and you get your mushrooms, if you get them at all, by purchase from a grower at $1 a pound, and there is electricity instead of candles.

"When we first went there one man would do everything we wanted indoors and out. Now though our house looks small, it is one that is capacious inside, and it takes three servants to run it, and the big drive needs one man most of the time to keep it in order. So we let someone else have it while we go quietly to Europe. Oh, yes, I love a farm, it is no trouble at all—except the Spring cleaning, I do have to see about that."

WEAK-MINDED A PROBLEM.

Statisticians Show They Are Increasing at a Rapid Rate.

The economic and social problems connected with the feeble-minded are of far greater importance than the average "man on the street" realizes. Whatever the cause, the fact is that this class is increasing enormously in all civilized countries. Some figures in a report of the Committee of Visitors of the State Charities of New York are commented on in The Journal of the American Medical Association.

"According to this report," says the writer, "there are in New York at present 32,000 feeble-minded persons. Of these 4,900 are provided for in institutions especially designed for their care, and 4,500 in other institutions, leaving at large 22,600. It has been estimated that of the 32,000 feeble-minded, 10,000 are girls and women of child-bearing age, 1,750 of whom are cared for in institutions designed for the care of such persons, and 1,625 are confined in reformatories, prisons, and almshouses, leaving about 7,000 at large in the community.

"Goddard estimates that, in the way of spreading disease and immorality and increasing the stock of feeble-minded, a girl or woman of this class of child-bearing age is three times as great a menace to the community as a feeble-minded boy or man. The Royal Commission of England reports that in that country the feeble-minded are increasing at twice the rate of the general population. The importance of providing, by the establishment of additional institutions and the completion of those under way, for the custodial care or control of a greater number of the feeble-minded cannot be overestimated.

"The statements of Amos W. Butler of Indiana to the effect that feeble-mindedness produces more pauperism, degeneracy, and crime than any other force, that it touches every form of charitable activity, that it is felt in every part of the State and affects in some way all the people, and that its cost is beyond comprehension, are again quoted as the best argument for the policies advocated."

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Wednesday.3½@4 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

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Rufflings to be Worn.

Rufflings, to be attached to the three-quarter length sleeves, which will be worn this Summer are shown in net, lingerie, a sheer diaphanous material like organdie but washable, and Dolly Varden. Edgings to match the color of the dress are offered. According to reports from Paris, rufflings are due for a long run of popularity and manufacturers here expect them to sell into next Fall. Maline ruffs trimmed with taffeta ribbon should continue to go well until the warm weather sets in.

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When is Imported Imported?

A well-known lace man yesterday called the attention of a TIMES reporter to the advertisement of one of the domestic manufacturers of laces and embroideries, which appeared in the current issue of a popular trade journal. In it the assertion was made that the manufacturer catered exclusively to the importing trade. "That is a nice sort of a thing to put before the buyers," said the lace man, who is himself an importer, "and it may explain the complaint recently published in your business column that the big buyers don't want to buy foreign goods in this market, excepting at job lot prices. Under circumstances such as this, the buyer may well ask 'when is imported imported?'"

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Gray Goods Ease Off.

There was a slightly easier tone to most of the Southern print cloths offered in the local gray goods market yesterday, but Eastern goods were generally firm at recent levels. Sales of Southern 39-inch 72-76s, which had been held at 6⅝ cents, were made at 6½. A decline of 1-16 of a cent a yard was shown on Southern 38½-inch 64-56s. These goods had been held at 5 cents, but yesterday were let go at 4 15-16 cents. A similar drop was shown on 38½-inch 60-48s, which declined from 4⅝ cents to 4 5-16. Fancy cottons were in fair demand, as were sheetings. Drills were reported a little more active, some good sales of 37-inch 3.95 goods being made at 5⅞ cents.

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The Raw Silk Summary.

The Yokohama raw silk market continues steady at recent price levels, with a fair business passing for European account. Sales in the last week amounted to 2,400 bales but, with a freer arrival of Spring reelings, stocks have increased a little. The quality of the first crop of Canton silks is said to be good, and it is estimated that between 5,000 and 6,000 bales will be available for export. That market reports an improved demand and firmer prices. Offers of large orders at slightly less than current figures are failing to tempt the holders. Shanghai is quiet, but firm. Milan reports a tendency toward lower prices on the balance of the old season's silk. A good general demand continues locally, with prices holding their own. Offerings of second sorts are getting small here.

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Women's Soft Roll Collars.

Women's neckwear manufacturers are confining their operations almost exclusively to the soft roll collar, unboned, and made of organdie. This style is shown in a number of variations. Very little lace is used except on the revers effect, and then plain hemstitching seems to be the decoration that predominates. Taffeta trimmings are also found. There is a notable absence of colors. While the material for which there is the greatest demand is organdie, when the warm weather sets in it is expected that linen and piqué will also be favored to a considerable extent, and collars of these materials are now being introduced to the trade. Organdie does not stand washing very well and this argues for the popularity of linen and piqué. For wear with the taffeta dresses opening down the front, vests combining the soft roll collar are shown. Dolly Varden, a material with figured effects, is meeting with considerable favor in this line.

⁂

Fall Dress Goods.

The amount of business booked so far for Fall on dress goods, according to one seller, may be taken to indicate that conditions throughout the country have improved considerably over last season and that those buyers who placed the bulk of their orders abroad last season are purchasing their goods for next Fall from the domestic mills. The cutters up, he said, have placed more than their usual amount of orders for this time of year and this may be attributed to the firmness of the market brought about by the rise in the price of raw materials. "We have had buyers in here," he said, "we didn't see last season. They placed most of their orders for the Spring with foreign manufacturers, and some of them haven't received the goods yet. Deliveries from abroad have been away off. They don't seem to realize on the other side the amount of business that is done here and the way in which it is done, and buyers who have had the unfortunate experience to be left in the hole by late deliveries are now restricting their purchases to the domestic market."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

FERBER-DOYLE TILE CO., INCORPORATED, in a general tile and marble business at 30 East Forty-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,158 and assets of $1,114, consisting of office furniture, $150; accounts, $914; cash in bank, $50. The largest creditor is M. Rainbow & Co., $1,468. The company was incorporated in July, 1913, with a capital stock of $10,000, and Arthur H. Ferber is Treasurer.

GREENWALD & FAIGELMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Greenwald and Isaac N. Faigelman, who compose the firm of Greenwald & Faigelman, manufacturers of dresses, at 128 Prince Street, by these creditors: Max Kleiman, $200; Wolf Koppelman, $194, and Max Kerbel, $148. It was alleged that they are insolvent and transferred merchandise and accounts of $1,000. They began business on Nov. 1, 1911.

SOL. A. PYLE, clerk, of 860 Elsmere Place, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,542 and no assets. The debts are for notes, $1,000; rent, $705; advertising, $678, and hotel bill, $139. He carries $11,000 life insurance. He was formerly a jobber in cloaks and suits, from 1905 to 1912, and was previously in business in Richmond, Va.

MAE BEALER, dressmaker, of 419 W. 119th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $911 and assets of $1.65 cash in bank. The debts are judgment for rent, $441; loans, $358, and merchandise, $112.

MERRITT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—John L. Hayes, trustee in bankruptcy of the Merritt Construction Company, State highway contractor of Tuckahoe, of which Supervisor Henry C. Merritt was President, has filed schedules which show liabilities of $61,000, outside of labor claims, which amount to several thousand dollars, and nominal assets of $190,905, consisting of claims against the Commissioner of State Highways and retained percentages, $124,329; accounts, $32,776; plant, $28,500; notes, $1,400, and real estate at Tuckahoe, $3,900; also ten horses and three automobiles, value not given.

CITRON BROTHERS.—Judge Hough has appointed Robert P. Levis receiver for Citron Brothers, manufacturers of waists, at 142 East Thirty-second Street; bond, $1,000. Liabilities are $25,000 and assets from $6,000 to $8,000.

PHOENIX WAIST COMPANY.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Frisch, Jacobs & Eisenberg, who did business as the Phoenix Waist Company, at 25 West Houston Street, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $14,150.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—A. Lemore & Co., stave manufacturers; the report submitted to the Federal Court by R. M. Walmsley, receiver, shows liabilities of about $1,000,000; assets, $200,925.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Albert M. Gleason, an insurance agent; petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $16,968; assets, $250.

ASIA MINOR TRADE.

Consul Nathan Talks of Chances There for Americans.

American manufacturers and exporters of industrial and agricultural machinery willing to adapt their products to the requirements of the Turkish market should find a profitable outlet for their products in and about the Consular district of Mersina, according to Edward I. Nathan, the American Consul at that port, who spent yesterday at the local headquarters of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, in the Custom House. Mr. Nathan, who sails for his post to-morrow, will be at the bureau's office this morning, where he will be pleased to meet merchants interested in the trade of his district.

The Consul said that the effects of the war between Turkey and Italy and the uprising in the Balkan States in his district have been much exaggerated, and that, while some stagnation existed, the crops during 1913 had resulted in the resumption of normal conditions. Last year's cotton crop was a banner one, worth $5,000,000, while the grain, sesame seed, and gum tragacanth crops turned out well. The imports of foreign merchandise into Mersina, which is a centre of distribution for many parts of Asia Minor, aggregated last year $5,000,000, and of this the United States only contributed about $100,000, mostly represented by petroleum, oleo oil, and agricultural machinery. In speaking of the opportunities for American development of this field, Mr. Nathan yesterday said:

"Mersina is a particularly good market for industrial and agricultural machinery. There are four large cotton yarn mills in the immediate vicinity of the city, and about forty cotton ginning plants. Recently two cottonseed oil mills have been erected. All these industries are equipped with English machinery, with the exception of one plant, which has American machinery. This was installed through the medium of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, which brought together the owners of the plant, and the American manufacturer of the machinery.

"American icemaking machinery also has been successfully introduced, while there should be a good market for American cotton gins, provided these are adapted to the local cotton, which is short staple. It is claimed in some quarters that the American saw gins cut the fibre. Experiments are now being made with American-made bolling machines to separate the bolls from the cotton to which they cling. Many steam plows and thrashing machines are now in use, chiefly of English production. I am sure that if American manufacturers of this class of machines were to enter this field, they would certainly be able to capture a large part of this trade.

"A prime factor in getting trade in Turkey is the need for men who have been trained in Oriental languages and conditions. The English, French, and Germans have special schools for this purpose, the graduates of which are to be found in their banking and commercial enterprises, as well as in the Diplomatic and Consular Services. Without such trained men, we are distinctly handicapped in the Turkish market. Nevertheless, by having local representation in Turkey much business is possible if the American manufacturers will study the needs of this field."

Mr. Nathan said that many public works have recently been projected by the Turkish Government, and, in his opinion, it is advisable for Americans interested to attempt to secure a share of the profitable contracts for these enterprises. The Consul is of the opinion that our exports of cotton goods could be materially increased. The annual consumption of such goods at present is close to $2,000,000, the greater part of which are reimportations from Smyrna and Beirut. Thus far little or no attempt has been made to compete with British goods, or to take advantage of the non-importation of Italian goods.

One Thing He Left Out.

In describing how it feels to be President Mr. Wilson ought to have told the press boys the emotions that thrill a man when he receives on the first of the month a check for $6,250. We fancy there is something inspiring about that.—Houston Post.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arrigoni, Arri and Anna—M. J. Mandelbaum, $363.
Ahrens, William, and Max Lewis—Louis Dejonge & Co., $212.
Amato, Leonardo—Seaboard Wine Growers, Inc., $101.
Boran, Michael F.—John R. Carpenter Co., $224.
Beveridge, J. Wallace and Alven—J. A. Allen, $619.
Claus, Arthur E.—F. C. Terhune, $2,389.
Corist, Mimon—N. R. Hall et al., $922.
Same—Same, $603.
Cohen, Samuel—Public Bank of N. Y., City, $115.
Duffer, Joseph, and Genmaro Grevato—People, &c., $100.
Davis, Abraham S.—A. I. Tamor, $229.
De Leuw, Harriet—E. J. Haber, $508.
Dunne, Katherine J.—Morris & Co., $695.
Frank, Roberta F.—F. M. Wells, $346.
Fieldman, Moses—Sulzberger & Sons Co., of American, $406.
Fischer, Adolph—Nelson Baker & Co., $236.
Gosselin, Ernest J.—B. T. Realty Co., $181.
Grossman, Jacob—Seaboard Wine Growers, $342.
Kaiser, Robert M., and State Auto Repair and Sale Co.—A. Gerleit, $704.
Lieberman, Emanuel—N. Y. Terra Cotta Co., $274.
Levin, Morris—J. Callahan, $517.
Herzog, Alexander—Mendel and Solomon M. Besunder, $1,289.
Herz, Abraham—F. S. Lovell, $178.
Hasko, William—B. Schulimowitz, $278.
Lloyd, Frank S.—W. F. Collins et al., $915.
Lowe, George—George W. Hoffman Co., $136.
Lecher, George J.—A. Hill et al., $102.
Lacroix, Jean K.—Annette Efros, Inc., $468.
Moskowitz, Bernard, and Harry Flug—Public Bank of New York City, $161.
Minutillo, Luciano—C. C. Hill, $1,306.
Mincho, Gustav H.—L. J. O'Brien, $102.
McIntosh, Leo J.—Greason Mfg. Co., $196.
Markendorf, Mark—I. Ullman et al., $184.
Michaels, Charles—S. Matalou, $214.
Navarro, John—California Wine Association, $298.
Potter, Adelbert—Bonwit Teller & Co., $262.
Potts, George, Jr.—Herman Vossnack, Jr., Inc., $303.
Richards, Edw. E., and Frank H. Garman—Wall Street Journal Building Co., $1,819.
Roach, William—F. J. Stroh et al., $107.
Robinson, Helen J., adm.—A. I. Marsh, $3,799.
Rooney, Thomas—F. E. Peters, $118.
Richard, Harry—Walter M. Lowney Co., $113.
Sanger, Mack W.—S. Berman, $111.
Snyder, Max—Irvel Realty Co., $503.
Spiron, Harry; Louis Fischandler, or Louis Wilson and Benjamin Levy—H. Young, $1,003.
Schmidt, George—O. W. Holmes, $919.
Seidel, Charles—A. Schwartz, $267.
Stow, William L.—J. H. Ranger, $414.
Sans Souci, Louis J.—F. E. Peters, $152.
Stoltz, Moses—D. Coulter et al., $347.
Slade, Walter F.—Atlantic Mills, $2,027.
Taggart, Marshall W., and Leonard B. Kendall—B. Scharpe, $113.
Tulino, Pietro—Mechanics and Metals' Bank, $600.
Turner, Maude M.—O. Hitchins, $492.
Tus, Antonio—A. Falcheri, $170.
Waldstein, Jacob, and Simon Hatter—People, &c., $1,000.
Wilson, Edith—Universal Taximeter Cab Co., $1,706.
Woodcock, Harry—J. Martinell, $487.
Same—same, $704.
Same—same, $623.
Astra Painting Co.—Berry Bros., Inc., $128.
Caesar Realty and Construction Co.—V. Quarelli, $1,324.
Empire Service Corporation—Auto Truck Storage and Exchange, $341.
Hotel Utilities Co.—A. T. Hill, $136.
Same—D. Harper, Inc., $144.
Locust Farm Co.—M. E. St. John, costs, $106.
Removable Letter Sign Corporation—B. Weight, $108.
S. Cascio Marble Works—Tompkins-Kiel Co., $1,367.

In Bronx County.

Cohen, John—City of New York, $262.
O'Hern, Thomas—A. P. Dienst Co., $356.
Rothman, Abraham—S. Miller, $486.
Solow, Louis—Consolidated Tea Co., $224.
Strum, Charles—A. Langer, $106.
Tucker, Julius—H. Britenstool, $422.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

Consolidated Gas Co.—Lenox Construction Co., March 20, 1914, $1,528.
Delaware & Hudson Co.—E. M. Tilt, April 8, 1912, $3,339.
Same—Same, April 7, 1914, $107.
Same—Same, Dec. 9, 1912, $103.
Lippman, Augusta M.—H. Warns et al., Feb. 7, 1914, $363.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.—R. Cuomo, March 24, 1914, $500.
Rozenzweig, David—S. Leiman, March 9, 1906, $386.
Same—Same, March 20, 1907, $122.
Schwartz, Nathan—Star Mortgage Co., Feb. 18, 1913, $101.
Same—Same, Oct. 3, 1912, $261.
Vigorito, Mary—Seaboard Distributing Co., Oct. 23, 1913, $212.
McInerney, Peter—P. Traktman, March 19, 1914, (vacated,) $377.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Among Them Decisions on Textiles, Metal Goods, and Liquor.

Magneto-interrupters composed of brass, steel, fibers, carbon and platinum wire, the latter being the component of chief value, were held dutiable yesterday by Board 1, of the United States General Appraisers, at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem under paragraph 199, Tariff act of 1909, as manufactures of metal. Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher of this city were the importers.

A. Steinhardt & Bro., New York, failed in a contention for lower duty on importations at wax-filled glass buttons and wax buttons. Duty is fixed at 50 per cent. ad valorem.

It was decided that glove cloth imported by Wilson Bros., Chicago, is excluded from the rates provided in the old law for countable cotton cloth, as the fabric is so constructed that the threads cannot be counted by unraveling or any other practical means. The goods will pay duty of 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of cotton.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., Baltimore, claimed that duty was assessed on an excessive gauge of 500 cases of brandy. It appeared that the gauge according to the invoice was 300.271872 fluid ounces per case, while the actual gauge made by the Appraiser showed 300.346 ounces per case. The difference being so slight the Collector's ruling was affirmed.

Board 2 sustained a protest by the Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, relating to pillow tubing, a fabric having a plain weave, woven in circular or tubular form, and imported in the piece. They claimed 35 per cent. duty under paragraph 357 as plain woven fabrics.

Stern Bros. succeeded in a contention dealing with the classification under the old law of corsets composed of cotton and india rubber, cotton chief value. The importers claimed classification as cotton wearing apparel, at 50 per cent.

Board 2 affirmed the Collector's assessment made on goods imported by Veit, Son & Co., New York. The merchandise consisted of hemp cloth used in making women's hats, returned at 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of hemp under paragraph 358, Act of 1909, and also ornaments and beads composed wholly or in chief value of cotton, and cotton appliqued netting, and so-called straw and cotton galloons and hemp and straw bandeaux, which are in fact trimmings. The latter were returned at 60 per cent. ad valorem as such under paragraph 349. Many claims for lower rates were made by the importers.

Judge Cooper for Board 2 overruled a protest by B. Altman & Co., in which the firm took exception to the classification imposed by Collector Malone on coated cotton cloth, with duty at 3 cents per square yard and 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Cotton cloth decorated by Russian cords and imported by W. O. Horn & Bro., New York, is not liable to an extra duty of 2 cents per square yard under the old tariff as fabrics containing additional threads to form figures or fancy effects. Collector Malone's action was reversed.

Mills & Gibb and M. Gugenheim, New York, were granted a rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem on imitation jet articles, as manufactures of paste at 45 per cent. ad valorem under paragraph 100, Act of 1909. The Collector's classification at 60 per cent. as jewelry was reversed.

The Boye Needle Co., Chicago, was successful in a protest objecting to an additional duty of 1 per cent. a pound on brass wire springs. It was decided that the single duty of 45 per cent. under the old law is sufficent.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; P. D. Beardon, silks, dress goods; 148 W. 23d.; Latham.
AUBURN—F. S. Peck, millinery; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, neckwear, umbrellas; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—D. Levy & Sons; L. Levy, waistings; 156 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, cloaks, suits, skirts; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; C. G. Sheffield, misses', children's coats; Mrs. C. Philips, ladies' costumes, dresses; C. A. Biederman, ladies' suits; Miss J. F. Griffin, ladies' underwear, petticoats, kimonos; J. F. King, ladies' machine-made dresses; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Bowditch & Clapp; A. G. Bowditch, millinery; Murray Hill.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; J. A. Malone, furniture; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; J. Bell, hosiery, knit underwear; New Victoria.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; W. H. Bader, upholstery goods; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—E. S. Bowman Co.; E. S. Bowman, waists, dresses; Herald Square.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum & Co.; Miss C. Herman, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear, waists; 60 W. 33d.
CATTLESBURG, Ky.—D. H. Carpenter & Co.; D. H. Carpenter, general merchandise; Continental.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; W. H. Garvey, cloaks, suits; 43 Leonard.
CHICAGO—M. Lieberman, girls', misses' coats; Longacre.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; A. R. Matthews, silks; 18 E. 22d.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; L. G. Oppenheim, upholstery goods; 71 West 23d.
CLEVELAND—Moskowitz Brothers; W. Moskowitz, skirtings; Wallick's.
CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; W. S. Schultz, hats, untrimmed; 15 W. 32d.
HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; M. F. Marks, general mdse.; 60 W. 32d.
LAFAYETTE—M. Schultz, ready to wear; 1,161 Broadway.
MONTGOMERY—Lassiter Co.; L. S. Lassiter, ready-to-wear; Martinique.
MONTREAL—Scroggie & Co.; L. W. Rosspof, general mdse.; Wellington.
NEW HAVEN—A. M. Rosenberg Co.; A. M. Rosenberg, clothing; Park Av.
NORFOLK—E. & H. Hirschler Co.; M. Hirschler Co.; M. Hirschler, hosiery underwear, shirts; 377 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; J. Anderson, laces; Broadway and 10th; St. Denis.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Brothers; H. H. Turner, furnishing goods; 1,261 Broadway; York.
PHILADELPHIA—W. H. McMahon, brass, enamel beds; York.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; J. F. Carroll, embroideries, ribbons, laces; 95 Madison Av.
READING—S. A. Heckman, general mdse.; Broztell.
SAN FRANCISCO—Emporium; Miss E. Hepburn, waists, petticoats, bathing suits; 1,270 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; D. Gradwohl, toys, trunks; 15 E. 26th; Somerset.
SCHENECTADY—H. S. Barney Co.; W. K. Loane, shoes; 75 Spring.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; R. K. Lockhart, jobs, ladies', misses' wear, (basement;) 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton, Ferguson D. G. Co.; G. W. Adams, prints, ginghams; 358 B'way.
SYRACUSE—Syracuse D. G. Co.; C. J. Barnard, waists, dresses, petticoats; H. B. Buell, dry goods; 820 B'way.
TOLEDO—Lamson Brothers Co.; C. W. Knowlton, dress goods, cloths; 220 5th Av.
WASHINGTON—Parker, Bridget & Co.; J. H. Harban, cloths; Murray Hill.
YOUNGSTOWN, O.—Youngstown Dry Goods Co.; P. W. Gilmore, notions, laces, ribbons, neckwear; 72 Leonard.

MAR WEYERHAEUSER BURIAL

Cortege Halted as Officers Eject Movie Operators from Cemetery.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., April 9.—Frederick Weyerhaeuser, timber land owner and lumber dealer, was buried to-day in Chippianock Cemetery beside his wife. The funeral services, according to the rites of the Presbyterian Church, were held at the home of Mr. Weyerheauser's daughter, Mrs. S. S. Lavis. The Rev. M. B. Hill of Poughkeepsie, a son-in-law of Mr. Weyerhaeuser, assisted in the services.

Three motion picture camera operators who attempted to photograph the funeral were driven off the lawn of the family home by three deputy sheriffs. The camera men were discovered later in the cemetery when they emerged from shrubbery to get a clearer view of the procession. The carriages were halted. The deputies alighted from one of them. Each officer took charge of a photographer and escorted him from the cemetery.

TO EXTEND SETTLEMENTS.

Mayor Has Plans for Increasing Usefulness of Neighborhood Guilds.

Mayor Mitchel was a guest at the dinner of the United Neighborhood Guild at the Hamilton Club, Clinton and Remsen Avenues, in Brooklyn, last night, and talked on "Settlements as Related to City Governments." Mr. Mitchel said that he had plans for extending settlement work and that he thought this could be accomplished without adding to the budget. He said that, on the other hand, he thought New Yorkers would not object to an increase in the tax rate for the extension of settlement work, if it became necessary.

Other speakers were Frank C. Munson, President of the Guild; Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Miss Alice E. Robbins, and Dr. John Elliott.

SATURN'S ADMIRING MOONS.

Observers Find Two Always Turn the Same Face to the Planet.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 9.—A dispatch from the Lowell Observatory to Harvard University says that it has been discovered that Enceladus and Mimas, the two inner satellites of Saturn, are variable in periods that show them always to turn the same face to Saturn, as is the case with the moon and the earth. The maxima occur for both near their western elongations. The variation in the case of Mimas is the greater of the two, although this may be somewhat affected by the present position of its elliptical orbit.

Business Notices.
Forty cents a line.

We are ready to buy any quantity of coats and suits left over from the Spring season; we pay spot cash. Call with samples, Eastern Jobbing House, 60 East 11th St. Stuyvesant 3265.

WANTED—A number of second-hand coat and suit trunks, about 43x23x25 inches; weight under 75 pounds. The Panard Co., 37 West 28th St.

JOBBER looking at ladies', misses', and junior coats, Friday and Saturday. 105 Madison Av. 18th floor.

JOBBERS looking at children's Fall Coats. 10 West 18th St., third floor.

SALESMAN WANTED
for muslin underwear; travel Pennsylvania and Ohio; must have experience in that territory. Only first-class man considered.
THE WOLF COMPANY.
119 WEST 25TH STREET.

SALESMAN now covering New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, wants notion line, reputable house; big following; salary or commission. A 7 Times.

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FRANKEN & FRANK, 111 5th Av.
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Immediate Delivery.

RIBBONS Wide & Narrow
OUR LINE A WINNER
MAX A. WITT & CO., 22 West 38th St.

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PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGH-GRADE
Embroideries,
FLOUNCINGS, ALLOVERS,
NECKWEAR, ETC.
Inventoried At Over $75,000.00
Formerly the property of HENRY B. SINGER, Esq., as Assignee of JOHN FRISCHKNECT & CO., will be sold
On Tuesday and Wednesday,
April 14th and 15th, 1914,
Commencing at 10:30 A. M. each day, on premises
13-21 EAST 22d STREET,
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By D. HARTMANN, AUCTIONEER
Also all the ELABORATE FIXTURES.
ON EXHIBITION Monday, April 13th,
with descriptive catalogues from 10:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.
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This day at 10 o'clock.
Worsteds, Dress Goods,
Clothing, Underwear,
Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dry Goods, &c.
at 11 o'clock, for account Underwriters,
24 Bales Burlap.
Burling & Dole, Auct'rs, 7 & 9 Greene St., N. Y.

Van Praag & Co., Auctioneers, will sell
Monday, April 13th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.,
at our Salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.
$15,000 staple up-to-the-minute stock of
Men's and Youths' Hand-Tailored
CLOTHING
1,500 pr. Men's Worsted & Serge Trousers,
700 Boys' High-Grade Suits,
1,000 Men's Suits, (hand-tailored,) etc.

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO.
MEN'S POCKET-BOOKS	Masterpiece TRADE MARK	Dept. Stores & Dealers. Manufactured by A. L. Steinweg & Co. 491 Broadway, N. Y.
WAISTS	Geisha	Frankenthal Bros. Co. Makers, 16-18 W. 22nd St., N. Y.
English Mesh Underwear	THE CELLULAR CLOTHING CO LTD AERTEX LONDON	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors. 315 4 Av., N.Y.C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Bath Robes	H. B. BRAND	Hamburger Bros., 142-144 W. 26 St. New York City.
BRUSHES	"Zel"	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS. 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK.
BRUSHES ETC.	Parisian Ivory Leonce France	Geo. R. Gibson Co. Distributors 561-563 B'way N. Y.
STERLING SILVER HOLLOW-WARE	TRADE MARK STERLING SILVER COMMONWEALTH TRADE MARK REG'D	INTERNATIONAL COMMONWEALTH SILVER CO., Madison Av. & 33d St., New York.
KIDDIES' DRESSES	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.

Investments

Investing money is serious business—when the money is another's the responsibility is heavy indeed.

Trustees should not make commitments without the assistance of the investment banker. At least they should have their judgment confirmed before they purchase.

We have the experience and facilities necessary for the judicious selection of investment securities.

Correspondence invited.

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In the field of conservative investment the conscientious expert is always ready to cooperate with investors in making selections that would seem to most fully reflect their individual requirements. If you have funds awaiting investment or earning only a small rate of interest, ask us to send you Circular 1429, describing certain conservative bond issues which we consider to be very attractive at this particular time.

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Bonds for Investment

Safety Stability Satisfaction

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks More Active—Prices Recede—Bond Market Strong.

The coming of a holiday served yesterday to emphasize the prevailing sentiment among traders, and this fact went far toward explaining the further decline in prices. The most conspicuous feature of the dealings was the considerably increased activity and the net decline of nearly a point in United States Steel. The total for the day was enlarged by just the amount by which yesterday's transactions in Steel exceeded those of the previous session. The news from the steel trade lent itself to the exertion of increased trading pressure on United States Steel, and it was that pressure rather than outside liquidation which seemed to account for the prominent part which that stock took in the day's transactions.

Of all the industries the steel trade is most vitally or, at all events, most directly, interested in the outcome of the freight rate case, for it is to a favorable decision in that matter that many steel manufacturers are looking for the stimulus to their own business which would be best calculated to prevent an accentuation of the present unfavorable conditions in that industry. There is much current talk of a general reduction in the wages of steel mill employes. Such a step is not immediately probable, however, according to the spokesman of some of the independent steel manufacturers, and it is believed that the United States Steel Corporation would not reduce wages unless they were first reduced by other steel makers. There is reason to hope, therefore, that a general wage reduction may be avoided. It almost certainly would be avoided if the railroads were soon to find themselves in a position to resume purchases of steel mill products on a normal scale.

Meanwhile, the stock market reflects the immediate position in this and in some other industries by the sagging of prices which has lately discouraged those traders who were disposed a little while back to take a more decided stand in commitments for the long account. It was significant of the general trend of market sentiment yesterday that of the movements, for the most part in the less active issues exceeding a point, all but two took the shape of net declines. The loss in the general level of the active stocks approximated half a point. The dealings were the most active recorded since March 23.

Plans are proceeding for several important items of financing in addition to the proposed New York Central bond issue, which has been under discussion for several days. Proposals under consideration by bankers yesterday call for a total of new financing aproximating $200,000,000, practically all of which is for refunding purposes. Some of this financing may not be put in final shape for a couple of months or more, but this total does not represent more than about two-thirds of the financing for refunding purposes, which will be necessary during the next ninety days. In view of the existence of these requirements special and very favorable importance attaches to the great ease in money and the very satisfactory state of the bond market.

The movement in that quarter is not as lively as during a number of weeks early in the year, but the demand for bonds seems to be well sustained, and in the municipal field particularly the approach of new issues has put no damper on the market. On the contrary, in the case of New York City bonds prices have risen substantially since the announcement of the $65,000,000 issue of 4¼ per cent. bonds, for which bids will be received next Wednesday. These new bonds rose in the "when issued" trading yesterday to 102, which carried them up to the figure which has been named in the more optimistic forecasts regarding the price which the city is likely to realize at the public sale. The advance trading in such issues has not always proved a sure indication of the price realized at the sale, but the continued broad demand for municipals is a most favorable augury in respect to the outcome of this new offering.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1⅛	1⅛	2
A year ago	4	3	4	3¾
Since Jan. 1	10	1⅛	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¼@2¾	2¾@3	3
Commercial paper (prime bills)	....	3¼@3¾	3½@4

	Exchanges	Balances
Clearings	$287,800,296	$23,228,448
Sub-Treasury credit balance		583,083
Bank's loss since Friday		4,550,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London
Berlin	2¾	2⅞	20m 44½pf
Paris	2¾	....	25f 16c
London	1¾@1⅞	1¼@1½	......

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8680	$4.8670	$4.8675
A year ago	4.8690	4.8685	4.8685
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8535	......
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	......

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8675	$4.87
Paris	5.16⅞	5.16¼—1-16
Berlin	95 3-16+1-32	95¼+1-32
Switzerland	5.16⅞—1-16	5.16¼
Holland	40.31	40.34
Belgium	5.19⅜	5.18¾—1-16

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84¼
Paris	5.20+1-16	5.20⅝—1-16
Berlin	94⅞	94⅝

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85	$4.84
Paris	5.20—1-16	5.21¼—1-16
Berlin	94 11-16	94½
Amsterdam	40.00	39.90

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	Par	San Francisco	25c
St. Louis	*10c	Montreal	78½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 15-16d per ounce, unchanged; New York, 58½c, unchanged.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Receipts and expenditures:

	April 8.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$853,622	$6,313,179	$231,854,919
Int. rev., ord.	949,137	6,421,221	240,185,027
Corp. and inc. tax	18,424	149,603	5,253,413
Miscellaneous	92,103	1,225,454	40,901,014
Total rcts	1,913,287	14,109,458	518,194,874
Expenditures	2,102,808	15,994,301	547,329,823
Deficit	189,521	1,884,842	29,135,449

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The International Banking Corporation declared a semi-annual dividend of $3 per share yesterday, increasing the rate from 5 per cent. to 6 per cent. per annum. In 1910 the bank's profit and loss account was only $55,600. The Dec. 31 statement showed deposits in excess of $20,000,000, and undivided profits of $773,000.

James A. Wright has resigned from the firm of Huhn, Edey & Co. to become associated with the International Sleeping Car Company. He will devote most of his time to steamship bookings.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Double Benefit of Steel Buying.

Although some of the Wall Street prophets are predicting that an increase of freight rates will be found to have lost its potency as a market stimulant because of the long wait for it, this opinion is not held by steel makers. They do not lose sight of the piles of requisitions awaiting release in railroad offices just as soon as the heads of the roads are persuaded that supplies may be safely bought. Steel men believe business sentiment will be much improved by a rate increase, but they have a closer eye on the direct effect of railroad buying on the roads and on themselves. Every ton of steel purchased and manufactured means the transportation to the mill of five tons of material going to make the ton of steel—ore, limestone, etc. The steel company makes something on the ton of finished steel and the railroad makes something by carrying the constituent parts of the steel to the mill. Both are benefited thereby, and in the aggregate, the steel makers argue, the benefit will amount to some millions of dollars.

⁂

Bond Houses Buy Contracts for 4¼s.

If advance trading in city bonds "when issued" bears the same relation to the result of the sale that similar transactions in the last issue of State bonds did, then signs point toward the city obtaining a handsome premium on Wednesday next. Contracts for $270,000 new bonds changed hands on the Curb yesterday, and the price was advanced to 102. It was reported that heavy purchases were made by bond houses whose managers were persuaded that City 4¼s would bring in a good profit in course of distribution, even though the city did not receive 102 for them.

⁂

The Success of Success.

The equivalent of 500 is a round price for stock in a company whose earning power is unknown and whose business field is not clearly defined. On the Curb yesterday transactions were reported in shares of the new United Profit Sharing Corporation at $5 a share. The par value is $1 a share. The initial sales were made at this figure and afterward the bid was raised a fraction. A broker handling United Profit Sharing stock said that buyers were governed far more by the past successes of men identified with the company than by their knowledge of the functions of the concern.

⁂

Funds for New Haven.

No one supposes that May 18 is going to arrive before a definite announcement that a way has been found to care for the New Haven's $45,000,000 of short-term notes falling due on that day, but from the amount of information gathered by inquirers it might wrongly be assumed that the only persons who have the necessary financing on their mind are the people who hold the maturing notes. A report yesterday that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. were working with the Morgan syndicate to raise funds for the notes was quickly and flatly denied, but it was not denied that the railroad would resort to the old expedient of putting out another short-term issue. There are so many formalities to be gone through before the company can sell long-term bonds that it would not be possible to get an issue approved before the money is needed.

It is understood that Senator Bulkely's insurance company, which proved an insurmountable obstacle to the recent attempt to put out an issue of $67,000,000 of debentures, has since disposed of its New Haven holdings, but people in New England are so keenly alive to any new development in New Haven matters that it is not likely that another pretentious piece of financing will be attempted until it has been favorably passed on by a grand jury of corporation lawyers.

⁂

A Drive at M., K. & T.

It took sales of only a few hundred shares of Missouri, Kansas & Texas preferred stock to break the price of that issue 4¼ points yesterday, but part of the loss was subsequently recovered and the stock closed at 41, with a net decline of 2¾ points. The common broke to 14¾ and closed at 15½, with a loss of 1¾. Both issues made new low records for the year yesterday, as also did Rumely preferred, Rock Island preferred and common, and the Rock Island collaterals. The break in M., K. & T. was accompanied by a rumor that at the approaching dividend meeting on April 22 the preferred payment would be passed, owing to poor earnings. This issue has received 4 per cent. regularly since 1906, and as it only requires $520,000 a year it was said yesterday that the decline in net would have to be severe to cause its omission. From July 1, 1913, to the end of last month the company's gross earnings have decreased approximately $535,000.

⁂

One Equipment Purchaser.

With the proceeds of its recent sale of $5,000,000 of equipment trust notes the Southern Railway has placed orders for 60 locomotives, 54 all-steel passenger cars, and 4,075 freight cars, largely of steel construction. "This large equipment order," says the company, "shows the belief of the Southern Railway in the continued prosperity and growth of the territory it serves and its purpose to enlarge its facilities to keep pace with that growth. As soon as it can be delivered by the builders this equipment will be placed in service."

Lost $75 by Popular Bond Sale.

BOSTON, April 9.—In defense of his recent sale of an issue of $6,352,000 State bonds "over the counter" rather than through a syndicate of bankers, State Treasurer F. W. Mansfield said in a public statement to-day that the net loss to the State was $74.35 compared with the last bond sale under the old methods. "The big thing that I sought to accomplish," said the Treasurer, "was to increase the interest of the people in their own State, to advance civic pride and patriotism, and to bring the Government closer to the people." The public bond sale netted $451.60 more than would have been obtained had the bid of the syndicate been accepted, he said, but the advertising cost was greater than under the syndicate plan.

Chicago Savings Deposits Drop.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Savings deposits reported by the State banks of Chicago under date of April 4 last aggregate $241,575,051, a decrease of $1,317,866, compared with the total reported Jan. 14. The recession shown, which reflects largely savings investments in securities, was even greater than the figures indicate, since the present list of banks contains four more institutions than were reported in January. The total savings deposits of these new banks was $1,859,577, so that the real decrease was more than $3,000,000.

Grand Trunk Pacific Complete.

NECHACO RIVER CROSSING, B. C., April 9.—The last spike linking the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Transcontinental Railway was driven one mile and a half east of this point yesterday.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Lessened Trading on the Curb, but the Oil Stocks Make a Brisk Recovery.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 67,840 shares of stock and $261,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 6,395; oils, 5,855, and mining, 55,590. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Brit.-Am. Tob.	22½	22½	22½	22½
100	B.-A. T., new	22½	22½	22½	22½
25	Houston Oil	14½	14½	14½	14½
1,000	Manhat. Tr.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
100	Marconi of A.	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
300	Maxwell Mot.	8	8⅛	8	8⅛
250	Max. M. 1 pf.	33½	33¾	33½	33¾
500	Max. M. 2 pf.	11¾	12⅛	11¾	12⅛
270	Pueblo S.&R.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
2,000	Riker-Hegem.	9	9⅛	9	9⅛
200	U. C. S. C., A.	94½	94¾	94⅝	94½
800	United P. S.C.	5	5⅝	5	5⅝
50	U.S.L.&H. pf.	37	37	37	37
700	Wayland Oil & Gas, w. i.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,200	Ang.-Am. Oil	17½	17⅛	17⅝	..
40	At. Refining	650	635	645	+10
150	Buck. P. L.	144	142	144	+3
70	Contin'al Oil	235	230	235	+5
35	Eureka P. L.	273	270	273	+3
20	Indiana P L.	143	141	142	+4
150	Nat. Transit	40½	39½	40	..
600	Ohio Oil	190	184	189	+6
200	Pierce Oil	90	82	82	—6
350	Prai. O. & G.	490	478	480	+8
60	Solar Ref	335	322	330	+5
200	South. P. L.	230	222	228	+3
240	So. Penn. Oil	380	368	370	—2
450	St. O. of Cal.	316	308	314	+7
500	St. O. of Ind.	486	472	480	+16
30	S. O. of Kan.	474	470	474	+9
35	St. O. of Ky.	274	270	274	+5
250	St. O. of N.J.	420	410	420	+12
900	St. O. of N.Y.	226	219	224	+5
50	S. O. of Ohio	415	385	410	+20
125	Union T. L.	90	88	88½	—½
200	Vacuum Oil	232	227	230	+3

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Union Pac. rts.	28⅛	28⅜	28⅛	28⅜
900	Un. Cig. St. rts.	4	4¼	4	4¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10,700	*Atlanta	30½	31½	30	31½
500	*Big Four	8	8	8	8
200	Boston Mon.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
1,200	Braden Cop	8⅜	8½	8⅜	8⅜
15	Brit.Col. Cop.	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	1¾
100	†Buffalo Mines	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
8,500	*Can.Gold-Sil.	7½	8	7	7½
100	Caribou Cob.	70	70	70	70
8,000	*C. O. D. Con.	7⅛	8	6	6
300	Copper M.Con.	2¼	2½	2¼	2¼
1,500	Crown Res.	1¾	1¾	1 11-16	1 11-16
1,100	Davis-D. Cop.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000	*D'm'd F'd D.	5½	5½	5⅛	5½
200	El Paso Con.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
1,000	*Florence	60	60	59	60
600	Gold Hill	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
25	Goldf'd Con.	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,000	*Goldf'd Merg.	18½	18½	17½	17½
200	Hollinger	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
200	Iron Blossom	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.29
2,000	*Keene Wond.	27	28	27	28
500	Kerr Lake	4 7-16	4½	4 7-16	4½
800	*McK.-Dar	77	77	76	77
300	*N.Utah Bing.	68	68	68	68
100	*Nev. Hills	30	30	30	30
300	†Nipis. M. Co.	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6⅜
950	North Star	33	35½	33	35½
2,500	*Oro	14	14	13	13½
1,000	Peterson Lake	42	42	42	42
300	Stand. S.-L.	¾	¾	¾	¾
2,200	Stewart	1 5-16	1 5-16	1¼	1¼
200	Tonopah Bel.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,500	Tonopah J. B.	96	96	95	95
2,500	Tonopah Mer.	59	60	59	60
100	†Tonopah Mg.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
300	Tonopah Miz.	46	46	45	45
100	Tono. of Nev.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
2,000	Tono. R. E.	15	15	15	15
500	Tularosa	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
800	*Union Mines	6	6	6	6
1,500	W. E. Cons.	85	85	84	84
2,200	*W. E. Ext.	4	4½	4	4

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	C. & O. 5% notes	96⅝	96¾	96⅝	96¾
250,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, w. i.	101⅞	‡102	101⅞	101 15-16
1,000	W. Pacific 5s	63	63	63	63

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend. ‡Odd lot.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17¼	17⅝	17	17½
Atlantic Refining	640	650	630	640
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	289	290
Buckeye Pipe Line	141	144	140	143
Chesebrough Mfg.	660	670	660	670
Colonial Oil	105	115	100	110
Continental Oil	230	235	225	230
Crescent Pipe Line	52	55	53	58
Cumberland Pipe L.	50	55	50	55
Eureka Pipe Line	265	275	268	273
Galena-Signal Oil	167	172	168	172
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	137	142	137	142
Indiana Pipe Lines	140	143	140	143
National Transit	39	41	39	41
New York Transit	270	280	270	280
Northern Pipe Line	113	116	112	115
Ohio Oil	189	191	182	188
Prairie Oil & Gas	478	482	476	478
Solar Refining	330	335	320	330
Southern Pipe Line	227	232	225	230
South Penn. Oil	365	370	365	370
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	140	145	138	142
Standard Oil (Cal.)	312	315	304	306
Standard Oil (Ind.)	477	480	464	469
Standard Oil (Kan.)	465	475	460	470
Standard Oil (Ky.)	270	275	265	270
Standard Oil (Neb.)	390	400	410	420
Standard Oil (N. J.)	417	419	407	409
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	223	225	218	220
Standard Oil (Ohio)	410	420	390	400
Swan & Finch	205	215	205	215
Union Tank Line	88	90	88	90
Vacuum Oil	228	232	226	229
Washington Oil	48	53	48	53
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,500	..	3,500	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	April 9. Bid.	April 9. Asked.	April 8. Bid.	April 8. Asked.
American Cigar	140	145	140	145
American Cigar pf.	99	101	99	101
American Mach. & F.	80	90	80	90
British-Am., new	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
Conley Foil	275	285	275	285
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	130	140	130	140
MacA. & Forbes	180	190	180	190
MacA. & Forbes pf.	95	100	95	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	240	248	240	248
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	130	137	130	137
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	100	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	82½	83½	82½	83½
United Cigar Stores	94½	95	94½	95
U. Cigar Stores pf.	115	117	115	117

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4¼s, 1964	101⅞	102	101¾	101⅞
4½s, March, 1963	106⅞	107	106¾	107
4½s, May, 1957	106⅞	107⅛	106⅞	107⅛
4½s, Nov., 1957	106⅞	107⅛	106⅞	107⅛
4½s, May, 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4s, Nov., 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4¼s, March, 1930-60	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4¼s, March, 1962	101¾	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4¼s, Sept., 1960	101¾	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4s, May, 1959	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4s, Nov., 1958	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4s, May, 1957	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4s, Nov., 1956	97	97¾	97	97¾
4s, Nov., 1955	97	97¾	97	97¾
4s, Nov., 1936	97¼	98½	97¼	98½
4s, 1918-1919	99½	..	99½	..
3½s, Nov., 1954-5	87	87½	87	87⅝
3½s, May, 1954	87	87½	87	87⅝
3½s, 1950-1954	87	87½	86½	87¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Mexican	1.10
Alpha Con.	.01	Occidental Con.	.30
Andes	.05	Ophir	.39
Best & Belcher	.05	Overman	.12
Caledonia	.60	Potosi	.02
Challenge Con.	.05	Savage	.02
Con. Cal. & Va.	.20	Seg. Belcher	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.18
Gould & Curry	.03	Union Con.	.11
Hale & Norcross	.03	Utah Con.	.03
Kentucky Con.	.02		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	7.75	C. O. D.	.06
Jim Butler	.95	Comb. Fract.	.08
McNamara	.08	D'field Bl. B.	.04
Midway	.32	Florence	.60
Mizpah Exten.	.46	G'field Con. M.	1.42½
North Star	.32	G'field Merger	.17
Rescue Eula	.14	Jumbo Exten.	.29
Tonopah Exten.	1.90	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.60	Silver Pick	.07
West End	.83	Vernal	.06
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.30
Atlanta	.30	Round Mountain	.28
Booth	.05	MANHATTAN.	
		Manhattan Con.	.05

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	5⅞	7	Jackpot	5⅞	6¾
Elkton	45	46	McKinney	56¼	56¾
El Paso	215	234	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	1¾	2½	Portland	110½	112
Gold Dol.	4	5	Vindicator	95	96
Isabella	11⅞	12¼	R. B. H.	2¾	3¼

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet. Tin was firm at an improvement of ⅛c. Copper was unchanged.

Closing prices for copper and other metals follow:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Copper—			Spelter	5.25	5.30
Spot	13.87½	14.87½	Lead	3.75	3.85
April	13.87½	14.37½	Antimony	....	7.25
May	13.87½	14.37½	Tin	36.90	37.00

London Copper market yesterday closed easy. Spot declined 2s 9d, to £65 13s 6d, and futures receded 5s, to £65 18s 9d. Tin closed firm; spot advanced 17s 6d, to £168 5s, and futures was £1 higher, at £170 5s. The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead, £18, a recession of 2s 6d. Spelter, £21 10s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 51s 3d, an upturn of 1½d.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Baltimore Trust	145	145	145
100	Canton Co.	150½	150½	150½
100	Cigar Mach. Corp.	2	2	2
4	Com'l Credit pf.	105	105	105
2	Con. Power	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
27	Con. Power pf.	111	110½	111
10	Elkhorn Fuel	20	20	20
10	Fidelity & Deposit	152⅞	152⅞	152⅞
2	Houston Oil	14½	14½	14½
50	Mer.-Mechan. Bank	32	32	32
30	Munsey Trust	102½	102½	102½
15	Penn. Wat. & Pow.	75	75	75
637	*Un. Rys. & Elec.	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
10	U. Rys. & El. cash	27¼	27¼	27¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Caro Central 5s	87¼	87¼	87¼
500	Cy. Balt. 3½s, '80	85	85	85
2,400	Cy. Balt. 4s, '61 J.F.	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
5,500	Cy. Balt. 4s, '61 S.L.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
7,000	Cy. Balt. 4s, '51 P.L.	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
3,000	Con. Power 4½s	89	89	89
5,000	Davison Chem. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	Ca., Car. & No. 5s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Macon R. & Lt. 5s	97	97	97
1,000	Md. Electric 5s	99	99	99
1,000	Md. & Penn. inc. 4s	50	50	50
1,000	Nor. Central 4½s	102	102	102
3,000	Un. R. & E. 1st 4s	83	83	83
2,000	Un. R. & E. inc. 4s	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛
2,000	Wash. Bal. & A. 5s	84	84	84
1,000	Va. Ry. & Power 5s	92½	92½	92½

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Ahmeek	295	295	295
80	American Zinc	16½	16¼	16½
8,285	Arizona Com	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
202	Butte & Superior	34¾	34¼	34¾
161	Calumet & Arizona	68½	68	68
5	Calumet & Hecla	420	416	416
60	Chino	41⅝	41⅜	41⅜
120	Copper Range	37⅞	37½	37⅞
10	Daly West	2¼	2¼	2¼
515	East Butte	11½	11	11
620	Franklin	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛
185	Granby	88	88	88
125	Hancock	18	18	18
40	Indiana	4	4	4
685	Island Creek	49⅝	49⅛	49⅝
10	Island Creek pf.	86	86	86
50	Isle Royale	19	19	19
75	Lake	7½	7½	7½
130	Mass. Con.	4½	4	4
230	Mayflower	5½	5¼	5¼
70	Mohawk	43¾	43	43¼
292	North Butte	27⅞	27½	27½
50	Old Colony	4⅝	4½	4⅝
200	Pond Creek	18½	18¼	18¼
450	Santa Fe	2	1⅞	1 15-16
30	Shannon	6	6	6
5	Shattuck	26	26	26
400	South Utah	16c	16c	16c
85	Superior & Boston	2¼	2 1-16	2 1-16
60	Superior Copper	29⅞	29¾	29¾
45	U. S. Smelting	39	38½	38½
57	U. S. Smelting pf.	47½	47½	47½
1	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
525	Victoria	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
50	Winona	3	3	3
15	Wolverine	45¼	45	45¼

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
95	Boston & Albany	187	187	187
15	Boston Elevated	81	81	81
103	Boston & Maine	41	40½	41
5	Chi. J. & S. Y. pf.	105	105	105
11	Fitchburg pf.	80	80	80
5	Maine Central	98	98	98
5	Mass. Electric	11	11	11
23	Mass. Elec. pf.	61¼	61	61
2	West End St. Ry.	70	70	70

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
9	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95	94½	94½
60	Am. Pneu. Service	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
5	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	19	19	19
50	East Boston Land	11½	11½	11½
90	Edison	256½	256	256
75	Galveston-H. Elec.	108	108	108
10	Gal.H. Elec. pf.	98	98	98
15	Mass. Gas	91	91	91
7	McElwain pf.	100½	100½	100½
10	N. E. Cot. Yarn	20	20	20
145	Reece Buttonhole	18½	18½	18½
50	Torrington	30	30	30
140	United Fruit	163	162½	162½
90	United Shoe Mach.	56	55⅞	56
40	United Shoe M. pf.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	66	66	66
4,000	Dom. Coal 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	K. C. M. & B. 4s	86	86	86
4,000	K. C. M. & B. inc. 5s	75	75	75
2,000	Mass. G. 4½s, 1929	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
2,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	100½	100¼	100½
500	Pond Creek 6s	103	103	103
2,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	95½	95	95
3,000	Western Tel. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Ship	35	35	35
53	Booth Fish	43	43	43
75	Chi. Rys., No. 1	91	90½	90½
805	Chi. Rys., No. 2	32⅜	31⅞	31⅞
50	Chi. Rys., No. 4	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
25	Chi. Title & Trust	216	216	216
105	Common. Edison	138	137	137
25	National Carbon	109¼	109¼	109¼
123	Swift	106¼	106⅛	106⅛
175	Union Carbide	154½	153	154½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Armour 4½s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
14,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
17,000	Chicago Ry., "B"	80	79½	79½
9,000	City Ry. 5s	100	100	100
4,000	Met. Exten. 5s	80½	80½	80½
4,000	Met gold 4s	83½	83½	83½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Can	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
800	American Rys.	37½	37½	37½
2	Catawissa 2d pf.	53	53	53
54	Cambria Iron	42½	42½	42½
117	Cambria Steel	49⅞	49⅝	49⅝
100	Elec. Storage Bat.	51½	51½	51¼
53	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22	22	22
125	Lehigh Val. Tran.	18⅜	18¼	18¼
800	Lit. Bros.	18	18	18
60	Penn. Salt Mfg.	104½	104½	104½
125	Phila. Co.	41¼	41	41¼
3	Ph. Co. 6% cum. pf.	43½	43½	43½
237	Phila. Electric	26⅜	26⅛	26⅛
895	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
102	Union Traction	43½	43	43½
30	United Gas Imp.	83½	83¼	83½
39	Welsbach	39	39	39
85	West. Jer. & Sea.	52½	52	52
12	York Rys. pf.	32½	32½	32½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s.	86	86	86
700	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s.	86	86	86
4,000	City 3s, 1917, reg.	96¼	96¼	96¼
500	City 4s, 1937	98	98	98
1,000	Ft. W. & W. 5s	84½	84½	84½
7,000	L. N. con. 4½s, w. i.	99½	99½	99½
2,000	Leh. Nav. gen. 4½s	103	103	103
4,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	81	81	81
2,000	Phila. Elec. 5s	101⅞	101¾	101⅞
800	Phila. Elec. 5s	102	101½	101½
5,000	Reading J. C. 4s	95	95	95
1,000	United Rys. Inv. 5s.	75½	75½	75½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Caney River Gas	24	24	24
50	Crucible Steel	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
840	Nat. Fireproofing	8	7⅞	8
120	Nat. Fireproofing pf	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞
185	Ohio Fuel Oil	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
25	Pitts. Oil & Gas	9½	9½	9½
2,875	Pure Oil	19	18½	18⅝
90	Union Switch	110	110	110
55	Westinghouse A. B.	127	126¾	126¾
10	Westinghouse Mach.	24	24	24

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	75	75	75

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	365	369
American Light & Traction pf.	107	109
Adirondack Electric Power	12	13
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	42	44
American Gas & Electric	85	88
American Gas & Electric pf.	47½	49
American Power & Light	66	68
American Power & Light pf.	81	83
American Public Utilities	48	52
American Public Utilities pf.	72½	74½
Appalachian Power Co.	7	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	22	26
Cities Service	91	93
Cities Service pf.	75	77
Colorado Power Co.	17	19
Colorado Power pf.	90	95
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	60	61
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	81	82
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	93	95
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	67	70
Electric Bond & Share pf.	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	77	80
Empire District Electric pf.	75	78
Federal Light & Traction	20	23
Federal Light & Traction pf.	70	73
Gas & Electric Securities	110	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	83	86
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	34
Nor. Ontario Light & Power	17	21
Nor. Ontario Light & Power pf.	60	64
Northern States Power	16½	18
Northern States Power pf.	75	76
Ozark Power & Water	34	39
Pacific Gas & Electric	38	39
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	81	83
Republic Ry. & Light	16	18
Republic Ry. & Light pf.	71	73
So. California Edison	86	88
So. California Edison pf.	97	99
Standard Gas & Electric	8	9
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	26½	27½
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power	17½	18½
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power pf.	71	72
United Light & Rys.	75	78
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	75	77
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	71	73
United Utilities Co.	25	30
United Utilities Co. pf.	97½	101
Utah Securities	18½	20
Western Power	16½	18¼
Western Power pf.	56	59

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 9.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£2,963,000
Circulation decreased	24,000
Bullion decreased	2,986,485
Other securities decreased	3,186,000
Other deposits increased	2,515,000
Public deposits decreased	8,037,000
Notes reserve decreased	2,942,000
Government securities	Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 40.34 per cent.; last week it was 41.43 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Prices Irregular in London—Sharp Decline in Canadian Pacific in Berlin.

LONDON, April 9.—Money was in good demand for over the holidays and discount rates were firmer to-day.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was of holiday dimensions, with few features. Oil shares and Kaffirs were active and firm, and gilt-edged securities were supported, but Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk were still affected by the freight rates reduction.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher. Prices improved for a time, but the list turned downward before noon in sympathy with Canadian Pacific. The market was quiet with a sagging tendency in the late trading, and the closing was undecided.

PARIS, April 9.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes 86 francs 72½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, April 9.—Prices improved moderately on the Boerse to-day.

Heavy selling caused a sharp decline in Canadian Pacific.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	76⅛	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	76⅜	..	..	+1-16
Amalgamated	78⅛	76⅝	76⅜	..
Atchison	99⅜	96⅞	97	—½
Balt. & Ohio	92¼	89¾	89⅝	+⅛
Canadian Pac.	205⅜	199⅞	200	—¼
Ches. & Ohio	54⅝	53⅛	53⅛	—¼
Chi. Gt. West.	13½	13⅛	..	..
St. Paul	104	101¼	101	+¼
Denver	13⅛	12¾	12⅝	+⅛
Erie	30¼	29½	29⅜	+⅛
Erie 1st pf.	47	45⅞	46¼	—½
Illinois Central	113½	110½	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	141	137⅛	..	..
Kansas & Texas	16¼	16	17¼	—1¼
N. Y. Central	92¼	89⅞	89⅝	..
Norf. & West.	106⅝	104	104	..
Ont. & West.	27⅝	27	..	..
Pennsylvania	57	111	110⅜	+¼
Reading	85	165⅝	165⅝	—¼
South. Railway	26¼	25½	25⅞	—⅜
Southern Pacific	96⅞	94¼	94⅝	—⅜
Union Pacific	163	158⅝	158⅞	—¼
U. S. Steel	64⅜	62⅝	62⅞	—¼
Wabash	1½	1½	1½	..

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, April 9.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	11,661,000
Silver in hand decreased	4,119,000
Notes in circulation decreased	7,125,000
Treasury deposits increased	24,250,000
General deposits decreased	71,500,000
Bills discounted decreased	113,625,000
Advances decreased	3,175,000

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The weakness of United States Steel was an adverse factor on the Consolidated Stock Exchange all day. It exerted a sympathetic influence upon the entire list. Sales of Steel aggregated 9,620 shares. Reading came second as to activity with 7,220 shares. For a time early in the day the last named stock was exceptionally firm. Canadian Pacific reflected further liquidation. There was a transaction in American Beet Sugar on the call at 22⅛, the only market for that stock in Wall Street all day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
40	Alaska Gold	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼
2,340	Amal. Cop.	76½	76½	75⅞	76⅛
20	Am. B. Sugar	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
880	Am. Can	29	29	28¾	28¾
30	Am. C. & F.	50¼	50¼	50	50
320	Am. Ice	30	30	29⅜	29⅜
110	Am. Smelting	69	69	68¼	68½
10	Am. Sugar	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
50	Anacond. Cop.	35	35	34⅞	35
70	A., T. & S. F.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅝	96⅝
180	Balt. & Ohio	89⅞	89⅞	89½	89¾
100	Beth. Steel	40	40	39¼	39¼
50	B'klyn R. T.	92¼	92¼	92	92
30	Calif. Petrol.	25⅜	25⅜	24⅞	24⅞
2,420	Can. Pacific	200½	200½	198½	199⅜
70	Cent. Leather	34⅝	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝
320	Ches. & Ohio	53⅝	53⅝	52⅞	53
40	C., M. & S. P.	101	101	100½	100½
20	Col. F. & I.	31½	31½	31½	31½
10	Corn Prod.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
40	Den. & R. G.	12	12	11¾	11¾
50	Erie	29½	29½	29¼	29¼
50	Gen. Motors	78	78	78	78
190	Goodrich Co.	26	26	26	26
110	Gt. Nor. pf.	125	125	124⅛	124⅛
50	G. N. ore cfs.	33½	33½	32⅜	32⅜
20	Inspir. Cop.	18	18	18	18
80	Int.-Met. pf.	61¼	61¼	61	61⅛
480	Lehigh Val.	144½	145¼	144⅝	145
160	Mex. Petrol.	66⅝	66⅝	65½	65½
110	Mo., K. & T.	16¼	16¼	15	15¾
20	M., K. & T. pf.	43¼	43¼	43	43
870	Mo. Pacific	25⅝	25⅝	24⅞	25
250	N. Y. Cent.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝
3,380	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68⅞	68⅞	67⅞	67⅞
10	Norf. & West.	104	104	104	104
120	Northern Pac.	113	113⅛	112⅝	112⅝
100	Pennsylvania	111	111	111	111
210	Ray Copper	22	22	22	22
7,220	Reading	165⅞	166¼	165⅝	165⅝
10	Rep. I. & S.	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
10	R. I. & S. pf.	86	86	86	86
80	Rock Isl.	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼
80	Rock Isl. pf.	5½	5½	5	5
50	Rumely Co.	9	9	9	9
10	Rumely pf.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
210	Southern Pac.	94⅝	94⅝	94	94
170	So. Pac. rts.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
50	Third Ave.	43⅜	43⅜	43¼	43¼
10	Union Bag	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
3,750	Union Pac.	159	159⅛	158⅛	158⅜
150	U. S. Rubber	60⅛	60⅛	59⅞	60⅛
9,620	U. S. Steel	62⅞	62⅞	61⅞	62⅛
20	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
100	Utah Copper	56¼	56¼	56⅛	56¼
20	Va.-C. Chem.	30⅞	30⅞	30⅝	30⅞
30	W. Union Tel.	62	62	62	62
20	W'house El.	74	74	74	74
33,520					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	Atlanta	.31	.31½	.31	.31½
400	Comb. Frac.	.09	.09	.09	.09
400	Con. Virigina	.23	.23	.23	.23
200	Elkton	.46½	.46½	.46½	.46½
100	Goldf'ld Con.	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
1,100	Jim Butler	.96	.96	.95	.95
500	Jumbo Ext.	.30	.30	.30	.30
377	Rescue Eula	.14	.14	.14	.14
150	Ton. Ext.	.30	.30	.30	.30
900	Ton. Merger	.59	.61	.59	.61
500	West End	.85	.85	.84	.84
5,527					

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅜	101	3.90
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100	100⅛	4.60
Austrian Gov.	4½	July, '14-15	100⅛	100⅜	3.70
Balt. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅜	100½	2.50
Boston & M.	6	June 2, '14	88	93	48.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	105	105¼	5.30
Chat. R. & L.	5	June, 1915	99	100	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	2.25
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	96½	97	5.70
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅞	100⅛	4.95
Chi. El. Ry.	5	July, 1914	98⅝	99	9.60
Con. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96½	98	6.65
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99⅞	100	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100¼	4.85
Federal Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	99⅝	100⅛	4.80
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	101	101⅛	4.95
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99	99¼	5.20
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅜	101	3.10
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100¼	100½	2.50
Int. & G. N.	5	Aug., 1914	95⅜	96½	15.50
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100⅜	100⅝	4.20
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97⅞	98⅜	6.35
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2, '15	100¼	100⅜	4.10
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	96	98	7.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	93	95	9.60
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	95½	97	8.15
N. Tr. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	100	100½	5.50
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Sept. 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.15
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅝	101	3.10
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	May, 1915	100¼	100⅝	4.15
N.Y., N.H. & H.	6	May 18, '14	98⅝	99¼	12.75
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅜	100⅞	2.50
Pac. Gas & El.	5	Mar. 25, '15	99⅜	99⅞	5.28
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅜	100½	4.85
So. Pacific	5	Je. 15, '14	100¼	100⅜	2.50
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅜	100¼	4.85
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	102¼	100½	2.50
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100	100½	5.80
U.S.S.R.&M.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100⅛	3.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97⅞	98¼	6.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101⅝	102¼	5.15
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100⅜	100⅝	5.80
W. El. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101⅞	102¼	4.25
West. Pow.	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	97½	7.05

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
At. Coast L.	1914-'21	4@4½%	4.55%	4.40%
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½%	4.50%	4.40%
B., R. & Pitts.	1914-'30	4½@5%	4.70	4.45%
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4%	4.80%	4.60%
Chicago & N.	1914-'23	4½%	4.50%	4.40%
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½%	4.85	4.60%
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½%	4.50%	4.35%
Erie R. R.	1914-23	4@5%	4.80%	4.65%
Hocking Val.	1914-23	4@5%	4.80%	4.65%
Illinois Cent.	1914-'23	4½@5%	4.50%	4.35%
Int. & Gt. N.	1914-'23	5%	5.75%	5.25%
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5%	4.50%	4.35%
Mo., K. & T.	1914-23	5%	5.20%	4.90%
Missouri Pac.	1914-'22	5%	5.65%	5.15%
N. Y. C. Lines	1914-'28	4½@5%	4.65%	4.55%
Norf. & West.	1915-'24	4½%	4.45%	4.40%
Penn. Gen. F.	1914-'23	4@4½%	4.40%	4.25%
St.L.I.M. & S.	1914-'24	5%	5.00%	4.75%
Seaboard A. L.	1914-'23	5%	4.80%	4.65%
Southern Ry.	1914-'24	4½@5%	4.70%	4.60%
Southern Pac.	1914-'23	4½%	4.50%	4.40%
Virginian Ry.	1914-'23	5%	5.00%	4.75%
Wabash	1914-'21	5%	6.00%	5.10%

U. P. OUT OF B. & O. BOARD.

But A. W. Harriman Takes Lovett's Place on It for Father's Estate.

The long-established custom of giving the head of the Union Pacific Railroad a place on the board of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in recognition of the former road's large stock holdings in Baltimore & Ohio was broken yesterday when Judge R. S. Lovett, Chairman of Union Pacific, resigned. His place was filled by the election of W. Averill Harriman, who is also a member of the Union Pacific board. Mr. Harriman, who is a son of the late E. H. Harriman, is to represent the Harriman estate's investment rather than the Union Pacific. On this point a representative of the Baltimore & Ohio made the following comment:

"To satisfy popular curiosity as to how this change in the Baltimore & Ohio directorate leaves the situation between the Baltimore & Ohio and the Union Pacific it may be stated that it effects complete official separation between the two corporations, leaving both to act in entire freedom and official independence. This places the Baltimore & Ohio on the basis of other large independent trunk lines, restoring it to its former position when under the Presidency of the late John W. Garrett, who was one of the dominant factors in the trunk-line situation. The recent decision in the case of the Union Pacific Preferred stockholders would seem to indicate the early distribution of the actual Baltimore & Ohio shares to the common stockholders of the Union Pacific Road, which will place the Baltimore & Ohio stock in the hands of 18,000 to 20,000 additional owners."

If the proposed distribution of $48,742,965 common and $25,996,248 preferred Baltimore & Ohio stock to Union Pacific holders is consummated, it will leave only $4,864,835 Baltimore & Ohio common and $2,483,752 preferred in the Union Pacific's treasury.

TO PRESS OTHER COAL SUITS

Government to Go Ahead with Reading and Lehigh Cases.

The defeat of the Government in the Lackawanna Railroad and Coal Company case in the Circuit Court will not result in any less vigorous prosecution of the suits against the Lehigh Valley and the Reading and their affiliated coal companies, it was said yesterday at the office of Frederic R. Coudert, special assistant to the Attorney General. This is due partly to the somewhat different state of facts in these cases, but more particularly to the expectation on the part of the prosecuting officials that the Lackawanna decision will be reversed by the United States Supreme Court, as has happened in several of the anti-trust suits.

The appeal in the Lackawanna case probably will be heard by the Supreme Court next Fall, and meantime the Reading and Lehigh cases will be pushed to a conclusion in the two Circuit Courts, one here and the other at Philadelphia. Whichever way the decisions go in these cases, it is expected that appeals will be taken, so that the entire anthracite situation will be before the Supreme Court next Winter.

EXCHANGES CLOSED TO-DAY.

Stocks Will Be Traded In To-morrow, but Not in Europe.

The stock and commodity Exchanges of this country and Europe will be closed to-day in observance of Good Friday. The New York Stock Exchange, the Consolidated Stock Exchange, the Curb, the New York Produce Exchange, the Boston Stock Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade will reopen again to-morrow, but the New York Cotton Exchange and the New York Coffee Exchange will not resume business until Monday morning.

In Europe the custom is to celebrate Easter by closing up business on the Exchanges on Thursday night, to be resumed on the Tuesday following. This long holiday will be observed by the London Stock Exchange, the Paris Bourse, the Berlin Boerse, the Liverpool Cotton Exchange and the Havre and Hamburg Coffee Exchanges. The Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges will also be closed until Tuesday.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of March show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Fourteen roads	$7,457,341	+756,238
Twelve roads	9,462,462	—868,118
Twenty-six roads	16,919,803	—111,880

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for February—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	$248,889	$205,681	$43,188
Net	27,222	†7,557	34,779
Def. aft. chgs.	83,046	102,004	*18,958
8 mos. gross	2,346,832	2,015,214	331,618
Net	735,804	573,088	162,716
Def. aft. chgs.	56,785	157,235	*100,450

*Decrease. †Deficit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

March gross	5,839,126	5,259,856	579,270
July 1-Mar. 31	50,269,412	49,213,373	1,056,039

PERE MARQUETTE for February—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	1,103,371	1,244,568	1,648,236
Def. aft. taxes	24,644	*195,642	135,527
8 mos. gross	11,191,001	11,909,609	11,289,160
Net. aft. taxes	821,375	2,280,247	1,833,247

*Surplus.

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO for February—

	1914.	1913.	Decrease.
Mileage	4,742	4,742	......
Gross	8,086,106	8,273,751	187,645
Net. aft. chgs.	541,876	1,014,336	472,460
8 mos. gross	29,436,373	29,567,709	131,336
Net aft. taxes	7,779,900	9,366,432	1,586,531

SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE for February—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	556	556	551
Gross	307,346	337,109	359,110
Net after tax.	52,323	64,852	110,283
8 mos. gross	3,361,850	3,634,527	3,279,099
Net after tax.	1,131,597	1,455,467	1,360,207

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
March gross	1,016,753	1,039,608	*22,855
July 1-Mar. 31	9,743,573	8,523,799	1,219,774

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

CHICAGO RAILWAYS for the year ended Jan. 31 (joint account with the City of Chicago)—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Total earnings	19,674,715	18,076,777	17,156,495
Exp. and tax	12,371,804	11,728,502	12,113,102
Balance	7,302,912	6,348,275	5,043,393
5% on val.	3,928,580	3,778,449	3,549,018
Net income	3,374,332	2,569,826	1,494,375
City proportion, 55%	1,855,882	1,413,404	821,906
Co.'s proport'n, 45%	1,518,449	1,156,422	672,468

The non-partnership account compares as follows:

*Gross inc.	5,877,241	5,149,139	4,429,648
Interest	4,472,437	4,140,569	3,958,878
Misc.	1,121	......	1,144
Sinking fund	250,000	250,000	250,000
Corp. exp. and adjustment	157,297	120,574	118,401
Total ded.	4,880,854	4,674,063	4,328,424
Net income	996,387	475,076	101,224

*Consists of 5% interest allowed on investment, Chicago Railway's share of net income (45%,) and miscellaneous interest.

The profit and loss account follows:

Previous surplus	435,511
Net income as above	996,387
Total	1,431,899
Interest on adjust. income bonds	100,000
Div. on participation certificate	1,101,464
Profit and loss surp. Jan. 31, 1914	230,434

There has accrued and same is payable May 1, 1914, interest on adjustment income bonds for the year ended Jan. 31, 1914, amounting to (net) $95,172.

DETROIT UNITED for February—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	841,585	899,683	774,729
Net	228,584	276,164	249,591
Other income	30,239	20,483	15,474
Total income	258,823	296,647	265,065
Sur. aft. chg.	74,695	118,043	89,909
2 mos. gross	1,791,886	1,884,291	1,598,016
Net	496,042	582,996	527,053
Other income	52,212	41,221	32,407
Total income	548,254	624,217	559,401
Sur. aft. chg.	187,362	267,112	199,702

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, April 9.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	21,968,000
Loans decreased	13,067,000
Discounts decreased	224,506,000
Treasury bills increased	11,076,000
Notes in circulation decreased	210,029,000
Deposits increased	5,072,000
Gold in hand increased	12,699,000

BONDHOLDERS of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific

We have prepared an analysis dealing with the pending reorganization and its probable effect on the securities.

Copies furnished upon request.

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Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power Stocks

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Green Bay & Western Stock
Kansas City Ry. & Lt. 5%, 1913
Salmon River Power 5%, 1952
N. Y. Motion Picture Stock
Chicago, Wilmington & Verm. Coal

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100 Western Power Preferred

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Montreal Tramways Co. 5s, 1941
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Great Northern Ry. of Canada 4s, 1934
Republic of Cuba (All Issues)
Argentine Government 5s of 1909

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CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $7,000,000

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TO THE HOLDERS OF COMPUTING—TABULATING—RECORDING CO.

6% 30-Year Sinking Fund Bonds
DUE JULY 1, 1941.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article VI. of the Indenture, dated July 15, 1911, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received until 10 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, April 14, 1914, at the office of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York, for the sale of sufficient bonds at not exceeding 105% of par and accrued interest, to exhaust the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000.) Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
March 26th, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc.

Troy, New York, April 8th, 1914.
Common Dividend No. 2.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., held to-day, a dividend of One Per Cent. on the outstanding common stock of the company was declared. The same is payable May 1st to stockholders of record on the 20th day of April, at three P. M., through the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co. of New York City.

E. HAROLD CLUETT, Treasurer.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.

April 7, 1914.
DIVIDEND NO. 473.

The Board of Directors has to-day declared a monthly dividend of Sixty-five (65) cents per share, payable April 25th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 20th, 1914. Checks will be mailed by Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

FRED CLARK, Secretary.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY,

233 Broadway.
New York, April 9th, 1914.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and a half per cent., payable May 1st, 1914, to Stockholders of record at the close of business April 21st, 1914. Transfer books will close at three P. M. April 21st, 1914, and reopen at ten A. M. May 1st, 1914.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY.

A semi-annual dividend of $3.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock will be paid on May 16th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 18th, 1914. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books will be closed from April 19th to May 21st, 1914, both inclusive.

H. KRAEMER, Treasurer.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.
New York, April 8, 1914.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY has been declared, payable May 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 22, 1914, on which date the transfer books will close and reopen May 2, 1914.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

STEWART MINING COMPANY.

The Executive Committee has declared a dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the company, payable April 25, 1914, to stockholders of record on April 15, 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed April 15, 1914, at 3 P. M. and re-opened April 27, 1914, at 10 A. M.

Dated April 2, 1914.

CAMPBELL CARRINGTON, Ass't Sec.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.

April 1st, 1914.
58th CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a semi-annual dividend of 4% was declared, payable April 15th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 8th.

JOHN R. WOOD,
Vice President and Cashier.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total shares April 9, 1914	270,077
Same day last year	371,334
Total year to date	23,661,010
Same period last year	26,277,827
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.29 —.46
Same day last year	74.08 —.23

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.20	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	70.99	Mar. 19
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
24	24¼	2,000	Alaska Gold Mines	24⅛	24⅛	24	24	— ⅝
11½	12	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	12	12	12	12	— ¼
44⅞	45½	300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	45	45	45	45	— ½
75⅝	76	11,800	Amalgamated Cop.	76½	76½	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅝
28⅝	28¾	1,800	American Can	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅜
50⅞	51	100	Am. Car & Fdry	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	— ⅜
..	35½	100	Am. Cities	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ¼
29⅝	30	400	Am. Ice Securities	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅝
48	48½	200	Am. Malt pf	48⅜	48⅜	48½	48½	— ¼
68½	69	1,175	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68⅞	68⅞	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅜
102¼	103	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	+ ⅛
162	165	100	Am. Snuff	162	162	162	162	+ ⅛
32	32½	100	Am. Steel F'dries	32½	32½	32½	32½	...
99¾	100¼	300	Am. Sugar Refin.	99⅝	100¼	99⅝	100¼	...
121½	121¾	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	121¾	121¾	121⅝	121⅝	— ⅛
237	238	200	Am. Tobacco	238	238	237¾	237¾	— ½
105¼	105½	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	105½	105½	105½	105½	+ ¼
34¾	35	1,400	Anaconda Cop. Co.	35	35	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅝
96½	96⅞	500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	96¾	96¾	96⅝	96⅝	— ½
45	48	100	Baldwin Loco	48	48	48	48	—1
89¼	89⅞	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	89½	89⅝	89¼	89⅝	— ¼
39⅞	40	2,300	Bethlehem Steel	40½	40½	39⅞	39⅞	—1⅛
83	85	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	84	84	84	84	—1
92⅛	92¼	1,600	Bklyn Rapid Tran	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	...
24½	25	800	California Petrol'm	25½	25½	24¾	24¾	— ¾
64½	65½	200	California Pet. pf	65½	65½	65	65	—1
199¼	199⅜	24,300	Canadian Pacific	199⅞	200	198⅝	199¼	— ⅝
34⅝	35	1,320	Central Leather Co	34⅞	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅜
99	100¼	100	Cent. Leather Co.pf	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	— ¼
53⅛	53⅜	3,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	53⅝	53⅝	52⅝	53⅛	— ¼
100⅜	101	1,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	101	101	100½	100½	— ½
132½	133	500	Chi. & Northwest'n	133	133	132½	132½	— ½
41⅝	41¾	1,900	Chino Coper	41⅞	42	41⅝	41⅞	— ⅛
58½	60	70	C., C., C. & St. L.pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	...
31	31½	1,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	31½	31½	31	31	— ½
..	..	200	Comstock Tunnel	*8	8	8	8	—1
8⅞	9	200	Corn Products Ref	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
63	64½	500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	63½	63½	63	63	—2
150	152	100	Del. & Hudson	150½	150½	150½	150½	+ ⅞
396½	403	200	Del., Lack. & Wes	400	400	400	400	—1
12⅛	13⅛	300	Den. & Rio Grande	12	12⅛	12	12	— ⅝
23¼	23½	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	+ ½
18	18½	700	Distillers' Secur	18¼	18¼	18	18	— ½
29⅝	29½	1,350	Erie	29⅜	29⅜	29¼	29⅜	...
37½	38	300	Erie 2d pf	38	38	37½	37½	— ⅛
..	171	100	General Chemical	170	170	170	170	— ⅜
145¾	146½	600	General Electric	146	146	146	146	— ¼
77⅞	78½	800	General Motors	76¾	78	76¾	78	+1⅛
92¼	92½	350	General Motors pf	92	92¼	92	92¼	— ¼
26⅛	26¼	1,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	26½	26½	25¾	26¼	...
124	124½	3,210	Great Northern pf	125	125	123⅞	124	—1¼
32½	33	2,100	G. N. certs.ore prop	33¼	33¼	32¾	32½	—1¼
55¼	55⅝	700	Guggenheim Explor	55½	55⅝	55¼	55¼	— ½
118	120	115	Homestake Mining	118	118	118	118	—1⅝
17¼	17½	2,100	Inspiration Cop	17¾	17¾	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
14¾	15	200	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	15	15	15	15	— ⅜
61	61⅛	700	Inter.-Met. pf	61⅛	61⅝	61⅛	61⅛	— ⅜
103⅞	104¼	400	Int. Harvester, N.J.	104	104	104	104	—1
8½	9	400	Int. Paper	8½	8½	8½	8½	...
36	36½	100	Int. Paper pf	36	36	36	36	...
32	33	200	Lackawanna Steel	33½	33½	32¾	32¾	—1¼
144⅝	145	4,600	Lehigh Valley	144¾	145¼	144½	145	...
32¼	33	100	Loose-Wiles Bis	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	...
136	137	600	Louis. & Nash	136½	136⅝	136⅛	136¼	—1¼
69	70¼	17	Mackay Cos. pf	69	69	69	69	...
100	101½	5	May Dept. St. pf	100	100	100	100	...
65½	65⅞	2,000	Mexican Petroleum	67	67	65½	65½	—2⅜
23½	24	450	Miami Copper	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ¼
122½	124	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	123	123	121⅞	122½	— ½
135	145	150	M., St. P. & S.S.M.pf	140	140	140	140	—1½
15⅛	15⅞	5,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	17	17	14¾	15½	—1¾
40⅛	41½	800	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	43¾	43¾	39⅞	41	—2⅜
24¾	25	3,600	Missouri Pacific	25½	25½	24¾	24⅞	— ⅝
48½	49	300	Montana Power	48⅞	48⅞	48⅝	48⅝	— ¼
107¾	109	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	— ¼
31	35	100	N. Rys. of M. 1st pf	31	31	31	31	—3
11¾	11⅞	400	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ¼
15½	15¾	1,700	Nevada Con. Cop	15⅝	15⅝	15½	15½	— ¼
89⅞	89½	1,400	N. Y. Central	89⅞	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝	— ⅝
67⅞	67⅞	9,700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68⅞	68⅞	67½	67⅞	—1⅛
27	28	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅝
103½	104	900	Norfolk & Western	104⅛	104¼	103⅜	103⅜	— ¼
75½	76½	100	North American	76½	76½	76½	76½	— ⅜
112¼	112½	1,300	Nor. Pacific x d.	113	113	112¼	112½	— ½
24	24½	100	Pacific Mail	24	24	24	24	—1
110⅝	110⅞	1,300	Penn. R. R.	110⅞	110⅞	110½	110⅞	...
122	122¼	700	People's Gas, Chi	122½	122½	122	122¼	— ⅞
95	100	100	P., C., C. & St. L.pf	98	98	98	98	+1
20	21	500	Pitts. Coal	21	21	21	21	...
43	43¼	200	Pressed Steel Car	43	43½	43	43½	— ⅜
112¾	114	100	Pub. Service, N. J.	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	— ⅜
27½	28¼	200	Railway Steel Sp	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	— ¼
95	99	100	Railway St. Sp. pf	96	96	96	96	+ ½
21⅞	22	3,600	Ray Con. Copper	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	22	— ⅛
165½	165⅝	29,400	Reading	165⅝	166⅜	165⅝	165½	— ⅛
22⅞	23½	500	Rep. Iron & Steel	23⅞	23½	23	23	— ⅞
85¼	85½	700	Rep. Iron & S. pf	86⅞	86⅞	85	85½	—1½
3¼	3½	1,100	Rock Island Co	3¼	3⅜	3	3	— ⅛
5¼	5½	1,500	Rock Island Co. pf	5⅜	5½	5	5¼	— ¼
8	9	700	Rumely, (M.,) Co	9½	9½	8½	8½	—1½
22¾	23¼	1,150	Rumely,(M.,) Co. pf	27	27	23¼	23¼	—4
22	22½	100	St. Louis Southw	22½	22½	22½	22½	+ ⅜
19⅛	19⅜	550	Seab. Air Line	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
54⅞	55	400	Seab. Air Line pf	54⅞	55	54⅞	54⅞	— ¼
27	30	100	S.-S. S. & I. Co	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	—1⅝
94	94¼	4,465	So. Pacific x r	94⅜	94⅜	93⅞	94	— ⅝
..	..	285	So. Pac. t. r. x r	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	...
..	..	200	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pd	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	...
..	..	6,098	So. Pacific rights	5-32	5-32	⅛	⅛	...
25¼	25½	900	Southern Railway	25⅜	25⅜	25¼	25¼	— ⅝
79⅞	80⅛	300	Southern Ry. pf	80⅛	80⅛	80	80	— ¼
35	37	210	Standard Milling	36¼	36¼	35⅛	35½	— ½
32	32½	500	Studebaker Co	32	32	32	32	...
85	87	10	Studebaker Co. pf	85	85	85	85	...
34⅝	34⅞	800	Tennessee Copper	35	35	34⅝	34¾	— ¼
141⅝	142¾	2,600	Texas Co	143	143	141½	142½	—1¼
14⅞	15	500	Texas & Pacific	15⅜	15⅜	15	15	— ⅜
43⅛	43⅜	1,300	Third Avenue	43½	43½	43	43¼	— ¾
18	20	100	T., St. L. & W. pf	18	18	18	18	—1⅞
21	28	100	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ¾
158¼	158¾	11,300	Union Pacific	159	159	158⅜	158¾	— ½
82½	83½	450	Union Pacific pf	83¼	83¼	83	83	— ½
43¼	45	600	Un. Rys. Inv. pf	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¼	— ⅜
11¼	13	100	U.S.C.I. P. & F. pf	41	41	41	41	—1
60	60¼	2,350	U. S. Rubber	60⅜	60⅜	59¾	60¼	— ¼
103⅞	104½	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	103⅞	104	103¾	104	...
62	62⅛	76,700	U. S. Steel	62⅝	62⅝	61⅞	62	— ⅞
110¼	110½	1,900	U. S. Steel pf	110¼	110¼	110	110¼	— ⅜
56⅛	56¼	3,100	Utah Copper	56½	56½	56	56¼	— ½
31	31½	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	31	31	31	31	...
⅞	1	1,500	Wabash	1	1	1	1	...
4½	4¾	250	Wabash pf	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	+ ¼
90	91	200	Wells-Fargo Exp	91	91½	91	91½	+1½
62¼	62½	500	Western Union Tel	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	+ ⅛
74	74¼	800	Westingh. E. & M.	74¼	74¼	74	74	— ⅜
16	18	45	W. & L. E. 1st pf	16	16	16	16	...
41	46	100	Wisconsin Central	42	42	42	42	—2½
98	98¼	400	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	98⅜	98⅜	98	98	—1

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97⅞	98¼
2s, c, 1930	98	99
3s, r, 1918	101¼	102¼
3s, c, 1918	101⅞	102⅝
4s, r, 1925	111½	111⅝
4s, c, 1925	112	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101¾	102⅝
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102	102½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	96	101
Am Ag C.	56½	56¾
Do pf.	94½	95¾
Am B S	22	22½
Do pf.	..	73½
A B S & Fdy	88½	90
Do pf.	137½	140
Am C pf.	91½	92½
A C & F pf.	115⅞	117
Am C pf.	62	64
Am Coal	83	97
Am C Pr.	83½	84½
Do pf, ex div	102¼	104
Am Co O.	42½	43¾
Do pf.	95½	98
Am Exp.	100¾	101¼
A H & L.	4¾	4⅞
Do pf.	22	23
Am Lin.	10¼	10⅝
Do pf.	28	32
Am Locom	33½	34
Do pf.	100¼	102
Am Malt	7½	8½
A S pf. B.	83	84
Am Sn pf.	103	105
Am S Ref pf.	110	113
A T & C.	55	59
Am Wool.	16	17½
Do pf.	74¾	77½
Am Wr Pa pf.	12	15
Assets R.	12¼	18
A, T & S F pf.	100	100¼
Atl C L.	122	123
Bald L pf.	108	108½
B & O pf.	80⅝	81½
Batop M.	⅞	1
B Un G.	126	128½
Bruns Ter.	6½	7¼
B, R & P.	107½	113½
Do pf.	116½	135
But'k Co.	27	27½
Canada So.	60⅛	65
Case (J I) pf.	82½	86½
C R R of N J.	305	325
C & S A T.	106	107½
Chi & Alt.	8½	10
Do pf.	12½	18
Chi Gt W.	12½	13¼
Do pf.	32	32¾
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf.	131	140
C & N W pf.	170	180
Chi, St P, M & Om.	125	130
Do pf.	137	150
C, C, C & St L.	25	35
Cluett-P	69	70
Do pf.	101½	104
Col & So.	22	24
Do 1st pf	45½	48
Do 2d pf.	31	40
Col F & I pf.	140	160
Cons Gas.	131½	133
Crex Carp.	70	80
Cub-Am S.	..	80
Do pf.	..	84
D & Co pf.	92½	94
D M & Ft D.	3	10
Det Ed.	112½	116
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U Ry.	69	..
Dia Match.	95	100
D, S S & A.	2½	5
Do pf.	9	10
Erie 1st pf	45½	46¼
F M & S.	..	15
Do pf.	35	41
Gen C pf.	108	..
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	86½	89½
Hack Wat.	110	..
Hav E Ry, L & P.	..	83¾
Do pf.	..	95
Helme (G W) Co.	160	165
Do pf.	108½	117
Hock Val.	..	126
Ill Cent.	110¼	112
Inger-R.	110	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	5	8
Do pf.	20	25
Int H pf.	115	..
Int H Cor.	102⅞	104
Do pf.	114¼	..
Int St P.	6¾	8
Do pf.	..	25
Iowa Cent.	6	8
Do pf.	13	19
K C, Ft S & M pf.	74⅝	77
Kan C So.	25	25¾
Do pf.	59	60
Kayser (J) & Co.	87	88
Do 1st pf	106½	109
K & D M.	4	8
Do pf.	38	..
Kresge(SS) Co.	95	96
Do pf.	102¼	108
Lacl Gas.	96	98
L E & W.	5¼	7
Do pf.	11⅞	18
Ligg & M.	220	225
Do pf.	115	116
Long Isl'd.	32	36
L-W B 1st pf.	101	103
Do 2d pf.	94	99
Lorill Co.	175	185
Do pf.	112	114
M'kay Cos.	82½	85
Man Elev.	131	132
M Dep Sts.	57	59½
Mer Mar.	2⅝	3
Do pf.	10	11¼
Mex P pf.	75	78
Mich Cent.	..	160
M & St L.	12	15
Do pf.	28	43
M, St P & S S M l l.	80	83¼
M Pow pf.	101¾	102½
M. Wd. pf.	108	112⅝
M P 1st pf.	104	..
N C & St L.	136	140½
Nat Bis.	131	133⅝
Do pf.	121	124
Nat Enam.	11½	12
Do pf.	80	87
Nat Lead.	46¼	49
N O, M & C pf.	..	25
N Y A B.	63½	66
N Y, C & St L.	87	..
Do 1st pf	92	100
Do 2d pf.	66	80
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	..	26
Norf South	26	32½
N & W pf.	87	90
N O T & L	60	62
Ont Min.	2½	3
Pabst B pf.	101	104
Pac Coast.	80	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf.	80	90
P T & Tel.	29	30
Do pf.	88	92
Peo & E.	5	10
Pett-Mull.	23¼	25½
Do 1st pf	88⅝	99
Phelps-D.	133	..
Phila Co.	84	90
Do 6 p c pf.	86	92
P, C, C & St L.	79	85
Pitts C pf.	91	92¼
Pitts S pf.	89	92
P S C pf.	103½	105
P'man Co.	155½	156
Quicksilver	1⅝	2¼
Do pf.	2	2¾
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78
Rdg 1st pf.	88	90
Do 2d pf.	90	91½
St L & S Fran.	2	2¼
Do 1st pf	9	13
Do 2d pf.	5¼	5¾
St L S W pf.	..	60⅞
Sears-R.	186	188
Do pf.	124	124½
S-S S & I pf.	89	97
So P R S.	..	65
Do pf.	..	106
So R, M & O ctfs.	70½	77
Stand M pf	61	64
T P L Tr.	96½	102½
T, St L & West	9	10
T C R T.	105	106¼
Do pf.	125¼	..
Und Type.	80	85
Do pf.	110	..
Un B & P.	6	7¼
Un Cig M.	48⅝	50½
Do pf.	100	102½
Un Dr G.	88	90
Do pf.	94	99
U Rys In.	18	18½
U S C I P.	11¼	13
U S Exp.	72	76
U S Ind A.	20	33
Do pf.	82	85
U S R & Imp	63	64
Vand R R.	..	85
Va-Car Ch pf.	102½	103
Va I, C & Coke	46	51
Va R & P.	51¼	54
Do pf.	96	..
Vulcan Det	6	11
Do pf.	20	38
West Md.	29⅝	31
Do pf.	48	60
W E & M 1st pf.	117	118
Weym-B.	215	300
Do pf.	112	120
W & L E.	4½	4¾
Do 2d pf.	7	9
W'w'th (F W) pf.	117	117⅞

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	79.50	78.93	79.13	— .30
Industrials	59.73	59.37	59.45	— .43
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
April 2	70.66	70.30	70.44	+ .08
April 3	70.39	69.93	69.96	— .48
April 4	70.04	69.84	70.00	+ .04
April 6	70.20	69.95	70.05	+ .05
April 7	70.21	69.99	70.09	+ .04
April 8	70.03	69.66	69.75	— .34
April 9	69.61	69.15	69.29	— .46

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
April, 1913	74.41	Apr. 4	69.53	Apr. 30	69.70
April, 1912	82.76	Apr. 26	80.92	Apr. 1	82.81
April, 1911	80.42	Apr. 4	77.20	Apr. 24	78.55
Yr. to date	73.20	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3	69.29
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	Jun. 10	68.04
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	68.37	Sep. 25	77.60

POLITICS MAY SPOIL THE CURRENCY ACT

That's the Opinion of Banker A. P. Giannini of San Francisco's Bank of Italy.

ITS EFFECT ALREADY FELT

Unnecessary Regional Districts and Shearing of New York Due to Politics, He Asserts.

The method pursued in dividing the country up into regional bank districts will defeat one big aim of the currency law, in the opinion of Amadeo P. Giannini, Vice President of the Bank of Italy of San Francisco, who, with J. C. Kays, a Director of that institution, arrived at the Waldorf yesterday from a trip to the West Indies and the Panama Canal.

"The Currency act is going to be a good thing on the whole when it is working as intended," said Mr. Giannani, "but a blow has been struck at the efficacy of the regional bank system at the outset. Personally I am of the opinion that the Glass-Owen bill named too many reserve banks. Four would have been enough. As the bill specified no less than eight and no more than twelve, a beginning ought to have been made with the minimum number until it could have been established whether or not a larger number was needed. Yet the committee which had the matter in charge, yielding to insistent political demands, created the maximum number at once.

"And a great wrong has been done, as well as a foolish mistake made by the committee, in attempting to shear New York of its financial importance. One can see in that the insistence of those ignorant and unthinking 'patriots' who do not realize that it is necessary to have one great financial centre in the country in order to deal with financial matters outside of the country. Where will New York be in competition with London, Paris, and Berlin? The complaint of the bankers of Northern New Jersey that they had been cut off from their financial centre by this scheme of regional division is just. Even Philadelphia should have been included in this district.

"New York, owing to its position in the financial world, needs all the capital that can be given to it. The district subject to the regional bank of New York should have included all territory within a radius of 400 or 500 miles. Why, on the Pacific Coast we have a tremendous territory subject to the San Francisco regional bank, and it will take days to get from the bank to some places in the district. Certainly the committee could have made no mistake by including in New York territory every place within four or five hours' ride.

"As I have said, it is my belief that even eight regional bank districts are too many, but, the law having made that the minimum, too many districts should not have been created at the outset.

"The idea of a city of the importance of Richmond, Va., being made the site of a regional bank is absurd. Then the fact that New Orleans, a great financial centre, should have been made subsidiary to Dallas, Texas, is almost equally absurd. One sees that the influence of politicians brought this about. New Orleans is not only a big banking centre, but the opening of the Panama Canal is bound to increase its importance as such.

"This admission of politics into the operation of the law at the start augurs badly for its future administration. If petty politicians and grab-bag statesmen are to have their say as to the method of carrying it out, then the law may become a curse instead of a blessing. In the small limits that have been set for the operation of the New York Regional Bank it is possible to see the pressure of the ignorant all over the country whose one delight is to "knock" New York whenever opportunity offers.

"If we want to battle against other countries for our share of outside trade and finance we will never accomplish anything by weakening our financial institutions. Combinations are necessary. Only by combinations of capital can we get what we want in the outside world. I believe in the strict regulation of combinations of all kinds, but the subsequent history of every industrial combination broken up by the Government has shown a rise in prices to the consumer, while no actual punishment has been inflicted upon those in the combine.

"Certainly the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company and the Tobacco Trust have not made oil or tobacco any cheaper for the consumer, while at the same time it has made the holders of stocks in those concerns richer. Certainly the cutting up of the Union Pacific, the Central Pacific, and the Southern Pacific has been a mistake, so far as our part of the country is concerned. We are far worse off in the way of transportation facilities. It has already meant poorer service.

"The delay of the Interstate Commerce Commission in making a decision on the application for an increase in freights is deplorable. It is knocking the spots out of business all over the country. The trouble is, we are suffering from fanatical legislation run riot.

"The Siegel banking fraud case has attracted attention all over the country. It has demonstrated that private banks which are not under Government supervision are apt to be a great evil. There is no bank that ought to be allowed to do business except under strict supervision. In California we have what I think is the finest State banking law in the country. A Director of a bank cannot borrow from that institution without the approval of the board and of the Superintendent of Banks. Besides we have a supervision over clearing houses. Our bank examiners in San Francisco and Los Angeles are men who know the banking business thoroughly, having had many years of practical experience.

"The agitation that is still being carried on and the freak legislation that is being enacted is keeping money out of business enterprises. You cannot blame capital for not working under present conditions in the country. Nobody will invest money if he thinks the property he buys is in danger of being confiscated. Hard times came as a result of the legislation we had been getting.

"Just now there is no new work, no new development, and we cannot properly absorb the new immigration that is coming to us. If people who have money could be convinced that political agitators and legislators were not lying in wait to strip them of the savings of years, business of every kind would go ahead. In view of the events of the last few years, the man who has a little money which he is not using is afraid to invest, fearing, with reason, to become a stockholder or a bondholder in a concern lest the machinery of the General or a State Government be used to crush it out of existence.

"It is time for the ignorant to learn and for the heedless to think."

Osceola Mining Dividend.

BOSTON, April 9.—The Directors of the Osceola Consolidated Mining Company decided to-day to continue the quarterly dividend rate at $1 a share. The rate a year ago was $3 a share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales April 9, 1914	$2,622,000
Same day last year	2,706,000
Total year to date	238,135,500
Same period last year	166,333,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	88.25 —.02
Same day last year	90.12 —.15

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	89.71	Mar. 20
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 2s, reg
40,000..........98
Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan
1,000..........88½
2d series
4,000..........86⅝
N Y State 4½s
90,000..........109¼
N Y Canal 4½s
25,000..........109½
N Y Can 4s, 1962
3,000..........101½
Virginia 6s dfd, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
5,000b10f..........57¼
N Y City 3½s 1954
1,000..........87⅝
3,000..........87¼
5,000..........87⅝
N Y City 4s 1958
3,000..........97⅞
N Y City 4s 1959
1,000..........98
N Y City 4½s 1960
111,000..........101⅝
N Y City 4½s May 1957
3,000..........107
1,000C..........107½
Nov 1957
4,000..........106⅞
N Y City 4½s 1963
10,000..........106⅞
5,000..........107
Adams Exp 4s
2,000..........77¾
2,000..........78
Alb & Susq 3½s
4,000..........86
Allegheny Val 4s
2,000..........97
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
1,000..........100½
Am Sm Secur 6s
2,000..........105
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
1,000..........89¼
1,000..........89¼
Am Tel & T conv 4½s
5,000..........99⅝
Am Wr Paper 5s
1,000..........70
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000..........93¼
18,000..........93
Atch Top & S Fe gen 4s
1,000..........95⅜
6,000..........95⅝
500..........96
5,000..........95⅝
12,000..........96
conv 4s 1955
1,000..........96½
Atl Coast Line, Lo & N col 4s
4,000..........92⅝
3,000..........92½
Atl Coast L 4s
5,000..........94¼
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s
1,000..........92
gold 4s
1,000C..........94½
7,000..........94½
registered
1,000..........93⅝
5,000..........94
conv 4½s
5,000..........91⅞
43,000..........91⅝
500..........92¼
10,000..........91⅞
43,000..........91⅝
2,000..........91⅝
P L E & W V 4s
2,000..........88
P J & M 3½s
1,000..........90
Sowest div 3½s
5,000..........91¼
Beth Steel 5s
1,000..........99½
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
2,000..........87½
Bklyn R Trans 5s 1918
10,000..........99⅝
1,000..........100
1,000..........99⅞
3,000..........100
Bklyn R Trans gold 5s
3,000..........103
ref conv 4s
11,000..........91⅛
1,000..........91
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
2,000..........101⅝
13,000..........101½
stamped
1,000..........101⅝
7,000..........101½
Chic Gt Wn 4s
6,000..........74¼
1,000..........74⅛
Cent Dist Tel 5s
5,000..........99⅞
Cent Leather 5s
2,000..........99¾
1,000..........99⅝
5,000..........99⅝
5,000..........99⅝
3,000..........99⅝
Cen of N J gen 5s
2,000..........117
registered
1,000..........116⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
10,000..........94¼
1,000s10f..........94½
4,000s20f..........94¼
Ches & O con 5s
2,000..........106⅞
1,000..........107
C B & Qy gen 4s
4,000..........93⅞
6,000..........94
Chic Bur & Qy joint 4s
1,000..........97⅛
3,000..........97⅜
2,000..........97½
registered
150,000..........97½
Ill div 3½s
6,000..........84⅞
Ill div 4s
1,000..........95⅝
Nebr ext 4s
4,000..........97⅜
C & Erie 1st 5s
1,000..........107⅝
Chic M & St P gen 4s, ser A
10,000..........95⅜
4s 1934
2,000..........91¾
1,000..........91⅝
conv 4½s
52,000..........101½
Chic M & P Sd 4s
15,000..........93½
Chic & Northwn sink'g fund 6s
3,000..........108½
C R I & P gen 4s
1,000..........87⅝
Chic R I & P Ry ref 4s
1,000..........74¼
deb 5s
9,000..........69¼
5,000..........69½
29,000..........69¼
C R I & P R R 4s
1,000..........34⅝
4,000..........34½
1,000..........34⅝
6,000..........34½
6,000..........34⅝
4,000s15f..........34⅝
5,000..........34⅜
3,000..........34¼
1,000..........34½
3,000..........34⅜
7,000..........34¼
8,000..........34⅛
65,000..........34
1,000..........33¾
2,000..........33⅞
3,000..........34
25,000..........33⅞
4,000..........33⅝
10,000..........34
40,000..........34¼
1,000..........34¼
Chic St P M & O deb 5s
3,000..........103
C, C, C & St L deb 4½s
10,000..........88
Col Mid 1st 4s
7,000..........18½
3,000..........19
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000..........91⅛
Col & 9th Av 1st 5s
2,000..........101
Del & Hudson deb 4s, 1916
2,000..........98⅝
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s
2,000..........96¼
Det United Ry con 4½s
1,000 C..........72⅝
Dist Sec Corp 5s
5,000..........64
Erie 1st gen 4s
6,000..........74½
Erie cv 4s, Series A
1,000..........74¾
5,000..........74⅝
Series B
14,000..........73⅝
Gen Motors 6s
2,000..........101⅛
1,000..........101⅜
22,000..........101¼
Great North ref 4½s
1,000..........100¼
Havana Elec 5s
10,000..........92½
Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Series A
2,000..........86
Hock Val 1st 4½s
5,000..........100
Ill Steel 4½s
16,000..........89
Indiana Steel 5s
4,000..........101⅛
Insp Con Copper conv 6s
1,000..........101¼
19,000..........101
1,000..........101⅜
2,000..........101¼
Inter-Met 4½s
15,000..........76¼
26,000..........76⅜
Int Rap Transit 1st & ref 5s
32,000..........98⅞
3,000..........99
Int Nav 5s
1,000..........73⅞
K C, Ft S & M 6s
3,000..........112
K C, Ft S & M 4s
1,000..........77½
4,000..........77¼
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
5,000..........97⅞
2,000..........98½
1950
2,000..........74¼
3,000..........74½
11,000..........74
L S & M So 4s, 1928
2,000..........92¼
Ligg & Myers 7s
20,000..........126½
Lorill Co 7s
6,000..........126
18,000..........126¼
Lorill Co 5s
5,000..........101
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
2,000..........58½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
2,000..........90¼
6,000..........90
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
1,000..........70⅝
Mo, K & T 1st & ref 4s
1,000..........66
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
10,000..........104½
Mon Pow 5s, Series A
38,000..........93⅜
1,000..........93⅛
Nat Tube 5s
5,000..........100
1,000..........99⅞
N Y Central gen 3½s
6,000..........83
5,000s20f..........82⅞
deb 4s, 1934
2,000..........91½
L S col 3½s
8,000..........82
M C col 3½s
10,000..........76
N Y, C & St L 1st 4s
2,000..........95
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
1,000..........104⅝
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
24,000..........109
conv 3½s
1,000..........70
N Y, O & W ref 4s
1,000..........83⅝
6,000..........84
N Y Rys adj 5s
1,000..........58⅛
28,000..........58¼
N Y Rys ref 4s
3,000..........78
N Y Tel 4½s
6,000..........97
1,000..........97⅛
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s
1,000..........73¼
3,000..........73
Norf So 1st ref 5s, Series A
1,000..........94
Norf & Wn conv 4½s
11,000..........103⅝
Nor Pac 3s
2,000..........68¼
Nor Pac 4s
1,000..........95⅝
1,000..........95⅝
Ore R & N con 4s
3,000..........93½
Oreg Short Line gtd ref 4s
6,000..........92¼
Penn conv 3½s
3,000..........96⅝
Penn gtd 4½s
2,000..........101½
Peo G & C Chi ref 5s
10,000..........100⅝
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
3,000..........90⅜
1,000..........90½
Pac T & T 5s
6,000..........98
Pocah Con Collier sink fund 5s
1,000..........88¼
Ray Cons 1st 6s
2,000..........114⅝
3,000..........114⅝
10,000..........114½
Rdg gen 4s
9,000..........95⅜
Rio Gr W 1st 4s
11,000..........83½
1,000..........84
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s
1,000..........103
River & G 4s
2,000..........76
St L & S F Ry gen 5s
1,000..........102⅜
St L & S F R R ref 4s
3,000..........78
St L S W 1st 4s
3,000..........86
St P, M & M 4½s
3,000..........103
Seab A L adj 5s
1,000..........77
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
5,000..........98⅝
So Pac conv 4s
9,000..........87⅛
3,000..........87
5,000..........87⅛
So Pac conv 5s, when issued
3,000..........101
28,000..........100⅞
23,000..........100⅝
5,000..........100⅝
501,000..........100⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s
11,000..........93¼
Southn Ry 1st 5s
17,000..........105⅝
Southn Ry gen 4s
20,000..........74⅜
Standard Milling 1st 5s
1,000..........89⅛
Tex Co conv 6s
1,000..........103⅞
10,000..........103⅝
Third Av ref 4s
11,000..........84¼
1,000..........84⅜
Third Av adj 5s
10,000..........79⅛
Tol St L & W 4s
4,000..........52½
Tri City 5s
5,000..........97
Un Pac 1st 4s
3,000..........97⅝
Un Pac conv 4s
29,000..........91⅝
9,000..........91½
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s
4,000..........94
U S R & Imp 5s
7,000..........88½
U S Rubber 6s
25,000..........103½
U S Steel Corp sink'g fund 5s
1,000..........103
4,000..........103⅛
1,000..........103
6,000..........103¼
3,000C..........103
3,000..........103¼
21,000..........103
Va Car Ch 1st 5s
15,000..........96¼
Va Ry & Pwr 5s
1,000..........92⅞
Virgn Ry 1st 5s
7,000..........99⅝
5,000..........99⅝
Wabash 2d 5s
3,000..........96⅝
2,000..........97
Wabash ref & ext 4s
3,000..........55½
Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep, stamped
5,000..........52
3,000..........52¼
10,000..........52
Wab P Ter 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs
10,000..........10¼
Washn Ter 3½s
2,000..........84
Western Elec 5s
1,000..........101⅝
2,000..........101⅞
Western Md 4s
1,000..........74⅝
3,000..........76
West Shore 4s
1,000..........94
5,000..........93½
Westingh El & M 5% notes
1,000..........98⅛
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s
17,000..........95⅝
Wis Cen gen 4s
10,000..........87⅜

STATE BANKS CHANGING.

Many Seek Conversion Into National or Federal Reserve Systems.

There have been an unusual number of applications by State banks for conversion into national banks and for the organization of new banks under the national law since the Federal Reserve act was passed and signed.

Controller of the Currency Williams said in his latest bulletin that since that date, Dec. 23, 1913, requests from State or private banks for blank applications either for conversion or for the organization of national banks to succeed such banks numbered 184. Requests from individuals not connected with State or private banks but who desired to organize national banks numbered 147.

Application blanks were furnished and 20 formal applications were received in March for conversion or reorganization and 22 for new organizations. During the same month 22 applications were approved, 15 of them being for conversion or reorganization. There are 204 applications pending, in the cases of 60 of which the applications have been approved, but organization has not been completed.

Ten banks were authorized (during March to begin business, and at the end of the month an even 7,500 national banks were in existence, with authorized capital of $1,069,069,675.

Some of the conversions, it was said by bankers here yesterday, were due to the enactment of objectionable laws in various States, particularly in Mississippi. Of four applications to convert received last week one was in Mississippi, and of two authorizations to convert one was in Mississippi.

JAMES J. HILL HOPEFUL.

Canadian Rate Cut Won't Hurt Him and Crop Prospects Are Good.

James J. Hill was not disturbed by the reduction in freight rates on lines in Canada and its probable effect on the Great Northern, he said yesterday on his arrival at the local office of the Great Northern.

"The reductions will have no adverse effect on the Great Northern," said Mr. Hill. "In fact, so far as I can see, there will not be the difference of a copper cent. Through shipments—for example, from Chicago to Vancouver—should not be affected, because the adjustment principally has to do with rates between intermediate points in Western Canada.

"I feel very comfortable over the general situation in the Northwest, which is as prosperous, if not more so, than any other section of the country. Business now is quiet, but good. There is a larger acreage ready for the Spring planting, and with a normal season crop conditions will be entirely favorable."

INSPIRATION COPPER TO SUE

J. P. Morgan Syndicate Underwrites $4,500,000 Bonds.

A syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co. has underwritten an issue of $4,500,000 five-year 6 per cent. debenture bonds of the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company which mature on July 1, 1919. The bonds are convertible into stock on the basis of $25 per share for the stock and par for the bonds. They are redeemable at 105 and interest after July 1, 1915.

The bonds are issued by the company to provide additional funds to enlarge the plant and provide for development of mine property. The annual report to be issued shortly will show developed ore aggregating 89,643,000 tons, of which 73,322,000 tons are expected to average 1.71 per cent. of copper.

CHICAGO GETS $3,299,000.

City's Share of the Street Railway Receipts for a Year.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The City of Chicago will recieve $3,299,000 as its share of the net earnings for the last year of the surface street railways, according to the annual reports of the companies made public to-day.

Under the terms of a franchise granted to the surface lines about eight years ago, the city receives 55 per cent. of the net earnings. The traction fund which has accumulated since the franchise became effective and which is now in the city treasury amounts to about $14,000,000.

Assets Realization Company.

Directors of the Assets Realization Company held a meeting yesterday to consider ways and means of expediting the liquidation of the concern's assets. The result of the discussion was not announced, but this committee of Directors was appointed to assist in the work: Ira M. Kobe, John J. Jenks, Jr., S. H. March, C. Hartman Kohn and Earnest E. Baldwin.

Sues Kansas Stock Yards Co.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 9.—An ouster suit against the Kansas City Stock Yard Company to prevent it from assuming the duties of transportation was filed in the State Supreme Court to-day by Attorney General Dawson. The suit was brought to decide the right of the company to charge railroads for the use of tracks within the stock yards.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 9.—Incorporated to-day:

Ents Motor Car Corp'n, electric transmission patents, automobiles, $3,000,000. W. B. Harding, Adolph Widder, A. C. Johnson, 527 5 Av.

Jules Bouy & Co., N. Y., antiques, &c., $150,000. C. E. Andel, E. T. Harvey, G. S. Fulton, New Rochelle.

Cayuga Stone & Lime Co., Union Springs, $40,000. R. V. Naylor, F. E. Young, H. H. Hindshaw, Ithaca.

Delta Machinery Works, Astoria, $15,000. A. C. and W. F. Troy, Frederick H. Schwegler, 2,983 Marion Av., Bronx.

Rider Press, $20,000. W. A. Stewart, J. A. Holden, Fremont Rider, 141 E. 25 St.

The Casket, Rochester, publisher, &c., $50,000. H. J. and W. M. Butler, Simeon Wile.

Baltimore Cut Flower Co., $25,000. Irving Jaffee, T. F. MacMahon, W. R. Siebrecht, 114 W. 28 St.

Penn. Spring Works, Baldwinsville, $28,500. Nicholas Hoe, F. D. and W. H. Robinson.

Yale Holding Corp'n Kenmore, realty, $24,000. F. B., G. V., and L. K. Eberhardt.

Concord Subsidiary Co., oil operations, $10,000. Charles Klumpp, Andrew Neuschaefer, Charles Kaeppel, 1,353 Boscobel Av.

Mottola-Cairo Construction Co., Mt. Vernon, $10,000. Chas. Mottola, F. A. Cardell, Salvatore Cairo.

Madison Mills Co., mail order and advertising, $10,000. J. J. Hayden, E. R. Lyon, J. L. Woldenberg, 258 B'way.

Onak Construction Company, $10,000. A. F. Nuhlbacker, J. G. Whalen, C. R. Levy, 115 W. 42 St.

Joseph Schwab, Inc., builder, $10,000. H. E. Herman, Carolyn Koechlein, Jos. Schwab, 519 E. 83 St.

Ratliff-Lorentz, commission agents, $60,000. R. C. Ratliff, John Lorentz, J. P. Carroll, 1,161 Hoe Av.

Regent Press, $10,000. A. W. Little, E. L. William, H. L. Chatman, Holland House.

Fox's Fashionable Footwear, $10,000. Annie Weiss, Frieda and Samuel Fox, 1,950 Wash'n Av.

Broadway Dress House, B'klyn, $10,000. L. S. Shane, Bessie and Louis Rosenblatt, 1,102 B'way, B'klyn.

Poughkeepsie Amusement Co., baseball, skating, theatre, $10,000. J. H. Beatley, D. W. Wilbur, J. K. Sague.

Capital increases: North Tonawanda Musical Instrument Works, $150,000 to $300,000. James Elgar, N. Y., $250,000 to $500,000. Minerals Extractor Corp'n, N. Y., $500,000 to $600,000.

Capital Reduction: Eastmond-Sinclair Co., N. Y., $25,000 to $5,000.

Authorization: Foster Paving Block Co., Bradford, Pa., $600,000, rep., L. I. Foster, Binghamton.

Voluntary dissolution: Alexander Sales Co., N. Y.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, April 9.—Charters filed to-day: Wheeler Tompkins Amusement Co., Lambertville, $50,000; A. F. Wheeler, Oxford, Penn.; C. H. Tompkins, M. H. Tompkins, Lambertville.

North Hudson Supply Co., West Hoboken, building materials, $50,000; Wm. Walser, E. W. Hildebrand, West New York; J. Philip Doppel, Union.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, April 9.—Charter filed to-day: American Suspension Railways Co., N. Y. C.; to acquire the invention of George M. Venhassell in suspension railroads without traction cables; $1,000,000; M. C. Gerets, Helismith Moerchen, A. S. Hoffheimer of N. Y. C.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF NEW YORK
Member of the New York Clearing House Association
Main Office: 166 MONTAGUE ST. - *Fulton Street Office:* 569 FULTON ST.
Invites the Accounts of Individuals, Firms, Estates and Corporations. Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on demand and time deposits.
TRUSTEES:
CHARLES F. BASSETT
UNION N. BETHELL
JOSEPH E. BROWN
WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER
ISAAC H. CARY
J. HERBERT CASE
CHARLES E. DENNY
CROWELL HADDEN
HENRY HENTZ
WILLIAM G. LOW
HENRY R. MALLORY
EDWIN S. MARSTON
JAMES L. MORGAN
ALBRO J. NEWTON
GEORGE M. OLCOTT
LOWELL M. PALMER
EDGAR PALMER
CHARLES A. PEABODY
CHARLES J. PEABODY
JAMES H. POST
GEORGE H. PRENTISS
FRANK DAY TUTTLE
WILLIAM H. WALLACE
ROBERT B. WOODWARD
ARTHUR KING WOOD, *President*

Pere Marquette Railroad Company

Four Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds Issued Under Consolidated Mortgage, Dated January 2, 1901.

More than a majority of the Consolidated Mortgage Bonds having been deposited under the Bondholders' Agreement dated June 3, 1912, the undersigned Committee requested the Trustee to proceed upon the defaults under the covenants of the Consolidated Mortgage. A bill to foreclose the said Mortgage was accordingly filed in the Federal Court in Detroit last week. Default having been made on April 1st, 1914, on certain of the obligations of the Company secured by underlying liens upon various portions of the property of the Pere Marquette Railroad Company, which are superior to the lien of the Consolidated Bonds, a Committee has been formed for the purpose of protecting the holders of the underlying bonds. This action on the part of the underlying bondholders has emphasized the necessity for united action on behalf of the holders of the Consolidated Bonds.

In view of the foregoing facts the Committee invite those holders of Consolidated Mortgage Bonds who have not already deposited their bonds under the Agreement to do so at once.

Dated April 4th, 1914.

EDWIN S. MARSTON, Chairman.
WILLIAM W. CRAPO,
CHARLES W. COX,
A. R. KUSER,
C. MINOT WELD,
Committee.
AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Secretary.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary,
22 William Street, New York City.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Counsel.

THE CONTROLLING INTEREST
IN AN
OLD ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE
THE BUSINESS EARNED 50% IN 1913.
Orders now on the books indicate a better business for 1914.

Owing to ill health and reluctantly acting upon the urgent advice of his physicians, a client has instructed me to offer for immediate sale the controlling interest in a
$400,000.00
TEXTILE and GARMENT MFG. CORPORATION

This is the largest, most important and best known concern in this line in the United States. Organized in 1900 with a capital of only $5,000, it has grown to its present proportions of $400,000 entirely out of earnings, besides paying very large cash dividends to its stockholders.

It has the most perfectly efficient organization in this country. The factory manager, sales manager, and heads of departments are all stockholders who have grown up in the business. They have made the past great success possible and are well equipped to make the future even better, so that the purchasers of this stock can step into a well-managed and very profitable business. This is a rare and unusual opportunity for a man to start his son in a very interesting, clean and profitable industry.

This business has just been appraised and the books audited by one of the best-known public appraisal and auditing companies. This report is open to inspection. The company has always enjoyed the highest commercial rating and the highest bank and commercial references will be supplied upon request.

Full details upon request, correspondence solicited and inspection of the plant invited.

T. S. SPRAGUE, Investment Securities,
1,802 Ford Building, Detroit, Michigan.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO 59

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable April 15th, 1914, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business March 26, 1914.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.
(3)

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 20.
New York, April 8, 1914.

The regular quarterly dividend of two (2) per cent. on the Common Stock of the ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY has been declared, payable April 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 14, 1914. The transfer books will not close.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

MUTUAL FILM CORPORATION.

The twelfth monthly dividend of ½% upon the common capital stock of this corporation and an extra dividend of ⅛% on common stock have been declared payable on April 15, 1914, to stockholders of record, April 10, 1914.

Dated April 10, 1914.

CHARLES J. HITE Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Havana Electric Railway, Light & Power Company will be held on Thursday, May 21st, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, registered with the Registrar and Transfer Company, for the purposes of electing three Directors, each to serve for three years, the considering and voting upon all contracts, acts and proceedings by the Board of Directors and by the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from April 19th, 1914, to May 21st, 1914, both inclusive.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1914.

By order of the
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
H. KRAEMER, Secretary.

THE GLOBE & RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE CO.

111 William Street, New York, March 30, 1914.

The Annual Meeting of the Company and election of Directors will be held at this office on Tuesday, April 14th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon.

W. H. PAULISON, Secretary.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at its office at No. 111 William Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 14th, 1914, at 12:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of authorizing alterations and amendments of the Certificate of Incorporation and Charter of said corporation in accordance with the resolutions of the Board of Directors thereof passed January 22nd, 1914, so as to include other purposes, powers and provisions.

New York, N. Y., March 30th, 1914.
EDWIN C. JAMESON, President.
WILLIAM H. PAULISON, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

LOUIS ISAAC & CO. of 900 3d Av., New York City, Borough of Manhattan, have dissolved partnership. Mr. LOUIS ISAAC has withdrawn, and Mr. HARRY TAUSSIG is sole owner.

Dated March 27th, 1914.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE WITH REGRET that Mr. JAMES A. WRIGHT this day retires from our firm.

HUHN, EDEY & CO.,
111 Broadway, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, April 21, 1914, for Contract 118, for the construction of eleven superstructures along the line of Catskill aqueduct. The buildings are to be of brick with concrete-stone trimmings. Ten of the buildings are 30 feet by 39 feet by 27 feet and the other is somewhat smaller. The substructures or foundations of the buildings have been built and the city will furnish and erect the tile roof for the buildings. The work is located in the towns of Phillipstown, Putnam County, and Cortlandt, Yorktown, and Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent, for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 14, 1914, for Contract 86 for the construction of a part of the Queens conduit, a portion of the city pipe lines of Catskill Aqueduct, in the city Aqueduct Department, and extending from Fort Greene Park along Myrtle Avenue, Washington Park, and Willoughby Avenue to Broadway, in the Borough of Brooklyn.

The work to be done includes the furnishing and laying of about 12,200 feet of 66-inch steel pipe, 300 feet of 48-inch cast iron pipe, a 48-inch to 66-inch Venturi meter, with valves and other appurtenances, together with maintenance for one year.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

UTAH SECURITIES CORPORATION

Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

Pursuant to Article V. of the Trust Agreement dated September 14, 1912, made by Utah Securities Corporation with the undersigned as Trustee, to secure the Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes of the said Utah Securities Corporation, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee thereunder, invites proposals in writing for the sale to it of the said notes at not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, for which purpose said Trustee has now on deposit Six Million Dollars ($6,000,000.)

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, April 21, 1914.

Notice of purchase of notes will be mailed on April 21, 1914, and the notes so purchased must be delivered to the undersigned before the close of business on April 29, 1914, on which date interest will cease.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
Dated April 7th, 1914.

WEST POINT, N. Y., MARCH 16, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing anthracite coal, gas coal, and charcoal, will be received at this post until 12 o'clock noon April 16, 1914. Deliveries to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915. The United States reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals, or any part thereof. Information furnished upon application to the Quartermaster.

FEDERAL WARNING TO UNION IN FIGHT

Points Out War on Firms Is Not Legalized by Fact Sherman Act Is Not Violated.

STATE LAW CAN BE INVOKED

Opinion Due to Complaints Against Photo-Engravers Whom Firms Seek to Have Restrained.

Officials of the Allied Printing Trades and the New York Photo-Engravers' Union No. 1 were cautioned by the Department of Justice at Washington yesterday not to interpret the opinion of the Attorney General, which absolved them from prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust law for the acts complained of by the printing and publishing firms here, as being a guide to them for their acts in the labor controversy under the State laws. The opinion, it was pointed out, merely found that there had been no violation of the Sherman act..

It was contended by the attorney for the American Anti-Boycott Association, which has applied for a temporary injunction to restrain the New York Photo-Engravers' Union from interfering with the business of the Gill Engraving Company that the union had become more aggressive against the Gill Engraving Company, with which it had been at odds, since the opinion in favor of the union had been made public. This opinion was called forth as the result of complaints made to the Attorney General by Frank N. Doubleday of Doubleday, Page & Co. and George Gill, Treasurer of the Gill Engraving Company.

The union had sent letters to the customers of the Gill Engraving Company, notifying them that the members of the union had been forbidden to do any work for the company, and had put fifteen other printing and publishing firms under the ban as being "unfair" to union labor. Among the latter were Doubleday, Page & Co. That firm's attorney, Frank Crocker of Crocker & Wickes, went to Washington on Monday and had a conference with C. Carroll Todd, assistant to the Attorney General, and author of the opinion. He called Mr. Todd's attention to the interpretation put upon the opinion by the labor unions, regarding it as justification for their acts in fighting the various firms for refusal to unionize places of business. Mr. Todd said this was a mistake, as the opinion was intended to cover interstate acts only as coming within the Sherman law, and he wrote this letter to the United States Attorney General here:

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.
April 7, 1914.

H. Snowden Marshall, United States Attorney, New York.

Dear Sir: It appears that my letter to you, dated March 13, in the matter of the complaints against the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York for alleged violation of the Federal Anti-Trust act has been printed in the public press and otherwise circulated. Of course the purpose of the letter was to indicate to you the principles which, in the opinion of the department, should govern in the disposal of this complaint, and that being so, no full discussion was needed or attempted.

Now that the letter has been published and has been circulated by the trades unions involved among their members, I think the latter should be advised by you, through their counsel, in order that they may not act on any mistaken view of the legal terminology employed that the department was considering merely the question whether the conduct complained of violated a statute of the United States by restraining interstate commerce, that is, commerce within the control of the Federal Government.

It was not within the province of the department to consider, and, of course, it did not consider, whether the conduct complained of violated any private rights of the complainants or any law of the State of New York.

Respectfully, for the Attorney General,
G. CARROLL TODD.

When Mr. Doubleday and Mr. Gill made the complaint they asked Attorney Gentral McReynolds if the Administration would prosecute trades unions as freely as it would corporations and railways. They thought the Government had been lenient to unions, and said they believed the time had come when it should be absolutely determined whether a boycott was a violation of the Sherman law. The same representations were made to President Wilson. Yesterday a reply was received from the White House by Mr. Doubleday, in which President Wilson wrote:

"I appreciate fully the importance of what you urge, and you may be sure that my own conviction is that which you express, that there must be an absolutely impartial enforcement of the law."

This letter with other evidence has been turned over to the counsel for Doubleday, Page & Co., who are now preparing evidence for a suit against the unions opposing the firm. This action, the attorneys say, will be of such a nature as to bring the whole question within the Sherman law.

Abram I. Elkus and Joseph M. Proskauer of the law form of Elkus, Gleason & Proskauer are attorneys for the Allied Printing Trades. They could not be reached last night.

DEFENDS P. R. R. EXTENSION.

Rea Answers Charge That Road's Growth Here Hurts Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9.—In answer to recent anonymous criticisms of the Pennsylvania Railroad to the effect that it is spending millions to develop other cities at the expense of Philadelphia and is trying to monopolize passenger and freight traffic at Montauk Point in the expectation that it eventually will be the western terminus of transatlantic steamships, President Samuel Rea addressed a letter to-day to The Public Ledger in which he says:

"The extension of the Pennsylvania system into New York from the west bank of the Hudson was for the purpose of reaching directly with rail connection the largest city in the country. Philadelphia had enjoyed for thirty years one of the finest terminals, but New York and Brooklyn and Long Island, with a population exceeding that of most of the States and giving the company its largest freight business, had been ignored.

"The extension of the Pennsylvania to Long Island was for the purpose of giving a direct service to that great metropolitan area, connecting with the Long Island Railroad and the line now under construction across Hell Gate with the New Haven system. As to the development of Montauk Point that is an incident still undeveloped, and it never has been a primary object of the company.

"If we had more persons actively engaged in working for the city and setting forth its advantages rather than deprecating it and its citizens they would be performing a great civic duty."

LIBEL FOR KELVINBANK.

Collector's Penalty for Sailors' Hidden Opium Not Paid.

Collector Malone yesterday requested William J. Youngs, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of New York, to libel the steamship Kelvinbank in default of the master's paying a penalty of $1,665, which was imposed by the Collector after the seizure and appraisal of thirty-five cans of smoking opium, which were not on the ship's manifest. The cans were found concealed in the quarters of two Chinese members of the crew, both of whom were placed under arrest.

The Collector's action is based upon the provisions of the opium act approved Jan. 17, 1914, which provides, among other things, that whenever opium shall be found upon any vessel arriving at any port of the United States, which is not manifested, such vessel shall be liable for the penalty prescribed for such omission.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

829 to 836, inclusive—Tap Line Cases.—Argument continued.

Day call for April 13: 829 to 837, Louisiana<McAdoo; 838, 839, 861, 645, 751, 652, 826, and 188.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT APPEALS—Lacombe, J. At 11 A. M., motion calendar. Adjourned motion.

De Francesco<Italian Imp.
Sundt Elec<Cutler-Hammer.
Pavlowa<Atwell.
El Signal<Telefunken
Cusiok<Knicke'r.
Cameron<Garfield Worsted
U S A<Bloch.
Same<same.
Lovell-McConnell<Salvini.
Same<same.
Kichlakis<SS Hernia.
New motions.
Kreutler-Arnold<NY Last.
U S A<Hermann.
Siegel<Simps'n-C'f'd
Am Pipe & Constr< W'chester Co.
Col M B Co<Halper.
N E Signal<Telef'ken
Cook<Automatic.
Corsi<Alpha P C.
Campb'l<Aetna Life.
Hooper<Schr Scannell.
Parker<Soc Franc'ise.
Same<same.
Barber<Foster.
East Steel<Godair-Wimmer.
Dick<Fuller.
Siegel<Simpson-C'f'd
Deiches<Un Copper.
Webb<Samuels.
Guar Trust<Alaska-Ebner.
Hammer<same.
Gillette<Scofield.

DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. Fraser<Penn RR.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Bankruptcy motion calendar—Chatfield, J.—Subpoenas returnable: In re Langerman; in re Sylfeed Construction Co.

DISCHARGES.—These bankrupts will apply for discharges:

Claude E. Saunders,
Rifkin Bros.,
Dodge B. Hicks,
Curtis Dunham,
Thomas J. Craven,
Charles H. Posner,
Benjamin F. Luyster,
Emil Bernhard Miller.
Motions:
In re Cafe Raub,
In re Yancowitz,
In re Smith,
In re Reiter,
In re Rothenbach,
In re Levin Kronberg & Co.,
In re Kurlandzik & Alpert,
In re Franklin,
In re Bansch Picture, &c.,
In re Emerman,
In re Rasmussen,
In re Keith,
In re Rischwag,
In re Devoe,
In re Martzolf,
In re Adams,
In re Belok,
In re S. Ruderman,
In re H. Ruderman,
In re Bedell,
In re Collins (two motions),
In re Farley,
In re Green.

EQUITY CALENDAR—Chatfield, J.—Vose< U S Metal Prod Co (on trial). Veeder, J.—U S< Bklyn & Jamaica B T'pike Co. (two cases.)

STATE.

The Appellate Division.

These decisions announced yesterday:

George W. Hebard, as exr., &c., plff., vs. CNY, respt. Marcellus H. Dodge et al., applts.—Order aff'd, with $10 costs and disbursements.

George W. Harper, Jr., suing, &c., applt., vs. Francis E. Babcock et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements to pl'ff, and motion granted to extent stated in opinion.

Abraham H. Sarasohn, suing, &c., respt., vs. Jewish Press Publishing Co., impleaded, &c., applt.—Order reversed, without costs, and motion granted, without costs to the extent of modifying the order for examination by limiting it to matters relevant to plff.'s right to an interlocutory judg't.

Joseph G. Cushman, respt., vs. George D. Cook and others, applts.—Order aff'd, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Margaret P. Havery, applt., vs. Alfred Wagstaff, as exr., &c., respt.—Same.

People ex rel. Ida von Clausen, applt., vs. John J. Hanley, Warden, &c., respt.—Order aff'd.

Richard E. Enright, respt., vs. N. Y. Times, applt.—Order aff'd, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Mabel H. Peoples as admx., applt., vs. Copeland Townsend, &c., respt.—Same.

John A. Young, respt., vs. Archibald S. White, applt.—Same.

Estelle Morgenstern, respt., vs. Hans Morgenstern, applt.—Same.

Jacob P. Adler, applt., vs. Charles H. Nathanson, respt.—Same.

Henry F. Whalen, respt., vs. Richard H. Powers, impleaded, &c., applt.—Same.

Patricia Irwin, respt., vs. Whitney Warren et al., applts.—Same.

George W. Harper, Jr., vs. Francis E. Babcock et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs.

Flora C. Lee vs. Ferdinand W. Lee.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Ruth L. Trufant vs. Henry G. Williams.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted.

In re Thomas Ryan.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Richard Barry vs. Martin M. Mulhall.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless appel. comply with terms stated in order.

William J. Flynn vs. Frank Presbrey Company.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Mantle & Co. vs. Elsie Carr, impld., &c.; same vs. Austin Carr, impld., &c.—Same.

Kiva Romanow vs. Regina Romanow.—Same.

Isaac J. Cohn vs. Tanner Motor Car Company.—Motion granted, with 10 costs, unless appel. comply with terms stated in order.

Patrick J. McNulty vs. Press Publishing Company.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

People, &c., vs. Giuseppe Forti.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted.

People, &c., vs. Max Mahlsak.—Same.

People, &c., vs. George L. Lewis.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted unless appelt. comply with terms stated in order.

John S. Williams vs. Otto Giebelhausen et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs unless appelt. comply with terms stated in order.

People, &c., vs. John N. Anhut.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, unless appelt, comply with terms stated in order.

David Frankel vs. Jacob Manheim et al.—Appl'n denied, with $10 costs.

Jesse L. Lasky vs. Minerva Coverdale et al.—Same.

Matter of William W. Farley, re Alexander Spier.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Joseph J. Little vs. Lucius T. Martin, as executor.—Same.

Francis J. J. De Raiames vs. United States Lithograph Co. et al.; same vs. same.—Motions granted; questions certified.

Joseph Sullivan vs. Wilhelm Knauth et al.—Motion granted.

Margaret B. Coutant vs. Jennie C. Mason.—Same.

Mary Faber, as admx., vs. CNY.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

In re CNY, re new Court House.—Motion granted.

In re Eugena Moskowitz.—Referred to official referee.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—No day calendar.

APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS.—Part I.—All motions adjourned until April 13.

PART II.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—No day calendars.

TRIAL TERMS.—Part I.—Criminal Term—No day calendar.

PARTS II., III., VI., VII., IX., X., XI., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—No day calendars.

PARTS IV., V., and XII.—Adjourned until April 20.

PART VIII.—Emerson, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Flynn<Curran Mfg.
Golden<Wagenhals.
Bott<Sanger.
Duffey<Wills Inc.
Monturi<Asinafx.
Same<same.
Wynne<Salvator Tr.
Gold<NY Rys.
Etsheils<Fargo.
Coleman<Cresc S & C
Bazik<McGovern.
Zeiler<Kaden.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Sutherland, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Cases on.
Reich<Lane.
Same<same.
Oshrin<Shapiro.
No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Cohalan, S.—At 10 A. M.—Wills for probate.

Eleanor Agnew, Marie Caleyron.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

City Courts.

SPECIAL TERMS—PART I.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

Meyerson<Abrams.
Vitaphone Co<Mallin.
McCoy & Son<929 P'k Av.
Ginsburg<same.
Coll<Freres.
Alexander<Balossa.
Biegel<McMullen S & Triest.
Berkowitz<Kenny.
Same<same.
Klovansky<Ambas'r Rty.
Clarke<Mundheim.
Block<Brown.
Ratner<Himmel.
Dietzgen Co<Pape.
McGraw Pub<Ball.
Joseph<Patterson.
Shiman<Watson.
Leisman<Reinert.
Story & Clark<Brennan.
Abbey<Star Co.
Meyers<Godfrey.
Weigold<Waldron.
Felsenthal<Arnstein.
Wurst<Haight.
Bapes<Middleton.
Zugalla<Williour.
Goldman<Bowen.
Som'feld<Excel Bldg.
Am Ink<Riegel Sack.
Schack<Holbrook, C & R.
Perrone<same.
Siefen<Stadtmourer.
Bibas<Wolf.
Baren<Kwestel & Berman.
Kriment<Marine Eq.
Jennie<McCaffrey.
Barker<Champ Ign'n.
Same<same.
Scientific Am<Felton.
Same<same.
Haberman<Kemp.
Laughman<Leonori.
Fero<McClinchey.
Ungar<Cohen.
Globe Wernicke< Cushman.
Halder<Meader.
Paterno Con<Buchanan.
West Elec Co<Sheindelman.
Int Brew<Ind Con Ice
Alexander<NY Rys.
Same<same.
Silverwald<same.
Weiner<NY Rys.
Gerson<same.
Foley<same.
Foster<same.
Berger<same.
Barbarino<same.
Dressler<same.
Cappolo<same.
Cutler<same.
Coopersmith<same.
Collins<same.
Demkin<same.
Bonsignori<same.
Bonomolo<same.
Cannistraci<same.
Brier<same.
Behrman<same.
Wurst<Haight.
Wield<Livingston.
Preker<Wasser.
Katsikides<Acker.

SPECIAL TERM—PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—PARTS I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Union Estates Co<Adlan Const Co—Samson Lachman.

SUPREME COURT—Weeks, J. Stein<Margarten—Edward L. Parris.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Met Savings Bank<Mulvany—James G. Wallace. Dry Dock Savings Inst<Farrell—William Allen. Seamen's Bank for Saving<Siegel—James W Hyde.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Weeks, J. Sidney Wallach<Lena Koransky—John J Collins. Samuel P White<Julia E Shotland—Benjamin A Kiely. Harry Raymond<John G A Leishman—Martin C Ansorge.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TRIAL TERM.—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM TRIALS—Benedict, J.—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelly, J.—Litigated motions.

Malawista<Sokol.
Seymour<Gutm'n et al
Seymour<Kass et al.
Clapp<Clapp.
Keoskie<Keoskie.
Vuone<B R RR.
Oliva<same.
Rubens<same.
Salvato<Nass El RR.
Abramowitz<Z'tenfeld.
Meyer<Williams Forg
Adler<B Q C & S RR.
Goonan<same.
Mullaly<B H RR.
Becker<same.
Rubens, A<same.
Rubens, I<same.
Rubens, G<same.
Monzani<Manh Bkry.
Scherer<Devine.
Schneider<Farley.
McKeon<Farley.
Davis Laheney<Cary Mfg.
Rosenberg<Rosenb'g.
Tax Lien<Leon'd et al
Burns & an<Brasch.
Herman<Brasch.
Feller<Brasch.
Watts<Watts.
Agress Co<Maguire.
Tunison<Steinf'd et al.
Gates<same.
Behrer<Fay.
Kohn<Kohn.
Suss<Farley.
People ex rel Kravitz< Morrow et al.
Leary<Hoff.
Voorhees et al<Unger et al.
Floor<Floor.
Hansen<Hansen.
Elliott<B H RR.
In re Cuneo (Cimenelli).
Silver<Kingson.
Everit<Lorensen et al.
Glebanckas<Jamison et al.
In re Schroeter.
Gilbert<O'Connor.
In re Plant.
Interboro Brew<Doyle & ano.

SPECIAL TERM—Scudder, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL.—No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receivers Appointed—Bronx County

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Regina Hyman<Corgil Realty et al—Samuel A Israels. The Harlem Savings Bank<Rubin Siegel et al—William J. McKeown.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J. Bogan<Claremont Silk Mills—Harold H. Straus.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Wheat prices weakened late in the day and closed at the bottom, with final quotations ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher. Western cash markets were steady, and Chicago reported export sales of about 10 loads.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 98⅜c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 2 red, $1.04, elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.00½, free on board, afloat, opening navigation, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.01, free on board, opening navigation.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	100 3-16	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	96¼
July	95 11-16	94¼	95¼	95 7-16	97⅞
September	....	..	94	93⅞	96⅞

CHICAGO.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	91⅛	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	91⅞
July	87	86¼	86¼	86½	90¼
September	86⅝	86⅛	86¼	86¼	90

CORN.

Continued pressure of Argentina corn is becoming more of a factor in the market daily, and while prices during the early trading were higher as a result of firm interior cash markets, values eased off at the close and showed net losses of ⅝c.

In the ocal cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 77⅛c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	69⅜	68¾	68¾	69¼	55⅝
July	69⅛	68⅝	68⅞	68¾	56¼
September	68⅞	68¼	68¼	68⅝	57½

OATS.

The oats market started steady with corn, but eased off sharply under increased selling. The local cash market was quiet, standard white being quoted at 44½@45c; No. 2, 45@45½c; No. 3, 44@44½c; No. 4, 43½@44c; ordinary clipped white, 43½@46c; fancy clipped white, 44½@46c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39¼	38⅝	38⅝	39¼	35⅛
July	39½	38⅞	38⅞	39⅜	35
September	38⅜	37⅝	37⅝	38¼	34⅞

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was firm until prices softened near the close. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 17,000; estimated for Friday, 16,000; Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 7,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.55	10.52	10.52	10.55	10.85
July	10.77	10.72	10.72	10.75	10.85
Ribs—					
May	11.20	11.15	11.15	11.17	11.15
July	11.40	11.32	11.32	11.37	10.92
Pork—					
May	21.05	20.92	20.95	20.97	19.72
July	21.07	20.97	20.97	21.05	19.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

Prices gradually grew easier, closing net unchanged to 3 points lower.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.50@8.00	7.55
April	..	..	7.54@7.58	7.56
May	7.59	7.57	7.57@7.58	7.57
June	7.63	7.63	7.60@7.63	7.62
July	7.71	7.68	7.67@7.68	7.69
August	7.78	7.74	7.73@7.75	7.76
September	7.79	7.76	7.75@7.76	7.77
October	..	..	7.25@7.35	7.28
November	..	..	6.80@7.15	6.90

COTTON.

The cotton market was less active yesterday, and prices eased off under scattered realizing. The close was steady, at a decline of 25 points on April and of 6 to 13 points on other months. July contracts sold at 12.38, or 14 points under the high level of Wednesday afternoon.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to ⅛c lower. The local street market for cotton was quiet and 5 points lower, at 13.85 for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	13.00	12.98	12.95@13.05	13.20
May	12.77	12.66	12.68@12.69	12.81
June	12.66	12.66	12.55@12.60	12.66
July	12.48	12.38	12.39@12.40	12.50
August	12.24	12.17	12.16@12.17	12.26
September	..	..	11.78@11.80	11.84
October	11.73	11.66	11.66@11.69	11.76
December	11.76	11.66	11.69@ ..	11.79
January	11.70	11.61	11.62@ ..	11.72

COFFEE.

At the close the near months were steady, while the distant options were irregular and prices ranged from 15 points higher to 1 point net lower. Havre advanced from 1@1¼f and Hamburg was firm.

The local spot market was unchanged at 8⅝c for Rio No. 7.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	..	..	8.62@8.64	8.47
May	8.73	8.64	8.68@8.69	8.54
June	..	..	8.74@8.76	8.61
July	8.85	8.80	8.79@8.81	8.68
August	..	..	8.83@8.85	8.77
September	9.02	8.88	8.87@8.88	8.87
October	..	..	8.94@8.96	8.95
November	..	..	9.02@9.04	9.02
December	9.25	9.12	9.10@9.12	9.09
January	..	..	9.15@9.17	9.14
February	..	..	9.20@9.22	9.19
March	..	..	9.26@9.28	9.25

Mrs. Ethelyn De Foe's Miniature.

It was said at Knoedler's Galleries yesterday afternoon that the published statement that a miniature by Mrs. Ethelyn Brewer De Foe had been stolen from the exhibition of the Association of Women Painters and Sculptors was untrue. Mrs. De Foe submitted two miniatures, one of which was accepted by the committee and is now on exhibition. The other, which was not accepted, was hung by mistake on the first day of the exhibition, and is now at the agents awaiting the owner's call.

Woman Inspector to Lecture.

Mrs. E. W. Pierce, Street Cleaning Inspector of the Philadelphia Bureau of Highways, will deliver a lecture on street cleaning at 8 o'clock to-night at the Efficiency Exposition in Grand Central Palace.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

Great Bankruptcy Sale of Real and Personal Property of the famous HOLLYWOOD HOTEL AND COTTAGES

Cedar Avenue, Long Branch, N. J.

By order of the U. S. District Court, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at auction the Hollywood Hotel and Cottages, made famous by the late John Hoey. The sale will include the hotel with its furnishings, nine completely furnished cottages, and about 150 lots of real estate situated in the heart of the millionaire residential section along the Jersey Coast. The furnishings of the hotel include furniture of all kinds, statuary, paintings, linen, silverware, etc., of the highest quality. The sale of real estate offers the opportunity of a lifetime to any persons who desire to buy property for a Summer residence. For the convenience of such purchasers, the improved land will be sold in small parcels. Everything will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances.

The sale will commence on Thursday, April 23, 1914, at 11 A. M., at Hollywood, or West End, Long Branch, Monmouth County, New Jersey, and will continue daily thereafter at the same hour until everything is sold.

A train leaves the Pennsylvania Station, 32d Street, Manhattan, at 9:04 A. M., arriving at Hollywood at 10:42 A. M. Another train leaves the Jersey Central Station, at the foot of West 23d St., at 8:20 A. M., (Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.,) arriving at West End at 10:19 A. M.

A full descriptive catalogue with charts of the real estate and all other particulars will be furnished upon application to any of the following:

CARL E. TRULOCK, Trustee, 1,181 Broadway, Manhattan;
FREDERICK KLEIN, Attorney for the Trustee, 277 Broadway;
S. C. SUGARMAN, Attorney for the Trustee, 35 Nassau Street;
CHARLES SHONGOOD, U. S. Auctioneer, 589 Broadway.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of UNITED SAFETY RAZOR CO., Bankrupt.—No. 19,618.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Trustee of the estate of the said bankrupt, will offer for sale on sealed bids, or in the event of said bids not being accepted, then at public auction, as hereinafter mentioned, the following described property:

Patent No. 950,113, known as Osborn Patent, covering safety-razor handles and heads, and trade marks of "U. S. R." and "Shrp-Shavr" and "Shavwell" safety-razor blades.

All machinery and tools for the making of safety-razor blades now located at 483 Greenwich Street, City of New York, consisting of honing machines, grinding machines, stropping machines, lathes, punch presses, honing plates and fingers, motors, shafting and belting, and duplicate and extra parts of such machines; benches, molds, drill press, and small tools used in the operation and upkeep of machines and other factory utensils.

Entire stock of merchandise now located at 483 Greenwich Street, New York City, used in the manufacture, assembling, and sale of safety razors and safety-razor blades, consisting of blade backs, razor frame heads, razor steel, cases, cartons, paper boxes, labels, glass display cases, advertising signs, safety-razor blades, etc.

Dies and tools for making safety-razor heads and safety-razor handles and blade tubes, now in the hands of Waterbury Brass Goods Corporation, at Waterbury, Conn., said dies and tools being the exclusive property and for exclusive use of United Safety Razor Co., but by agreement not to be taken from possession of Waterbury Brass Goods Corporation.

Dies, tools, etc., same as above, at Riley-Klotz Mfg. Co., Newark, N. J., (safety-razor heads only.)

Furniture and fixtures located at 483 Greenwich St., consisting of tables, stools, desks, chairs, safes, filing cabinets, fire buckets, scales, shelves and bunks, electric arc lamps, together with the name and good-will of the said bankrupt corporation.

Bids must be made in writing and must be subscribed by the bidder and delivered sealed to the undersigned Trustee at his office, 233 Broadway, on or before April 21st, 1914, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for not less than ten (10%) per cent. of the amount bid.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

All bids will be opened by the Trustee at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,305 Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, on April 21st, 1914, at two o'clock in the afternoon. In the event that the Trustee does not accept any bids submitted, the above-described property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the premises 483 Greenwich St., on the 24th day of April, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

The above property may be inspected from the 16th to the 20th days of April, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

FERDINAND A. HOYT, Trustee.
WALTER S. LOGAN and JULIUS H. REITER, Attorneys for Trustee.

SALE OF ASSETS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of McPARTLAND & O'FLAGHERTY DRY GOODS CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 19,608.

Pursuant to a decree of this court, dated April 9th, 1914, the assets of the alleged bankrupt will be offered for sale at the office of James N. Rosenberg, Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City, on April 15th, 1914, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Bids shall be made pursuant to the terms of said decree, copies of which may be had of the undersigned, and must be accompanied by certified check for $5,000 to the order of the Receiver. Bids will be submitted to the court for approval on April 16th, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, in Room 66, Post Office Building, New York City.

The bids are to be for all of the assets of said bankrupt, as a going concern, pursuant to inventory of March 17th, 1914, and shall be either a stated sum therefor or a sum sufficient to pay all priority claims in full, all the expenses of administration, and a fixed percentage of the claims of the unsecured creditors.

The merchandise and fixtures, as well as the books and papers of the alleged bankrupt, can be inspected by prospective purchasers at the place of business of the alleged bankrupt, 673-77 Eighth Avenue, New York City, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. up to the day of the sale.

The property is to be sold pursuant to terms of sale, which may be obtained at the respective offices of the undersigned or at the said alleged bankrupt's place of business, and any information desired may be obtained at the same places.

CREDITORS ARE REQUESTED TO IMMEDIATELY SEND TO CHARLES L. GREENHALL A STATEMENT OF THEIR ACCOUNT.

Dated New York, April 10th, 1914.

JAMES N. ROSENBERG, Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Receiver in Bankruptcy of New York Real Estate Security Company, offers for sale the property of the bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, cigars, tableware, furniture, &c., and located in premises known as the "Red Lion Inn," in the town of Mamaroneck, County of Westchester, State of New York.

Sealed bids for the property hereinbefore described will be received by the undersigned Receiver at his office, No. 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, up to 12 o'clock noon of April 10th, 1914, at which time and place the said bids will be opened by the Receiver.

Inspection of inventory and merchandise at the Red Lion Inn, in the Town of Mamaroneck, Westchester County, State of New York, will be allowed April 7th and 8th between the hours of 11 a. m. and 4 p. m.

No representations, guarantee or covenant is made by the Receiver as to character, quality or description of the merchandise so inventoried.

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check or cash for 10% of the amount bid.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in whole or in part, in his discretion.

JAMES N. ROSENBERG, Receiver.
170 Broadway, New York City.
WESCHLER & KOHN, Esqs., Attorney for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of McKINLEY BOYLE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, April 16th, 1914, by order of the court, at 12 o'clock noon, on the New York Curb market, (Broad St., near Exchange Place,) Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of six shares of Louisville, New Albany & Corydon Railroad Co.

LOUIS SAPER, Trustee.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Trustee, 141 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB M. SCHECHTOR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, April 20, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, scarfs, muffs, machines, fixtures, &c.

HENRY F. SILVER, Trustee.
SIEGEL & SIEGEL, Attorneys for Trustee, 395 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAM ABRAMS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, April 22nd, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 B'way, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of scarfs, muffs, &c.

ALEXANDER J. LINDSAY, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 B'way, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOWELL UNDERWEAR CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, April 22d, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of kimonos, &c.

GEORGE H. OLNEY, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FEENEY & DEVANNY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 19,365.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that Thomas L. Thompson, the Trustee herein, will sell, by order of the Court, the personal property of the bankrupt, located at First Avenue and 37th Street, New York City, and at the yard, corner Sanford and Vernon Streets, Astoria, New York City, consisting of office furniture and fixtures, safe, saw blades, marble, bituminous coal, etc. Said sale to be made on written competitive bid (sealed bids) in the following manner:

First—Bids for the marble and appliances, located at Astoria, New York City, as aforesaid; and,

Second—Bids for the office furniture and fixtures.

The sealed bids, with certified check for ten per cent. of the amount bid, may be submitted to the Trustee at his office, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, up to April 21, 1914, at 3 P. M.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on April 22, 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the bids submitted for the purchase of the property hereinbefore mentioned will be opened and the bids placed before the creditors for such action upon the same as the creditors may deem proper.

At the said meeting instructions will be asked by the Trustee in relation to the bids and other matters that may properly come before said meeting.

If the bids are rejected, the property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, as follows: The office furniture and fixtures, safe, saw blades, bituminous coal, and all the marble, except one lot, will be sold at the yard, Sanford Street and Vernon Avenue, Astoria, New York City, on April 27, 1914, at 11 A. M. One lot of marble will be sold at First Avenue and 37th Street, New York City, on April 28, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

The property offered for sale may be inspected on any day between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For further information and for particulars with reference to the matters herein set forth application may be made to the Trustee, Thomas L. Thompson, 2 Rector Street, New York City, or to his attorney, John F. O'Neil, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 8, 1914.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NELSON B. WOLFE, individually and as surviving partner of the firm of G. W. ROBINSON & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, April 10th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 11:30 A. M., at Carroll Street, City Island, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of an up-to-date sail manufacturing business, together with equipments, Singer sewing machines, special machines, motor belting, fixtures, &c.; also stock of canvas, rope, typewriter, desk, filing cabinets, blue prints, safe, &c.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 B'way, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,147.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CONTINENTAL STEEL & SUPPLY COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Continental Steel & Supply Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1913, the said Continental Steel & Supply Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1914, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 9th, 1914. MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,553.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NATIONAL FAIR AND EXPOSITION ASSOCIATION, INC., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that National Fair and Exposition Association, Inc., bankrupt, has filed its petition, verified April 8, 1914, praying that the composition heretofore offered by it to its creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the Court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable District Judges at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 20, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

New York, April 9, 1914.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,270.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX RUBIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Max Rubin of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1914, the said Max Rubin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 9th, 1914. MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,681.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD J. REYNOLDS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Edward J. Reynolds of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1914, the said Edward J. Reynolds was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 8, 1914. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,450.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PAUL J. SOMERS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Paul J. Somers of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Paul J. Somers was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 9th, 1914. MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,108.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN NYHAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Nyhan of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1913, the said John Nyhan was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 9th, 1914. MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS BROWNSTEIN and ROBERT MERLIS, individually and as copartners, doing business as BROWNSTEIN & MERLIS, Alleged Bankrupts.—Order of publication.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of STEPHEN BROOKS ROSENTHAL, ESQ., verified on the 15th day of November, 1913, praying that the above-named Louis Brownstein and Robert Merlis be adjudged bankrupts, and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupts was duly issued out of this court to the Marshal of this district, and it appearing that said Marshal has been unable to serve same, and that the alleged bankrupts are not now in this district, so that personal service be made upon them, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of said alleged bankrupts, and that they are not now within the jurisdiction of this court.

Now, on motion of ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, attorneys for the petitioning creditors, it is

Ordered that the above-named alleged bankrupts plead, answer, or demur on or before the 27th day of April, 1914, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, on the 18th day of November, 1913, and in case of their failure, or either of them, to plead, answer, or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

Ordered that this order be published in THE NEW YORK TIMES once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 10th day of April, 1914, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupts at their last known place of business, No. 254 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication. C. M. HOUGH, D. J.

Dated New York, the 8th day of April, 1914.

No. 19,567.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL KLEIN, individually and as a member of the firm of STRUMWASSER, KLEIN & COMPANY and as a member of the firm of KLEIN & MANDELBAUM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Klein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 7, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, both individually and as a member of the firm of Strumwasser, Klein & Company and of the firm of Klein & Mandelbaum, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 11, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 8, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAY B. NORRIS, bankrupt.—No. 19,198.

To the creditors of May B. Norris of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1913, the said May B. Norris was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that a first meeting of creditors was held in the above-entitled matter on the 17th day of January, 1914, and a Trustee appointed by creditors herein, and said Trustee having failed to qualify as such Trustee, a second first meeting will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of April, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 8th, 1914.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS DIENSTAG, Bankrupt.—No. 19,579.

To the creditors of Louis Dienstag of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1914, the said Louis Dienstag was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of April, 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 8th, 1914.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IDALENE COTTON LONG, Bankrupt.—No. 19,661.

To the creditors of Idalene Cotton Long of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, A. D. 1914, the said Idalene Cotton Long was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 25th day of April, 1914, at 11:45 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 8th, 1914.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,896.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN MAIER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Maier of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1913, the said John Maier was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305 Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

April 9th, 1914. MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 17,739.—JENNIE M. CRAPO, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jennie M. Crapo, bankrupt, has filed her petition for confirmation of composition, dated April 7, 1914, praying for a confirmation of composition of all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 20, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 9, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,571.—JOSEPH ABO ARAB, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Abo Arab, bankrupt, has filed his petition for confirmation of composition, dated April 2nd, 1914, praying for a confirmation of composition of all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 20, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 8th, 1914.

No. 19,489.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CHARLES I. SMITH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles I. Smith, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 4, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York on Monday, May 11, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 8, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of M. COOPER & CO., Bankrupt.—No. 19,346.

Notice is hereby given that M. Cooper & Co., bankrupt has filed its petition dated April 8th, 1914, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 20th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated April 9th, 1914.

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Men's Clothing, $1 Weekly

Men's suits and overcoats, $12; $1 down, $1 weekly; ready made and to order, $15 up. EXCHANGE CLOTHING CO., 19 Park Place, N. Y.

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PRATT SCHOOL—62-64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotype, Secretaryship.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.—NEW York County.—EDMUND L. MOONEY and ANDREW J. SHIPMAN, Plaintiffs, against DAVID W. HARKNESS, CALVIN MAY, EDWARD M. L. EHLERS, and ALBERT FRANCIS HAGAR, as being the persons designated in a written instrument dated January 29, 1913, and purporting to be the last will and testament of Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; John R. Yale and William H. Berrigan, as temporary administrators of the goods, chattels, and credits which were of Julia L. Butterfield, deceased; Adair M. Shipman, the wife of the plaintiff, Andrew J. Shipman; Arthur G. Wheeler, Kathleen Isabel Wheeler, Helen Sloan Wheeler, Alice Wheeler, Mildred Muriel Wheeler, Edgar S. Appleby, John S. Appleby, Mary D. Gerard, United States Realty and Improvement Company, Jacob Hirsh, Annie M. Baer, Ruth W. Graham, Elizabeth M. Mangan, the People of the State of New York; David W. Harkness, Calvin May, Edward M. L. Ehlers, and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the persons designated in a written instrument dated September 19, 1911, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated June 30, 1910, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated June 19, 1910, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated August 27, 1906, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated May 13, 1906, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated January 31, 1904, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; David W. Harkness and Albert Francis Hagar, as being the survivors of the persons designated in a written instrument dated November 15, 1902, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, to be the executors thereof; and all those persons, if any such there be, to the plaintiffs unknown, who may have or claim some interest in or lien upon the undivided share or part of the parcel of real property in the amended complaint herein described of which Julia L. Butterfield, late of the County of Putnam, in the State of New York, died seized, depending upon the existence, production, probate, or establishment of some instrument or instruments other than those in the said amended complaint herein mentioned, as the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased, Defendants.—Amended Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the amended complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this amended summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the amended complaint.

Dated March 16, 1914.

BLANDY, MOONEY & SHIPMAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

To Katherine Wheeler and the defendants, Arthur G. Wheeler, Kathleen Isabel Wheeler, Helen Sloan Wheeler, Alice Wheeler, Mildred Muriel Wheeler, and all those persons, if any such there be, to the plaintiffs unknown, who may have or claim some interest in or lien upon the undivided share or part of the parcel of real property in the amended complaint herein described of which Julia L. Butterfield, late of the County of Putnam, in the State of New York, died seized, depending upon the existence, production, probate, or establishment of some instrument or instruments other than those in the said amended complaint herein mentioned, as the last will and testament of said Julia L. Butterfield, deceased.

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Alfred R. Page, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 2d day of April, 1914, and filed with the amended complaint in this action in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and that the object of this action in which the amended summons is herewith served upon you is to obtain the partition of certain real property situate in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and is known as the "Rockingham," below described, or a sale thereof, if actual partition cannot be made, and a division of the proceeds among the parties to this action who are entitled thereto. No personal claim is made against you, but it is sought to have it adjudged that you have no title or interest in the property.

The said real property, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, is described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Broadway with the southerly side of 56th Street; running thence easterly along the southerly side of 56th Street, 122 feet 7 inches; thence southerly at right angles with the southerly side of 56th Street, 120 feet 2 inches; thence westerly on a diagonal line, 88 feet 7 inches, more or less, to a point on the easterly side of Broadway, distant 75 feet 6 inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of Broadway and 55th Street; and thence northerly along the easterly side of Broadway, 131 feet 9 inches, more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, April 2d, 1914.

BLANDY, MOONEY & SHIPMAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
37 Wall St., Manhattan, New York City.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Private bids will be received for the stock of merchandise and fixtures in premises at 7 Palisade Avenue, Yonkers, New York, on April 10th, 1914, at 3 P. M., at the office of the undersigned. Bids to be accompanied by 10% of the amount offered. Stock and fixtures open for inspection April 9th and 10th, at premises, 7 Palisade Avenue, Yonkers, New York.

LEONARD BRONNER,
Assignee of Dorothy Frank, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

RANCH IN MEAGHER COUNTY, MONTANA.—District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, in Equity.—REX DU RAND, as a stockholder of the Belt Mountain Ranch, in her own behalf and in behalf of all other stockholders who may come in and contribute to the expense of this action, complainant, against BELT MOUNTAIN RANCH, defendant.

In pursuance of a decree dated March 20th, 1914, duly made, entered, and filed in the above entitled suit, I, the undersigned, the permanent receiver in said decree named, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the Exchange Salesroom, in Numbers 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, State and Southern District of New York, on the 20th day of April, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said decree to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL those certain tracts, pieces, or parcels of land as the same are described in the mortgage thereon held by The Farm Mortgage Bond Company, situate, lying and being in Meagher County, Montana, and bounded and described as follows:

The Northwest quarter (NW 1-4); the North half of the Southwest quarter (N 1-2 of SW 1-4) and the Southwest quarter of the Southwest quarter (SW 1-4 of SW 1-4) of Section thirty-one (31) in Township ten (10) North of Range ten (10) East of the Montana principal meridian.

The Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter (SE 1-4 of SW 1-4) of Section thirty (30) in Township ten (10) North of Range ten (10) East of said Montana principal meridian, excepting, however, seventeen and 96-100 (17.96) acres from the east side of the East half of the Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter (E 1-2 of SE 1-4 of SW 1-4) of said Section thirty (30) and also excepting seventeen and 96-100 (17.96) acres from the east side of the East half of the Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter (E 1-2 of NE 1-4 of NW 1-4) of said Section thirty-one (31), making a total of thirty-five and 92-100 (35.92) acres excepted from tracts of land hereinbefore described; said thirty-five and 92-100 (35.92) acres having been hereinafter reserved to S. M. DuRand and his wife, Rebecca DuRand, in a certain Warranty Deed dated May 3, A. D. 1909.

Also all of Section twenty-seven (27); all of Section twenty-two (22), except the Southeast quarter of Northwest quarter (SE 1-4 of NW 1-4); the Southwest quarter (SW 1-4); the South half of Northwest quarter (S 1-2 of NW 1-4); the Northeast quarter (NE 1-4); and the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (NW 1-4 of SE 1-4); of Section thirty-four (34); the Southwest quarter (SW 1-4); and the Southwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (SW 1-4 of SE 1-4) of Section fourteen (14); all in Township ten (10) North, of Range nine (9) East of Montana principal meridian, containing two thousand one hundred eighty (2,180) acres of land, more or less, according to United States Government Survey thereof, together with all mineral, mineral rights, water, water rights, ditches, aqueducts, appropriations and franchises upon, leading to, connected with or usually had and enjoyed in connection with said described premises and each and every part and parcel thereof, whether represented by shares of capital stock in any ditch company or by actual individual ownership or otherwise, or which may hereafter be acquired by the said mortgagor, and together with all the buildings and other improvements now or hereafter thereunto belonging.

Also all those certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land as the same are described in the mortgage thereon held by John B. Pruyn, situate, lying and being in Meagher County, Montana, and bounded and described as follows:

The Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter, the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter, and the South half of the Southeast quarter of Section one (1); the North half of the Northeast quarter of Section twelve (12), all in Township nine (9) North of Range nine (9) East of the Montana meridian.

The Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter, the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter, the South half of the Southeast quarter, and the Southwest quarter of Section six (6) in Township nine (9) North of Range ten (10) East of the Montana meridian.

The Southwest quarter of the Southeast quarter, the Southwest quarter of Section fourteen (14.)

The Northeast quarter, the South half, the West half of the Northwest quarter, and the Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22).

All of Section twenty-seven (27).

The Northeast quarter, the Southwest quarter, the South half of the Northwest quarter, and the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section thirty-four (34), all in Township ten (10) North of Range nine (9) East of Montana meridian of Montana.

The Northwest quarter of Section thirty-one (31), the North half of the Southwest quarter of Section thirty-one (31), the Southwest quarter of the Southwest quarter of Section thirty-one (31), together with twenty acres (20) more or less, in Section thirty (30), heretofore conveyed by S. M DuRand and Rebecca DuRand to the Belt Mountain Ranch, all in Township ten (10) North of Range ten (10) East of the Montana meridian.

Also, all and singular the real property and interests therein of the Belt Mountain Ranch, whether or not included in the foregoing descriptions, situate, lying and being in the County of Meagher, in the State of Montana.

The said real property hereinbefore described will be sold subject to and over and above the amounts claimed to be due and payable on two mortgages thereon, one held by The Farm Mortgage Bond Company, on which it claims there is due and payable and unpaid $14,648.19, with interest thereon from January 18, 1914, and the other held by John B. Pruyn, on which he claims there is due and payable and unpaid $3,249.67, with interest thereon from April 3, 1912, and also subject to a claim for about $209 for taxes paid on a tax sale by said The Farm Mortgage Bond Company.

Ten per cent. of the purchase price must be paid upon the day of sale, and the balance on or before May 10th, 1914.

Creditors whose duly verified claims have been allowed may pay the purchase price in their claims to the extent their claims would be entitled to share in the net amount of the proceeds of such sale, distributable to all such creditors, pursuant to permission to this effect granted in and by said decree.

Dated, New York City, March 21st, 1914.

JOHN C. COLEMAN,
Permanent Receiver of Belt Mountain Ranch, 100 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Geo. W. Carr, Solicitor for Complainant, 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Richard S. Harvey, Solicitor for Defendant, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TO ALL CREDITORS OF "BELT MOUNTAIN RANCH."—In pursuance of a decree of the District Court of the United States in and for the Southern District of New York, in Equity, duly made, entered and filed on March 20, 1914, in a suit pending in said court, wherein Rex DuRand as a stockholder, etc., is complainant and "Belt Mountain Ranch" is defendant, and wherein the undersigned was appointed Permanent Receiver of said "Belt Mountain Ranch," notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against "Belt Mountain Ranch," a corporation organized under the laws of New York, but owning real property in Meagher County, Montana, to present the same, duly verified, with vouchers, to the subscriber, at his office, Rooms 2, 3, and 4 (10th floor) in No. 100 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April, 1914.

JOHN C. COLEMAN,
Permanent Receiver of Belt Mountain Ranch.
GEO. W. CARR, Solicitor for Complainant, 80 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Dated March 21st, 1914.

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A corner suite of three rooms (703, 704, 705) in Times Building, ready for immediate occupancy, has advantages which cannot be excelled in New York. Convenient arrangement, ample daylight from windows facing Broadway and Forty-second Street; quiet dignity, and the address, familiar the country over, make these rooms an unusual business opportunity. Price $2,700 for the three rooms per year. These offices and others always ready for inspection upon request to Rental Agent, Room 406.

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SPECIAL
EASTER HOLIDAY RATE
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OPEN ALL YEAR
Ocean Parkway,
BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y.
From Dinner Saturday, April 11, to After B'kf'st Monday, April 13,
Room, incl. Meals on Amer. Plan.
One Person.........$8.00
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New Booking Rooms
For Summer Season
American and European plan
Rooms single or en suite. 75 private baths. Hot and cold running water in each room. Magnificent Solarium overlooking Ocean. Excellent orchestra. Frequent social diversions.
Special Rates to Families and Season Guests
Exceptionally Low Rates
FOR APRIL, MAY, AND JUNE.
Representative will be pleased to call and submit rates, etc.

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Within commuting distance of New York. Private beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Large wing absolutely fireproof. Private baths. Opens June 13th. References. Tel. 256 Glen Cove.

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GEDNEY FARM HOTEL
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
Every City Comfort. Every Country Charm.
Opens April Twenty-fifth.
Situated 300 feet above sea level, 22 miles from New York, fast electric train service. Golf, Tennis, Polo, Salt Water Bathing, Coaching Parties, (Liberty coach.) Swimming pool, billiards, bowling, ballroom, grill. Rates and booklet on request.
Under personal direction of
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Spend the Spring Days in
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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

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OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
COTTAGES IN DIRECT CONNECTION WITH HOTEL
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Where bright sunshine makes your stay delightful.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Restaurant; grill; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra and afternoon and evening dancing.

Leading high-class, moderate-rate hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Av., near Beach. Steam-heated rooms, elevator, private baths, sun parlors; French chefs; evening dinners. Special Spring rates. $2 up daily, $10 up wkly. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

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WESTMONT HOTEL Rhode Island Av. and beach. Superior location. Elevator to street level; private baths; spacious exchange; sunny porches. Special Spring rates. Booklet. FREDERICK KLEIN, Jr.

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HOTEL STANLEY South Carolina Av., near beach. Comfort without extravagance. T. & R. McDonald.

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Reserve your accommodations at the famous LAUREL HOUSE
The tonic of the Pines—the invigorating atmosphere—the variety of sports and the excellent cuisine make life most enjoyable at the LAUREL HOUSE, Lakewood.
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PRINCETON DAY at the Laurel House, Theatricals and Dancing—Easter Monday.
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ASBURY PARK,
North Jersey's Ideal Spring Resort.
Week-end entertainment at Boardwalk Casino. For program address Information Bureau, 307 Boardwalk.
NEW YORK OFFICE at Marster's Tours, 31 West 30th St., or "ASK MR. FOSTER" at 20 West 42d St., or at Lord & Taylor's.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SURROGATE'S COURT—COUNTY OF Orange.—In the matter of the application for letters of administration, with the will annexed, of the goods, chattels, and credits left unadministered, which were of HENRY S. POUND, deceased.

In pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of Orange County, in the State of New York, made in the above entitled matter, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of Henry S. Pound, late of the Town of Wallkill, in said county, deceased, and the creditors of his estate, on the 27th day of April, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Surrogate of the said County of Orange, in the Village of Goshen, N. Y. I, the undersigned, intend to apply for letters of administration, with the will annexed, of the goods, chattels, and credits of the said Henry S. Pound, deceased, which were left unadministered, to be issued to me as sole administrator, with the will annexed, and at that time and place I shall apply to have the amount of my bond as such administrator fixed at double the amount of the claims of creditors against said estate, under the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of New York, and that they are required to present such claims to the Surrogate of the said County of Orange at his said office on or before the 27th day of April, 1914.

Dated Middletown, N. Y., March 16, 1914.
JAMES H. McELROY.

MANSBACH, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMANUEL MANSBACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at its place of transacting business, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 10th day of August next.

Dated New York, January 30, 1914.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Executor.
MILLER, KING, LANE & TRAFFORD, Attorneys for Executor, 80 Broadway, New York City.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

WORKMAN'S VERDICT STANDS

Court Says Snare & Treiste Used "a Cloak of Darkness."

Justice Russell Benedict, in the Supreme Court at Long Island City, yesterday denied an application made by the attorneys of Snare & Treiste, contractors, to set aside a verdict of $3,750 damages obtained by Frank Otway for injuries received on April 21, 1908, while working in a cofferdam, fifty-three feet deep, used in building one of the piers on the eastern approach of the Queensboro Bridge. The application said the Metropolitan Building and Construction Company was doing the work and employed Otway.

In his decision denying the motion to set aside the verdict Justice Benedict said it was time the obligation of an employer to act fairly toward employes and toward the public was recognized.

"This is a duty," said the court, "which precludes such an attempt as here made to interpose between the corporation and its legal obligation a shadowness—to defeat the just claims of those who might suffer injury from operations in fact carried on by the defendant."

Brings In 1,000 Boxes of Lilies.

The Royal Mail steam packet Arcadian arrived yesterday from Bermuda with 1,000 boxes of lilies, the last consignment that will be in time for Easter Sunday. Gideon Murray, a son of Lord Elibank and a brother of Lord Murray, who was connected with the Colombian concessions on behalf of Lord Cowdray, was a passenger with his wife. He is the administrator of the Island of St. Vincent in the West Indies.

Ellis Island Overcrowded.

Owing to the congestion at Ellis Island, the steamships arriving in port yesterday had to keep their immigrants on board until some of the 5,000 persons on the island were discharged. The detention rooms were full, it was said yesterday. The arrival of the Saturday steamers, it is expected, will bring the total number of immigrants for the week up to 28,000.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired.—Patrol.: B. H. Smith, 18 Prect., at $700 a yr., apptd. May 18, 1892. J. P. Kelly, 23, at $700 a yr., apptd. Oct. 25, 1893. T. S. Cannon, 63, at $550 a yr., apptd. Feb. 17, 1908.

Transfers — Act. Det. Sergt. C. T. Cummiskey, 153 to 161 Prect.

Mutual.—Patrol—Myer Maltz, 36 to 38. W. V. Hughes, 38 to 36. J. S. Thorpe, 276 to 290. Charles Dockendorf, 290 to 276.

Temporary.—Surgeon—E. H. Fiske, 16 Surgical Dist., in charge 20 Surgical Dist., in addition to his own, for 3 days. Sergts. Daniel Kelleher, 40 to Det. Div. for 5 days, detailed to Dist. At. off. R. V. McCauley, 42 to Com's. off., for 30 days. W. A. Black, 152 to B. B. H. Squad, for 10 days. Act. Det. Sergt.—M. A. Batto, Det. Div., to Dist. Att's. off., Bronx County, for 5 days. Patrol—J. J. Burggraf, 4; O. W. Reich, 13, and E. A. Fenelon, 26, to Com's. off. for 10 days. Max Lowe and Nathan Whitman, 15, to 1st Insp. Dist. for 10 days. J. J. Deane and D. J. Gandolfi, 26, W. J. Frohnhoefer, 159, to Com's. off for 10 days, George Prigge, 63, and George Downey, 65, to Com's. off. for 30 days. James Burke and Casper Sauers, 149, to the Branch Bureau of Elections, Brooklyn, for 2 days. R. A. Holwell, 153, and George M. Bilaffer, 278, to 12 Insp. Dist., for 10 days.

To Det. Div.—F. S. McNaught, 13; T. J. Martin, 18; F. J. Allen, 61; F. J. McCarren, 17; Thos. Donovan, 22; Henry Somers, 25, and Pasquale Marino, 146, all for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's. off.; S. F. Mazurkiewicz and Stanislaus Kieturkiewicz, 28; M. J. Callahan, 42; Wm. Dillon, 170; F. A. Doherty, 153, and J. V. Scully, 285, all for 10 days. Matthew Murray and J. P. Hopkins, 276, for 5 days. J. J. Kennedy, 275; Patrick Kehoe and C. A. Harden, 278, for 5 days. Detailed to Dist. Atty's off., Queens County: Prob. Patrol.—J. F. L. Patton, 29, to Com.'s off., for 10 days. Matron Kate Mullane, 23, to 43 Prect. for 10 days.

Leave of absence—With Full pay, Surgeon T. A. McGoldrick, 20, Surgical Dist., for 3 days. Without pay, Act. Det. Sergts. Ralph Mielli and Anthony Grieco, Det. Div., for 5 days.

Fire Department.

Leave of absence on April 11, 1914, Passover Day, will be granted to civilian employes of the dept., of the Jewish faith, desiring to observe the day for the purpose of religious worship.

Apptd. to 4 Grade, $1,000 a yr.: J. A. O'Brien, Eng. 211.

Leave of absence, (no pay): J. H. Bohnenkamf, Eng. 37, 24 hrs.; J. A. Kelling, H. & L. 43, 24 hrs.

Apptd. a laborer in repair shops, at $3 a day: Louis Einecke.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following reports of Miss Upshaw, Assistant Chief Examiner:

Relative to Miss Le Page, a candidate for playground attendant, to whom a conditional notice for the practical test for playground attendant was given. She has appealed for a medical re-examination.

Forwarding recommendation of the Advisory Board that the order for the open competitive examination for taxicab mechanician be canceled, in view of the request of the Chief of the Bureau of Licenses, Mayor's office, that the Inspectors of Taxicabs be permitted to qualify in a promotion examination for the position.

The commission has also approved the following reports of First Assistant Chief Examiner Murray:

Relative to the request of the Commissioner of Parks, the Bronx, that Julius Ruppert, who was ill on the day of the regular examination for promotion to storekeeper, be granted a special examination. Mr. Murray recommends that the request be denied for lack of power.

Recommending that the request of the Commissioner of Accounts that Alexander S. Dennehy, one of the clerks engaged in field work, get a special examination for promotion to fourth-grade accountant, for the reason that he did not see the notice of the regular examination posted on the bulletin board, be denied for lack of power.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for electrician, for men only, on May 6, to fill vacancies as they may occur in the departmental service at Washington, D. C. The usual entrance salary for electricians is about $4 a day. Competitors will be examined in report writing, practical questions, training and experience. Experience in the care, maintenance, repair and operation of station storage batteries and lead burning is very desirable in this examination, and persons with such qualifications should state fully their experience in the application. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination.

Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

COAN, MARY E., (Apr. 4;) more than $18,000 personalty; $1,100 to Clarence C. Tuthill, nephew; $100 each to Elizabeth Beecher, grandniece, and William A. Bolter, nephew; $50 each to Claude and William Coan, nephews, and Frances L. C. Hayes, Stella C. Ewing, and Claudine C. Smith, nieces; $250 and one-half residue each to Sara R. and Grace Schuyler, nieces.

CUMMINGS, PATRICK, (Oct. 6;) $630 realty and $1,550.88 personalty to James Cummings, nephew, and Anna and May Cummings, nieces.

FRANK, MARK H., (Apr. 3;) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $5,000 to Jennie M. Adams, sister; $4,000 to Lucy Frank, sister-in-law; $2,000 to Temple Emanu-El; $1,000 to Reuben Frank, brother; uncomputed amounts to Cora Wiener, Birdie Kleinsmith, and Ida David, nieces; residue to Lewis and Daniel Frank, sons, and Beatrice Frank and Josephine Rosenstein, daughters.

FUCHS, MARGARET, (Mar. 7;) $3,300 personalty; $300 each to Lizzie Meyer and Margaret Johnson; $100 each to Marie Walter, niece, Eva Kilgus, sister, and the Einigkut Sisters Lodge No. 2; residue to the Isabella Heimuth.

HAMILL, VINCENT G., (Mar. 25;) more than $1,000 personalty to Dora A. Hamill, wife.

LOWENBEIN, MORRIS, (Mar. 10;) more than $1,000 each of realty and personalty; $1,000 to Temple Beth-El; uncomputed amounts to Helen Lowenbein, wife, and Edna Nordlinger, daughter.

MOSHER, THOMAS, (Mar. 31;) more than $10,000 realty and more than $5,000 personalty to George H. Mosher, brother.

SHILAND, ANDREW, (Mar. 24;) more than $25,000 realty and more than $50,000 personalty; $50,000 and specific bequests to Andrew R. Shiland, son; $5,000 each to George B. Hedges, stepson, and Elizabeth Shiland, sister; $1,000 to Mary S. Lyon, cousin; residue in life estate to Ada L. Shiland, wife; remainder to son and stepson.

TEVLIN, JAMES, (May 24;) $3,000 personalty to Margaret Tevlin, wife.

WEIL, ABRAHAM, (Dec. 8;) more than $5,000 realty and more than $1,000 personalty in equal shares to Julius, Milton, Isaac, Louis, and Clarence Weil, sons, and Bertha Brandenstein and Flora Bernhard, daughters.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A general and decided fall in pressure throughout the central and west portions of the country has caused a return to more seasonable temperatures over the West and a considerable moderation in the Central Valleys.

In the East and South it is cold, with a decided fall in temperature during the last twenty-four hours, except in New England.

There were rains in the Atlantic States, scattered snows in the Lake region, and rains in the Pacific States and the extreme Northwest. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

It will be warmer Friday in the Central and Southern Plains States, the Central Valleys, the Lake region, and the Middle Atlantic States, and warmer Saturday east of the Mississippi River. It will be somewhat colder Friday night in the Northwest. West of the Rocky Mountains temperature changes will not be decided, but they will probably be somewhat lower Saturday. Fair weather will prevail during the next two days in the East and the South, but in the extreme West and Northwest it will be unsettled, with scattered rains and possibly some snows in the latter section.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic coast will be moderate west breezes, becoming variable; Middle Atlantic coast, light to moderate variable breezes, becoming south; South Atlantic coast, gentle to moderate north to northeast breezes.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair Friday; Saturday, fair, warmer; moderate west to south breezes.

New Jersey—Fair, slightly warmer Friday; Saturday, fair, warmer; gentle to moderate shifting breezes becoming south.

Western New York—Fair, warmer Friday; Saturday partly cloudy and warmer; moderate to fresh west to south breezes.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, slightly warmer Friday; Saturday, fair, warmer; gentle to moderate shifting breezes becoming south.

Northern New England—Fair Friday, somewhat colder extreme east portion; Saturday, partly cloudy and warmer; moderate shifting breezes.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	38	37	4 P. M.	45	42
6 A. M.	34	36	6 P. M.	45	39
9 A. M.	36	36	9 P. M.	40	38
12 M.	40	40	11 P. M.	39	38

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 39; for the corresponding date last year it was 29; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 45.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 35; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 43 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 72 per cent. at 8 A. M., 33 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.80 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.94 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:00—214 W. 64 St.; Chas. Fate	$50
2:50—1,893 Wash'n Av.; D. Jacobs	Slight
11:20—111 W. 42 St.; Nellie Drake	Slight
11:30—1,838 Southern Boulevard; M. Statlander	Slight
11:50—1,744 1 Av.; Berger Bros	$400
P. M.	
1:30—36 W. 34th St.; Syran Bros	Slight
4:40—2,247 B'way; Chas. Siegel	Slight
5:30—8 Van Cortlandt Av.; C. Condaria	Slight
5:40—7 Av., near 147 St.; not given	Slight
6:10—7 Av., near 147 St.; not given	Slight
6:25—17 Attorney St.; U. Flasterston	Slight
6:35—231 Sullivan St.; P. Pellegrino	None
6:50—373 B'way; N. F. Tobin	$2,000
6:55—137 St. at Willow Av.; not given	Slight
7:20—546 E 149 St.; John Davis	Slight
7:50—238 Clinton St.; J. Katlan	Slight
8:15—315 Rivington St.; Saml. Hening	Slight
9:00—374 W. 11 St.; J. Ormana	$10
10:15—1,986 2 Av.; N. Choentz	Slight
11:15—55 Broome St.; J. Ruchames	Slight
11:20—107 W. 116 St.; Samuel Rich	$50

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Maj. G. B. Duncan, 9 Inf., to Gen. Staff Corps.

Lt. Col. D. B Devore, Inf., to Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., Apr. 9, vice Lt. Col. W. M. Wright, who goes to the 19 Inf.

Capt. E. D. Kilbourne, M. C., and 1st Lt. H. Sharp, 2 Inf., resignations accepted.

Lt. Col. E. F. McGlachlin, Jr., 3 F. A., as a member of the Field Art. Bd., and upon arrival in U. S. and to station at Ft. Sill, Okla.

Changes in C. A. C., effective Apr. 10: Caps. E. Kimmel, Coast Def. of the Columbia to 30 Co.; F. Lecocq, 30 Co., to unassigned list and Coast Def. of the Columbia.

Capt. R. L. Carswell, M. C., Ft. Howard, Md., to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., relieving Capt. E. D. Kilbourne.

1st Lt. P. M. Ljungstedt, C. A. C., to the 79 Co.

Orders March 20 directing 2d Lt. E. P. Denson, 18 Inf., to sail about July 6 for Honolulu, amended. He goes about Aug. 5.

Leaves: J. T. Thompson, O. D., 1 mo. and 10 days; 1st Lt. K. L. Pepper, 15 Inf., 6 mos.

Navy Orders.

Ensigns E. C. McGehee, the Ohio; W. G. Greenman, Norfolk, and H. R. A. Borchard, to fitting out the Sacramento and on board when com'd; S. E. Bray, to the Buffalo; R. B. Daughtry, the Md., to Asia. Station, sailing May 5.

Asst. Surg. O. C. Foote, M. R. C., Med. School, April 13, to the Illinois.

Ch. Bosn. J. P. O'Neill, the B'klyn, to treatment hosp., Phila.

Gun. A. Klingler, to works of E. W. Bliss Co., N. Y.

Pay Clerks H. H. Reynolds, appt'd to Res. Torpedo Flotilla, Atl. fleet; and C. H. Jernigan, to Panther.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Galveston, at Jolo, P. I.

Sailed—Utah, Vera Cruz for Tampico; Birmingham, Key West for Pensacola, and the Annapolis, Ensenada, L. Cal., for Mazatlan.

The collier Brutus will load a cargo at Hampton Roads, proceed Portsmouth, N. H., discharge, and return.

The Tacoma Portsmouth, N. H., to Savannah, stopping at Boston en route.

The Leonidas Portsmouth, N. H., to Boston and thence to Cristobal.

The Solace New Orleans to Tampico.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Sr. Capt. H. E. Emory and Const'r J. Q. Walton S. Balto., on business.

1st Lt. H. L. Boyd Fleet Engr., North Div., to same duty, Bering Sea Fleet.

2d Lt. J. Pine, the Seminole Apr. 18 to the Patrol.

Leave:—3rd Lts. C. H. Abel, 20 days, from Apr. 18; G. W. MacLane, 30 days, June 8.

Capt. S. M. Landrey, to Life Saving Service.

Capt. H. B. West to Winona.

Sr. Capt. W. E. Reynolds to com. Bering Sea Fleet.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BREWSTER, ELIZABETH H., (May 15, 1913;) net estate in N. Y., $18,344; 133 E. 65 St., $50,000 (mtge. $30,000).

DONNELL, MARY T., (Dec. 18, 1906;) net estate, $7,498; bank, $342; 100 Amer. Beet Sugar Co. stock, $8,287.

FRONTZ, WILLIAM, (Nov. 6, 1910;) net estate in N. Y., $2,114; 5 shares of H. W. Johns-Manville Co., $525; due on mtge. on Buffalo property, $1,648.

MACK, WILLARD B., (Mar. 27, 1906;) no discoverable assets.

MALLETT, ANNA S., (Nov. 16, 1907;) net estate in N. Y., $7,636; stock, $8,542; 20 shares Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 72 Adams Exp., 20 gold & stock Tel. Co.

SHARKEY, JOHN T., (Apr. 21, 1911;) net estate, $258; ins., $1,520; estate passes to Thomas H. Sharkey, son.

SILVERMAN, MAX, (Nov. 24, 1907;) net estate, $4,426; one half int. in equity in 51 E. 106 St., valued at $52,000, $2,000; one half int. in equity in 20 acres of land in Hunter, N. Y., valued at $9,000, $2,000; bank, $408; rent due, $77; int. in mtge., $750.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car.—Fair Fri. Sat., fair, warmer; gentle to n. e. breeze.

Ga.—Fair Fri.; warmer in the n. w. Sat., fair, warmer; gentle n. to n. e. breeze.

Fla.—Cloudy Fri.; prob. showers in e.; colder in s. Sat., fair, warmer in n. and cent.; gentle to n. e. breeze.

Ala., Miss.—Fair Fri., Sat.; warmer; gentle n. e. to s. e. breeze.

La.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., fair; warmer in e.; gentle n. e. to s. e. breeze.

E. Tex.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., fair; gentle to mod. e. to s. e. breeze.

W. Tex., Okla.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., fair.

Utah—Unsetl. Fri.; rain; colder at night or Sat.

Ark.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., fair; warmer in cen. and e.

Tenn., Ky.—Fair, warmer Fri., Sat.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy, warmer; mod. s. w. to s. breeze.

Ind.—Fair, warmer Fri. Fair Sat. in s., cloudy in n.; warmer.

Ill.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy; mod. s. breeze.

L. Mich.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy, prob. rain, colder in n.; mod. s. to w. breeze.

U. Mich.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., unsetl., prob. rain; colder.

Wis.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., unsetl., prob. rain; mod. s. w. to w. breeze.

Minn.—Fair, warmer in e., unsetl. in w. Fri., prob. rain. Sat. unsetl., colder.

Ia.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat. unsetl., prob. rain.

Mo.—Fair Fri., prob. Sat.; warmer Fri.

N. D.—Local rains Fri.; colder at night. Sat., unsetl.

S. D.—Local rains Fri., prob. Sat.

Neb.—Cloudy in w., fair, warmer in e. Fri.; rain at night or Sat.

Kan.—Fair, warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:31|Sun sets..6:33|Moon rises.. ...

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A. M.	High Water. P. M.	Low Water. A. M.	Low Water. P. M.
Sandy Hook	7:17	7:38	1:10	1:28
Governors Island	7:37	8:00	1:41	1:54
Hell Gate	9:27	9:50	3:16	3:29

Arrived—Thursday, April 9.

SS Imperator, Hamburg, April 2.
SS Oceanic, Southampton, April 1.
SS Dwinsk, Libau, March 24.
SS Kroonland, Antwerp, March 28.
SS Ryndam, Rotterdam, March 28.
SS Germania, Lisbon, March 21.
SS Helios, Rotterdam, April 2.
SS St. Egbert, Glasgow, March 24.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, April 17.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur, March 29.
SS California, Christiania, March 23.
SS Magdalena, Antilla, April 4.
SS Anetta, Port Antonio, April 4.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, April 6.
SS Nor, Macoris, April 1.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur, March 29.
SS Ancon, Colon, April 2.
SS Askehall, Lisbon, March 21.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Cassel	Bremen	Mar.	24
Santa Marta	Kingston	April	4
Chicago	Havre	Mar.	30
Rotterdam (tank)	Rotterdam	Mar.	25
Mannheim	Shields	Mar.	24
Cincinnati	Palermo	Mar.	28
Argentina	Algiers	Mar.	27
Astoria	Palermo	Mar.	28
Monterey	Havana	April	7
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	Mar.	29
El Cid	Galveston	April	4

DUE TO-MORROW.

K. Franz Josef I.	Algiers	April	1
Californie	Bordeaux	Mar.	28
Prins Maurits	Haiti	April	6
Vauban	Buenos Aires	Mar.	20
San Marcos	Galveston	April	4
Apache	Jacksonville	April	8

DUE SUNDAY.

St. Paul	South'pton	April	4
Campania	Liverpool	April	4
Columbia	Glasgow	April	4
Maracas	Port Spain	April	4
Montevideo	Cadiz	Mar.	30
Celtic	Gibraltar	April	4
Caribbean	Bermuda	April	8
Lorraine	Havre	April	4
Commewijne	Port Spain	April	3
City of Montgomery	Savannah	April	9

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Whitegate, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Hawaiian, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Highland Heather, Argentina	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Yumuri, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Koenig Albert, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Laconia, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
President Lincoln, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.
Franconia, Liverpool	———	10:00 A.M.
Ancona, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	10:30 A.M.
Magdalena, Jamaica	———	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Chicago, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., APRIL 9.

SS St. Paul, Southampton to New York, was 1,461 miles E. at 12:50 A. M.; due 12th, forenoon. American Line.

SS Campania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,255 miles E. at 1:30 A. M.; due 12th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS Cincinnati, Genoa to New York, was 193 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 10th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Argentina, Trieste to New York, was 230 miles E. at noon; due 10th, forenoon. Austro-American Line.

SS Splendor, Savona to New York, was 160 miles E. at noon; due 10th, forenoon.

SS Kaiser Franz Joseph I., Trieste to New York, was 900 miles E. at 12:05 A. M.; due 11th, forenoon. Austro-American Line.

SS Cestrian, Liverpool to New York, was 509 miles E. at 11 A. M. Leyland Line.

SS Lorraine, Havre to New York, was 1,206 miles E. at 1 P. M.; due 12th, forenoon. French Line.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS Philadelphia, New York for Southampton, was 405 miles W. at 4:30 P. M.; due Plymouth 10th, 4:30 P. M. American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Perfection, Port Arthur to New York, was 108 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 243 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry at 7 P. M.

SS Rayo, Baton Rouge to New York, was 359 miles S. of Mississippi Bar at noon.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 150 miles N. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Cherokee, Mobile to New York, was 130 miles N. of Tampa Bar at noon.

SS El Oriente, New Orleans to New York, was 234 miles S. at noon.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 252 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 183 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 252 miles S. at noon.

SS Neommewijne, Port of Spain to New York, was 352 miles S. E. at noon.

SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 455 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz to New York, passed Diamond Shoals at 8 P. M.

SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 65 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Santa Marta, Santa Marta to New York, was 80 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Provence, at Havre, April 8.
SS Crofton Hall, at Talcahuano, April 6.
SS Portuguese Prince, at Rio Janeiro, April 7.
SS St. Cecilia, at Havre, April 8.
SS Verdi, at Manchester, April 8.
SS Wells City, from Bristol, April 9.
SS San Guglielmo, at Naples, April 5.
SS Martha Washington, at Trieste, April 6.
SS President Grant, at Hamburg, April 9.
SS Petroleum, at Rouen, April 7.
SS Mohican, at Stockholm, April 7.
SS Allanton, at Pernambuco, April 8.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Boulogne, April 9.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Queenstown, April 9.
SS Pannonia, from Naples, April 8.
SS Crofton Hall, from Iquique, April 7.
SS Marengo, from Hull, April 8.
SS Tennyson, from Rio Janeiro, April 8.
SS Mesaba, from London, April 9.
SS Gracia, from Port Antonio, April 6.
SS Francis, from Barbados, April 8.
SS Taormina, from Genoa, April 7.
SS Rhein, from Bremen, April 9.
SS Kabinga, from Colombo, April 2.
SS Cedric, from Liverpool, April 9.
SS Caribbean, from Bermuda, April 9.

Passed.

SS Oscar II., New York for Copenhagen, passed Brow Head.

SS Tuletian, New York for Havre, passed Scilly.

SS Missouri, New York for London, passed Scilly.

SS Galileo, New York for Hull, passed Brow Head.

SS Adriatic, New York for Liverpool, passed Fastnet.

Transpacific Mails.

Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Bellerophon.....April 10

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Makura.....April 10

Japan, Korean, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia.....April 11

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—China.....April 13

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Sado Maru.....April 10

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. April 13, SS Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. April 15, SS Kaiser Franz Josef I.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. April 10, SS Kroonland.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. April 11, SS Laconia.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. April 13, SS Ryndam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. April 14, SS Frederik VIII.

Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. April 14, SS Bergensfjord, and at 11:30 A. M. April 14, SS Frederik VIII.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. April 10, SS Koenig Albert.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, March 17; Hongkong, March 19; Shanghai, March 21, and Yokohama, March 27—which arrived per steamer Russia, were dispatched east from Seattle on April 6, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, April 11.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education has approved the combining of the day continuation classes now in session into one general organization to be known as day continuation classes, the sessions to be continued until May 29. Anna H. Wilcox, substitute supervisor, will be assigned to their supervision.

The resignation of Mrs. Mary B. Mansfield, clerk to the local school boards of Districts 19 and 22 and to District Supt. Conroy, has been accepted.

John Kane, janitor-engineer, who has returned to duty from a leave of absence without pay, has been assigned to Public School 23, Queens.

Bernard Suydam has been appointed a member of the Committee on Finance in place of Abraham Flexner.

The site and building of Public School 55, Manhattan, will be turned over to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund with the request that they be sold at public auction, and the Board of Estimate will be asked to authorize a sum equal to that realized from the sale for the acquisition of a site and erection of a building for the Manhattan Trade School for Girls.

The offices in the Board of Education Hall will be closed to-morrow.

Joseph H. Taylor, District Superintendent who has supervision of the Bronx, is a candidate for the office of Associate City Superintendent, made vacant by the recent death of Edward L. Stevens.

The Board of Education has approved the continuance of the assignment to the City Superintendent's office of Mary Reedy, a substitute additional teacher, until July 31.

The amount of corporate stock requested for Public School 176, Brooklyn, has been changed from $20,000 to $14,000.

LONDON — PARIS — BREMEN
Kronprinz Wilhelm
SAILS TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1 A. M.
George Washington
SAILS THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1 A. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie
SAILS TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1 A. M.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Gibraltar Algiers THE MEDITERRANEAN Genoa Naples
*Koenig Albert, April 11 Berlin, April 25
*Via Madeira—Omits Algiers.
The North German Lloyd landed more passengers, First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage, in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 Broadway, N.Y.
The Key to Europe
NDL

LARGEST STEAMER
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
20,904 TONS "CELTIC" ☆ APRIL 18
INTERESTING ITINERARY, INCLUDING MADEIRA
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
WHITE STAR LINE, 9 Broadway, New York

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin Screw Steamship
CAMERONIA
SATURDAY, APRIL 11, NOON.
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Splendid Accommodation—Excellent Service.
SALOON, $75
SECOND CLASS, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
Fast Trip to Naples and Beyond
ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA
Kaiser Franz Joseph I. Apl. 15 May 23 July 4
MARTHA WASHINGTON May 2, June 17, Aug. 8
Other steamers at intermediate dates.
SAILINGS SATURDAYS OR WEDNESDAYS 3 P. M.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Place, N. Y.
EVERY TRIP A TOUR

ARE YOU GOING TO EUROPE
BERMUDA, WEST INDIES, PANAMA?
LOW'S "LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE.
TICKETS & ROOMS ALL STEAMERS.
Attractive Rates. No Charge for our Service.
E. H. LOW, Agt., All Lines
1123 Broadway, New York. Tel.: 1308 Mad. Sq.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS, (FRANCE.) Departures from New York Wednesday, 10 A. M., from Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Lorraine.....Apr. 15 †France (new)..May 6
*La Savoie.......Apr. 22 *La Lorraine...May 13
*La Provence....Apr. 29 *La Provence...May 20
*Twin screw steamers. †Quadruple screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING, 3 P. M.
1 Class Cabin (II.) & 3d Class Pass'rs Only.
*Chicago.......April 11 | *Niagara.......April 18
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State St., N. Y.

FABRE LINES
The Southern Routes to the Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, and Marseilles, and to Algiers, Naples, Nice and Marseilles.
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

PANAMA and West Indies Cruises. New steamers built specially for Tropical Travel. Sailings Wednesdays and Saturdays. Send for booklets. United Fruit Company, 17 Battery Place, N. Y.

SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON
A delightful sail—all sail, no rail. Up the Hudson to Poughkeepsie and return same day. Fast, luxurious, comfortable steamers—no crowding. Music, dancing. Good things to eat. Service a la carte.
ROUND TRIP FARE $1.00.
TIME TABLE
NORTHBOUND.
Leave N. Y. Pier 32, N. R....10:00 A. M.
West 132d St. Pier....10:30 A. M.
Yonkers....11:15 A. M.
Newburgh....1:45 P. M.
Poughkeepsie....2:45 P. M.
Kingston Point....3:45 P. M.
Albany....7:45 P. M.
Due in Troy....8:45 P. M.
SOUTHBOUND.
Leave Troy....8:45 A. M.
Albany....10:00 A. M.
Kingston Point....2:00 P. M.
Poughkeepsie....3:00 P. M.
Newburgh....4:15 P. M.
Yonkers....6:45 P. M.
W. 132d St. Pier....7:30 P. M.
Due N. Y., Pier 32, N. R....8:00 P. M.
HERE IS ANOTHER TRIP
To Albany by day boat, returning by night steamer due in New York Monday morning at 7. Round trip fare $2.50.
You'll enjoy the trip on the famous steamers of the line. Steamer every night at 6, Sunday mornings at 10.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
PHONE, SPRING 9400. FIRST TRIP NEXT SUNDAY.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.
New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M.; Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5131.
The New England Steamship Co.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free. Outside Rooms, $1.00. Wireless Equipment. Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St. 'Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.40 BOSTON $2.40
Worcester, $2.40; Providence direct, $1.50. Outside Two-Berth Staterooms, $1.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, week days, 4 P. M. For Kingston, Tues., Thurs., Sat., 4 P. M. From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. SUNDAYS for NEWBURGH, 9 A. M.

SAUGERTIES BOAT leaves Pier 43, foot of Christopher St., Mons., Weds., & Fridays 6:30 P.M.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

JESCHKE'S
GRAND HOTEL
BAD NAUHEIM
Latest Creations in Modern Hotels. 200 Rooms. 100 Bathrooms.
OPENED SPRING 1912
Only Hotel in Town with Radio-active bath rich in Carbonic acid.

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

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BAD NEUENAHR
(New Cologne, Rhineland, Germany)
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Season all the year.

"IMPERATOR"
APRIL 15, 9 A. M.
and regularly thereafter
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Phone 1900 Rector

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BOSTON SERVICE
London-Paris-Liverpool
Calling at Queenstown-Fishguard
CARMANIA Apr. 28
SPECIAL SPRING TOUR
London and the Continent.
37 days—$373 upwards
Particulars on application.
Other Tours All Steamers
FRANCONIA May 12
LACONIA May 26
FRANCONIA June 9
CARONIA June 16
LACONIA June 23
CARMANIA June 30
FRANCONIA July 7
Sailing from Boston offers the advantages of a shorter sea voyage and attractive rates on these popular and palatial steamers.
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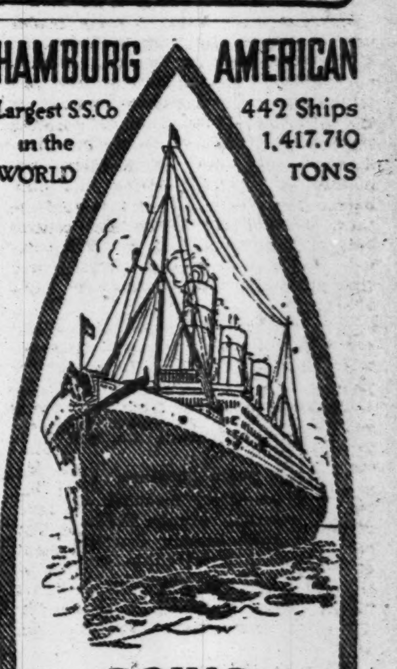
Largest S.S.Co in the WORLD
442 Ships 1,417,710 TONS



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TRAVEL BY
World's Largest Steamships
"IMPERATOR"
(919 feet—52,000 Tons)
April 15, June 27,
May 16, July 18,
June 6, August 12,
and regularly thereafter.
"VATERLAND"
(950 feet—58,000 Tons)
May 26, August 1,
June 16, August 22,
July 7, September 12,
and regularly thereafter.
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
and the
Pres. Lincoln...April 11, 12 noon
Imperator.......April 15, 9 A. M.
Cincinnati......April 18, 1 P. M.
Amerika.........April 23, 9 A. M.
§†Graf Waldersee. April 25, 12 n'n
§Hamburg direct. †Second cabin.
MEDITERRANEAN
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Steamers leave from Br'klyn Piers.
S.S Moltke....April 16. 3 P.M.
*S. S. Hamburg...May 19, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Moltke.....June 2, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Hamburg..June 30, 3 P. M.
*Will not call at Madeira or Algiers.
Special Sailing TO
Barcelona, Patras and Piraeus (Greece)
S. S. Corcovado
APRIL 15th, 11 A. M.
Entire Luxurious Cabin Accommodation,
ONE CLASS (II.)
At Very Moderate Rates
From Pier Foot 33rd St., South Brooklyn
From BOSTON to London, Paris, Hamburg
Cleveland.... April 30, 10 A. M.
Rhaetia.........May 9, 10 A. M.
CRUISE
Around the World
Through the
PANAMA CANAL
From N. Y. JANUARY 31, 1915,
by the S. S. CLEVELAND
135 DAYS { Cost, including shore trips and necessary expenses, $900 and up
In order to secure choice location, rooms should be booked now.
Write for Booklet.
Hamburg-American Line
41-45 B'way, N. Y.
1900 Rector 'Phone
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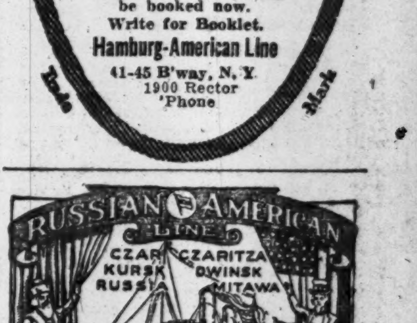
CUNARD
FASTEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.
Liverpool Service
NEXT SAILINGS
LUSITANIA - - - - - April 21 6:00 P. M.
MAURETANIA - - - April 28 6:00 P. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Franconia. Ap. 11, 10 am | Lusitania May 19 6 P. M.
*Campania. Apr. 14, 6 pm | Mauretania May 26 6 P. M.
*Campania. May 5, 6 pm | *Carmania..June 3, 3 pm
*Caronia, May 13, 3 pm
*Calls at Queenstown East Bound.
THE NEW, MAGNIFICENT
"AQUITANIA"
JUNE 10, JULY 1, JULY 22, AUGUST 26.
GREAT BRITAIN'S LARGEST SHIP.
The Embodiment of the Proved Qualities of the "LUSITANIA" and "MAURETANIA"
An improvement upon Contemporaneous Practice in Ship Construction.
MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC SERVICE
Madeira, Gibraltar, Monaco, or Genoa, Naples, Patras, Trieste, Fiume.
Sailings noon. See itinerary.
LACONIA....April 11 | PANNONIA..April 30
SAXONIA....April 21 | IVERNIA.....May 7
Round the World Trips, $474.35 and up. Special through rate to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and South America. Independent tours in Europe, etc. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.
Agents for PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. Frequent sailings for India, China, Japan, Australia. P. & O. cruises NORWEGIAN FJORDS, etc., June 13 and 30, July 17, August 7. Itineraries now ready.
Piers foot West 14th Street, N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, N. Y., opposite Battery.

WHITE STAR PIERS 59 & 60, N.R
"OLYMPIC"
FOR LONDON PARIS APR. 18 1 P. M.
MAY 9—MAY 30—JUNE 20
JULY 11—AUG. 8—AUG. 29
Via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Southampton.
OTHER SAILINGS.
Oceanic..April 11, noon Oceanic.........May 2
*New York. Ap. 24, 10 AM *St. Paul.....May 15
*American Line Steamer Pier 62.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool (noon)
Laurentic.......April 16 Baltic..........May 7
Cedric..........April 23 Adriatic........May 14
N. Y. & Boston—Mediterranean—Italy
Celtic..........April 18 | Canopic.......April 25
American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE, $55 UP.
ST. LOUIS....Apr. 10 | NEW YORK..April 24
ST. PAUL.....Apr. 17 | PHILAD'PHIA..May 1
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St.
Minnewaska. Ap. 11, 10:30 AM | Minnewaska. May 9
Min'apolis. May 2, 10:30 AM | Minnehaha. May 16
Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 21st Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
KROONLAND..Apr. 11 | *LAPLAND...April 25
FINLAND.....Apr. 18 | VADERLAND..May 2
*Lapland calls at Plymouth, omits Dover.
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 B'WAY, N. Y.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
CZAR CZARITZA KURSK DWINSK RUSSIA MITAWA



DWINSK, Apr. 11
RUSSIA, Apr. 21.
1st Cabin to Rotterdam, $60; Libau, $60.
2nd Cabin, to Rotterdam, $40; Libau, $40.
A. E. Johnson & Co., G. P. A., 37 Broadway.

BERMUDA
Authorized by Dept. Bermuda Gov't.
3 Sailings Weekly—
Tickets Interchangeable.
S. S. Bermudian
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22 State St., N. Y. Tel. 2300 Broad.
For Booklets apply to above S. S. Cos. or to Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way & 264 & 553 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av., or any Ticket Agt.
HAMILTON HOTEL
The Leading Hotel. Capacity 600.
Special rates in April.

ANCHOR LINE
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Cameronia. Apr 11, n'n | California. Apr. 25, n'n
Columbia. Apr. 18, noon | Caledonia. May 2, n'n
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing list for 1914 now ready. Apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

BERMUDA
And Return $25 and up,
Including Meals and Stateroom.
Hotel accommodations secured.
OFFICIAL AGENTS ALL LINES.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
FRANK TOURIST CO.
Tel. 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 STATE ST., N. Y.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 1 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.
*Ryndam........April 14 | *Potsdam.........April 28
†Rotterdam......April 21 | †New Amsterdam..May 5
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

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THE SAVANNAH LINE
To resorts in Georgia and all points South.
N. Y. Office, 501 Fifth Av. at 42d St.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina.....April 28 | Caserta.......May 19
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

RAILROADS.

Useful Map of Great Britain FREE.
Also illustrated booklet of tours on the Great Western Railway of England.
T. Katsley, Gen. Agt., 501 5th Ave., New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Automobile Club of America To Erect Big East Side Garage—Syndicate Buys Site for Commercial Building In Harlem—Plans for New Fifth Avenue Dwelling To Cost $150,000.

Negotiations have been closed, it was ascertained yesterday, for the signing of a twenty-one years' lease by the Automobile Club of America for a large plot on the east side just beyond Avenue A. The property to be acquired is between Avenue A and Exterior Street, fronting 125 feet on Seventy-second Street and running through the block with a similar frontage on Seventy-first Street. The depth is 200.4 feet. The Seventy-second Street frontage is about 120 feet west of Exterior Street.

The property is owned by George H. Storm. It will be improved at once with a three-story garage arranged on the ramp plan without elevators, for the accommodation of about 350 cars. The lease was made through the firm of Pease & Elliman.

The acquisition of this plot, which contains ten city lots, marks the culmination of an effort by the Automobile Club of America to establish a large garage on the east side for the benefit of its members who reside in that locality. The garage connected with the main club in Fifty-fourth Street between Broadway and Eighth Avenue has been filled to its capacity for some time and the demand for an east side garage has been due to the necessity for more room as well as to give convenient service to the members residing in that part of the city. The new building in East Seventy-second Street will be purely a garage and will have no club facilities.

Farley Sells Madison Ave. House.

The four-story dwelling at 416 Madison Avenue, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets, which has figured in several deals within the past three years, was sold yesterday by James A. Farley to an investor. The plot has a frontage of 24.5 by 95, located 51 feet north of Forty-eighth Street, on the west side.

It has been held by Mr. Farley at $150,000. In December, 1910, it was sold by J. D. Slayback to the Swan Brown Company. The latter sold it to Charlotte Weatherly early in 1911 and in January, 1912, Mrs. Weatherly sold it to Mr. Farley for about $125,000. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the present deal. Clarence S. Day owns the adjoining houses at 418 and 420 Madison Avenue.

Syndicate Buys Site for Commercial Building in Harlem.

A syndicate of investors has secured title to a plot on East 125th Street, Harlem's most important business thoroughfare, and is reported to be negotiating for additional property as a site for a tall commercial building, with stores.

Last month the property at 10 East 126th Street, consisting of a three-story dwelling on a lot 18.9 by 100, was sold by the Wilson estate, and yesterday the two three-story buildings at 13 and 15 East 125th Street, abutting, were transferred by the Vendome Realty Company to Henry J. Hemmens, who represents the syndicate. Barnett & Co., reputed to have negotiated the transaction, refused to discuss the matter yesterday.

The 125th Street buildings occupy a plot 30 by 99.11, 100 feet just east of Fifth Avenue.

Lorillard Place at Tuxedo Park Sold.

Edward J. Hogan has sold to a client for occupancy, the Lorillard place at Tuxedo Park, N. Y. The property consists of a large stucco house, stable and outbuildings completed about four years ago, and eighteen acres of land. It was held at $200,000. Mrs. Lorillard, who is residing in Europe, was represented by George Griswold, Vice President and Managing Director of the Tuxedo Park Association.

Buyer for West Side Flat.

John R. Davidson has sold for the estate of George Findley 56 West 106th Street, a five-story double flat, on a plot 25 by 100, to William Born.

Long Island.

Edward B. Corey, owner of the Cort Theatre, has sold to Harris Rosenthal his Colonial residence, occupying a plot 150 by 100 on Atlantic Avenue, Far Rockaway. The L. H. May Company and the A. N. Gitterman Corporation were associated as brokers.

The New Suburban Land Company has sold in its development at Rosedale, Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, to Jerome C. Koch, a plot 40 by 100 on Park Avenue, to Alexander Lane, a plot 60 by 100 on Park Boulevard, and to Kenneth Scott, a plot 60 by 100 on Oxford Place.

New Jersey Estate Sold.

The Glimpsewood Manor property of the late Alfred R. Whitney has been transferred to George R. King of New York. Two transfers have been recorded. The first is from the executors of Mr. Whitney, Livingston and Alfred R. Whitney, Jr., and the Morristown Trust Company to Frank Whitney of Savannah and H. Le Roy Whitney of this place. A large tract on Sussex Avenue on the road to Watnong Station of the New Jersey & Pennsylvania Railroad is also included. The consideration named is $77,840.75. In further settling the estate Frank and H. Le Roy Whitney transferred a tract of about forty acres to Mr. King, the consideration not being mentioned. Mr. King gave a purchase money mortgage for $45,000 to the grantors.

Westchester County.

Charles S. Faulkner has sold for The Oakland Beach Realty Company, at Rye, two and one-half lots on Halsted Place making a plot 175 by 150 feet to a New York client, also for James D. Foot to James D. Burke about two acres on Highland Road near Apawamis Golf Club on which the buyer will erect a residence.

A Recent Buyer.

Fernando Wood is the buyer of the plot on the west side of the proposed Riverside Drive extension between 162d and 163d Streets, sold recently by the Chelsea Exchange Bank. Mr. Wood owns adjoining property which now comprises about fifty-four lots, the bulk of which was bought about seven years ago from the Interboro Rapid Transit Company.

The Interborough Takes Title.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company has acquired title from August Belmont and others, as trustee of creditors of the New York & Long Island Railroad Company, to a plot on East Forty-second Street which was used in connection with the building of the Steinway tube.

The property consists of a plot, 41.8 by 98.9, on the south side of the street, located 100 feet west of Third Avenue.

New Fifth Avenue Dwelling to Cost $150,000.

Plans were filed yesterday by the Phillips Realty Company, of which John J. O'Leary is President, for a five-story marble dwelling to be erected on the south corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventieth Street, opposite the site of the old Lenox Library.

The structure will have a frontage of 33.5 feet on the avenue and 150 feet on the street. Its cost is estimated at $150,000 by the architect, Thomas Hastings.

Big Decrease in Building.

Building operations in Manhattan have fallen off almost 50 per cent. as compared with March of 1913, and are behind over $2,000,000 for the first three months of the year, according to report issued by Rudolph P. Miller, Superintendent of the Manhattan Building Bureau yesterday. The report shows that there were plans filed for forty-four new buildings, costing a total of $6,168,[illegible] last month, as compared with seventy-eight costing a total of $8,412,090 the same month last year.

The report for the first quarter of this year shows that plans were filed for 114 new buildings costing a total of $11,446,490, as against 166 costing a total of $20,835,115 the same period last year.

Every class of construction shows a falling off for that period as compared with the same quarter of last year.

Statistical reports follow:

MARCH, 1914.	Cost.	MARCH, 1913.	Cost.
1 dwell'g hse.	$350,000	3 dwellings...	$120,000
14 tenements.	1,220,000	13 tenements.	1,546,000
8 sts. & lofts.	2,058,000	1 hotel	120,000
2 offices	1,830,000	7 sts. & lofts.	703,000
4 factories....	44,000	2 offices	1,600,000
1 school	50,000	4 factories ..	2,225,000
1 church.....	200,000	2 hospitals ..	230,000
1 munic. bldg.	70,000	2 municipal buildings ..	82,000
5 amusement buildings ..	322,500	16 amusement buildings ..	1,347,500
2 stables, &c.	16,000	9 stables, &c..	418,500
5 other bldgs.	8,075	19 other bldgs	20,000

Receivers Appointed.

Justice Weeks of the Supreme Court has appointed Benjamin A. Kieley receiver of the property 306 West Twenty-second Street, pending a suit brought by Samuel P. White, Jr., to foreclose a mortgage of $14,500.

Justice Weeks has appointed John J. Collins receiver of the rents of 93 Clinton Street, pending a suit brought by Sidney Wallach, executor, to foreclose a mortgage of $9,000.

Commercial Leases.

Pease & Elliman have leased to the Standard Lunch Company, Max Auster, President, for a long term of years, in the Langdon Building, the stores 95-97 Duane Street. The premises will be extensively altered and ready for occupancy June 1. Horace S. Ely & Co. were associated as brokers.

Unger & Watson, Inc., have leased the store and basement at 863 Third Avenue for the estate of Hieronimus Herold to Charles A. Hasbrouck for a term of five years.

Realty Notes.

Arrangements have been completed for the first annual banquet of the Upper Manhattan Property Owners' Association to be held on Thursday evening, April 30, at the Arrowhead Inn, Fort Washington Avenue and 177th Street. The association was formed about a year ago and has been active in furthering the interests of property owners in upper Washington Heights.

T. J. S. Flint was the broker in the sale of "Driftwood," the former home of Henry Siegel, at Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, N. Y., sold to Nathan Straus, Jr.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Quarry Road, 2,010, e s, 201.3 ft s of Oak Tree Place, 29.8x95.7x26.3x87.8, two-story dwelling; J. H. Carpenter and others, executors, against W. G. Mulligan and others; Butler, B., W. & C., attorneys; P. H. Gregory, referee; due, $4,564.01; taxes, &c., $461.40; to the plaintiff for $4,650.

Arthur Av, 1,836, e s, 134.11 ft s of 176th St, 17.8x100, three-story tenement; J. H. Carpenter and others, executors, against William G. Mulligan and others; Butler, B., W. & C., attorneys; P. H. Gregory, referee; due, $9,845.65; taxes, &c., $518.37; to the plaintiff for $8,500.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Wooster St, 179 to 183, w s, 100 ft s of Bleecker St, 74.8x100x75.4x100, seven-story loft and store building; Guaranty Trust Co. against Sol Brooks and others; Jerome, R. & K., attorneys; C. J. Leslie, referee; due, $16,953.75; taxes, &c., $2,800; subject to prior mortgage of $115,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

240th St, East, n s, 175 ft e of Martha Av, 50x82.8, vacant; George Brown & Co. against J. C. Vreeland Building Co. and others; Action 1; Dilworth & W., attorneys; R. F. Wagner, referee; due, $3,763.05; taxes, &c., $101.82.

234th St, East, n s, 460 ft e of Katonah Av, 50x100, vacant; George Brown & Co. against J. C. Vreeland Building Co. and others; Action 2; Dilworth & W., attorneys; R. F. Wagner, referee; due, $3,763.05; taxes, &c., $87.36.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Mapes Av, 2,055, w s, 128.10 ft n of 179th St, 22x145.2, two-story dwelling; Paul Gotthell against Reinhold Witthaus and others; Kendall & H., attorneys; A. E. Baxter, referee; due, $4,370; taxes, &c., $130.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

135th St, n s, 25 ft w of Rider Av, for a one-story brick office, 15x20; William J. Toumey, 321 East 140th St, owner; Albert E. Davis, 258 East 138th St, architect; cost $100

Seneca Av, n s, from Hunt's Point Av to Irvine St, for an open-air theatre, 121.3x114.7; Economy Real Property Co., Charles G. Phillips, President, 231 West 39th St, owner; Herbert M. Bear, 665 5th Av, architect; cost $10,000

Williamsbridge Road, w s, 300 ft s of Morris Park Av, for a one-story frame hall and restaurant, 49.6x64; Pearsall, Humphrey & Bergman, 62 Riverside Drive, owners; S. L. Waller, 154 Nassau St, architect; cost, $3,500

Nelson Av, e s, 410 ft n of 174th St, for a one-story frame store and office, 18x32; Eugene Stratton, 94 Brandt Place, owner; J. J. Vreeland, 820 Burnside Av, architect; cost $800

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Division St, 62 to 68, and Bayard St, 1 to 7, to a six-story tenement and store; E. S. Pease, 61 West 74th St, owner; M. Muller, 115 Nassau St, architect; cost....$6,000

Chambers St, 196 and 198, to a five-story store and loft; D. Miller, 150 West 59th St, owner; F. P. Platt, 1,123 Broadway, architect; cost $8,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, APRIL 9.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 107th St, runs e 99.1 x n 100.11 x w 25 x s 25.2 x w 103.3 to Broadway x s 81.1 to beginning; Jennie C. Molloy to George Rosenfeld, 243 North Maple Av, Greenwich, Conn., (mtg $200,000,) April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 148th St, 24.11x100; Theresa Lemmon to Joseph E. Marx, 790 Riverside Drive, all liens, Jan. 27; address, Joseph E. Marx, 3,609 Broadway $100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 730, e s, 30.4x100; Mary F. Martin to Frank L. Marshall, 191 Edgecombe Av, April 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

1ST AV, 2,264, e s, 20x74; Alfonso Amalone and others to Rubin Bruck, 2,260 1st Av, (mtg $9,500,) April 8; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway $1

3D AV, 474 and 476, w s, 49.4x100; Max J. Kramer and others to Yatty Kramer, (recorded from Nov. 13, 1908,) Oct. 28, 1908; address Max J. Kramer, 35 Nassau St....$1

9TH AV, 108, n e corner of 17th St, (363 West,) 26.4x100; Patrick Donnelly to Daniel Meenan, 35 West 88th St, (mtg $48,000,) April 7; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $1

20TH ST, 11 West, 28.6x92; Canebrake Realty Co. to Lillie J. Earle, 2,345 Broadway, April 4, (mtg $105,000;) attorney, William A. Hayes, 1 Madison Av....$100

42D ST, s s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 41.8x98.9; August Belmont and others, as trustees for creditors, &c., of N. Y. & L. I. R. R. Co., to Interborough Rapid Transit Co., 165 Broadway, July 24, 1913; attorney, J. L. Quackenbush, 165 Broadway....$1

45TH ST, 422 West, 25x100.4; George H. Engelhard, referee, to Jesse J. Culling, 1,208 Brook Av, April 9; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $20,700

97TH ST, n s, 385 ft w of Central Park West, 17x100.11; Ensign Realty Co. to B. W. R. Realties, Inc., 61 Park Row, April 9, (mtg $11,000;) attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row $100

100TH ST, 226 East, s s, 25x100.7; Mary Foley to Martha Windman, 1,473 Madison Av, ½ part, (mtg $17,300,) B. & S., all liens, April 8; J. Windman, 89 Delancey St..$100

101ST ST, s s, 50 ft w of 1st Av, 50x63.11; Charles Ullmo to Achille Ginsbourger, 85 Macy Place, (mtg $32,500,) April 8; attorney, I. Hershfield, 99 Nassau St....$100

103D ST, n s, 75 ft w of Manhattan Av, 30x100.11, (mtg $28,000;) 123d St, 175 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.11, (mtg $62,000;) Magdalena Briner to Mabel and Florence A. Briner, 452 West 145th St, April 9; attorney, Albert Zimmermann, 206 Broadway.Gift

112TH ST, 109 West, n s, 25x100.11; Joseph Keen to Samuel and Fannie Schwartz, 27 West 111th St, tenants by entirety, (mtg $14,000,) April 9; attorney, Benjamin Swartz, 192 Broadway....$100

119TH ST, 63 West, n s; George H. Hogeman and another, executors of Sarah Hamill, to Eliza Hogeman, at East Orange, N. J., April 7; attorney, George H. Hogeman, 60 Broadway....$1

119TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 17x100.11; Fortunato D'Onofrio to Lucia D'Onofrio, 158 West 119th St, April 8; address, party of the first part, 158 West 119th St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lucia D'Onofrio to F. D'Onofrio, Inc., 158 West 119th St....$1

124TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x100.11, (foreclosure April 7;) Charles P. Sanford, referee, to Isaac and Joseph Breakstone, 62 West 124th St, April 9; attorney, Abr. Breakstone, 299 Broadway....$62,250

124TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, (foreclosure April 7;) same to same, April 9; attorney, same....$31,250

126TH ST, 10 East, 18.9x99.11; Caroline A. Wilson to Hy J. Heunnens, 465 West End Av, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

127TH ST, 145 and 147 West, n s, 50x99.11; Intercity Land and Securities Co. to Lord Robert Realty Co., 160 Broadway, (mtg $72,500,) all liens, March 27; attorney, J. F. Benaim, 160 Broadway....$100

130TH ST, 260 West, s s, 16x99.11; German Exchange Bank to Aaron S. Ratkowsky, 34 East Broadway, (mtg $10,000,) quitclaim, all liens, April 4; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$1

130TH ST, 260 West, same property; Aaron S. Ratkowsky to Charles G. Moller, 290 Madison Av, and John Moller, 44 East 72d St, trustees of Peter Moller, all liens; attorneys, same....$1

133D ST, 159 West, 25x99.11; Fortunato D'Onofrio to F. D'Onofrio, Inc., 158 West 119th St, April 8....$1

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, 2,592, e s, 19.6x77.9; Lorraine Holding Co. to Michel Robin, 475 7th Av, (mtg $8,000,) April 7; attorneys, Chrystie, W. & B., 115 Broadway....$1

BROMWOOD AV, n s, Lot 96, map of Thompson-Rose estate; William A. Dawson and others to Louis L. G. Benedict, 42 East 28th St, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BROOK AV, 1,514, e s, 25x100.11; Barnet Jaffe to Gracie Blatt, 19 East 113th St, (mtg $15,000,) April 4....$100

CRESTON AV, s e cor of 184th St, 96x95; 184th St, s s, 100 ft e of Creston Av, 25x96; James T. P. Ryan to Marie E. Ryan, his wife, 2,386 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, (mtg $4,000,) March 14; attorney, B. J. Isecke, 203 Broadway....$100

DE KALB AV, w s, 175 ft n of 208th St, 25x100; Elbert H. Dickinson to D. Edmund Dealy, New Rochelle, N. Y., April 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,132

FOX ST, e s, 273.2 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; M. Davis & Son, Inc., to Max Building Co., 1,062 Morris Av, (mtg $9,800,) April 1; attorney, Max Cohen, 1,062 Morris Av...$100

FOX ST, s e cor Barretts St, 52x105; Tiffany St, e s, 78 ft n of 163d St, 47x106.7; Hannah Cohen to S. O. Construction Co., Inc., 574 St. Nicholas Av, (correction deed,) April 8; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$100

GIFFORD AV, n s, 155.8 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100; Bernard Rabbino, referee, to Charles P. Hallock, 2,070 Honeywell Av, March 31; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St. $3,500

GIFFORD AV, n s, 180.8 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100; Ernest M. Garbe, referee, to same, April 8; attorney, same....$3,500

LOTS 387 and 388, map of portion of Hunt estate; Joseph P. McIntee to Julia L. McIntee, 1,656 Wallace Av, April 2; attorney, Charles F. Kelley, 203 Broadway....$1

MERRIAM AV, w s, 90.9 ft s of 70th St, 35x100; William J. Smith to Charles J. Smith, 1,314 2d Av, Feb. 5....$100

PELHAM ROAD, s s, at corner of land of the late Henry Nolb, 38x140; Herman Menaker to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SEDGWICK AV, s w corner of 182d St, 85.1x113.6x75x153; Elisha H. Janes to Ira R. Janes, 2,205 Sedgwick Av, Nov. 25, 1913; attorneys, Christie, W. & B., 115 Broadway....$1

ST. LAWRENCE AV, n e corner of Gleason Av, 25x100; Jacob Cohen to Benjamin Fromowitz, 1,208 St. Lawrence Av, (mtg $8,500,) April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TIBBETT AV, e s, at n s of land of Augustus Van Cortlandt, 586.5x irregular; City of New York to Delafield Estate, 27 Cedar St, March 20; attorney, J. R. Delafield, 27 Cedar St....$1

TIFFANY ST, 948, e s, 47x106.7; S. O. Construction Co., Inc., to Tiffany Holding Co., Inc., 979 East 163d St, (mtg $44,562.50,) April 9; Attorney, Leon. S. Kaiser, 320 Broadway....$100

WALTON AV, e s, 349.11 ft n of 150th St, 50x irregular; Frederick S. Pinkus to Frederick B. and Walter D. Pinkus, 70 East 56th St, March 5; attorneys, Miller & H., 20 Nassau St....$1

WEBSTER AV, e s, 342.10 ft n of 236th St, 150.11x irregular; Don P. Fullam to Bronx Parkway Commission, 22 Pine St, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$15,069

5TH ST, s s, 305 ft e of Avenue D, 50x216 to 4th St, Unionport; Oscar W. Brown and others to Julia McLaughlin, 948 Kelly St, March 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 386 and 388, n s; Edward J. Russell to American Co-operative Savings and Loan Association, 147 East 125th St, April 8, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. S. Cohen, 302 Broadway....$1,000

MONTGOMERY ST, 27, e s, 19.6x75; Levy Sobol to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, April 9, 3 years; attorney, W. C. Orr, 51 Chambers St....$8,500

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 730, e s, 30.4x100; Frank L. Marshall to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., due and interest as per bond. $1,000

3D ST, 238 and 240 East, 49.6x105.11; Interborough Theatrical Co. to Morris Haupt, 437 East 5th St, April 8, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$4,000

10TH AV, 100x102, e s, 39.8x100; Michael McGuire and another to Baron de Hirsch Fund Corporation, 80 Maiden Lane, April 6, 5 years; attorneys, Elkus, G. & P., 170 Broadway....$28,000

45TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.4; Jesse J. Culling to William Crawford, Monroe, N. Y., April 9, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$17,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, April 9, prior mtg $17,000, due as per bond; attorneys, same....$1,500

47TH ST, 15 East, n s, 25x100.5; Amos R. E. Pinchot to Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, 34 Nassau St, due as per bond, April 9....$100,000

59TH ST, 230 East, 18x100.5; Minnie Seligman to Edward J. Levine and another, executors, New Rochelle, N. Y., April 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$16,000

124TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Lenox Av, 75x100.11; Isaac Breakstone and another to Irving Savings Institution, 115 Chambers St, April 9; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway....$90,000

133D ST, 69 West, 25x99.11; Emma Wheeler to Philip M. Thorne, 85 Pulaski St, Brooklyn, April 6, prior mtg $16,250, installments, 6 p. c....$700

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, n e corner of 135th St, 20x81.6; A. Hupfel Sons to J. A. McEveety 1,966 Valentine Av, April 9, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$9,000

CLINTON AV, s e corner of Oakland Place, 50x100; Oakland Place Building Co., Inc., to Israel Karp, 16 East 103d St, prior mtg $38,000, April 8, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St....$5,000

COURTLANDT AV, e s, 51.6 ft n of 160th St, 50x92; James Whealen and others to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, April 8, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$700

SAME PROPERTY; same to Morris M. Sinske, 108 West 142d St, prior mtg $7,000, April 8, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway. $1,000

DE KALB AV, w s, 175 ft n of 208th St, 25x100; D. Edmund Deale to Elbert H. Dickinson, Rindge, N. Y., April 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; Title Guarantee Co....$679

KELLY ST, w s, 36.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; also Kelly St, w s, 86.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; also Kelly St, w s, 136.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; Jackson Construction Co. to Citizens Trust Co. of Utica, N. Y., April 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$12,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, April 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, same.. ....$12,000

PELHAM ROAD, s s, at corner land of Henry Noeb, 38x140; American Real Estate Co. to Herman Menaker, 428 East 157th St, April 9, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$4,750

ST. LAWRENCE AV, n e corner of Gleason Av, 25x100; Benjamin Fromowitz to Jacob Cohen, 2,147 Honeywell Av, prior mtg $8,500, April 8, due Jan. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,500

TOPPING AV, w s, 345 ft n of 174th St, 25x95; Barbara Widder to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 1, due, &c, as per bond....$3,500

WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 189th St, 30.3x irregular; Glengariff Construction Co. to Realty Operating Co., 15 Wall St, prior mtg $117,000, April 8, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$6,000

WASHINGTON AV, 1,239, w s, 26.6x140.2; Absar Realty Co. to Germania Fire Insurance Co., 62 William St, April 9, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$4,750

239TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100; Edith M. C. Weissman to Louis Eickwort, 29 Fletcher Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., prior mtg $3,000, March 2, due March 2, 1925, 6 p. c....$2,200

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

HOUSTON ST, n w corner of Goerck St, store; Wolf Lipman to Harry Reinstein, 191 Goerck St, 3 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, Nathan S. Zucker, 38 Park Row..$780.

RIVINGTON ST, 241 and 243, e basement and store floor; Simon Shnitzer and another to Max Markowitz, 241 Rivington St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, I. Gruenstein, 116 Nassau St....$660

ROOSEVELT ST, 90 and 92 n basement store; Samuel Miroslawsky and others to Andrew Bunchristiam, 295 St. Nicholas Av, Brooklyn, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, John Loiito, 302 Broadway....$240

STANTON ST, 87, 2 stores and basement; Esther Levy to Abraham Pollack, 280 East 10th St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av....$3,300

8TH AV, 2,498, store floor and part of cellar; Henry F. Ludeking to Robert Bellingham, 2,498 8th Av, 4½ years from Nov. 1, 1912. ....$1,440

49TH ST, 121 West, all; Helen Svenson to Mrs. W. H. Hollister, 121 West 49th St, 3 years and 1½ months from March 15, 1914....$2,200

76TH ST, 438 East, all; Sarah Bauer to Geoffrey Ashwin, 526 East 80th St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Abraham Wolff, 1,102 Lexington Av....$900

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 2,131, store; Land Realty Co. to Benzion H. Goldenthal, 71 East 116th St, 10 years from Feb. 28, 1914; attorney, B. H. Goldenthal, 2,131 Boston Road. ....$600 to $1,200

3D AV, 3,825, store, &c; Henry Fallerius to Arthur Newman, 510 Claremont Parkway, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, A. Newman, 510 Claremont Parkway....$1,500

161ST ST, 764 East, s s, 48.6x101.2, all; Erich W. Turman to Pincus Polonsky, 1,460 Wilkins Av, 5 years from April 1, 1914; attorney, P. Polonsky, 1,460 Wilkins Av....$3,530

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,195 to 1,203, and 29th St, 30 West; Vogel Cabinet Co. against Lucy Gilsey, owner; Princess Realty Co., lessee and contractor, (renewal)....$1,400

LEROY ST, 19; Michele Dresoia against Margarita Campiglia, owner and contractor. $3,950

WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, 82 and 84; Morris Rothbard and others against Rosie Levy, owner; Fread Contracting Co., contractor....$70

8TH AV, 2,285; Edward Segal against Edward Bach and Isaac Greenthal, owners; Michel & Sobel, contractors....$225

46TH ST, 46 West; Kawneer Manufacturing Co. against Arthur Brisbane, owner; Anton Strand, contractor....$250

59TH ST, 36 and 38 West; D. E. Weeks & Son against Norman L. Munro estate, owner, (renewal)....$100,089

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner, 148th St; Bedford Plumbing Co. against Rembrandt Realty Co. and others, March 26, 1913..$750

2D AV, 241; Rubin Solove against Mary S. Towle and others, Aug. 30, 1913....$153

2D AV, 2,032; Alois Standt against Ida Leventhal and others, March 24, 1914..$163

118TH ST, 216 East; Herman Schapierer against Jacob Lowenthal and others, Feb. 19, 1914....$180

Bronx.

GARRISON AV, 1,390; Frank Wennemer against McConnell Coal and Ice Co. and others, April 3, 1914....$1,368

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

100TH ST, 209 East; Adolph Loewe against David Lite, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, M. D. Moss.

77TH ST, 216 East; Bertha B. B. Walker against Julius Hochdorf et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. Keck.

69TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.5; Union Theological Seminary in the City of New York against J. Harper Poor et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

4TH AV, n e corner 123d St, 100.11x35; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Geo. W. Rogers et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

130TH ST, s s, between Wales and Tenton Av, lot 13; Philip Paff against Peter Albecker et al., (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, F. X. Kelly.

77TH ST, 103 West; Paul Baumgarten against J. Henry Dutting et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Elfers & Abberley.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 497 to 501; Samuel Melvin against Otto Lorence et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Engel Bros.

39TH ST, 56 West; Chas. B. Freeman against Alice B. Scott et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. W. Freeman.

122D ST, 407 East; Martin Boylston et al. against Edw. A. Boylston et al., (partition;) attorney, B. W. Moore.

137TH ST, 616 West; Sigmund Ashner against Louvre Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer.

Bronx.

261ST ST, s w corner of Tyndell Av, 37.6x100; Frances H. Leavitt against Forster Property Builders et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hunt, H. & B.

179TH ST, East, n s, 1,251 ft w of Mapes Av, 20.6x62.6; Katherine A. McMahon against Katherine A. McMahon et al., (partition suit;) attorney, A. Vogel.

LOT NO. 37, map of Olinville; Eva K. Muller against Pasqualina Belotta et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Davis.

LOT NO. 52, Block 2,974, Section 11; The Rudolph Wallach Co. against Robert J. Rooney et al., (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weyman.

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Extra large rooms, ample closets,
$2,600 & $3,400
to lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged,
Apply Superintendent, on premises,
or BING & BING, 505 5th Av.

THE GOVERNOR,
67 West 12th Street,
Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
6 ROOM APARTMENT....$50
All improvements. Apply to janitor.

BRADFORD ANNEX,

843-5 West End Av., near 101st St., one block from Riverside Drive. 7 rooms and bath; rents reasonable. SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 West 72d St.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

THE RODNA,
COR. 123D ST. AND MORNINGSIDE AV.

4, 7 rooms and bath, overlooking Morningside Park; quiet, refined private house neighborhood; convenient to surface and "L" roads; elevator.

Rents $480 to $840.
PORTER & CO., 159 WEST 125TH ST.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside, light and air. See janitor.

BRONX.

900 SUMMIT AVE.,

corner West 161st St. About six minutes' walk from 155th St. Elevated.

Rare chance for 5 and 6 large, light rooms, facing McComb's Dam Park and Harlem River; 200 feet from coming new "L" station; modern improvements; telephone, electric light, latest new electric fixtures; rents $30 to $37. Cowles, Superintendent.

NEW JERSEY.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.
HADDON HALL.

ONE APARTMENT TO LET FROM MAY 1; 7 rooms and bath, high class, elevator; 5 minutes Lackawanna station. Booklet upon request. Superintendent on premises, or your broker.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

4 AND 6 ROOMS
FURNISHED COMPLETE.
Fireproof high-class elevator building, near Columbia College and St. John's Cathedral. Inquire at office.
507 WEST 113TH STREET.

The Sevillia
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Very Desirable Furnished Apartment, 2 rooms and bath.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

104 WEST 41ST ST.

Three-story and basement brownstone Dwelling, size 16'8"x40.x98'9". Ten rooms and bath; possession May 1. RENT ONLY $1,200. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

ELBERON, N. J.

Choice furnished cottages for rent in Elberon, South Elberon and Deal.

J. A. STRATTON, Opp. Station, Elberon, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES TO LET

COLUMBIA BUILDING
29 Broadway, corner Morris St.
Fronting on Three Streets.
Attractive Small Offices and Suites.
No Dark Rooms. River Outlook.
RENTS, $180. UP.

The West St. Building
90 West St.
Cor. Albany & Cedar Sts.
A 23-Story Building Overlooking the River.
Offices, single or in suites.
All outside light. Also small store.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN BUILDING
45 Broadway
Choice offices and suites.

CHATHAM & PHENIX NAT'L BANK BLDG.
192 Broadway, corner John St.
At Attractive Rentals.
Desirable suites and single offices.

UNION TRUST COMPANY BUILDING
80 Broadway 3-7 New St.
New St. entrance opposite Stock Exchange.

DUN BUILDING
290 Broadway
N. E. Cor. Reade St.
A few choice single offices and suites.
Attractive Rentals.

MANHATTAN LIFE BUILDING
64-70 Broadway 15-19 New St.
Opposite Stock Exchange
Large Banking Office on Ground Floor. Subway entrance in basement.

TOWNSEND BUILDING
1123 Broadway, corner 25th St.
Overlooking Madison Square
Offices
Single or in suites.

Cruikshank Company
141 Broadway

Yale & Towne Building
9 EAST 40TH STREET
HEART OF FIFTH AVENUE SECTION

To Lease:
2d Floor, Containing 4000 Sq. Feet

New building
Strictly fireproof
Low insurance rate
Enclosed Fire Tower
Every modern convenience
Perfect Ventilating System
Hot and cold running water
Sprinkler System throughout
3 high speed Electric Elevators
5 Minutes from Grand Central Station
Refrigerating plant for drinking water
Convenient, Subway, Elevated and proposed McAdoo Tunnel Stations

YALE

Apply on Premises
The Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.
Makers of Yale Locks and Hardware

FOR RENT
IN THE ENLARGED FIVE STORY
SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
250 Fifth Avenue-corner 28th street
TO DESIRABLE TENANTS
FOR OFFICE PURPOSES ONLY
TWO FLOORS
EACH HAVING OVER FOUR THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OF FLOOR SPACE
Apply to GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Agents,
1133 Broadway, at 26th Street. Madison Square 3434.

FOR RENT
225-227 EAST 36TH ST.
Between 2nd and 3rd Aves.
5-Story and Basement
Factory or Warehouse
6,500 Sq. Feet Per Floor,
Containing 39,000 Sq. Ft. in all.
Windows on four sides.
Large freight elevator, steam heat, &c.
Immediate possession;
Might divide.
Formerly occupied by the Aeolian Co.
Brokers Protected.
GEO. R. READ & CO.,
3 EAST 35TH ST.
(12228) 20 NASSAU ST.

In the New Heart of New York
Stores and offices now ready for lease in the
LONG BEACH BUILDING
Entire block frontage from 42d Street to 43d Street on Lexington Avenue, right at the new Lexington Avenue entrance of the
GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT
Subway express station; also elevated and surface lines. Commanding and time-saving location. Newest type elevators, fine equipment and high-class service.
THE LOWEST RENTS
in the vicinity.
Renting Office on Premises or your own broker.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high, 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

FINE OFFICES
For rent in the
Park Row Building
Opposite Post Office. Facing B'way
Abundant light and air, 9 new elevators being installed, vacuum cleaners; 7 uptown surface lines pass the door; near 3 "L" lines, Subway, Brooklyn Bridge, Hudson Tunnels, Jersey Ferries.
For further information inquire on premises or at our office,
14 Wall Street

PARK ROW BUILDING
AGENT
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.

TO LEASE
At 630 5th Ave.
Store and Basement
Also 4th Floor
28.8 x 131
Apply to your own Broker

OUTSIDE OFFICE.
4 windows, 600 sq. ft., $660.
Subway entrance, 36 East 23d St.
Modern fireproof building, two elevators.
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT,
Mad. Sq. 3434. 1133 Broadway.

OUTSIDE OFFICE $20
N. E. COR. CEDAR & WEST STS.
Elevator. Steam Heat. Janitor.
Apply on premises, or
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT,
Mad. Sq. 3434. 1,133 Broadway.

LIGHT LOFTS Printers and m'f'rs. 50x90, 70x90, 50x150; reasonable rents. Brokers or office, E. W. BLISS BLDGS., 312 E. 23d St. **ELECTRIC POWER**

No. 47 Warren St.
Store and Basement
APPLY AT 137 FULTON ST.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

West Side.

A VERY BEAUTIFUL HOME FOR SALE,
in block restricted to private dwellings,
431 WEST 147TH ST.
Three-story and basement, two baths,
butler's pantry extension.
PRICE $21,000.
JAMES KYLE & SONS, LEX. AV. & 58TH ST.

Private residence for sale, 664 West End Av. Thomas Read, 2 Wall St.

East Side.

EXECUTOR SALE—HOUSE BUILT FOR TWO FAMILIES, 235 East 62d St. R. M. DE LEEUW & CO., 15 Broad St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

Modern BISHOP house, three story, no basement, Indiana limestone front; many additional features have been added by the owner for comfort and attractiveness; the house contains 11 rooms, three baths, hot-water heater, parquet floors throughout, electric light; numerous base outlets, Pittsburgh water heater, six gas logs; all ceilings, walls, parquet floors, &c., in excellent condition; owner forced to leave Brooklyn. Inquire Frank Lane, 492 Flatbush Avenue. Telephone Flatbush 1883. Open every day.

Ideal all-year-round home; detached; ten rooms; two baths; sun parlor; large porch; ground 82½x100, or will sell house on 40x100. Hot water heat; gas and electric light; instantaneous hot water heater; porch and house screens; awnings, &c. One of best locations in beautiful Fiske Terrace; price, $17,500; mortgage, $9,000 at 5%; terms arranged. 860 E. 17th St., near Avenue H, station of Brighton Beach elevated. Phone 2773 Flatbush.

$6,500.
EASY TERMS.
Near Beverly Road; 8 rooms; parquet floors; detached; newly decorated; immediate possession; worth considerably more. EXECUTORS, 150 Nassau St., Manhattan, Room 1,808. Tel. 3324 Beekman.

Builders' Attention.
Lots and plots in Flatbush for sale for high-grade aaprtment houses, with building loan. Apply 26 Court St, Rm. 85. Phone 6520 Main.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Staten Island waterfront properties and acreage at bargain prices. B. Williams, Tottenville, N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon—Owner will sacrifice beautiful 10-room house; restricted residential section; 3 minutes from railroad station; $8,000; easy terms. A 20 Times.

White Plains.

For Sale—Three choice lots at reasonable prices, located at Battle Hill Park, White Plains, N. Y. Andrew F. Leddy, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Fine opportunity, modern mansion, grounds and garage, richly furnished or unfurnished, valuable location, 25 miles out famous Merrick Road; corner; house contains 12 rooms, 2 bathrooms, expensive decorations, extra improvements, steam heat, gas, spacious verandas on all sides; 135 feet on Merrick Road, 200 feet deep; beautiful lawns, trees, and plants; double tennis courts adjoining; owner going abroad will sacrifice. A. B. McCord, Bellmore, L. I. 'Phone 118 Wantagh.

House ready for occupancy, furnished, 295 feet shore front, private beach rights; on the north shore of Long Island; house consists of 10 rooms, 3 baths, 5 open fire places; large porches; on plot of 2½ acres. For further particulars or appointment to see property, apply
JULIAN S. DILLON,
Room 59, 11 Wall St.

Young lady, not in position to continue payments on very handsome bungalow, consisting of living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, and bath; electric light, telephone; open fireplace; also furnace heat; on large plot of ground; 3 minutes from bathing and boating; near trolley and depot; price $2,700; will take $150 down, $15 a month. Address Mrs. Dayton, 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

CHOICE LOTS CAN BE BOUGHT ON EASY AND LIBERAL TERMS OVERLOOKING THE SOUND, 26 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK; HIGHLY RESTRICTED SECTION; GOOD IMPROVEMENTS AND TRANSPORTATION; A VISIT NOW WILL ASSURE A SELECT LOCATION FOR A HOME SITE. ADDRESS A 21 TIMES.

BUNGALOW $300
cash; balance like rent; substantial, attractive, all conveniences and improvements, 33 minutes Penn. or Flatbush station, near station, no broker. Emerson, 1,129, 200 5th Av., New York.

A choice Northport tract of 24 acres, cleared, level, good soil, beautiful views of Sound, long frontage on two highways, within one mile to shore and trolley, $400 per acre; exceptional terms. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.—THE FARM PROPERTY FORmerly known as the "Hampton Farm" is hereby offered for sale by the undersigned as Assignee of Alessandro Bolognesi and Aldo Bolognesi. The propery consists of about 185 acres and is situated 2½ miles south of the village of Highland, N. Y. The sale will include all buildings erected on the premises, all farming implements, carriages, wagons, horses and other livestock. The premises are subject to a mortgage of $10,000 and to dower right of Benilde Bolognesi, if any.

Sealed bids, accompanied by 10% of the amount of the bid, must be submited at the office of the undersigned on or before noon of April 13th, 1914.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids. FRANCIS GILBERT,
Assignee.
43 Exchange Place, New York City.

Bargain to Close Estate.—Ideal mountain property of 1,000 acres; in addition to owner's 14-room house and outbuildings there is a small farm and farmhouse; valuable timber; fishing and hunting; also have small cottage, rent unfurnished or furnished, $200 season. James Cruickshank Estate, Big Indian, Ulster County, N. Y.

FARM FOR SALE.
$900 cash down buys farm of 20 acres, near Lockport, Niagara County, N. Y.; house, barn, some fruit; good, productive farming land; good poultry place; this place will produce an income of from $1,200 to $1,500 a year; price $2,900. For further particulars address W. J. Mullett, Lockport, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In Ideal Ridgewood, N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodeled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good size garden ground, fruit and shade trees, hedges, &c.; Ridgewood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgewood, N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Ridgewood 889 and 528-W. Tel. Rector 4794-5.

WATER WITCH, N. J.
For rent, attractive stucco house; 5 master's rooms, 2 baths; most beautiful spot on Jersey coast; 200 feet elevation; unobstructed view of ocean and bay; fully furnished; rent moderate. Photograph and full information, E. S. Hall, 715 5th Av., New York, or F. Hawley Steward, Water Witch Club, Highlands, N. J.

RIDGEFIELD PARK, NEW JERSEY.
30 Minutes from Times Square—7 ct. Fare.
$10 down, $5 monthly, buys lots 25x120, with sewer, sidewalks, water, gas, electric lights. Booming town of 7,000. To sell lots, will build houses at cost, ranging $1,000 to $3,000. Write, 'phone, call.
BALDWIN & BOTTENUS, 34 W. 33d St., N.Y.

Delightful Home Bargain, $5,000; easy terms; shaded plot, 50x150 feet, high in healthy Orange Mts., 400 ft. elev.; near golf course, country club; 35 minutes to city; near station; 7 rooms, foyer hall, fireplace, bath, return veranda; steam heat; airy attic; every city convenience; select neighborhood. Owner, 41 Park Row, N. Y., Room 804.

Englewood, N. J.—1¾ acres on three streets; 10 minutes from train and trolley; over 50 trees; fruit, shrubbery, &c.; fascinating house 12 rooms, 2 baths; hot-water heat, gas, &c.; good large barn; cement floor; $19,000. Englewood Real Estate Co., 43 Dean St., near station. Tel. 123. Evenings 323J.

$700 buys acre, road front, 18 miles New York, half mile station, good train service; 270 feet elevation; near canoeing, bathing; fine hill views; splendid home site. Owner, Box 75, Little Falls, N. J.

For Rent in Short Hills near Lackawanna express station, stone house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, stable, garage; about acre attractive grounds; use automobile if desired; rent reasonable. W 289 Times Downtown.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 trains daily; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Ridgefield Park, N. J.—30 minutes from Times Square, 7 ct. fare; beautiful new homes, all prices; $100 to $300 down. Write, 'phone, call. Baldwin & Bottenus, 34 W. 33d St., N.Y.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic, complete; [illegible] rooms; large plots, near station; best section of N. J.; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Company, Ridgewood, N. J.

Rutherford. — Magnificent estate; modern buildings; large grounds; aristocratic section. W 230 Times Downtown.

Farms, lakes, dwellings for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's English style brick residence, covered with ivy; 16 rooms; hardwood floors; six large fireplaces; steam heat; spacious veranda; combination stable-garage; vegetable garden; chickens; large lawn, &c.; about 3½ acres water front on Sound; excellent bathing.
Reasonable price and terms or might rent furnished. Telephone 1510 Stamford, Conn.

Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn.—A gentleman's five-acre country place; house twenty rooms and four baths; grounds attractively landscaped; garage, gardner's cottage; near deep water; price, $85,000; call to see photographs. Thomas J. Good, 505 5th Av.

Home of 11 rooms and three baths; near water; safe bathing; excellent yachting; at Southfield Point, Stamford; 50 minutes to Grand Central; price, $12,000; photographs at office. Badgley, Jones & Good, 505 5th Av.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Residence fourteen rooms, bath, heated, plumbed; garage, large stable, orchard, lawn, shade trees, three acres; three minutes' walk salt water; beautiful view; boating, bathing privilege; five minutes station; tax $3 thousand. Core, Orleans, Mass., Cape Cod.

For Sale in New Hampshire hills overlooking Lake Winnepesaukee, 50-acre farm; 10-room house with bath and heat; farm buildings in best of order. A great bargain for a Summer home for a farmer. I. W. Valentine, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y.

Real Estate—Out of City.

GOOD CHEAP LAND IN NEVADA
can now be had at from $2.50 to $15.00 per acre; it will pay you to get full information, which is free for the asking. Write to-day. R. A. Smith, Colonization and Industrial Agent, Union Pacific Railroad Co., Room 1,003, Union Pacific Building, Omaha, Neb.

Farms.

30-acre farm, adjoining Long Branch; $30,000; would rent. 54 West 68th.

Real Estate for Exchange.

For sale or exchange, 40 lots, 135th St. to 138th St., Park Av. to Canal Place; 5 lots fronting on Mott Haven Canal; can be sold free and clear; elegant factory sites; directly opposite principal railway terminals; two stations; Lexington Av. Subway, 138th St. Miss Elflein, Hotel Chelsea.

Will exchange modern 100-room hotel, 26 baths, cost $50,000, free and clear, for city income, subject to one mortgage, or country house, brick or stone, with at least 10 acres and not over 25 miles from city.
V. J. Fisher, Hotel Martinique.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to purchase for cash flat, west side, not over $50,000 value. Van Vliet, 16 8th Av.

Mortgage Loans.

Attention, Borrowers! Amounts $1,500 up for good Nassau, Suffolk County mortgages; quick action; reasonable charges. W 235 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

39th St., near Lex. Av., 4-story	$3,000
44th St., near Lex. Av., 3-story	1,200
45th St., near Lex. Av., 3-story	1,500
52d St., near 3d Av., 3-story	1,200
57th St., near Park Av., 4-story	3,000
60th St., near 3d Av., 3-story	1,200
64th St., near Park Av., 3-story	2,100
66th St., near Park Av., 4-story	4,000
72d St., near Lex. Av., 3-story	3,600
97th St., near Amsterdam Av., 3-story	1,300
147th St., near Convent Av., 3-story	1,500
Lexington Av., near 37th St., 4-story	2,100
Lexington Av., near 47th St., 4-story	3,000
Lexington Av., cor. 51st St., 4-story	3,000
Lexington Av., near 51st St., 3-story	1,400
Lexington Av., near 57th St., 3-story	1,500

JAMES KYLE & SONS, LEX. AV. & 58TH ST.

A VERY ATTRACTIVE PRIVATE HOUSE,
431 WEST 147TH ST.,
in restricted block.
Butler's pantry extension.
RENT $1,500.
JAMES KYLE & SONS, LEX. AV. & 58TH ST.

A VERY DESIRABLE DWELLING,
128 WEST 97TH ST.,
10 rooms and two baths,
butler's pantry extension.
RENT $1,300.
JAMES KYLE & SONS, LEX. AV. & 58TH ST.

A.—Modern dwellings, 1,878 Cedar Av., 8 rooms, rent, $30; 229 West 178th St., 2-story frame, 7 rooms, rent, $25.
Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

341 WEST 22D ST.
4-story dwelling; 16 rooms; $1,600 per annum.
WM. J. ROOME & CO., 177 Madison Av.

86 East 236th St.—Detached house, 11 rooms; parquet floors; $40.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

Part or all ground floor and basement; 8,400 sq. ft. in each; sprinkler system, steam heat; two driveways into building; good location downtown; long lease. W 227 Times Downtown.

Lofts to Let. — Two adjoining light lofts; space 40x90; heated; freight elevator; for storage or light manufacturing. G. B. Raffetto, 408 West 13th St., City.

Half of desirable office to let, 350 Broadway, Room 421; will sacrifice, rent 10 month; call or communicate. Fix Mfg. Co., 138 West 22d St. Tel. 7537 Chelsea.

$50.—Loft, 2,500 square feet; all light; steam heated; elevator; all kinds of light manufacturing. 407-409 E. 70th.

Desk room to let on 5th Av., near Madison Square; 'phone and stenographer. Address Z 295 Times Annex.

GRAND ST., 137-139, NEAR BROADWAY,
STORE WITH BASEMENT, 36x90, $1,800;
3 LOFTS, STEAM HEAT, $900 EACH.

The Marbridge Bldg., Broadway and 34th St. Offices and Showrooms. Apply Room 694.

Light loft, suitable for theatrical or manufacturing purpose. 306 W. 48th.

Ground floor in factory, 75x100, with or without power. Engineer, 315 East 94th.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To sublet, immediately, your own price, beautiful ten-room, four-bath apartment; finest location in the city. A. B. Squire, 95 William St. Telephone John 1215.

244 WEST 104TH.
8 light, newly decorated rooms, $85; concessions, till Oct.; elevator; exceptional transportation.

To Sublet—Six large, sunny rooms; southern exposure; recently renovated; modern conveniences; rent, $60. Alexander, 310 W. 97th.

181st, 565 West, (Near St. Nicholas Av.)—Five large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; electric light; $30.

109th, 249-251 West, (Near Broadway.)—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $31-$33.

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight exceptionally attractive rooms and bath; very light; steam heat and hot water; $41.

215 West 120th St.—Five large, light rooms and bath, hot water supply; halls heated; $20-$24.

120th, 225 West.—Five large, very light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $26.

223 West 120th St.—Five large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $28.

84th St., 25 West.—Seven large, light rooms; bath, hot water; references.

East Side.

UNIQUE APARTMENTS,
41 EAST 41ST ST.
1, 2, and 3 rooms and bath; convenient, quiet, attractive.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, 41 East 41st St.

179 MADISON AV., AT 34TH ST.
1 room, bath; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette.
3 rooms, 2 baths, kitchenette, $40 to $100.
Rent includes service. Possession May 1.
W. J. ROOME & CO., 177 Madison Av.

Apartment near 91st Subway; seven light rooms, unfurnished; special sub-lease; terms; fifth floor south. 646 West End Av.

96th St., 71 East.—To sublet, unfurnished, April to Oct. 8; large rooms; 2 baths; great sacrifice. Miss Looney.

Brooklyn.

$42—ST. JAMES'S PL., NR. FULTON.—$48.
6 and 7 rooms, high-class apartments.
Send for booklet. Caretaker on premises.
GOLDEN REALTY CO., 13 Willoughby St.

Queens.

Beautiful new apartment, Queens suburbs; restricted property; 6 very large light rooms and tile bath; gas, electricity, city improvements; schools, large shade trees, tennis courts, 28 minutes from Manhattan, 4 minutes from station, 90 trains daily; also smaller apartment at $25 monthly. Address Owner, 200 Broadway, N. Y. 3876 Cortland.

Storage.
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $8 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2967 Bryant.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—Between Madison Av. and 42d St., and 5th Av. and 58th St., black silver-mounted lady's shopping bag, initialed "J. G. C." on inside, containing watch, money, key-ring with key; $50 REWARD will be paid for return of same, with contents, to cashier, Hotel Manhattan, Madison Av. and 42d St.

LOST.—Gold vanity bag, studded with diamonds and sapphires, in taxi, taken from the Kaiserhof March 30, in the evening. Liberal reward to finder. Lillian Lorraine, Wentworth Hotel, or The Winter Garden Theatre.

LOST—In Post Office at 102d St. and Broadway, small silver mesh purse containing 3 rings and other articles. Reward if returned to Mrs. Wolf, 110 West 76th St.

LOST—Lady's small blue enameled watch, encrusted with diamonds, (cobweb pattern,) near Broadway and 62d, Saturday afternoon; reward, no questions. Room 813, 49 Wall St.

LOST—Wednesday, between Hotel Plaza, Fulton Theatre, and Eltinge Theatre, pearl and diamond earring; reward. H. E. Mason, Hotel Plaza.

LOST.—Between 93d and 79th Sts. and Broadway, diamond barpin, set in platinum; about 23 diamonds. Liberal reward. Hexter, 325 West 93d.

LOST—Fur neckpiece, taxicab, between Murray's and Healy's Restaurants, Tuesday evening. Room 1,114, 111 Broadway; reward.

LOST.—Venetian bead Necklace, between 57th and 14th Sts, west side. Friday morning; reward. A. B. H., 35 West 57th St.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of small gold brooch with topaz, lost Tuesday afternoon in Hotel Wolcott. Hotel Wolcott.

LOST.—Gold chain and cross; good reward; Phone, Bryant 3046.

$100 REWARD
for solitaire pearl ring with 3 diamonds in each side of the platinum setting; lost Monday evening in vicinity of Hotel Manhattan. No questions asked if returned to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$50.00 REWARD.—Sum of money lost on Pennsylvania train from Atlanta. A 2 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Small skye terrier, April 8, near 175th St., Bronx. Tremont 417. Skal.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Public Notices
Forty-five cents a line.

WANTED — WITNESSES TO ACCIDENT, corner of 28th St. and Fifth Ave., New York, on Friday, April 3rd, at 7:50 P. M., at which elderly gentleman was knocked down by automobile and seriously injured. Please confer with White & Case, 14 Wall St., New York.

ED.—GREATLY TO YOUR INTEREST TO COMMUNICATE WITH ME BY WIRE OR LETTER; MOST IMPORTANT. BERT.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

To Sublet.—To Oct. 1st, very desirable, handsomely furnished large eight-room apartment, n. w. corner 31st St. and Madison Av.; outside eastern and southern exposure; on account of leaving city will make very reasonable terms. Apply superintendent.

Riverside Drive.—Overlooking Hudson; large 8-room apartment, completely and beautifully furnished; would share with married couple at sacrifice if taken immediately. Box Z 304 Times Annex.

Apartments to rent, fully furnished; full hotel service; Spring and Summer rates starting now; two rooms and bath, $40, $50, $60 month. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Apartment facing Morningside Park; furnished; housekeeping; four rooms, (2 bedrooms;) immediate possession. Tel. 198 Morningside. Apt. 52. Appointment.

Elegantly furnished six-room elevator apartment to sub-let; 12th floor; all outside rooms. The Cleburne, 924 West End Av. Inquire of Superintendent on premises.

Riverside Drive.—Completely and beautifully furnished 8-room apartment; all light rooms; at great sacrifice if taken at once. Box Z 306 Times Annex.

811 West 95th St.—Five rooms and bath, completely furnished; immediate possession; reasonable. Apartment 53. Phone Riverside 4123.

251 West 98th St.—Six rooms, two baths, completely furnished; unfurnished if desired. Call Apt. 9C. Phone 4962 Riverside.

At attractive rents, well-furnished apartments; Riverside Drive and other locations. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 W. 72d St.

Furnished apartment in the Rexton, 320 W. 83d.—6 rooms, bath; $125 monthly from May 1st. Apply Supt.

536 West 111th St.—Attractively furnished six rooms, $95 monthly; May to September. Phone 4730 Morningside.

Apartment, handsomely furnished, eight rooms; large, cool for Summer. Burch, 120 Riverside Drive.

316 West 82d.—Eight rooms and bath, electric light and steam heat; rent $1,000 a year. Apply janitress.

To Sublet—Two rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; quiet. Sherman Square Hotel. Whipple.

Riverside Drive, 456, (116th.) — Delightful small apartment; $85 monthly; May to Oct. Supt.

612 West 112th St.—Furnished apartment; 6 rooms; very moderate rent. Jones.

Sublet parlor and alcove, first floor, suitable for doctor or dentist. 71 West 71st.

Five large, light room apartment, furnished; two baths; suitable doctor. 9811 River.

East Side.

A VERY DESIRABLE SINGLE FLAT,
all improvements, including steam heat,
133 EAST 50TH ST., PARLOR FLOOR,
6 rooms, $50.00.
137 EAST 50TH ST., PARLOR FLOOR AND BASEMENT,
10 rooms, $65.00.
Superintendent on premises, or
JAMES KYLE & SONS, LEX. AV. & 58TH ST.

To Oct. 1, very desirable handsomely furnished large, 8-room apartment, northwest corner 31st and Madison Av.; outside; eastern and southern exposure; leaving city; will make very reasonable terms. Apply Supt.

APARTMENT to sublet, handsomely furnished; two large rooms, facing south; plenty of sunshine; at a bargain; full hotel service. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

High-class apartments, telephones, bath, elevators, maid service. Special Summer rates, 17 East 11th, just off 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

Two to four rooms and bath; bachelor apartment; excellent location; modern improvements. 'Phone 9295 Main or apply to Davidson & Bulkley, 84 Montague St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents a line.

Wanted bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished; 2, 3 rooms and bath. Room 632, 149 Broadway.

Country Property
Thirty cents a line.

RENT.—Two large feed buildings; railroad siding; barn and sheds. Lease for term of years at $25 per month. W. D. Herzog, Center Moriches, L. I.

To Let—Furnished.

For Rent.—Eleven rooms and three baths, furnished or unfurnished; garden, fruit, garage; near Sound; 50 minutes Grand Central. Frederick Jones, 505 5th Av.

FOR RENT.—I have a few Summer homes to rent, both furnished and unfurnished. For particulars write I. W. Valentine, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES.
Cape Cod; completely furnished; all comforts; $250-$425; booklet. Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Rurnished houses for rent for Summer or longer. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

To Let—Unfurnished.

For Rent—Large boarding house, modern improvements, situated on lake in Ramapo Mountains; about thirty miles from New York. Address Miller, Ramapo, N. Y.

On Park Hill, Yonkers; nine rooms, two baths, hard wood floors, open fireplace; rent for $75 per month. 121 Edgecliff Terrace, Yonkers.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Suite, private bath; single rooms; transient; table guests; references.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—comfortable double rooms; home cooking; telephone; references; transients.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small sunny rooms; excellent table; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Double and single rooms, with board.

63D, 23 AND 30 EAST.—Large and single rooms; excellent board; reasonable.

MADISON AVE., 193—Large and single rooms, private baths, superior table, references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Very attractive front parlor; other rooms; excellent table; telephone.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy rooms; steam-heated; hot water; best board.

25TH ST., 18 WEST. — Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator, full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week, one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

45TH, 221 WEST, The Chandler.—Handsomely furnished, large, small rooms; excellent table; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; parlor floor; suitable doctor; reasonable.

54TH STREET, 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first class; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, southern exposure; excellent table; moderate prices.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

72D ST., 266 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive home; refined surroundings; excellent table.

73D, 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; good home table; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, excellent table; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards.—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new; high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Large, light, handsomely furnished rooms; homelike surroundings; excellent table; moderate; "L," Subway; refined; references; Summer rates.

124 WEST 80TH ST.
Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

87TH ST., 70 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable room; excellent table; refined neighborhood; references required.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Unusually attractive, large, double rooms; steam; electricity; table a specialty.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, near Park, "L"; French cuisine.

94TH ST., 50 WEST.—32 extravagantly furnished rooms, 16 on one floor; each with running water or bath adjoining. Smith.

94TH, 16-18 WEST.—Rooms with southern exposure; first-class meals; telephone; references.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Passover cooking; large, small rooms; telephone; Hungarian cook. Moses.

103D, 250-252 WEST.—Unusual accommodations; gentlemen or family seking refined home; table guests

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; Summer rates; references.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Large, sunny room; table board; references.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; table guests accommodated; home cooking; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; well heated; electricity; adjoining bath; references.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with alcove; excellent board; table guests.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large rooms overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; telephone.

LENOX AV., 206, near 120th St.—Newly-furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; references.

UNUSUAL accommodation for bachelors or couples; charming rooms; private bath; exceptionally good food; references. Phone 5262 River.

Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG French-speaking gentleman desires board in private American family; $6-$7 per week. A 19 Times.

Country Board
Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

Beautiful gentlemen's country estate, 16 acres of beautiful grounds; tennis courts, garage, &c.; can accommodate a few refined people; rooms with private bath and dressing rooms. For further information telephone 6250 Barclay.

New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, LENOX MANOR.
Large sunny rooms, private baths, new throughout; exceptional table; special rates for Spring. Tel. 5075 Orange.

For Sale—Miscellaneous
Thirty cents a line.

WATCHES & DIAMONDS.—$25, $1 weekly; $50, $1 weekly; $100, $2 weekly. Call or send for "Red Book." CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT, 206 West 42d St., (Opposite Hammerstein's.)

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL.
956 Broadway, at 23d St. 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
4 months for $5 and up.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS,
$23 to $75.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6853 Cortlandt.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

29TH ST., 118 EAST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences.

21ST ST., 46 EAST.—Large, comfortable room; also desirable single room; reference.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—LARGE, SINGLE ROOMS; RUNNING WATER; BOARD.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms in select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

53D, 58 EAST.—Parlor bedroom, adjoining bath; all conveniences; breakfast optional; gentleman.

61ST, 132 EAST.—Newly furnished, large, sunny room; connecting bath; gentlemen; reasonable; telephone.

93D, 31 EAST.—Elegantly furnished bright rooms in refined private dwelling; modern conveniences; breakfast if desired; references; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms, private baths; board. Telephone Gramercy 1978.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d).—Homelike; bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 265.—Handsome, large room, bath; also doctor's office. Murray Hill 728.

LEXINGTON AV., 834.—Large rooms; running hot and cold water.

MADISON AV., 420, (48th.)—Large outside airy room, private bath. Telephone Fogg.

MADISON, 527.—Large room, electricity, adjoining bath, suitable for two.

West Side.

22D ST., 463 WEST.—Double, single rooms; hot and cold water; private family.

25TH ST., 18 WEST. — Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator, full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week, one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small, sunny room, adjoining bath; private house; references required; bachelors.

43D, 113 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable. 2276 Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private bath; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

48TH, 65 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in quiet residences; for gentlemen only; references.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Kitchen and dining room; suitable caterer or light housekeeping.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

48TH ST., 23 WEST.—Very attractive rooms, $2-$10; hot, cold water; telephone.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Back parlor; suitable for doctor; with privilege reception room.

49TH, 121 West, large, small, well furnished rooms; singly; en-suite; electricity; shower bath; housekeeping; telephone.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large; also small room; hot and cold running water; bath, electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; small room. Phone 2421 Plaza.

56TH, 314 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; twin beds; suitable two gentlemen; telephone.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Large, small, handsome rooms; refined home; conveniences; moderate. 271 Columbus.

58TH, 101 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms; all conveniences; references; moderate price. Rousseau.

58TH ST., 322 WEST.—Large and small attractively furnished, clean rooms; conveniences. 748 Columbus.

64TH, 122 WEST.—Parlor; private bath; other excellent rooms; telephone; Subway; elevated.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms, with running water; telephone; references.

68TH ST., 71 WEST.—Unusually attractive, sunny rooms, perfectly kept; Summer rates; references.

69TH ST., 148 WEST.—Attractive rooms; charming apartment; running water, electricity, telephone, shower; reasonable. Beck.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive large and small sunny rooms in refined home; telephone.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms, single or suite; private bath; bachelors; must be seen to appreciate; reference; telephone.

70TH ST., 206 WEST.—Large front room; also small rooms; with running water; references.

71ST, 69 WEST. — Small room in refined house; excellent location; Subway, L; reasonable.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; medium room; references; telephone.

71ST ST., 163 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated rooms; also large parlor; conveniences; telephone.

71ST, 220 West; just opened; newly furnished; decorated; large, small rooms; beautiful home for refined people; hot water; telephone.

71ST ST., 350 WEST.—Large, cool room, overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; $5; Subway. Sly.

71ST, 308 West, clean comfortable rooms, adjoining bath, $3 to $5.50.

73D ST., 255 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large rooms, with private bath; breakfast optional; Summer rates; telephone; near Subway express.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; newly decorated house; southern exposure; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, newly decorated; breakfast; L, Subway; reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, single, en suite; bath, valet, breakfast; Subway, "L."

75TH, 102 WEST.—Three large, bright, adjoining rooms; comfortably furnished; Summer rates. Apt. 25.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room; adjoining bath; handsomely furnished; refined home; superior service; electricity; telephone; gentlemen; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny front rooms; also back rooms; breakfast; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished single, double rooms; convenient Subway and Drive; tray breakfast if desired; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; single beds; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Attractive large front room, adjoining shower bath; smaller room; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 115 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; running water; all conveniences; private house; gentlemen; reference.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Two delightful connecting rooms, private bath; second floor; singly or en suite; housekeeping privileges; Subway; also small room; reasonable permanent party; references.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, handsome room; private bath; modern conveniences; very reasonable.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; private bath; electric light; references.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Large, attractive room; suitable 2 or 3; abundant closet room; hot, cold water; convenient bath. 3750 Schuyler.

82D, 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished room; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Sunny, outside, well-furnished rooms; running water, electricity; references. Godet.

84TH ST., 104 WEST.—One or two nicely furnished rooms; elevator apartment; phone; large parlor; no other roomers. Quinn.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front parlor; private bath; private telephone; references.

85TH ST., 104 WEST.—Sunny, well-furnished suite with bath; telephone. Jennings.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large, furnished front room; one or two gentlemen; reasonable; exclusive neighborhood; near Riverside, Subway and elevated.

87TH, 55 WEST. — Comfortably furnished room; bath adjoining; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

88TH ST., 183 WEST.—Sunny front room; running water; also room, private bath.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Housekeeping suite; also room with running water. Possons.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large and small rooms; references.

96TH ST., 231 WEST.—Handsome room, facing B'way; running water; board optional. Richmond.

101ST, 230, (corner Broadway.)—Single front room; lavatory; elevator; gentleman; references. Riley.

103D, 18 WEST.—Beautifully furnished outside room suitable two; breakfast optional; reasonable. Bell.

103D, 128 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath; private house block; "L," Subway; $5.

103D ST., 153 WEST.—Furnished room; running water; private family; breakfast optional; references. Barton.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Very desirable light room and bath; $3.50. Apartment 1.

105TH ST., 69 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; steam heat; private family; gentlemen. E. L. Burrow.

107TH ST., 202 WEST.—Nicely furnished alcove room; elevator apartment; convenient transportation. Apply hallboy.

112TH (Broadway).—Large room in ten-room apartment, for business man or women; bath, shower, telephone; very desirable. Brachett, 2,880 Broadway. Tel. Morningside 3903.

116TH, (Broadway.)—Attractive front room, private family; meals optional. 4834 Morningside. White.

118TH ST., 415 WEST.—To rent, two furnished rooms; light, air, sunshine; all modern conveniences; references.

118TH, 400 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Several excellent rooms; elevator, electricity, shower. Camp.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—Front suite; also single rooms; shower, electricity. Apt. 32.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Furnished apartment, also other single and double rooms. Smith.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant parlor floor; private bath; will rent separate; refined house.

122D, 528 WEST.—Unusually cozy front double and single rooms; moderate. Sherman.

123D ST., 104 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; business men; convenient; references.

124TH, 538 WEST.—Room, with private bath; elevator, phone; reasonable; Subway; references. Apt. 61.

141ST ST., 601 WEST.—Front room, nicely furnished; private family; all conveniences; elevator apartment; reasonable; telephone; gentlemen only. Apartment 24.

147TH ST., 506 WEST.—Two elegant front connecting rooms; outside single, $2.50. Marlow.

162D, 550 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; private house; near Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—Private apartment, seventh floor; large, light room; references.

CLAREMONT AV., 188.—Couple rent room; conveniences; $3; Manhattan St. Subway. Mahoney.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Unusually attractive room, overlooking Park. Wise. Apartment 81.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (Cor. 135th.)—Outside room, facing Hudson; uninterrupted view Grant's Tomb; elevator, shower; gentlemen. Apt. 66.

TWO newly furnished connecting front rooms; private house. Inquire, 254 West 88th St.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 36 WEST.—Single rooms, bath, $9 per week upward; including meals, $16 per week upward; parlor, bedroom and bath, $30 per week upward; meals for 2.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful medium-sized room; gentlemen only; bath; electricity; private family; 91st St. Subway; reasonable; references.

YONKERS.—Private family; convenient location; handsomely furnished room; gentleman only. A 3 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

THREE unfurnished rooms, private house, light housekeeping, mother and daughter, west side, above 130th; rent moderate. Box A 13 Times.

Help Wanted Female
Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
DRESSMAKING. — We require for the Special Order Section of our Dressmaking Department experienced Waist Trimmers and Skirt Drapers. Apply to Manager of Workroom, Fifth Floor, Central Building.

AGENTS.—Two ladies to travel and appoint lady agents; salary, $80 per month and expenses; experience unnecessary. Lastic-air Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

B. ALTMAN & CO., 5th Av., 34th and 35th Sts., require a number of girls between 14 and 17 years of age to act as floor assistants; must be neat and of good appearance. Apply at the 34th St. (employes') entrance before 10 A. M. or by letter.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS wanted; $20. 238 East 48th St.

CULTURED, experienced woman, executive ability, volunteers charge of fresh-air home. Address A., 708 Columbus Av.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced Saleswomen for their Book, Millinery, and Shoe departments; apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced saleswomen for their Victor Talking Machine Department. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
FOR THEIR
MISSES' SUITS AND
LADIES' CLOAK SECTIONS.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

INSTRUCTORS.—Wanted, refined young ladies to act as dancing instructors. Apply Riverview Danse, Broadway and 100th St.

MAID wanted to make herself generally useful; must sew; sleep out. Call Sunday morning. Munzer, Hotel Ansonia.

SOCIAL WORKERS.—Women, highest type; work, protected, charitable, non-sectarian; opportunity for advancement; previous experience and foreign languages important, but not essential. Address with full particulars X. Y., 238 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced machinery, $10 to 12. Address Z 309 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; good education. Brentwood Realty Co., 1 West 34th.

TWO EDUCATED ladies with good personality for fine, permanent positions; salary; with Educational Society. 225 5th Av.

YOUNG LADY to dance, refined hotel, New Rochelle; extra compensation private instruction; state salary or board. W 145 Times.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line

A.—A.—N. Y. SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—APRIL ENROLLMENTS; JUNE GRADUATES; INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION; STENOGRAPHY, ACCOUNTANCY, JOURNALISTIC ENGLISH, SOCIAL AMENITIES; GRADUATES REGISTERED. AEOLIAN HALL, 27 WEST 42D ST.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT. — Wanted, experienced accountant for responsible position with manufacturing corporation; a high-class position for the right man; applicants must state fully their experience, age, salary, they have been earning, and furnish references. Address Z 280 Times Annex.

ADVERTISER WANTED.—First class; for $50 per week; traveling position. Advertiser, 84 Times, 304 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for Rhode Island; growing manufacturing concern, well known; one who can take charge of office and grow with trade. Write, fully stating experience, age, salary required, Z 310 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, for publishing house; experienced; give references and salary expected. A 17 Times.

BOYS wanted, about 15 to 18 years of age, in the stock and office of a large wholesale dry goods house; public school graduates preferred; state age, experinece, and reference. A. R. S., Box 201 Times Downtown.

BOY.—American, in office of steel house; age, 17 to 18. Write application to Carbon, W 224 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN of brains and ambition wanted in a publishing house to handle correspondence; must have a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and accounting. A 9 Times.

CLOTHING SALESMAN.—Experienced. Address M. Lambert, 39 Cortlandt St.; salary.

CUTTER wanted, with knowledge of designing, ladies' muslin underwear; experienced only need apply; steady position; good salary. Aboumrad Bros., 316 Dean St., Brooklyn.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced salesmen for their Victor Talking Machines. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced Silk Salesmen; apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

INSTRUCTORS. — Wanted, refined young men to act as dancing instructors. Apply Riverview Danse, Broadway and 100th St.

MANAGER for large mail order tailor to the trade house; must have executive ability and competent to take full charge; good opportunity for a competent man; state age, experience, and salary wanted. W 229 Times Downtown.

PACKER. — EXPERIENCED IN WHOLESALE GROCERY LINE; DOMESTIC AND EXPORT SHIPMENTS. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, CARE OF AUSTIN, NICHOLS & COMPANY, INC., NO. 61 HUDSON ST. J. H. REES, SUPERINTENDENT.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.—Intelligent men to learn the real estate business; will be given an exceptional opportunity and receive a thorough sales training by an old-established firm; commission. Apply Rickert-Finlay Realty Co., 1 West 34th St., New York.

RECEIVING CLERK.—LARGE WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE; OUTSIDE NEW YORK STATE; FIRST-CLASS MAN; ONE USED TO HARD WORK. APPLY, STATING AGE, MARRIED OR SINGLE, SALARY, AND OTHER DETAILS. M 71 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,001 Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMEN wanted by established manufacturer of skirts and dresses for East, Middle West, and South; only men with large established trade considered; excellent opportunity right party. Answer with full details to Box Z 303, Times.

SALESMAN to sell a specialty in millinery trade; must be acquainted in the trade; salary or commission. Z 305 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced city salesman, commission basis, to represent well-known display fixture house. M 74 Times Annex.

SALESMAN on petticoats as side line; city and road; commission. Call or write H. J. Homsy, 35 E. 21st St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced machinery, $10 to $12. Address Z 308 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK.—Experienced in the wholesale stationery and toy lines; steady position, splendid opportunity. Frank Levy, Inc., 9 East Broadway.

TWO MEN to travel and appoint agents; salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; position good for $200 monthly to hustlers. Lastic-Air Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—N. Y. SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—APRIL ENROLLMENTS; JUNE GRADUATES; INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION; STENOGRAPHY, ACCOUNTANCY, JOURNALISTIC ENGLISH, SOCIAL AMENITIES; GRADUATES REGISTERED. AEOLIAN HALL, 27 WEST 42D ST.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; typist; qualified by experience; $12. V 341 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.—Nursery governess; English; children three years, upward; French, music; best references. 4 Harold Court, New Rochelle. Phone 1990 R, New Rochelle.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Thorough, good cook; able manage help; preferred in country where could have boy 4 years; best reference; letters only. M 210 Times.

MASSEUSE.—Swedish experienced woman as masseuse for invalid or elderly lady. Box A 14 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, exceptional experience, executive, and creative capacities, now seeks responsible position with large publication or corporation; highest credentials. W 222 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Highly recommended by past employers as young lady of sterling character and ability; rapid, accurate, and reliable; speaks and writes German and French fluently; desires position with high-grade house. S. M., 344 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, 6 years' law experience, desires commercial position; accurate; first-class references; $22-$25. W 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; takes dictation quickly, transcribes accurately; bright and willing. Mabelle Crawford, 695 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat, accurate typist; business school graduate; $8. W 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience; refined girl wishes position; $6 references. W 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience; familiar filing, billing, &c.; $15. W 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wideawake, ambitious beginner; business school graduate; $6. W 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' practical experience; high school education; $10. W 217 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (18;) eight months' law; accurate, rapid transcriber; $6. V 339 Times Downtown

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; high school graduate; $8; references. V 340 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; excellent reference; $12-$15. V 327 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wishes permanent position; four years' experience; $10. B., 31 West 112th.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert; installs simplified systems, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT. — Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 65 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; makes periodical audits; prepares financial statements; terms reasonable. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square, 3780.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, (22,) 1½ years' experience general bookkeeping, profit and loss statements, balance sheets, wishes position with public accountant. Box 16, 1,418 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANT, 8 South William St. Telephone 404 Broad. Arrangements. $2.50 weekly; all work.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert in modern accounting; speaking Spanish as well as English; references; salary, $30. Address Competent, W 140, Times.

BUTLER.—An experienced Japanese; city, country. A 1 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—38; married; Y. M. C. A. Auto School graduate; experienced lawn, garden; wife housework if required. Pendleton, 277 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN AND USEFUL MAN.—A gentleman would like to place a coachman and useful man whom he can very highly recommend. S. B., 37 West 46th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 22, DESIRES OPENING WITH CONCERN WHERE TECHNICAL EDUCATION MAY BECOME OF VALUE AS ABILITY IS SHOWN; HIGHEST REFERENCES GIVEN. BOX A 15 TIMES.

ENGINEER.—Experienced; dynamo, factory, and building. Althaus, 311 E. 134th.

FURNISHING, DECORATING.—Young man, graduate Pratt Institute, having had practical experience leading New York firms, desires position furnishing and interior decorating house; salary moderate. W 148 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 45 years, married, former head bookkeeper of important navigation and import firm in Morocco, well acquainted with general trade, perfect Spanish, French, English, and German, desires situation. W 125 Times.

MASSEUR. — Young Swede desires travel abroad with a gentleman from 1st of June; good references. Address A 10 Times.

MASSEUR.—Young Japanese masseur wants position as invalid gentleman's help. Tanaka, 624 Lexington Av.

SALESMAN.—Chas. Deambaum, who created the values and the market for well-known dress manufacturers and sold most of their merchandise, having withdrawn from said concern, would consider position of similar character; unlimited references as to ability. W 236 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Resident Chicago salesman is open for strong line of pile fabric coats; also strong line waists; highest references. M 75 Times Annex.

SALESMAN now covering New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio wants notion line; reputable house; big following; salary or commission. A 8 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, a producer open for good proposition; 6 years' road experience; can prove successful record. Box A 11 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—German-American, 25 years, wishes position import house; know all shipping piers; good references. W 144 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, (25;) capable, energetic, with wide practical experience; now employed; highest references. W 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—CORRESPONDENT.—Position wanted by capable man; prefer selling end. Box A 12 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT WITH 20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF LARGE STABLE; HIGHEST REFERENCES. Z 297 TIMES ANNEX.

SUPERINTENDENT of construction of the higher class wishes to connect with some concern having a large project on hand; traveled extensively. W 220 Times Downtown.

TRAVELER, 21; ready to go anywhere as messenger or companion. Address Z 255 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position with advancement; understands packing, shipping, &c.; references. A. Spainer, 193 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

Employment Bureaus.
Thirty cents a line.

Help Wanted—Commercial.

CHAUFFEURS' Emp. Bureau.—Men with 10 yrs. exp. & references; hrs. 9-12. Bryant 623.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

BEST Hungarian, German, Polish cooks, laundress, waiters, male, female; also laborers for mines, contractors, factories. American Employment Agency, Louis Waraday, proprietor, 88 Avenue A.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

Colored help, highest grade; references. Modern Emplym't Ag'cy, 101 W. 138th. Audubon 7259.

COOK, WAITRESS, together or separate; neat, competent; personal reference; $30-$25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

DURANT'S AGENCY, 176 W. 135th. Best colored help; call any time. 9564 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat, willing girls; cooks, laundresses, colored; references; city, country. Roosevelt Employment Exchange, Pearson, proprietor. Phone Harlem, 5049.

HOUSEWORKER. — Neat, competent young Irish girl, excellent references; city, country; $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

Automobile Exchange
Thirty cents a line.

Baker Electric Victoria, rebuilt, repainted, new battery, $675; Baker four-passenger coupe, rebuilt, repainted, like new, $1,450; Baker Stanhope, repainted, with new battery, $325; rebuilt Baker Victoria, Edison battery, will demonstrate 100 miles, bargain. Baker Vehicle Company, 1,798 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 2830.

BODIES! BODIES! BODIES!
We need room and will sacrifice every body, including landaulets, limousines, coupes, two, four, five, and seven passenger bodies. Times Square Automobile Co., 56th St. and Broadway.

Any make of new car can be purchased through me at a discount from list price; full manufacturer's guarantee; I will call on you by appointment only. "Broker," V 112 Times.

1913 Overland; self-starter, speedometer, windshield; newly painted; run 2,000 miles; $475. Times Square Automobile Co., 1,743 Broadway.

Locomobile, 1912; 6 cylinder; A1 condition; real bargain; also 15-20 Locomobile, 1907. Arthur Taylor, 1,920 Broadway.

18 Packard touring, fully equipped, excellent shape; $750. Garage, 230 West 56th.

Cadillac 1913; six passenger; run 3,000 miles; at reasonable price. W 147, Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

Handsome Pierce Arrow, 6-48, 7-passenger touring; hourly, monthly rates; reasonable; private service. E. Carroll, 785 7th Av.

Pierce Arrow for sale or for hire, by hour, day, week, or month. E. Doisneau, 114 West 60th St. 'Phone 7476 Columbus.

Classy seven passenger Packard, touring; reasonable; hourly, monthly; careful service. 2850 Morningside.

For Hire.—Owner wishes to rent his high-class touring car by day or month. Braun, 491 9th Av. 2181 Greeley.

Packard touring; hourly, monthly; owner drives. Verlangiere. 7670 Morningside. 532 West 122d St.

For Hire—Elegant Packard landaulette touring. Rupp, 252 West 87th St. 'Phone Schuyler 5800.

Elegant Packard touring car; monthly or trip. Dolbey, 140 East 54th St.

Portable Garages.

GARAGES A BIG CUT in portable garages, dwellings, &c. Knapp Portable Building System, 111 Broadway.

Automobile Supplies.

BALL BEARINGS EXCHANGED | All Makes and Sizes in Stock.
PRUYN & BILODEAU,
1876 B'way. Tel. Columbus 8988.

Ball and roller bearings. Gwilliam Co., 253 West 58th St., (at Broadway.) Col. 8356.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—Two or three second-hand automobiles, which can be adapted to commercial purposes by taking off rear tonneau. Must be in first-class condition. Price not to exceed $300 or $400. Reply by letter only to H. B. Buell, care The Pannard Co., 37 W. 28th St.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Business Opportunities
Forty cents a line.

If you have a thousand dollars and services, and one of the few unusual great opportunities come and see us to-day or before noon to-morrow; can use but one man, but we want him now; no correspondence or curiosity seekers. Call at Room 437, Marbridge Building, 34th St. and Broadway. Ask for the President.

Motion picture manufacturing company doing profitable business requires additional capital to build new factory and for expansion purposes. An opportunity is presented to investors to acquire limited interest insuring good profits. Address Safe Investment. M 69, Times.

Farms! Farms! — Seven-room house; barn, stocked; bargain; $3,200. Hotel, 22 rooms, furnished; barn, buildings; $4,500. House, 2 barns, 26 acres, stocked, $3,200. House, barn, 10 acres fruit; bargain; $1,800. Easy terms. Write John C. Shults, Saugerties, N. Y.

Active man with $2,000 to $5,000 positively can find the grandest opening with exceptional, clean, profitable, protected, money-making business; absolutely unparalleled. Don't write. Call Edwards, Room 403 Tribune Building.

Brick Yard.—Real bargain; 40 acres clay, sand, 3 machines; 75,000 brick daily; 500 feet sheds; large barns; 3 tenement houses; horses, wagons, trucks; good equipment; $11,000; terms. John C. Shults, Saugerties, N. Y.

Reputable established concern extending business seeks capable young associate for active interest; $2,500 investment required, but brains are more essential. Address Facilities, 117 Times.

$1,500 cash and $3,500 of your first year's profits secures third of established manufacture; good salary; man who can grasp independently and quick; call to-day. Rogers, 622 West 137th.

Farms, Boarding Houses, and Hotels.—Several desirable farms, boarding houses, hotels in beautiful sections for immediate sale. Write or visit John C. Shults, Saugerties, N. Y.

Start a mail order business of your own. Small capital. Spare time. 27 plans. Send for particulars. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Broker wants active associate to take over interest of retiring partner; $2,000 investment; references exchanged. W 202 Times Downtown.

Imperative sacrifice through death; furnished rooming house; central location; 16 rooms filled; excellent clientele; principals only, 352 West 58th.

To an exceptionally well-fitted man we offer high official position with industrial corporation with an investment of $5,000. E 26, Times.

Business Notices
Forty cents a line.

Trade lists; addressing by hand or typewriter; facsimile letters, with matching; everything high grade; prices consistent with good work; capacity, 100,000 per day.
BUSINESS ADDRESS CO.,
23 Barclay St. Telephone 6890 Barclay.

We sell your business quickly without publicity; call, write, or telephone Madison Square 6516. Our representative will call. McCann & Bromfield, 1,204 Broadway, (29th.)

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters; 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered. Phone Cortlandt 1332. Wm. Gray, 93 Nassau.

MIMEOGRAPHING, MULTIGRAPHING,
CHEAPER THAN PRINTING.
H. Laing, 10 Wall St. Phone Rector 928.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.15; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8.50. 'Phone Chelsea 4383, National Fac-Simile Letter Co., 70 5th Av.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

Patents worked out, secured, disposed of; quick, efficient service first consideration. Alexander Denes, 125 East 23d St., N. Y.

Business Loans.
Forty cents a line.

Company makes loans on outstanding accounts, notes, mortgages. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway

Purchase and Exchange
Thirty cents a line.

FULL VALUE PAID FOR PAWN TICKETS.
Diamonds, old gold, silver, platinum.
We save your pledges for you.
H. FEINGOLD, 645 6TH AV.,
bet. 37th and 38th Sts. Phone 3413 Greley.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

Schools
Thirty cents a line.

Dancing.

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr. Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 3493.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry.
Thirty cents a line.

Japanese male spaniel for sale cheap; good pet. Japanese, 168 West 73d.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

FIELDER IS GLAD LEGISLATURE ENDS

Democratic Majority Failed to Carry Out His Whole Programme.

WORRIED ABOUT REVENUES

Senate's Last Act Is to Refuse $2,000 to Carry Out Wilson's "Seven Sisters" Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 9.—The Legislature adjourned finally this afternoon with a most unproductive record. The session was marked by the playing of politics and the lobbying of officeholders and special interests. The Democratic majority failed to enact the entire programme mapped out by Gov. Fielder despite his warning that its refusal to do so would be taken as a betrayal of the trust imposed in them by the people.

"Of all my nine years of legislative experience this has been the hardest," said Gov. Fielder to-night. "I am glad the session has adjourned. I regret that none of the economy and efficiency bills were passed and that the Legislature did not dispose of the subjects of the reform and mandatory small Boards of Freeholders. I also regret that legislation taking care of the State revenues was not enacted, other than the Inheritance Tax bill. There were several other measures in this connection which, in my judgment, should have been passed, but we shall endeavor to conduct the State Government with the added revenue from the tax on inheritances and in this we will be aided by the success of the Appropriation Committee in keeping down appropriations.

"So far as I know, no bad legislation has been enacted. I have been as careful as possible in affixing my signature to bills presented to me, with the result that to date 150 bills have been approved, 17 vetoed, and 10 sent back to the Legislature for correction.

The Governor's principal cause of complaint is the failure to provide additional sources of revenue. The State is in an embarrassing financial condition and the money derived from taxation of inheritances is the only new way to get more money. The appropriations for the coming year call for about half a million dollars more than was spent last year. Automobile bills that would have turned this sum into the Commonwealth were allowed to die, and economy and efficiency measures which would have consolidated the various State departments at a great saving were also pigeon-holed because some Democratic heads would have been lopped off.

Before the Senate adjourned, Senator Read of Camden, Republican, introduced an amendment to the supplemental Appropriation bill calling for $2,000 to be used by the Attorney General in prosecuting violations of the "Seven Sisters" anti-trust laws which were enacted during the administration of President Wilson as Governor, and which have never been put into use because of lack of funds. Senator Colgate of Essex, also a Republican, charged that the laws had been passed for effect and not for enforcement. Senator Edge said the Democrats were "making a goat" of the Attorney General. The amendment was beaten by a party vote.

The local option bill was not taken up by the Senate, although it had been put on the calendar for final action, nor was the House bill requiring reading of ten verses of the Bible in the public schools each day. A large delegation of ministers was on hand to watch the voting and went away disappointed. The Senate killed the bill legalizing delivery of liquor elsewhere in the State than in the locality where the dealer is licensed. It passed the Assembly small board of freeholders bill which carries a referendum. The Governor had urged a mandatory act and it is not known whether he will approve the one passed.

Other bills passed by the Senate and now ready for the Governor abolish the prison parole board; providing fifty cents a day for the families of convicts engaged in productive labor, and abolish the State Department of Public Records and Archives. Among the Senate bills passed by the House and which now go to the Governor were: The New York State-New Jersey Hudson River Bridge bill; providing an expense fund of $10,000 for the State Commission appointed for the San Francisco Exposition; creating a Department of Conservation and Developments; providing for compulsory education of children; making violation of the Child Labor law a disorderly act.

Ex-Senator Isaac T. Nichols, Republican, of Cumberland County, was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Gov. Fielder to-day. Senator Newton B. Smalley, of Somerset County, and Assemblyman Charles A. Nutting, of Essex, were named to the Riparian Commission at annual salaries of $1,500. Nutting is the man who broke with James Nugent in the fight on the bank stock taxing bill, and cast his vote with the Fielder forces. T. J. Tonnels, of Hudson County, was appointed to the State Board of Water Supply Commissioners, and E. H. Dutcher, of Essex, was named to the Geological Survey.

In March, 1914, THE NEW YORK TIMES published 42,556 more lines of advertisements than in March, 1913, and was the only one of the New York morning newspapers to record an increase. In the first three months THE NEW YORK TIMES was also the only New York morning newspaper to show a gain compared with the first three months of 1913.—Adv.

REVISE THEIR "JAG" LIST.

Tenafly Protectors Order Those Under Ban to Appear Before Them.

Special to The New York Times.

TENAFLY, N. J., April 9.—A few days ago it was said that the Tenafly Borough Council, because of the notoriety attained through the "jag" list, had decided to abolish the Board of Protectors who made up the list of twenty names unless the board wiped out the list. It looks as though Dr. J. H. McKellar and his two associates on the board were defiant, for to-night they held a private session in Mayor Huyler's office in accordance with the following notice, which had been sent to the men whose names appeared on the original list:

> Dear Sir: You are hereby notified of the cancellation of the list prepared by this board on Feb. 18, such cancellation to be effective from 10 A. M. Wednesday, April 8, 1914.
>
> You are further notified that a meeting of the Board of Protectors will be held according to law at the office of the Mayor on the evening of April 9 at 8 o'clock. You are required to attend this meeting, when full opportunity will be given to you or your representative or your counsel, in private, to show cause why your name should not be placed on the list, which will be effective at 8 P. M. on Friday, April 10.
>
> Failure to attend this meeting or send a representative or counsel or a valid excuse will be construed to mean that you are content to have your name on the new list. We earnestly desire that you take advantage of this opportunity of putting your whole case before the board. Respectfully yours, Mrs. H. A. C. HELLYER,
> Secretary Board of Protectors.

Dr. McKellar has said that he would never be influenced by the Borough Council to remove names from the list. The Chairman said no information would be given concerning to-night's session until the new list was issued to-morrow.

There are some persons who are connecting the "jag" list talk with the three fires in Tenafly. The most serious of these fires was at the Demarest grocery. James Delehanty, one of the Board of Protectors, and his family, who live over the store, lost considerable property in that fire. Two barns were set afire in the last week.

WOMAN'S SOBS HALT TRIAL.

Mrs. Parrott Was Identified as Co-respondent in Divorce Case.

Mrs. Kathryn A. Parrott, wife of Marvin E. Parrott, a playwright, went before Justice Pendleton in the Supreme Court yesterday to protest against the mention of her name in the suit for divorce begun by Mrs. Trixie J. Pisani against Albert Pisani. John Class, a witness, pointed out Mrs. Parrott as the woman he had seen in Pisani's apartment. Mrs. Parrott was overcome and hurriedly left the court room with her lawyers. A few minutes later she returned and was called to the witness chair.

She said she wanted to clear herself of the charge made against her, but she was told that the time had lapsed when she could make any protest. Mrs. Parrott collapsed and was assisted from the witness chair and taken out into the corridor. She cried bitterly.

"This is outrageous," she sobbed, "I am accused and am not allowed to defend myself. I didn't appear in the case before because I was suing my husband for a divorce, and I didn't know there was a time limit when I could put in a defence."

Mrs. Pisani testified that her husband had been frequently in the company of Mrs. Parrott. She said she was married in 1910 and within six months was forced to leave her husband because of his ill treatment. They were reconciled, but she left him again on Dec. 9 last and began suit for divorce.

ALL HIS LIFE A THIEF.

Aged Prisoner Admits He Began to Steal When He Was a Boy.

White-haired and broken down in health, John McCormack, who is now 74 years old, confessed before Judge Dike in the County Court, Brooklyn, that he has been a thief ever since he was a boy. He was arraigned on an indictment charging him with burglary in the third degree, petty larceny, and with receiving stolen goods as a fifth offense.

His conviction as a fifth offender would bring with it a prison sentence for a longer term than he could live. He offered to plead guilty to burglary as a first offense, and this plea was accepted by the court. He will be sentenced on Monday. In pleading guilty the aged prisoner said he had no home and roamed from place to place. As he has been a thief for most of his life he said he was content to spend his last days in prison.

McCormack said he could not remember when he committed his first offense. He was a boy in knickerbockers when he first began to steal and with the exception of the time he has been behind prison bars he has stole whenever he got a chance. His criminal career according to his own recollections has covered almost sixty years, and he has spent probably half of that time in prison. His record shows that he has served four separate terms in Sing Sing, each time under a different name.

"Currency" Swindler Sentenced.

Julius Kutler, who swindled Benjamin Schonbein out of $900 by a "currency-manufacturing machine," was sentenced to Sing Sing yesterday by Judge Swann in General Sessions for a term of from two to four years. Schonbein testified that Kutler induced him to be present at a demonstration of the machine, and that subsequently he drew out all the money he had in the bank and took it to Kutler. The money was placed in the machine and Schonbein received two pieces of board with something strapped between them. The next day he discovered that the money was gone and that the package contained tissue paper.

WHITMAN INVITES PROGRESSIVES BACK

Must Gain Reforms Through Republican Party, He Tells Chicago Banqueters.

PICTURE OF HARD TIMES

Eulogizes Wilson, but Points to Halting Business Following His Policies—Cummins on Tolls.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Five thousand men and women in Medinah Temple to-night, representing all factions of the Republican and Progressive Parties, as well as the woman suffragist movement, cheered enthusiastically as speakers of national renown called upon the spirit of Abraham Lincoln to baptize again the Republican Party and restore it to its purpose.

It was the twenty-fourth observance of Appomattox Day by the Hamilton Club. From all sections of Illinois and from all walks of life came men by the hundreds who had strayed a little way from the parental roof in 1912. Came there also women conspicuous in the suffrage movement.

United States Senator Albert Baird Cummins of Iowa and Charles S. Whitman, New York's noted Prosecuting Attorney, discussed the political phases of the separation, and both arrived at the same conclusion—that Democratic control at Washington is inefficient. Fundamentally, they said, the Democratic Party was not big enough to run the United States. Mr. Whitman, bringing the message from the East, swept the great audience into frequent outbursts of cheering.

Mr. Whitman, after reviewing the history of the Republican Party, said:

"A 'Progressive' in this country is bound, it seems to me, to work with the Republican Party unless he is willing to be ineffectual. In a scheme of government by majorities there is no way to put an idea into operation without getting a majority in favor of it, and if it is a really serviceable idea its enactment into a law that will stand the test of judicial scrutiny and practical operation is not to be accomplished by splitting up the Republican Party.

"If the scores of thousands of men who have been forced into idleness lately are to be returned to their employment, if the slow but steady tendency toward the paralysis of industry all over the country is to be checked, if the energies of business are to be revived and set again in motion, with that sense, purpose and effect that have made Republican government and national prosperity always together existent, it is time for us all, Republicans and Progressives, to go to that great firm of oculists, Common Sense & Sober Judgment, and there obtain a cure of the astigmatisms that have been causing our eyes to look at things at divergent angles.

"The present Chief Magistrate of this country, whom God preserve, as fine a type of patriot and Christian gentleman as has ever lived in White House responsibility and solitude, is going through a not unusual experience. The universal good will with which the American people acclaim a President as he takes the oath of office is not, and is never intended to be, a promise that the full and final determination of public issues is left to his sole judgment, or even that his own party will blindly follow where he leads. It is not even an assurance, as Mr. Cleveland in his second term and as Mr. Taft discovered, to go no further back in our history, that he may not leave office with a party torn, perplexed, and beaten.

"The Democratic Party, under Mr. Wilson's leadership, has made its best demonstration in half a century of common purpose and coherent strength. For the effect upon the country of the domestic policies in tariff and currency legislation which Mr. Wilson's authority has enforced we must wait a while, but the fact that within two months the Pennsylvania Railroad has laid off 38,000 men, with, of course, nearly as many families to support; the fact that the New York Central has laid off 25,000 men; the fact that the Erie has laid off 18,000 men; the fact that, with Government expenditures increasing, receipts from customs under the new tariff law have fallen off $25,000,000 in the first six months of its operation, and constantly every month; the fact that imports and exports are both decreasing, and the fact that every great centre of manufacturing industry in the United States is showing a smaller output, is narrowing the range of its enterprises, reducing expenses, and laying off its men in considerable numbers—these are disquieting signs. They should not be taken as conclusive, for they may be merely the effort of the country to adjust itself to the new conditions which this legislation compels."

Senator Cummins criticised the Wilson Administration, and devoted a large part of his speech to a discussion of the canal tolls repeal bill, which, he predicted, would pass the Senate.

Tourists from Bermuda.

Some of those arriving yesterday on the Arcadian from Bermuda were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. Adams, E. W. Arnold, Miss E. H. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Baillie, Capt. and Mrs. G. A. H. Brier, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cromwell, Mrs. A. R. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Murray, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Newman, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merriman, S. G. Thayer, Dr. W. E. Tucker, Capt. E. H. Pentecost, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. G. Wylie.

MOVED BY PRISONER'S PLEA.

Judge Suspends Sentence After Hearing ex-Sailor's Eloquence.

Two young men who had been convicted of attempted grand larceny and who came before Judge Louis D. Gibbs in the Bronx County Court yesterday for sentence had a narrow escape from going to the Elmira Reformatory. They owe their good fortune to a plea for leniency which one of them made. It so moved Judge Gibbs, that, although he had already pronounced sentence, he decided to reconsider his decision temporarily and put the case of the young men in the hands of a commission of five selected from those in the court room.

He named on this commission F. A. Wurzbach, foreman of the March Grand Jury; Edward C. McGrath, a detective attached to the Morrisania Police Station; John G. Harris, a detective of the State Controller's office; Irving Goldberg, a lawyer, and Harry B. Harris, the court Probation Officer. After half an hour's deliberation the commission voted for leniency, and Assistant District Attorney Glennon said that he would make no objection. Judge Gibbs then suspended sentence and put the defendants on probation.

The young men were Samuel Gimpel, 19 years old, son of a rabbi living at 496 East 172d Street, and Irving Daroff, 19, of 804 East 178th Street. Gimpel was accused of snatching the purse of Mrs. Anna Jacobs of 1,528 Minford Place on March 3 and Daroff was held as an accomplice.

Gimpel made the plea which touched Judge Gibbs. He said he would live an honest life if he received another chance. He had served for some time on the battleship Idaho and had a good record. His address not only impressed the Judge but won him many friends among those in the courtroom.

WILSON NOT REPUDIATED.

Senator Hughes Says Fear of I. W. W. Victory Elected Drukker.

Special to The New York Times.

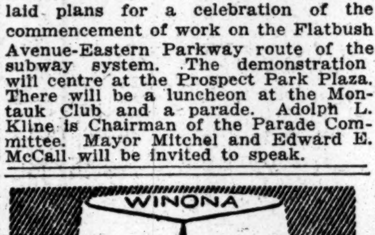
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 9.—United States Senator William Hughes of Paterson asserted here to-night that fear of the election of an I. W. W. man to Congress, and not the repudiation of Wilson policies, had brought about the election of Drukker, a Republican, in the Seventh New Jersey Congressional District on Tuesday.

"I fail to see," the Senator said, "how the result of the Congressional fight in the Paterson district can be attributed to dissatisfaction with Wilson or his policies. So far as the tariff is concerned, the Underwood bill left the silk schedule practically untouched, and the factories are running at full capacity, some of them night and day. Prices are high and wages, as a result of the strike, more satisfactory than for a long time.

"In Paterson it was feared on the eve of Tuesday's election that the Socialist and I. W. W. candidate might win. On Election Day this factor swamped every other."

Subway Celebration Arranged.

Forty Brooklyn residents, at a luncheon yesterday in the Hotel Bossert, laid plans for a celebration of the commencement of work on the Flatbush Avenue-Eastern Parkway route of the subway system. The demonstration will centre at the Prospect Park Plaza. There will be a luncheon at the Montauk Club and a parade. Adolph L. Kline is Chairman of the Parade Committee. Mayor Mitchel and Edward E. McCall will be invited to speak.



WINONA

an ARROW Notch COLLAR

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AMUSEMENTS
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GOMPERS DEFENDS WESTERN MINERS

Says Federation Is Conservative and Has Not Been Treated Fairly.

DECRIES CANADIAN ACT

Declares Law Requiring Delay Before Strike or Lockout Is a Form of Slavery.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Charges by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, that the Western Federation of Miners has not been treated fairly in the Calumet copper strike to-day marked the close of the first of a series of hearings by the United States Industrial Relations Commission on collective bargaining. The Western Federation, Mr. Gompers said, had a bad name partly as a result of a declaration of principles adopted years ago. He declared that for the last few years the organization has been conservative.

The Canadian Industrial Disputes act, under which employers and employes are forced to defer drastic action until arbitration has been tried, was criticised as a form of "slavery" by Mr. Gompers. W. L. Mackenzie King, ex-Minister of Labor of Canada, defended the act.

Charles Francis of New York, President of the Printers' League of America, told of successful collective bargaining between his organization and labor unions.

"I am the missing link," said J. E. Williams, arbitrator in many labor disputes, when asked what was the missing link between capital and labor.

WARNS AGAINST RIOTS.

Magistrate Freschi Sentences Offender and Cautions Others.

Magistrate Freschi, sitting in the Chief Magistrate's Court at 300 Mulberry Street, yesterday found Philip Novick, the last to be tried of the eight men arrested at Saturday's Union Square riots, guilty of the charge of interfering with an officer.

Novick, a cripple with only one arm, was sentenced to serve ten days in the workhouse. He denied that he was an I. W. W. member or sympathizer, and described himself as a shoemaker with a shop at 16 East 105th Street. It was charged that he tried to rescue "Wild Joe" O'Carroll after the police arrested him.

In pronouncing sentence, Magistrate Freschi warned all unemployed persons that most serious consequences would follow any effort to provoke disorder at to-morrow's Union Square meeting.

"It has come to my notice," he said, "that Alexander Berkman and others have advised in public speeches that there be more rioting. Such counseling of the unemployed to a defiance of the law is bad faith, and if the violence advised is attempted there will be terrible consequences.

"The Mayor has said he wants the police to take all necessary steps to prevent breaches of the peace, and in this he will have the support of the Magistrates."

Magistrate Freschi intimated that an investigation ought to be made at Police Headquarters into the conduct of the police in preparing the evidence submitted against O'Carroll and others. He intimated that there was jealousy between the plain clothes men and the uniformed men, and that this had worked out in a failure to submit proper evidence and to bring forward witnesses necessary to the proper trial of such a case.

"The Artist"

"The Artist" is really a picture Hat. It's graceful and becoming—the finishing touch to your new spring rig, $2.00.

167 other spring styles. See the fashion show in our windows. Mail order charges prepaid

Truly Warner
Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

Take Elevator .. Save $10.00

Save That $10 Now on Your Easter Suit or Overcoat

There isn't any good reason why you should pay $25 for a suit or overcoat—which you can get in our second floor shops for $15.

We could sell our clothes for $25 just as other stores do. Our clothes are worth $25. That's what other stores get. Our second floor shop means a saving of $10 to you. Come and be convinced.

We Guarantee to Please—or Your Money Back

$15

Monroe Clothes Shop
Longacre Building—One Flight Up.
N. E. Corner Broadway and 42d St.
OPEN EVENINGS
206-208 Broadway at Fulton St.

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Easter Day In the Clothes Calendar

SOMETIMES Easter comes too late—sometimes too early.
This year— it's *just* when you are wanting your new clothes to wear.
Not only for Easter Day itself—but clothes for all the days that follow.

Never before have we had such a wealth of good-looking clothes to select from. Thanks to the low tariff, the woolen markets of Europe are open to you in our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes in price ranges that never before could touch them.

And the great American mills—with this competition to meet—have given us a wealth of better looking, better wearing fabrics than ever they could before.

So you will find here at $25, $28 and $30, Suits made of goods that used to come only in the $35, $40 and $45 lines. The *styles* speak for themselves—a look over the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring Clothes is a real Style lesson—and a mighty pleasing one to take.

The tailoring—you know about. And the "money back if you want it" policy that has built for us, in the passing of so few Easters, one of the *big* clothing businesses in the hardest clothes market in the world.

Aside from the indication of fair dealing—our bigness of business has another import for you—it means that you will find here fine big stocks to choose from—This is especially true in the attractive lines we show in Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes at prices from $18 to $25.

It is doubtful if in all the town you will find its equal in variety—

As to Values;—but there the goods must speak for themselves.
Come and let them.

Hats

THE question of variety should loom big in your selection of the place to which you are going for your Spring Hat.

Here at Wallach Stores you will find the greatest variety of styles.

Then, too, at Wallach Stores you will find more Stetson Hats to choose from than you can anywhere else in the city. Many styles are exclusive with us, because we design them.

So if you want the widest selection in the best hats made anywhere in the world, come into a Wallach Store.

Wallach Hats, $2.
Stetson Hats, $3.50 to $12.

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LIKE everything else in Wallach Stores, our Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Pajamas, Shirts, Gloves, all are made to give the utmost value for your money.

Just to show you how "up-to-the-second" this department is, we may mention Tango Shirts, Backless Waistcoats for men who dance, and Terry comfort Suits.

An Easter Special

A real $1.00 silk scarf, $1 size and shape as well as $1 quality—at 65c.

"Prep" Suits $18

YOUNG fellows just graduating into long trousers will find our stores ideal.

For we are showing this year a special line of "Prep" Suits at $18.

They are made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, which means tailoring of the best. They are styled specially for young men who we know demand the very newest in style,—

Patch pockets, the new broad lapels, soft fronts, straight trousers, points that delight young men, all are embodied in these "Prep" Suits. And the values—are bigger than ever offered young men before at $18.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
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246-248 W. 125th St.
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Most men procrastinate. It is our agreeable function, therefore, to anticipate their wants.

The Easter outfit—from Underwear to Headwear and all the intermediate spaces—is here for your convenience up to the latest minute.

Cutaway Coats, Sack Suits, Fancy Waistcoats, Hats, Scarfs, Gloves, Underwear and Hosiery—the whole catalogue of apparel—new and right and reasonable in price—and ready for Easter.

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For golf, tennis and field wear, we recommend the special attached collar OLUS with regular or short sleeves Extra sizes for very tall or stout men.

OLUS one-piece PAJAMAS for lounging, resting and comfortable sleep. Made on the same principle as OLUS Shirts — coat cut, closed back, closed crotch No strings to tighten or come loose. $1.50 to $8.50.

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